

The Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, JULY 10, 1878. OUR READERS AND OURSELVES.

In our weekly endeavors to say something that may be interesting and it may be instructive, to our readers, it is our purpose to say nothing that will irritate the spirits, or wound the feelings of anybody. We eschew the discussion of any subject or matter that may be personally offensive, or distasteful to our high-minded readers. We studiously refrain from giving our columns up to angry controversies, which only tend to engender ill-will and strife, and to scatter the seeds of discord in communities. The acrimony and strife which sometimes grow out of the injudicious discussion of party politics is to be deplored. It is our fixed determination to avoid them. Great and fundamental principles and measures of government may be thoroughly investigated, and even criticized, without resorting to offensive personalities or to the chafing strain of invective in which party politicians too often indulge. The advocacy of any public question is not strengthened, but weakened, by the use of irritating epithets. Sarcasm is not argument, nor is a righteous cause benefited by the use of virulent language. We therefore, as far as it is possible, use the language of peace instead of that of party bitterness. It is a truth that "kind words never die;" and their use is peculiarly appropriate, when the public is addressed through the medium of the Press.

At this beautiful season of the year when the glories of summer are most delightful and attractive, a genial spirit can scarcely indulge in anything but the language of good-will to everybody. Hardened indeed must be the heart that is not, in the month of July, in sympathy with every thing that is good and beautiful in nature. On hill and in dale—in field and in forest—at the present season, everything one sees, tends to inspire peace and tranquility; and we feel to-day like yielding to the spirit of good-will, and in our utterances to our readers speak kindly as is a mother's lullaby to her sleeping child.

It is our purpose to-day to indulge in a friendly gossip with our readers, forgetting the Exhibition at Paris—the Congress at Berlin—commercial depression—financial embarrassments—the coming election, and all other matters of public interest which are at present subjects of newspaper discussion. Most of our readers are agriculturists, and have little personal interest in the many matters that are agitating the minds of those who move in commercial and political circles. Generally speaking, they are uninfluenced by the restless aspirations of ambition, and free of those financial entanglements which are sources of continental anxiety in mercantile circles. For the most part, they are not disturbed with apprehensions of difficulty in being prepared to meet the payment of a note that will soon become due at the bankers. They are less exposed to possible contingencies that are inimical to peace of mind more than any other class. As they look abroad over the face of the country to-day, and survey more especially their own fields, and rapidly maturing crops, they may congratulate themselves and each other in the prospect of an abundant harvest. The hay-making season is fairly inaugurated, and "the oldest inhabitant" does not remember a year when the yield of grass was more abundant than it is now. Cereals, and indeed all the other growing crops on their farms, are prospectively cheering. On this tenth day of July their outlook towards harvest-time is full of promise. A farmer in his vocation is a far happier man than a bustling politician, or even a kid-gloved gentleman tiler, who looks upon the working-classes with disdain. A man out of employment, though affluent in pecuniary resources, is not to be envied by the most hard-tilling tiller of the soil, or the most work-worn mechanic.

We like to have an occasional talk with our readers, and more especially with the industrial classes, respecting the pleasure, as well as the utility, of labor. While there is something demoralizing in habitual idleness, there is all that is purifying and healthful to the mind in every-day useful employment. We would conjure our readers, whether rich or poor, to be busy in some department of industry. No idle man can be thoroughly happy or moral. There is a tendency to stagnation and debility in the minds and hearts of lazy people.

In these rambling remarks, we have given expression to thoughts that are every-day bubbling up in our minds as we survey the aspects of men and things around us. If we have, in so doing, unwittingly trodden on anybody's corns we are sorry. We wish no harm to the laziest man living.

HAND OVER.—Mr. Silas Lantz, one of the proprietors of a saw mill at Centreville, got his right hand badly lacerated in the circular, on Monday. Dr. DeBlais was called and had to cut off the middle finger, several of the others are out; but hopes are entertained that they may be saved.

A brother of the above lost his hand in the same mill, a year or two ago.

Circus.—Murray's Circus will perform here to-day.

New Lighthouse.—The new lighthouse on the Isle of Haute was lighted for the first time on Dominion Day.

ENGINE COMPANY.—The Captain of the engine will be taken out for practice to-morrow evening, and desires the members to be on hand at sharp seven.

CUCUMBER.—We were, on Saturday evening last, presented with a cucumber, grown in the garden of Mr. Phinley Saunders, Lawrence town. It measured about six inches in length and two inches in diameter.

TEA MEETINGS.—The tea-meetings held last week, the one at Centreville, and the other at Dalhousie, were very well attended. The proceeds at Centreville were about \$75.00, and at Dalhousie over \$100.00.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday Mr. Daniel Palfrey, of this town, got his arm badly jammed in J. B. Reed's factory. The accident was caused by trying to put the belt on the grind-stone, in order to sharpen a spade.

CRUEL.—On Thursday evening Prof. Cecil gave a very interesting entertainment, in Victoria Hall, on Thursday evening last, consisting of an exposure of the world-wide humbug, spiritualism. The first part of the evening the Prof. gave a number of manifestations, such as are usually given by the supposed spirits at seances, such as the rappings, ringing of bells, &c., while the parties are tied securely. The latter part of the evening was taken up in explanations of how the whole thing is worked. He is well worth seeing when he comes here again, which will be in about three weeks.

DROWNED.—On Wednesday, the 3rd inst., a very sad and melancholy accident took place at Centreville, about three miles below here, by which a young man, seventeen years of age, named Howard Armstrong, the only child of aged parents, was drowned. It appears, by evidence given before the Coroner's jury by the two boys who were with the deceased, that they had waded across the river, the tide being low, and were returning, young Armstrong taking a course different from the one followed in going over, and when nearly across fell into a hole, and before assistance, (save that of the two small boys who were with him), could reach him from the shore, he had sunk to the bottom. The verdict of "accidental drowning" was brought in by the jury. The parents have the sympathy of the whole community in which they live and of this town also.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinion of our correspondents.

[For the Monitor.] WESTMINSTER HOTEL, NEW YORK, June 28th, 1878.

FARMER HARBORABLE.—In redemption of my pledge to you to sketch you now and again such matters of interest as might seem worth the trouble, and likely to interest you, while on my present furlough, I commence with this letter.

You will apprehend that nothing very new or interesting would present itself on the route from our quiet rural town, in the old County of Annapolis, till we, at least, got into the domain of "Uncle Sam." This we do on reaching Vanocboro, the station of the European and North American Railway, leading from the city of St. John, New Brunswick, to Bangor, Maine. The route thence to Boston, and onward toward the west, being by the Boston and Maine Central line, and the old Colony Road to Fall River on the Sound, and from there to New York by elegantly fitted up steamers, a distance of about two hundred miles; the whole distance from St. John to this city being a little upwards of seven hundred miles. This tolerably long run was made within the time from nine o'clock on Friday morning, with a rest in Boston of about eleven hours.

This rushing rate of travel presents a wonderful advance since you and I were boys merely, (we sometimes think ourselves such now) and were accustomed to hear our fathers detail the incidents of their annual journeys from home to Halifax, to market the produce of their farms, which journeys of about one hundred and fifteen miles, were seldom accomplished within two entire days and nights.

Many objects of interest, and many subjects affording interesting matter of reflection, will, inevitably, cross the mind of any of our wide awake Annapolis farmers, while passing along the route indicated.—He will be impressed with the unfavorable comparison of the country from St. John to the State of Maine boundary, at the St. Croix River, where Vanocboro is situated, only in name merely, for the apology for the town consists only of the station buildings, and little else; and thence to the station called, by the Indian term, "Mattawamkeag," from thence to the city of Bangor, at the head of navigation on the Penobscot River, the appearance of the country in an agricultural aspect improves. The soil is comparatively free of stones and rocks, and of the variety we call "dry and gravelly loam." The tillage crops are not more advanced than our own; indeed I saw no corn as vigorous and forward as in our own "location." There are no orchards worth the name along the whole distance to Bangor, and the general appearance of our cousins' farming operations is not up to the mark our own has attained by a considerable margin. Lumbering has been the great staple business of the whole people along the Penobscot river and its branch streams from Bangor up into the back country far away; and out of this extensive employment of the people

the city of Bangor has grown to be a population of about fifteen thousand people, and the city, called Old-town, a few miles farther up the river, to a population of about seven thousand. As an agricultural district I notice that the chief element in which the present prosperity of the population of the Penobscot is deficient, is the absence of low intervals lands, which are of such importance to the inland farmer for hay production. The lack of this element of agricultural progress is apparent in the scanty production of hay in the uplands. An intelligent gentleman, connected with the "Maine Farmer" newspaper, informed me that the average acreage production over the whole state is not equal to one ton per acre.

From Bangor to Boston I can stop but little at present, further than observe that the agricultural capability of the country rapidly improves, and the extensive and varied manufacturing enterprises are so vast; that material wealth and expansion of population is wonderful, although the future accumulation of both population and wealth must necessarily be less than in the past. The younger sister States are rapidly moving in the direction of manufacturing enterprises, and the markets for New England manufactures by the Union must be largely curtailed.

On the route I also noticed that two or three interesting features of the crowds of the New England population I came in contact with. There is a striking absence of the old characteristics of the "nasal twang" of the old Yankee. I did not hear a person say "kew" instead of "cow." Also the old fashioned lank and lean faced Yankee has apparently disappeared, and given place to the style of the robust and muscular corn-fed type. I also noticed, as you will readily imagine with characteristic pleasure, the utter absence of drunkenness, or anything approaching thereto, in the high places of the cars, on the platforms, in the saloons, or anywhere else, the smell of intoxicating liquor. Therefore, you will not wonder at the declaration, that universal civility and absence of most or manner, which could offend the most sensitive mind was the rule, and, without exception, over the whole route of nearly seven hundred miles. The prohibitory law of Maine and its results afford high examples, and the most commendable, for like legislature to the Governments of the whole civilized world. By the present perfect provision of that law, offences against its provision are punished as crimes. That is to say, upon complaint made to the prosecuting attorney, a public officer, which answers very nearly to a Queen's Counsel with us, the power of the Grand Jury is invoked as in all cases of crime; and in cases of sufficient gravity, a preliminary indictment is preferred; the accused put upon his trial, and if convicted, is subjected to heavy fine, in all cases, or imprisonment for non-payment; and for repetition of the offence, the law imposes both fine and imprisonment.

In the city of Portland, by far the most populous city of the State, (about forty thousand inhabitants of all nationalities), the gentleman referred to, as State Attorney, informed me that at the three regular sittings of the Court within the year, the average complaints are about forty. So you see authorities, supported by a wholesome public opinion, go for the illicit vendors of the poison with unflinching hands. The result is the utter, or almost so, absence of drunkenness, and if sales of intoxicating liquors are affected at all by any lawless citizen, it must be done in a hidden and dark place, and is, therefore, a "dead end" business. You will perceive from the heading, the point from which I write. This Hotel, bearing so noble a name, is, in all respects, every thing which a transitory visitor can, with any show of reason, demand.

The structure grand in fact, in exterior and interior design, is one hundred and fifty feet on Sixteenth Street, by one hundred and twenty-five feet along Fifth Avenue, is built of free stone and bricks, is five stories high, and is the finest structure of the kind in the city of New York. The name of the famous name of "Wesley," while the landlord who caters to his patrons' comfort is Mr. Edward A. Gibson. Myself and some others of my countrymen, who were with me, were all of all to the farmer who honestly earns his means by the sweat of his brow, in obedience to the law of the Creator. The charges are exceptionally moderate.

My next letter will date from steamers "Divonia"; and I beg you to select the address I have selected for you. I employ it in a general sense; implying industry, diligence and thrift in our noble art of agriculture. To my other readers I declare that I wish our County could boast of about five thousand citizens such as yourself. While it now boasts truthfully of being the richest and most productive county of old Nova Scotia, and of having a large number of citizens like yourself, be financially able to finish off the Western Counties Railway and the Nictaux and Atlantic to boot. While I am complimenting yourself and our County as I have done, I must not forget to remind you as I have done before that you must pay your clergyman more liberally. Don't forget the theory of L.—'s ex parson, "If you expect a good general sermon you must pay your minister well."

I am yours, ANNAPOLES FARMER, on furlough.

An odd affair is reported from Hartford, Conn. The wife of a worthy clergyman thought her pretty servant girl was becoming too affectionate toward the owner of the tenement where they lived, a widow, who occupied rooms in a building, and, in a fit of indignation, said, "Pack up your things and leave my house." The girl left, but returned in the afternoon and said, "I am Mrs. —"; now pack up your things and leave my house. She had married the landlord, and the order was enforced.—Ez.

Just one hundred years ago Methodism was first introduced into Canada. Twelve years previous a society had been formed in New York by Barbara Heck and Philip Embury. The Methodist Church of the United States celebrated their centenary in 1866, and now it is proposed to hold similar meetings in Canada. We believe the department of the several of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to have a monster continental gathering at Belleville some time in August or September. Action has already been taken by the several Conferences, and it is quite probable the idea will be carried into practical effect.—Globe.

THE BAY DE CHALEUR.—The quantity of fish taken in the Bay de Chaleur this year is greater than in any year remembered by the oldest inhabitant. The quantity of salmon taken along the whole coast from Point Misson to the Restigouche is very great. Codfish so abundant in the bay and on the banks, in the Gulf, that the quantity taken up to the first of July is larger than the whole catch of last year, and great numbers are taken close inshore. Mackerel are so numerous abundant that the bay is said to swarm with them. The herring fishery promises well, and large numbers of lobsters have been taken, keeping the canning factories at full work. American fishing vessels are numerous, and they take large quantities of mackerel. It is said that one took 700 barrels in one day.

A Swiss locksmith has perfected after many years of labor, a target which does away with markers altogether, and even with the necessity for the rifleman's aiming. The target has been patented. The face of the target is divided into a number of concentric rings, each of which is further divided into a number by two lines drawn right across the face and crossing each other at right angles to the centre. In each of the sub-divisions of the duplicate target at the firing station a small hole is placed. When a bullet strikes through the target, connected with its double by electricity, the number is shown—something on the principle of the hotel annunciator, we presume—in the hole in the corresponding division of the target near the shooter. If the window and the line between two sub-divisions of the target is indicated by the appearance of both numbers. The process is instantaneous, and during an eight days' trial the apparatus has worked perfectly.

DEATH OF THE SCOTCH GIANT.

Mr. William Campbell, the Scottish giant has died at his own house, the Duke of Wellington, Newcastle-on-Tyne, at the age of 26. Campbell had been exhibiting at the Egyptian Hall, and returned to Newcastle intending to stay only a few days. He stood 6 feet 3 inches, weighed 52 stone, measured 96 inches round the shoulders, 76 round the breast, 47 round the thigh, and 2 feet 10 inches deep. The window and the brick work to the level of the floor had to be taken out, and the coffin was lowered by means of block and tackle to a roll-in at the Duke of Wellington, Highbridge. The coffin, lined with lead, weighed with the body, 52 stone.

TWO CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.

A sad circumstance occurred at Blackville, North Cumberland County, N. B., on the 1st inst., when the children of the family of Thos. Ross were burned to death. It appears that on Sunday morning last Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Ross left home to attend chapel, leaving their two children with their grandmother who lived near by. During the morning the children, who with a little cousin, went back to the house, and while there, it is supposed, the children played with matches, setting fire to some shavings in an unfinished room, and in a few minutes the house was in a blaze. The room door, it seems, closed on them, and they could not escape. One of the boys, a little over four years of age, broke a pane of glass and forced his way out, cutting himself considerably. The alarm was at once given, but before assistance could be rendered, the little ones had perished. A second son and a niece named Conroy, aged between two and three years, respectively, were burned to death. The house was consumed, the only thing saved of the effects being a stove.—Newcastle Advertiser.

THE PHONOGRAPH AT PARIS.

Next to the great World's Fair I think Edison's phonograph is probably coming to the notice of the largest number of Parisians. It seems to have profoundly impressed the Parisians. It seems they did not believe it until they saw the instrument and witnessed the effect of the sound. It is strange as it seems, the larger part of the French people had looked upon it as a sort of Yankee joke. It is stated that when Mr. Euskay, who is exhibiting the phonograph at the Exposition with the Academy with it, the savans actually refused at first to credit it, and sent the operator out of the room to investigate it by themselves, thinking that he was reproducing the reply from the instrument by the aid of ventriloquism. When they found there was no trick about it they were wild with excitement over the marvellous invention, and sent the thanks of the whole body of the inventor. The phonograph is on exhibition at "la Salle des Capucines," a building near the Boulevard des Capucines, and crowds were seen wandering thither daily. I stepped in for a few minutes, but the crowd was too great to get near to the instrument. It sounded very queer to hear it talking French; it was doing a little "howling" and "out" but, strange as it seems, it is in good French. "Le Phonographe est mer veilleux. C'est une grand instrument." Paris letter to The Saint Louis Evening Post.

The Fire Department of the city of Chicago is said to be one of the largest and best organizations in the world. Below we give an extract from a correspondent on an exchange.

under the direction of Mathias Denner, fire marshal and chief of brigade, who is assisted by eight assistant marshals. Of these the first acts as general inspector, the second as chief of the engine houses; the second assistant has charge of the repair department, and also acts as chief of one of the seven battalions into which the force is divided. The other assistants are: a storekeeper, and a veterinary surgeon. The total force of the department number about 350 men, and they use 35 steam fire engines, 5 chemical engines, 20 steele cutters, 9 hook and ladder trucks, 31 hose carts, 1 hose elevator, 27 coal and other wagons, about 35,000 feet of hose, 150 gallons, 469 automatic signal stations, 19 alarm bells and 151 horses. The department uses 24 buildings, of the value of \$275,000; the real estate owned by the department is estimated of the value of \$200,000, and the apparatus above enumerated about \$450,000, the total investment by the city in her fire department reaching nearly a million of dollars. Last year the amount appropriated for the use of the department was \$640,000, and the amount expended about \$500,000. The salary item amounted to \$335,000 and \$48,000 was expended in purchasing new material.

A singular discovery is announced in the columns of the London "Medical Examiner," which says that D. Hullett, late of Pondicherry, undertakes to show that vaccination was known to a certain Dalhousantori, who flourished several thousand years before Hippocrates. Dr. Hullett appears to have arrived at this conclusion from the contents of certain Hindoo manuscripts preserved at Pondicherry, in which are described the effects produced by inoculating the human subject with the matter taken from a man or a cow. The secondary disease is described as identical in appearance with its source, with this important difference, that it is quite harmless. This seems to refer pretty clearly to small pox and its supposed modern preventive.

NEWFOUNDLAND.—The Legislature has been dissolved and a general election is to take place in autumn.—The St. John's Chronicle of the 15th ult. reports an accident at Bets Cove which caused the death of one miner and the mutilation of another. The cause of accident was the fall of a very heavy piece of timber which slipped through the rope by which it was being lowered into the shaft, and its precipitation on the men who were looking out for, and awaiting it below. The poor fellow who lost his life was a Nova Scotian, and leaves a widow and four children at Bets Cove to sorrow after him.

ENGLISH RAILWAY ACCOUNTS.—Last year, as we learn from the report just issued, the whole number of persons killed on railways in the United Kingdom was one thousand one hundred and seventy-five, and of the injured three thousand seven hundred and five. The corresponding figures for the previous year were one thousand two hundred and forty-five, and four thousand seven hundred and twenty-four; and within the year the railway system of the country has been considerably extended.

New Advertisements.

Blueberries! Blueberries!

THE subscriber is paying the highest market price for Blueberries and will give all kinds of goods in exchange. Grey and White Cottons, 8 to 15c. per yd. Excellent Print Cottons, 9 to 11c. per yd., and other goods proportionately cheap. Orders for berries will receive prompt and careful attention.

A. C. VANBUSKIRK, Kingston Station, July 6th, 1878. 4116

Insolvent Act of 1875, and Amending Acts.

In the Matter of Robert H. Bath, an Insolvent.

ALL persons indebted to the said Insolvent, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. W. Y. FOSTER, Assignee. Bridgetown, July 6th, 1878.

THE AGENCY OF THE CELEBRATED RAYMOND SEWING MACHINE

was transferred (near three months ago) from William Crowe, of Halifax, to us, (excepting the County of Halifax). THE RAYMOND MACHINE is too well known to require any puffing; and there have been some important improvements put upon it of late, which render it, by far, the best family machine made. The following are also some of the kinds kept in stock by us, viz: Singer, Webster, Empress of India, Household, Weed, Wilson A, Wanzer, Champion, Osborne, Abbott, Royal, Howe, &c., &c. Second-hand Machines, taken in exchange for new ones. S. Machines in price from \$5 to \$100. Sewing Machine Attachments, FIRST CLASS OIL & Needles of all kinds in Stock. All S. Machines warranted to give good satisfaction. Also importers and dealers in several First-class Make PIANOS & ORGANS. Pianos in price from \$225 to \$1000. Organs " " 75 " 400. Instruments guaranteed for five years, and sold on very easy terms. Liberal reduction made to Clergymen, Churches and Sabbath Schools. Second-hand Pianos and Organs taken in exchange. As we have now been in the sewing machine business for ten years and import all our stock direct from the manufacturers on Cash Principles, and our expenses being much less than would be in the city, we are prepared to sell on the very best terms. Address: MILLER BROTHERS, Middleton, Annapolis Co., N. S., or Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

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New Advertisements.

Scythes! Scythes!

CANADIAN, EUREKA, CHAMPION, TIP TOP, AMERICAN, GLIPPER, HAY RAKES, SNATHES, SCYTHES, STONES, FORKS, and FORK HANDLES. FOR SALE LOW AT MURDOCH & CO.

Pickles, Biscuit, Rice, Tea, Molasses, Raisins, Currants, Granulated and Refined Sugars, and other Groceries always in Stock.

Flour and Meal at a small advance for cash. Infant's Button Boots, Shoes and Ankle Ties in variety, the best stock in the market. MOWING MACHINE OIL, &c. All the above we will sell at lowest market figures for Cash.

MURDOCH & CO. CARPETS

Hemp, Union, Wool, and Tapestry, STAIR, Hemp, Oil, Linen, and Wool. OIL CLOTHS, all widths. INDIA MATTING, LACE CURTAINS, HEARTH & DOOR MATS, The New Haven Window Shades at J. W. WHITMAN'S, Lawrence town, May 29th, 1878.

FLOUR. FLOUR. 200 BARRELS CHOICE AMERICAN FLOUR, now landing at Middleton.

Fresh Ground

from selected wheat, and warranted to be the best in the market. A. F. RANDOLPH, JAMES A. WILSON, Agents.

NOVA SCOTIA LLOYD'S MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, Annapolis Royal.

THE undersigned are Insuring on MARINE RISKS, at the lowest current rates that the business can be done with safety to the assured. All losses promptly paid on receipt of proof and adjustment. THOS. S. WHITMAN, Attorney. ROBT. MILLS, SAM'L. MCCORMICK, W. M. WEATHERSPOON, Directors. A. W. CORBITT, WM. MCCORMICK.

Sam'l. J. Bogart, John Stairs, Sam'l. Pickup, James B. Duffus, Robert Delap, John P. Mead, John Mills, E. C. Twining, W. B. Troop, F. E. Rice, James E. Shaffner, Alpheus Marshall, Alfred Troop, H. H. Clute, Wm. Crockett, Richard Clarke, Samuel Groves, George F. Miller, Albert Delap, David Walsh, John Johnson, Samuel Potter, J. M. Gilliat, C. D. Pickles, Lawrence Delap, Albert D. Mills, Howard D. Troop, H. D. DeBlais.

THE AGENCY OF THE CELEBRATED RAYMOND SEWING MACHINE

was transferred (near three months ago) from William Crowe, of Halifax, to us, (excepting the County of Halifax). THE RAYMOND MACHINE is too well known to require any puffing; and there have been some important improvements put upon it of late, which render it, by far, the best family machine made. The following are also some of the kinds kept in stock by us, viz: Singer, Webster, Empress of India, Household, Weed, Wilson A, Wanzer, Champion, Osborne, Abbott, Royal, Howe, &c., &c. Second-hand Machines, taken in exchange for new ones. S. Machines in price from \$5 to \$100. Sewing Machine Attachments, FIRST CLASS OIL & Needles of all kinds in Stock. All S. Machines warranted to give good satisfaction. Also importers and dealers in several First-class Make PIANOS & ORGANS. Pianos in price from \$225 to \$1000. Organs " " 75 " 400. Instruments guaranteed for five years, and sold on very easy terms. Liberal reduction made to Clergymen, Churches and Sabbath Schools. Second-hand Pianos and Organs taken in exchange. As we have now been in the sewing machine business for ten years and import all our stock direct from the manufacturers on Cash Principles, and our expenses being much less than would be in the city, we are prepared to sell on the very best terms. Address: MILLER BROTHERS, Middleton, Annapolis Co., N. S., or Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Corbitt's Packet Line

THE "ATWOOD" will run regularly between ANNAPOLES AND BOSTON carrying freight and Passengers. Parties having freight from the above place will find it to their advantage to order by the "Atwood," as we forward freight as usual.

FREE OF CHARGE at any station on the Windsor and Annapolis Railway.

A. W. CORBITT & SON. NOTICE of Assignment!

TUPPER KEITH, of Annapolis, in the County of Annapolis, mason, having (by deed of assignment, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1878), conveyed to me certain real and personal property, in trust, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may accept and sign the said deed.—Notice is hereby given that the said deed, with schedules of assets and liabilities, now lies at my office for inspection and signature. In the meantime, all persons indebted to the said Tupper Keith are requested to make immediate payment to me. W. Y. FOSTER, Assignee. Bridgetown, June 3rd, 1878. 3m 120

FLOUR. FLOUR.

For Sale by the Subscriber 100 bbls. of Superior Extra Flour direct from the mills, will sell very low for the quality, at the store occupied by Isaac Bonnett. Also, expected in a few days ONE CAR LOAD OF CORN MEAL. WILLIAM CHIPMAN, Bridgetown, June 12th, 1878.

New Advertisements.

THE Fast Trotting and Stylish American Horse DANIEL MORRILL, will be in the following places for Stock purposes in July:—Kentville, 6th to 8th, 23rd to 26th in Driving Park; Berwick, 9th and 22nd; Aylesford, 10th, and passes through 22nd; Middleton, 11th and 20th; Lawrence town, 12th and 19th; Bridgetown, 14th and 18th; Annapolis, 15th to 17th. Terms.—\$10.00, single service, \$26.00 to insure, \$5.00 paid at time of service. WILLIAM REID, Proprietor. Halifax, June 22nd, 1878. n10 if

Harnesses, BOOTS & LEATHER. 1878. THE subscriber in thanking the public for their liberal patronage during the past 25 years, would respectfully remind them that in the above lines he is ever prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS for cash or approved credit.

Light & Team Harnesses IN SILVER, BRASS, JAPAN, &c, always on hand, and manufactured at short notice to suit the purchaser. Also, just received FROM ENGLAND: 1 CASE RIDING SADDLES. A supply of ENGLISH and AMERICAN HARNESS FURNITURE of the best style and finish. 100 Team and Harness COLLARS, HARNESS, UPPER and LOWER LEATHER, AND CALSKINS ALWAYS IN STOCK. 100 PAIRS BEST MADE COARSE BOOTS & BROGANS. THE HIGHEST PRICES given for Hides and Skins. Wanted.—250 CORDS Hemlock Bark The highest market prices given.

GEORGE MURDOCH.

A CHEAP NEW STORE Lawrence town. WHERE DECEPTION IS PRACTICED. PARTIES with the cash can buy goods extremely low at this new store. 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT will be made on all purchases, by retail, of Clothing, Earthenware, Milk Pans, Cream Crocks, Stone Butter Crocks, Flower Pots, and on all Hardware or Fancy Stuff Goods. A large quantity of NEW GOODS lately received, and will be sold at wholesale as cheap as can be bought anywhere. As follows:—Sugar by Bbl., Molasses by Hhd., Tea & Chests, No. 1 Crown Tobacco, Goods and Nails by keg, Soap by box, Brooms, Pails, Tubs, &c. Also lately received a complete assortment of CHEAP SHELF HARDWARE, together with Paints