THE TORONO WORLD

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1888

Trust Yourselves, Canadians!

The World thinks the curse of Canada today is the want of self-reliance that too many Canadians exhibit in their public affairs. They look elsewhere instead of to themselves for relief, for improvement, for development. We do not say that we are not advancing; we are making strides in most directions; but in others we are at best only holding our own. The advance should be all along the line.

A section of our press and politicians are saying we shall never succeed unless we have access to the American markets free of duty. What if the Americans will not remove the wall? Let us trust ourselves, not depend on them. Cultivate new markets, hold our own home market at all cost, develop a finer, greater consuming market here in Canada. But don't cry blue ruin and plead with the Yankees to come over and robbie us.

For the want of back-bone in our Roman Catholic priests they have allowed themselves to be passed over and bishops sent out over them from Ireland. Surely Canadian priests are able to administer Ontarian dioceses? Why don't the priests trust themselves? We know as a matter of fact that they have only to made the request to have it admitted by Rome. The United States priesthood, the French-Canadian priesthood have achieved their emancipation in this respect.

Canadian architects were discarded in the Ontario Parliament buildings. Mr. S. H. Janes made a fortune in Toronto real estate, and rushed off to a New York architect to design him a chateau overlooking the city where he made his money out of its "dirt." The *Canadian* Bank of Commerce and the *Canada Life Assurance* Company employ *American* architects! The Toronto Board of Trade is tempted to follow their example.

Hon. Edward Blake and Hon. O Mowat pick out an Oxford professor for the chair of political science in the *Provincial* University.

Sir John Macdonald and Mr. D'Alton McCarthy and a host of the regular supporters and advocates of the N. P. buy all their clothes from London tailors. Canadian tweeds don't match their complexions. Others import things for the mere boast that they are imported. A Canadian millionaire sends across the border for his daughter's trousseau!

Until all this is changed and we set up the doctrine, Trust yourselves, Canadians! we shall be a weak and incoherent people. It's trusting to ourselves that'll bind us together.

We must arrest ourselves. If our Government was truly national it would tell the home authorities that a Canadian officer ought to be put at the head of our forces; that our own supreme court ought to be final; that the right to make an extradition treaty with the United States ought to be conceded to us, and in other things we ought to declare that Canada and Canadians are supreme.

As long as we are such duffers as to run elsewhere for what we want instead of trusting ourselves; to ask others to do for us what we are competent to execute for ourselves, so long will we be a struggling community.

But think God our younger men, those that have come up since the Confederation, have more faith in themselves than the Macdonalds and the Mowats, the Darlings and the Ramsays, the Janeses and the R. C. priesthood, The Mail and The Globe, and all those who are looking unto others. The day of relief is coming. A Canadian will be thought good enough for anything Canadian. Canadians will trust themselves.

Dominion Money in New York.

While the Opposition press was shouting about the Government's £5,000,000 loan being thrown on the Canadian money market and when the Government papers were silent about its disposal The World told the people exactly what was being done. We stated that only $5,000,000 would be brought out from England just now and this would be deposited with the four Canadian banks that had branches in New York—the Bank of Montreal, the Canadian Bank of Commerce, the Merchants' Bank and the Bank of British North America.

The World also stated, though there was no specific arrangement with the banks named to have the money used in New York, that it was most improbable that any of the money would come to Canada, and that it would almost certainly be placed on the New York market. This statement was made with the knowledge that money was already plentiful here and that if $5,000,000 were brought into Canada at the present time it would upset rates of interest. The bankers, therefore, looking their own welfare, would not permit it to enter Canada. In this statement, or conjecture, The World was also correct. Yesterday's New York Journal of Commerce contains the information that the Canadian money, to which it referred last week, had been placed as from 1½ to 2½ per cent.

Is the money market the week developed no change of note. Bankers' balances continued to loan on call at an average of 1½ per cent. The makers of time loans by domestic houses was very dull on account of the competition by people of the Dominion Government, [illegible] having the money on deposit] who were offering a part of the proceeds of the loan recently negotiated in London. It is estimated that as much as $6,000,000 of this money came to Canada in New York market during the week. It was met to be had except upon the security of United States bonds or railroad bonds of the very highest class, but when these collaterals were offered loans were made at 1½ to 1¾ per cent for four months or longer, and at ½ to 2 per cent. for four to six months. Domestic lenders made no attempt to compete with these rates.

It is understood that the money has been placed on deposit with the four banks for six months.

Facts and Inferences.

It is a fact that at the time of the St. Louis convention the Democrats were very outspoken to the effect that theirs was the party of Free Trade, and that Protection issued always was a fraud upon the people. Is it equally true that now their acknowledged leaders are anxiously declaring that Free Trade is not the question before the country at all; but merely reducing the revenue and lowering taxation. It is a fair inference that the leaders have found that Free Trade does not "take" as well with the country as they expected, and that they are anxious to withdraw from the rather advanced ground they were so proud to occupy a month ago. Col. Henry Watterson, editor of The Louisville Courier-Journal, is a leader among the Democrats, and he it was who was the author of the platform adopted at St. Louis. Being in New York recently, he complained bitterly of false accusations made by the Republican press, to the effect that the Democratic party was in favor of Free Trade. This he denied most vigorously, it was a malicious invention of the enemy. Well, perhaps it is, but if so it seems to have at least good foundation of fact to rest upon. The English press knows something about what is and is not Free Trade, we should say, and here are recent quotations:

London Times: It would hardly be possible to put the Free Trade case more clearly or more strongly, and yet such is the force of words President Cleveland shrinks from the use of the term "Free Trade" and in fact declares that those who taunt him with being a Free Trader are deceiving the country. Free Trader appears to be equivalent, in the language of American political controversy, to enemy of the workingmen and industrial enterprise. . . . It is certain that the arguments which President Cleveland urges are those which Cobden used to employ 45 years ago and which any English Free Trader would employ now.

London Daily News: President Cleveland's speech is more to the point. He discusses the principles at issue in the struggle and shows that he is the Free Trade candidate in everything but name. The observation is an important one for American party purposes. The President feels compelled to characterize the attempt to brand him a Free Trader as deception, but for all that the electoral conflict now in progress is a conflict between Free Trade and Protection and nothing less.

Here are London papers giving Cleveland and his supporters a first-class "recommend" as Free Traders, which, strange to tell, Col. Watterson utterly refuses to accept on behalf of the latter. The situation is nothing short of a most provoking puzzle, and whoever makes it clear will be doing a favor to the public generally. It ought to be cleared up, if possible.

Is it one of those facts "which nobody can deny" that the tariff plank in the Democratic platform of 1884 was a compromise—"a straddle" Col. Watterson recently called it at St. Louis. On the latter occasion, however, he and the other leaders mustered courage enough to add to the old document President Cleveland's last message, also an indorsement of the Mills tariff bill, which certainly made the party's deliverance of this year a pretty strong Free Trade utterance altogether. All this we can understand. Far be it from us to find fault with a political party for making a square, open and honest declaration of its principles. Whether we think these principles right or whether we think them wrong does not matter; we are prepared to give credit for the virtues of honesty and courage wherever we see them. But what we are "down" on is this first declaring for Free Trade as plainly as the English language suffices for, and then trying to draw back under the pretence that Free Trade is not of the essence of the question at all. This is not honorable, it is not straightforward, nor is likely to be successful with the country, let us add.

Some short time ago (June 15) The Globe had an article on "The Educating Power of the Presidential Contest." It pictured the whole people of the United States as going to school to learn something of political economy, not much studied by them before; and it was sure the country would be very much the better of it. We quote:

The Presidential contest is placed squarely on this issue, and the natural question, "why should the country raise more revenue than it needed" is making many a thoughtless and for the matter of that, thoughtful, party man pause. It is beginning to dawn upon an ever-increasing number of minds that the taxes are paid by somebody, and it does not require much reasoning to lead a man to the conclusion that to pay five dollars in taxes when three would be amply sufficient, is anything but a wise proceeding. All over the continent such questions are being asked, and all the pros and cons of this fiscal controversy are being gone over with an ever quickened interest. More will be effected in this way in the course of the next few months than could in other circumstances have been accomplished in many years. Campaign literature will be largely made up of Free Trade and Free Trade pamphlets and fly-sheets. There will be a spelling school at every cross roads, and every village as well as every city, will be in a ferment over the discussion. The friends of reasonable proceedings and of reformed fiscal arrangements could not wish anything better or more effective for the immediate, and, relative to the contest, the work will go on, the education will be pushed forward till reason and fair play triumph and a revenue tariff be adopted.

We welcome the prospect, and we have no fear that Protection will come second best out of the conflict. But is it not enough to make one "mad" that now Col. Watterson should stand up and tell us gravely that the square fight between Protection and Free Trade which had been promised us is not to come off after all, that question not being of the essence of the conflict? And let us say that The Globe has even more right to get "mad" than we have at the threatened defeat of its own very reasonable prophecy that there would be a square fight on the one great question.

Col. White is the new Deputy Postmaster-General; in a few days he will have a new chief; together or singly they ought to be able to reform the postal department and introduce a lot of improvements.

$500 Reward.

For many years the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy have offered, in good faith, a standing reward of $500 for a case of chronic nasal catarrh they cannot cure. No matter how long the disease has become, or of how many years standing, it yields, in due time, to their skill. This famous remedy is sold by druggists at 50 cents.

Rich Minerals.

The development of the gold mine recently discovered near Sudbury has proven to the shareholders thus far that the deposit is a rich one. This discovery has stimulated the prospector and the miner to follow the great mineral belt to the north shore of Lake Superior. The specimens of the recent discoveries brought to the assayers at Sault Ste. Marie show not alone indications of gold in paying quantities, but silver, copper, iron, mica and galena in rich veins.

A wealthy syndicate of Milwaukee and Chicago capitalists have purchased over a thousand acres of mining lands near Goulais Bay, and about fifteen miles west of Sault Ste. Marie. They commenced exploratory work last fall. They encountered a vein of mineral and have gone down on it for about ten feet, and an average sample of the rock taken from it at the depth assayed $47 in gold to the ton. The rock is of such a soft character that it can be crushed with proper machinery and the mineral separated, on a large scale, at from $3 to $4 a ton. Gold has also been found in a rich silver vein as Gros Cap and in the copper ores of the Korah mountain mine, both near the Soo. Silver ores seem to be the predominant mineral of the district. As Gros Cap a very large vein can be traced for a mile or more and carries an enormous percentage of silver, as shown by the following assays of the ore, which were made by Julius Ropes of Ishpeming, a most thorough and reliable chemist:

Sample No. 1.—Gros Cap, ruby and grey silver ore, with quartz, 4082.1 troy ounces of silver to the ton, which at ninety-five cents an ounce equals $3878.28.

Sample No. 2.—Gros Cap, galena and grey silver ore, with quartz, 4082.1 troy ounces to the ton, which at ninety-five cents an ounce equals $3878.28.

Sample No. 3.—Same material, quartz and grey silver ore, 1996.8 troy ounces of silver to the ton, worth $1896.96.

This vein also carries more or less gold, copper and galena.

The natural and other advantages of Sault Ste. Marie as a great railway, commercial and manufacturing centre are admitted superior to those of any other point on the upper lakes, but it would not be at all surprising if the future growth and prosperity of the city should be promoted in a very marked degree by the undoubtedly vast mineral resources of the district around it.

—Dyspepsia and Indigestion.—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Milk. We are selling more of Parmelee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of dyspepsia and liver complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmelee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her."

Prof. Brown's Resignation.

From The Guelph Herald.

So far as we have been able to learn, a correct statement of the case is something as follows:

1. For about twelve years Professor Brown had full control of the farm and the experimental work, and was not in any way directed or controlled by the president of the college, (Mr. Mills).

2. About a year ago, at the request of the Advisory Board, the president was made in a general way responsible for the management of the farm as well as the college.

3. Some time this spring the Advisory Board formulated certain complaints against Professor Brown's system of management, and in consequence thereof the Professor placed his resignation in the hands of the Government and it was accepted.

—A monster sign has just been painted on the Army and Navy store, corner Yonge and Temperance streets, by the Toronto Sign Company. This is the largest sign in Canada, and advertises the cheapest clothing store in the country. If the Army & Navy do all the big sign says they do, it's the right place to buy boys' suits for two dollars and no shoddy, no matter how low the price. 135 King-street east, and 138 Yonge-street.

—A luxury that will invigorate digestion and never fails to create an appetite—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Sold by all druggists and confectioners everywhere 5 cents.

WITH BALL, WHIP AND OAR

THE SENATORS AGAIN FALL VICTIMS TO TORONTO BATS.

Championship Games Yesterday—Racing at Monmouth Park—The C. A. A. A. Committee Meeting—The Toronto Crews for Sunbury—Baseball and Turf Gossip.

ALBANY, July 10.—The game to-day with the Torontos was a close but rather uninteresting affair. The home team could do nothing with Shepherd, and after the visitors got the lead in the fourth inning they kept it throughout, and earned their victory by better fielding as well as better batting. The score:

ALBANY.	R	B	O	A	E	TORONTO.	R	B	O	A	E
Nelson, ss.	0	0	1	2	1	Rickley, lb.	0	1	2	2	0
Bozeman, c.	0	1	4	0	0	Conners, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Joseph, rf.	0	1	2	0	0	Decker, c. f.	0	0	2	0	0
Hoover, 2.b.	0	1	4	4	0	Burns, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Weakley, 3.b	0	1	1	2	0	Dy'La'hin, s.s	0	0	3	0	0
Dunn, 1b.	0	0	7	0	0	Kearns, 2b.	2	2	3	4	1
Halpin, ss.	0	0	1	3	1	Barnett, 1b	2	3	10	0	0
Quinn, c.	0	0	3	0	0	Oldfield, c.	1	3	3	0	0
Foreman, p.	0	0	0	1	0	Shepherd, p.	1	1	2	4	0
Totals	2	5	24	11	4	Totals	6	9	27	15	2

Albany ..... 00010000 1—2
Toronto ..... 00020202 2—6

Earned runs—Toronto 3. Three base hits—Weakley, Kearns. Stolen bases—Albany 2; Toronto 4. Bases on balls—Off Foreman 1; off Shepherd 1. Hit by pitched ball—Burns. Struck out—By Shepherd 2. Passed balls—Quinn 2. Wild pitches—Shepherd 2, Foreman 1. Time—1 hour 45 minutes. Umpire—Emslie.

Other International Association Games.

At Buffalo:									R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—	1	0
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	1—	6	1

Batteries: Barr and McKeough; Gibbs and Kappell. Umpire—Curry.

At Syracuse:									R.	H.	E.
Stars	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—	4	5
London	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0—	3	7

Batteries: Higgins and Walker; Geiss and Kinslow. Umpire—Young.

At Troy:									R.	H.	E.
Troy	3	0	3	1	0	2	0	0	0—	9	4
Hamilton	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	2	3—	10	4

Batteries: Keefe and Healy; Wood and Visner. Umpire—Sullivan.

National League Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
New York	2	7	5	At Pittsburg	0	5	4
Welsh-Ewing.				Galvin-Miller.			
Boston	1	5	3	At Chicago	4	6	1
Clarkson-Kelly.				Baldwin-Daly.			
Philadelphia	2	6	3	At Indianapolis	1	7	3
Buffington-Clements.				Boyle-Myers.			
Washington	0	5	7	At Detroit	4	9	4
Shaw-Arundel.				Beatin-Bennett.			

American Association Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	3	5	5	At St. Louis	4	6	5
Carruthers-Bushong. (10 in.)				King-Boyle.			
Athletics	4	9	7	At Cincinnati	5	9	5
Seward-Robinson. (11 in.)				Mullane-Keenan.			
Baltimore	12	20	3	At Louisville	7	5	5
Smith-Trout.				Porter-Donohue.			
Cleveland	4	5	3	At Louisville	7	12	5
O'Brien-Zimmer.				Chamberlain-Cross.			

Eastern International League Games.

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Kingston	9	11	5	At Belleville	1	3	8
Gallagher-Somers.				Smith-Baker.			

Midland League Games.

	R.				R.
Port Hope	18	At Peterboro			19
Livingstone-Mulhall.		Cameron-Billings.			

The Standing of the Clubs.

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Syracuse	44	11	London	23	29
Toronto	35	19	Buffalo	20	32
Hamilton	31	24	Troy	18	33
Rochester	29	26	Albany	12	38

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.	Won.	Lost.
Chicago	39	20	Brooklyn	45	20
Detroit	36	23	St. Louis	37	21
New York	35	24	Cincinnati	37	25
Boston	25	28	Athletics	36	24
Philadelphia	22	28	Baltimore	29	26
Indianapolis	21	37	Louisville	22	40
Pittsburg	19	35	Kansas City	19	39
Washington	20	39	Cleveland	19	41

Games To-day.

National League—New York at Indianapolis; Boston at Pittsburg; Philadelphia at Detroit; Washington at Chicago.

There are no games scheduled in the International or American Associations.

Among the Amateurs.

The Dauntless Club is open for challenges. W. Crocker, secretary, 54 De Grassi-street.

The Mail nine defeated The World ball-tossers yesterday afternoon on Stark's Athletic Grounds.

It was the Little York team that defeated the Elmas on Saturday at York and not the G. T. R. nine, as stated yesterday.

The Orioles defeated the Grimsby Village nine on Monday by 19 to 8. The Orioles are open for challenges. W. McKendry, secretary, 273 Yonge-street.

The Eastern International League Roorganized.

KINGSTON, July 10.—Representatives from the three clubs in the Eastern International League met at Watertown yesterday when, owing to the retirement of the Oswegos, new regulations were adopted. A re-election of officers took place as follows: President, R. J. Stibbens, of Kingston; Vice-President, Stephen O'Brien, Belleville; Secretary, Charles Fowler, Watertown; Directors, E. J. S. Pense, Kingston; Jas. Stepper, Watertown, and Samuel Col. Lazier, Belleville.

The new schedule of games will be:

Kingston at Watertown—July 12, 13; Aug. 1, 2, 17, 18. At Belleville—July 16, 17, 30, 31; Aug. 15, 16, 30, 31.

Belleville at Watertown—July 13, 14, 25, 26; Aug. 10, 11, 24, 25. At Kingston—July 19, 20, 27, 28; Aug. 13, 14.

Watertown at Belleville—July 23, 24; Aug. 6, 7, 22, 23. At Kingston—July 30, 31; Aug. 8, 9, 20, 21, 28, 29.

Dust from the Diamond.

The Torontos will arrive home to-day. Their next games will be with London here tomorrow and Friday.

The Torontos won six of the seven games played on their present trip.

The spectators threatened to mob Umpire Sullivan at the close of the Hamilton-Troy game yesterday and Jerry had to secure police protection.

The American Association scheme of double umpires with one manager, from each club was not a glittering success at Kansas City. It was a case of dog eat dog from the start.

The London Club, through Secretary White, has revoked the suspension of L. Renner.

The Philadelphia Times says Hardie Henderson has refused an offer from Toronto.

Dunlap of the Pittsburg Club, who had his jaw broken last week, has had the bandage removed from his face. He will probably play in three or four days.

The wise ball player kicketh at the umpire under his breath or at a distance. His method is just as effective as the other fellow's and is much cheaper.

"Who was that man you were quarrelling with, Brown? "He's a member of Mutrie's nine." "Did he hit you?" "Naw: he struck at me three times, but he didn't hit me."

Dupee Shaw wanted $1200 for the balance of the season and $300 advance money. That is why the Washington Club did not sign him. Washington offered Shaw $35 a game guaranteeing two games per week.

Kirtland and Stone of the Oswegos have signed with Watertown.

Catcher Morrison has been released by Belleville.

Silas Smith has resigned the management of the Bellevilles, and Henderson is again acting as manager.

Ogdensburg will not enter the Eastern International League. Belleville, Kingston and Watertown will play the season out.

It is said that Pitcher Tyng will sue the Philadelphia Club for breach of contract. He claims that he was engaged for three years and has been released without sufficient opportunity to demonstrate his ability.

Robinson, the short stop of the Jackson Club, recently released, was paid $3.65, the rest of his salary being eaten up by fines.

Boston believes in spending money for advertising. It has made Detroit an offer of $20,000 for Sam Thompson and Hardy Richardson for next season.

The resignation of Umpire Valentine has been received by President Young and will be accepted promptly. He claims unfair treatment from Ansan.

Al. Reach of Philadelphia has invented a seamless ball, which will be ready for sale shortly. There are no seams in the cover, which is as smooth and even as a rubber ball. It is the catgut stitches that hurt the hands, and the new ball is expected to become very popular with the players.

In the National League Keefe leads the pitchers, Bennett the catchers, Morrill the first basemen, Richardson (New York) the second basemen, Denny the third basemen, Wise the short stops, and Hornung, Slattery and Fogarty the fielders.

How hath the mighty fallen. To think that the only Clarkson, the $10,000 star twirler, the only man who a year ago could be depended on to make a successful stand against the Detroits, should be knocked out of the box in four innings as he was yesterday, and that, too, by the 7 Hoosiers. It is sad to contemplate.—Detroit News.

Brouthers leads the league batsmen with 10 times at bat and 67 base hits, an average of .352; Anson is second with .335; McGuire (twelve games) third, .333; Kelly fourth, .320; Connor fifth, .325; Kluszna (six games) sixth, .321; Tiernan seventh, .319; Gerhardt (twenty games) eighth, .311; Buckley and Ewing tied for ninth place with .310, and Johnston and Ryan tied for eleventh place with .308.

Emma Wins the Shrewsbury.

LONG BRANCH, N.J., July 10.—This was the fourth day of the Monmouth Park First Summer Meeting. The weather was fine but track heavy. Results:

FIRST RACE—Free Handicap Sweepstakes of $30 each with $1000 added, of which $250 to 2d, 1 mile. D. T. Puisifer's ch.c. Rapine won, Cambyses 3d, Cassman 3d. Time—1.46.

SECOND RACE—The July Stakes for 2-year-olds of $100 each with $1500 added, of which $300 to 2d, 5½ mile.

D. McCarthy's ch.c. Sorento, by Joe Hooker—Rosa B. 1
D. D. Withers' br.c. ——, by Tom Ochiltree—Cyclone 2
S. S. Brown's b.f. Gallop 3
Time—1.16.

THIRD RACE—The Shrewsbury Handicap of $30 each with $2000 added, of which $500 to 2d; 1½ miles.

A. J. Cassatt's b.h. Eurus, 5, by Eolus—Mystic, 122 ..... (Hayward) 1
J. B. Haggin's b.f. Firenzi, 4, 116 ..... (Garrison) 2
Preakness Stable's b.g. Rupert, 6, 123 (Snauer) 3
Time—2.41.

FOURTH RACE—The Monmouth Oaks Stakes for fillies 3 years old, of $100 each, with $1500 added, of which $500 to 2d; 1½ miles.

E. J. Baldwin's ch.f. Los Angeles, by Glenelg—La Polka 1
O. Bowlen's ch.f. Belle d'Or 2
Dwyer Bros.' b.f. Bella B 3
Time—2.15½.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $600, for 3-year-olds and upwards; selling allowances; 1 1-16 miles. R. Bradley's b.g. King B won, Sam Keene 2d, Clay Pate 3d. Time 1.55.

SIXTH RACE—Handicap Steeplechase, purse $600, of which $100 to 2d; short course. P. Gibson's b.o. Brace-Ban won, Will Davis 2d, Retribution 3d. Time 3.19.

Racing at Washington Park.

CHICAGO, July 10.—The weather was fair today but the track was heavy. The results follow:

FIRST RACE—1 1-16 miles, selling. Kedar Kahn, 105, won; Irma H., 90, 2d; Bonanza, 105, 3d. Time 1.51½.

SECOND RACE—1 mile. Libretto, 118, won; Wahoo, 112, 2d; Gallatin, 92, 3d. Time 1.52.

THIRD RACE—The Maiden Stakes for 3-year-olds, 1½ miles. Laura Belle, 113, won, Amos, 113, 2d, Silver Belle, 113, 3d. Time, 2.08.

FOURTH RACE—1 mile. Mamie Fonso, 112, won, Unlucky, 108, 2d, Sportsman, 108, 3d. Time, 1.08.

FIFTH RACE—1½ miles. Dad, 105, won; Lola May, 95, 2d; Arundel, 103, 3d. Time 2.30.

Trotting at Troy.

TROY, N.Y., July 10.—This was the first day of the summer meeting here. Result:

First Race—2.50 class, purse $250, divided.

Joe Young 1 1 1
Morgan Ethan 3 2 2
Kentucky Blanche 2 3 3
Hiram K. 4 4 4
Vermont Boy 6 5 5
Time—2.28, 2.26, 2.24½.

Second Race—2.30 class; purse $300, divided.

L. D. 1 2 1 1
Blanche B. 2 1 4 4
Jack Sheppard 6 4 3 2
Harry C. 5 2 5 3
Adm D. ..... 4 6 dis
Chesnut Colt ..... 7 7 dis
Joshua Morse ..... 6 dr
Time—2.24½, 2.22, 2.22½, 2.35.

Trotting and Running at Windsor.

WINDSOR, July 10.—This was the first day of the Windsor Driving Park Summer Meeting. The three-minute race was won by Bessie Lewis, with Goldring second. The 2.28 class was won by St. Elmo, with Little Eva second. Belle of Shelby third and Gen. Banks fourth. The half-mile heat race was won by G. L. Hayden's Lady May, with D. W. Campbell's Augusta second.

The Jockeys' Big Salaries.

A recent writer to The Kentucky Live Stock Record has a lengthy editorial on the subject of jockeys' fees. He says that with salaries running from $5000 to $15,000 a year the jockeys are becoming the dictators and autocrats of the turf. He characterizes most of the jockeys as mere boys, ignorant and uneducated, who are not able to earn $400 per annum in any other business, and says these exorbitant salaries make racing a luxury that only a private few can indulge in.

He adds: "A turf man of moderate means cannot engage these high-priced jockeys, and it makes it almost impossible for him to secure a rider who has pretensions to jockeyship. If he gets one to ride they want about half the stakes or purse for the mount. This cause prevents many from going on the turf, and thereby cuts off buyers and injures breeders at their annual sales.

"A retaining fee of $250 to $500 for the first call upon a jockey and then paying him the usual fee as provided by the rules for his mount would be a sensible step for the best jockey in the country. Those retained jockeys would then make more clear money a year than our ablest lawyers and most scientific physicians can earn. If these high fees are to continue it must injure if not break up racing, and drive many of our present owners off, as there are not a half dozen stables who can afford to pay them."

English Turf News.

The project has been mooted of pulling down the entire range of stands at Ascot, and replacing the heterogeneous and inconvenient mass of brick, stone and ironwork with a magnificent range of buildings worthy of the Royal meeting.

The Duke of Portland, due to be run to-day at Aintree, has met with but a poor accentuator, only eleven crying content out of thirty-eight. Exmoor (116 lbs.) being the highest acceptance, the weights have to be raised 3 lb. all round. Jewitt has still a strong hand with Satiety, Sandal and Toscano, and of Wadlow's trio Phil and Chippaway can still do battle for their respective owners.

It is said that the well-known trainer Gurry will shortly resign the management of Mr. Baird's team at Bedford Lodge, and in all probability unite his forces with Messrs. Childwick, Peck, sr. and jr., etc., at the establishment to be erected at the home of the latter gentleman. It is rumored that Joe Cannon will be his successor at Bedford Lodge.

The St. Leger speculation is very dull. Seabreeze remains at 3 to 1, with 4 to 1 Greyberry, 5 to 1 Ayrshire, 100 to 12 Orbit, 25 to 1 Merry Andrew, and 33 to 1 each Belle Mahone and Prince Blanco.

Beautiful weather favored visitors to the Royal Paddocks at Hampton Court on June 21, when the Princesses Teck entertained of the Queen's yearlings. It was the general opinion that a better lot of yearlings than those sent up from Royal Stud on the present occasion have seldom been seen. The chief interest and sensational bidding for the first of the young St. Simon's, and the Duke of Portland gave 2600 guineas for a grand-looking colt by his old favorite out of Lady Gladys, and 1500 guineas for a sweetly-pretty filly out of Oliver, the dam of Archer and Satchel. Good prices were made for most of the lots, and the sale realized the splendid total of 12,335 guineas.

Gossip of the Turf.

Friar's Balsam, according to late English reports, is improving in health quite rapidly.

It is said that A. J. Cassatt will establish a racing stable in England in the near future.

The Hayden Stable's black filly Lady May, 4 years, by Virgil-Ladylike has been stinted to Terror and will become the property of Mr. J. E. Seagram about August 1. ed

At Helena, Mont., July 5, Daniel B., a 6 year old, at a Montana Association meeting broke the record for three-eighths of a mile, making the distance in 34½ seconds.

Races will open at the West Side Driving Park, Chicago, July 16. Old Freeland was seen out at the track yesterday wandering about the infield in charge of a child that reached up to about his knee joint. The old horse looks wonderfully well, but from all accounts he will not train on again.

The New York World says: There are many persons who confess to a belief that Monmouth Park has seen its best days, and that when the racing is inaugurated at the new Westchester County track and the programs of the American and Coney Island Jockey Clubs arranged so as to utilize the full thirty days allowed for betting by the State law, the Monmouth Park Association will have to close its gates. Such may be the case, but wherever racing is done in July or August, either at the Westchester or Astoria tracks, the management will have to hang up a lot of money and guarantee the payment of the same to induce owners to turn their backs on Monmouth Park.

A Fine Cricketing Innings.

That famous cricketer, Mr. W. W. Read, fairly eclipsed all his previous efforts with the bat when playing for Surrey in their first innings against Oxford University at Kennington Oval on June 25 and 26. At the call of "time" on the opening day Mr. Read was not out 235. On the following day he continued his innings, and hitting in grand form, raised his own score to 338, when he was had at slip. His wonderful innings lasted altogether six hours and a half, and included a 5, forty-six 4's, fourteen 3's, and twenty-eight 2's. He was, of course, enthusiastically cheered. It is superfluous to remark that Mr. Read's is the highest innings played this year in first-class matches. We may mention that the record innings in first-class matches stands to the credit of Mr. W. G. Grace, namely, 344 at Canterbury in 1876. The Surrey innings eventually closed for 650, and a full return of this extraordinary scoring will be found in another column.—Sporting Life.

Committee Meeting of the C.A.A.O.

A meeting of the Regatta Committee of the C.A.A.O. was held last night at the Argonaut Rowing Club. Col. Sweney was in the chair. There were present: C. E. Maddison, Secretary; M. M. Kirtland, Treasurer; W. A. Littlejohn, A. H. Sims, W. L. Smith, D. Roberts, R. McKay, W. Sanderson, J. Moss and A. R. Denison. The committee reported a collection of money and the distribution of programs. The regatta, which takes place on Aug. 1, promises to be the most successful ever held by the association, and the gentlemen in whose hands the arrangements have been placed are doing everything in their power to achieve that result.

The program includes the following events:

Senior four-oared race, $600 challenge cup and four gold medals.

Senior single scull race, $300 challenge cup and gold medal; $4 prize, silver cup.

Junior four-oared race, four gold medals.

Junior single scull race, gold medal; 2d prize, silver medal.

Senior double scull race, challenge cup and two gold medals.

Junior double scull race, two silver cups.

Fair oared race, two gold medals.

Single scull inrigged race, silver cup.

Double scull inrigged race, two silver cups.

The committee have decided to award to the winners of the senior and junior fours and senior single elaborate satin badges.

Another meeting will be held on Saturday evening at the same place at 8 o'clock.

The Toronto Crews for Sunbury.

The Toronto senior and junior four-oared crews, together with Messrs. Ryan and Meaghar will leave for Sunbury, Pa., to-morrow where they will try for aquatic honors in the National Regatta of Amateur Oarsmen, to be held there next Wednesday and Thursday. The boys are all in excellent form and promise to give a good account of themselves. As the Argonaut crew was the only one entered for the junior four-oared race, it was thought that that event would be declared off, but it is said that the Argonauts have consented to allow the Torontos to enter a crew to make a race and their entry was made by wire last night. The Toronto crews are as follows:

SENIOR FOUR. JUNIOR FOUR.
J. Wright ..... stroke C. Gormaly ..... stroke
F. H. Thompson ..... No. 3 R. Douglas ..... No. 3
E. A. Thompson ..... No. 2 R. Durham ..... No. 2
A. Grinstead ..... bow J. Doran ..... bow

Senior single—J. Ryan.
Junior single—E. W. Meaghar.

Splashes from the Oar.

The Wise-Lee race will take place at Barrie about July 25.

George R. Carter of Yale's scientific school, who has pulled at No. 7 in the last two races, has been elected captain of the University Crew for the season of 1889.

Dan Galanagh, the champion Philadelphia sculler, defeated Nick Layburger of Pittsburg, in a three-mile race on the Lower Schuylkill River on June 30 by four lengths. Time, 21m. 50s.

Billy Conley, the South Boston sculler, rowed a race against time against J. J. Buckley of Salem, on the Charles River, Boston, June 30. Buckley, who had fifteen seconds' start, won by two-and-a-half lengths in 22m. 55s.

Lacrosse Points.

The disputed game between the Brants of Paris and the Bramfords of Brantford was played off at the former place yesterday, resulting in favor of the Brants by four straight games in 5, 11, 8 and 5 minutes respectively.

A championship match in the Niagara District was played at Niagara Falls yesterday between the Independents of St. Catharines and the Niagaras of Niagara Falls, and resulted in favor of the home team by four games to one.

It will be a case of Greek meeting Greek when the Athletics of St. Catharines and the Toronto cross sticks at Rosedale on Saturday next. The Athletics are leaving no stone unturned in order to be victorious over the doughty champions. The boys in blue will likely place upon the field the team which defeated the N.A.L.A. champions on June 30.

Sports of Sport.

The second annual regatta of the Chicago Navy will be held at Pullman, Ill., Aug. 11.

Matsada Borkichi, the "Jap," has made thousands of dollars the past year wrestling, but has lost it all at poker.

George Godfrey of Boston has accepted an offer of $400 expenses from the California Athletic Club for him to fight the Australian champion, Peter Jackson, for a purse of $1500, under their management, in San Francisco, the loser to receive $300 of the amount.

The refusal of the Milwaukee Athletic Club to expel their professional members makes it impossible for any Canadian oarsmen to participate in their September tournament.

Eddie Jamieson of this city has accepted a challenge from Pug Beaty of Rochester to fight to a finish with hard gloves for a purse of $50, fight to take place July 21.

Considerable disappointment exists throughout English athletic circles at the astonishingly easy manner in which the American teams have asserted their superiority during the past fortnight. As a sequel to the crushing defeats administered to the English runners at Cleveland last Saturday, C. G. Wood, the well-known American, has challenged Fred Westing to two matches at distances of 100 and 220 yards. The Manhattan representative has not yet taken up the gauntlet, but acting on the advice of Gus Sachs, is expected to do so.

CITY HALL SMALL TALK.

The Civic Budget of Passing Events—The Park Orators.

The City Engineer, acting under instructions from the Mayor, is preparing a statement which will embody his views as to the best method of reorganiz