THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE: 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year..... $3.00 | Four Months..... $1.00
Six Months..... 1.50 | One Month..... 25
No charge for city delivery or postage. Subscriptions payable in advance

ADVERTISING RATES:

FOR EACH LINE OF NONPAREIL:

Ordinary commercial advertisements 6 cents.
Monetary advertisements..... 10 cents.
Financial statements as reading matter..... 12½ cents.
Amusements..... 10 cents.

Condensed advertisements a cent a word. Deaths, marriages and births 25 cents. Special rates for contract advertisements, or reading notices, and for preferred positions. Address all Communications: THE WORLD, Toronto.

W. F. MACLEAN.

The World's telephone call is No. 523.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 14, 1885.

A Revolution in the Liberal Foreign Office

Undeterred by the failure of our Canadian contemporaries to see the signs of the times, we have ventured to maintain that England is now passing through a grave crisis in her foreign policy, and that a radical change of policy was impending, whether with or without a change of ministry remained to be seen. And now a London despatch of yesterday's date says: "It is reported that the cabinet at its last meeting decided that England should assume the whole responsibility of the Egyptian financial question and proclaim a protectorate." This, if confirmed, means that Derby steps down and out from the particular position which he assumed when he left Disraeli's government some years ago—that is, of course, if he remains in office to carry out the new decision. And it means, further, that whereas Mr. Gladstone has within these few years past done a good deal of shilly-shallying on the Egyptian question, on which Mr. Bright, the foremost liberal of England, resigned his place in a liberal government—he has now been forced by the logic of events into a foreign policy of the real national and patriotic kind. In other words, a change of ministry is averted by a radical change in foreign policy.

Mr. Gladstone is not so much to be blamed because at the eleventh hour he changes his foreign policy, and, instead of resigning, remains in office to carry out something that up to a recent date he strenuously opposed—as far as the public are aware of. He has stolen the tory policy, but perhaps there is no felony in what he did, after all, as most probably it was done "by the Queen's command." The tories have before stolen liberal policy and carried it out; did not Disraeli say that Peel caught the whigs bathing and stole their clothes? And did not Disraeli himself commit a daring theft of liberal policy when he took that "leap in the dark?" Let the liberals now make a very "liberal" steal indeed of tory policy, if needs must; they will have to steal a good deal to get the balance even. What we had better understand about the matter is that the situation has been and still is a very grave one for England, and that there had to be either a change of ministry or a change of foreign policy. To all present appearance the latter has been determined upon and the former is averted—for a time.

The Globe and the Mail will probably explain all about it to the Canadian public a month or two hence. It is not dignified, you know, to appear excited or in a hurry.

The New Court House.

All that remains now to be done to assure the building of a new court house is the selection of a mutual arbitrator, the valuation of the properties on the site selected and the letting of the necessary contracts. The purchase of the site was before the council for nearly a whole year, and now that that body has determined to purchase it no time should be lost in erecting the much needed building. The council has three years to erect the building, but why use up that limit? At the same time Mr. Mowat might give new parliament buildings his serious consideration.

Where the "One-Man Power" is Wanted.

What is sometimes called the "one-man power" is not a popular institution, generally speaking. But in one particular way, which greatly concerns Canada, it is the right thing in the right place. A London despatch of yesterday's date says:

The agitation in the Australian colonies over the annexation of New Guinea by Germany continues. The colonies now propose that they be allowed to federate and be represented by colonial agents-general, resident in London. The proposition has evidently made a serious impression upon the government. The marquis of Lorne, in a letter published to-day, does not advocate extreme measures, but strongly urges the creation of a system under which colonial boards shall be selected by the respective colonial governments, the members to reside in London, where their duties shall be to advise the home government upon all imperial questions that may arise.

We say "ditto" to the marquis with this addition. That Canada be represented in London by *one man only*, appointed by the dominion government (not elected in any way), and removable at pleasure, like any foreign ambassador. Then there will be no confusion of responsibility, and whatever happens we shall always be able to put the saddle on the right horse, both in London and in Ottawa. This is the one sure way to prevent Canadian representatives from being mesmerized by London influences—political, financial, social, and what not.

Elect the Wardens by Popular Vote.

One of the remaining relics of anti-progressiveness in connection with our municipal bodies is the election by county councils of the warden. There is no reason whatever why the warden of a county should not be elected by the popular vote the same as the mayor of a city. By the present system, as in the days of electing mayors by the aldermen, the council is "fixed" by the man who can pull the wires best, and he who would be the choice of the county at large seldom finds his way to the warden's chair. The season for meeting of new county councils is at hand, and we feel sure that if this matter were put before them the more intelligent of them would favor a popular election for warden.

Young man, go west, and embark your little fortune in a sure venture. Obtain a choice location in a British Columbian valley, where the climate is an eternal paradise, and *plant hops*. There is no place, including Kent county, England, where hops like themselves so much as on a sunny slope in British Columbia. Get near the railway and supply Ontario with hops. This gratuitous tip is given you, that you may see that it is not absolutely necessary for you to beg a beggarly position in the custom house or postoffice. Hop on, hop ever.

Scientific authorities in the Northwest are in dispute over the question whether the coal found near Crow Foot Crossing should be called anthracite, lignite, ignite, or what you please. But it "ignites," sure enough, and the C. P. R. men find that it raises steam in the locomotive boilers like "all possessed." It will probably do, whatever they may call it.

In the state of New York the battle rages over the election of U. S. senator. He must be a republican, that is settled by what the majority is at Albany, but what particular member of the party gets the honor is yet to be decided. Mr. Arthur's chances would have been good but for the fact that he is suspected of free trade leanings. Just the same cloud hangs over Mr. Morton, and the probability is that Mr. Evarts, who is conspicuously "sound on the goose," will be chosen.

The London Times ventured to suggest that Mr. Gladstone should dissolve parliament and test popular opinion of his foreign and Irish policy. For this the infallible Labouchere denounces the Thunderer in choice terms, declaring it is suffering from dementia, produced by jingoism, which makes the editor a lunatic on public affairs. Considering the way by-elections have been going recently in England, and that the parliamentary term of life ends in the ordinary course of events after the coming session, the idea scarcely appears absurdly unreasonable after all; but perhaps Labby is fearful that his constituents at Northampton have gained in wisdom during the six years that have lapsed since his election and will not renew their confidence.

"Universal time," that is, the 24 hour system, in the course of a very short period will probably prove the aptness of its name by coming into general use. It was adopted by the astronomer royal at Greenwich, Eng., on the opening of the new year, and "Greenwich mean time" being famous the world over it would appear reasonable to expect that the example thus set will be universally followed. We shall, therefore, soon hear of the witching hour of 24 o'clock. All legislative acts regulating hours of closing will have to be changed, or may be saloons, etc., will claim the right to keep open without ceasing.

Too many different studies in our schools have been long complained of; and it is a target at which many good rifle shots have been fired. At last we get a cannon shot from the minister of education himself, who has expressed a decided opinion against the dissipation of mental energy in the children by too great a multiplicity of subjects. Something is going to be done, and it appears as if the Hon. G. W. were the man to do it.

John of Wickcliff.

Editor World: I offer some information. Please let the spelling of names stand as written. In 1841 I travelled from London to Carlisle, at instance of a publisher, tracing roadways on which, subsequent to the year 1750, rich runaway lovers fled to be married at Gretna Green, pursued by angry father and jilted gentlemen; jilted gentlemen with duelling pistols. In Teesdale I lingered some weeks, on border of Yorkshire. The people of Barnard Castle, on Durham side of Tees, told that hundreds of years ago ancestors of the learned man who first translated the Bible into English resided there. Others said Wickcliff, on Yorkshire side, was their residence, and birthplace of the renowned translator. I removed to that village on the cliff; walking meditatively at times on the shingly shore below the cliff, where tradition said the Reverend Linguist walked when revisiting his native place. At a spring well he had knelt and drank. Somerville, who in old age lives to rewrite on 13th January, 1885, incidents of year 1841, drank at the spring also. Not in adoration of the illustrious man; but through mental impulse, when reflecting that from top of the cliff the Water of Life Eternal was first rendered accessible and familiar to English reading, speaking, thinking people. To-morrow I may transcribe for The World's readers, from previous researches made years ago, the etymology of places named Wick. Eurewick became York. Hence New York; and Little Muddy York now the beautiful city of Toronto. ALEX. SOMERVILLE, Whistler at the Plough.

Phrenology.

Editor World: A. Wallace Mason seems to pin his faith on the negations of science, I would not willingly disturb his joy therein. I have looked at the evidences of phrenology and found no truth. To map the skull, a monkey's head located mirthfulness, a bear's destructiveness, and so on of all others. Arbitrary, and nothing more; hence, groundless. The size of the brain does not appreciably change after the age of seven, cultivation does not afflict it, nor the shape of the skull.

Once a small head was a sign of wisdom, "A little head, a little wit, a big head and not a bit," was an old adage, as true as its opposite now is.

Truth errs not, not so phrenology, it blunders often, "but," say its friends, "other things being equal," etc. Has this pet phrase an apodictic meaning? or like "common sense," is it literally meaningless? Science says what it means, and means what it says, and there it stops. Phrenology says much which amounts to nothing. E. H. BENSON.

Verbum Sap.

Editor World: Referring to your statement in this morning's issue that I have been inducing parties to be examined by the medical officer of the Mutual Reserve Life association on the understanding that no charge would be made for their certificates, I beg to pronounce the same to be absolutely false. As an evidence of my good faith I will put up the sum of $500, to be covered with a like sum by you or any of the managers of the old line insurance companies whose advertisements appear simultaneously with your attack upon this association, that you cannot name an isolated case, either in this city or any other, to substantiate your statement, the winner of this sum to pay said $500 to any charitable institution named by the mayor of Toronto. J. D. WELLS.

Reprimanding a Weak Sister.

Editor World: We believe there is a woman connected with the Richmond street barracks that has tried to injure some of the weaker soldiers, and one especially, as it was her lot to stay with the person referred to a few days. This party was brought up by christian parents and always lived with christian people. She would not bow down with her. We believe she has told lies about her. The devil always employs agents; as she employed an agent to do what she could not do to injure this party. We cannot see how a woman is saved, much less sanctified, to do as she has done

SOLDIERS OF THE ARMY.

P.S.—We believe we will be blessed in work by having this printed.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon treatment for catarrh. Out of 2000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished, the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—Montreal Star. 26

An Elephant's Constitutional.

A large elephant, which had been performing at George Ginnett's circus, Leamington, Eng., escaped from its quarters during Christmas week, and took a morning constitutional. The animal made for Ash Grove place, Leamington, where it burst open the door of a dwelling house, and tried to force its huge overgrown bulk inside the kitchen to the astonishment of the startled occupier. With the home instinct strongly predominent the animal visited several other dwellings and attempted an unceremonious entrance through the windows to the no small surprise of dwellers. From Ash Grove place the animal proceeded to Warneford place where it burst open several doors, smashed a number of window frames and with its trunk destroyed some chairs and other furniture inside the houses. The elephant subsequently broke into a shed, where it found a congenial occupation in disposing of a quantity of swede turnips until such time as the keeper arrived upon the scene and persuaded the animal to return quietly to its quarters to the no small relief of residents in the locality.

"He that runs may read" is a very ancient expression. It is at times susceptible of a very appropriate transposition. As, for example, in the case of a sign worded "Beware of the dog!" He who reads may run—or is likely to, if he is the least bit timid.

—West Toronto Junction is within a few minutes of the Union station by the trains of either the Ontario and Quebec and the Grand Trunk or the Northern. Real estate in the neighborhood has steadily risen in value and promises to advance still more rapidly. Some of the best lots in West Toronto are to be had from George Clarke, 295 Yonge street.

The latest football invented has a can of dynamite inside of it. What is left of the contestants is gathered up in a clothes-basket.

—Pope & Bitleau, druggists, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, write: We have never sold any medicine that gives such satisfaction to the consumer and pleasure to the seller as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. We can refer you to numbers that have used it for diphtheria with entire satisfaction and success.

If there is anything more sweet than a young man with black ear muffs on his ears and red mittens on his hands, we desire it to be trotted out immediately, that it may receive a chromo.

—Ayer's Hair Vigor for dressing the hair and promoting its growth: an indispensable toilet article.

A Detroit doctor knocked a man down with a club in a street quarrel and then charged him $2 for fixing up his scalp. You can't stump a doctor with hard times.

In Florida a great many lemon trees have been budded on orange trees. Growers may deceive the orange trees thus, but cannot long continue to send lemons north as oranges.

—Robbert Lubbock, Cedar Rapids, writes: "I have used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil both for myself and family for diphtheria, with the very best results. I regard it as the best remedy for this disease, and would use no other." When buying Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, see that you get the genuine. Beware of imitations.

Of the 32,000 Indians in the territory of Dakota, 30,000 speak the English language.

It is estimated that on the Tyne, between Newcastle and Tynemouth, there are between 10,000 and 12,000 men out of work.

—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

Professor—"Does my question embarrass you?" "Not at all, sir," replied the student, "it is quite clear. It is the answer that bothers me."

It is said that bleeding a partially-blind horse at the nose will restore him to sight. So much for the horse. To open a man's eyes you must bleed him in the pocket.

—A field of corns.—Thomas Sabin of Eglington, says: "I have used Holloway's Corn Cure with the best results, having removed ten corns from my feet. It is not a half way cure or reliever, but a complete extinguisher, leaving the skin smooth and clear from the least appearance of the corns."

FINANCE AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Jan. 13, 1885.

The receipts of flour at Montreal to-day were 375 bbls., the market being moderately active at high rates.

Breadstuffs at Liverpool were steady and in fair demand.

There was little or nothing done at the corn exchange to-day. Holders of wheat and flour are waiting for a further rise, but some dealers say they will wait in vain.

Messrs. Chapman & Matthews, jr., leave for Ottawa to-morrow (Wednesday) night to lay the board of trade's report, as to what changes in the grain inspection law are desirable, before the minister of inland revenue.

There is in store at the Northern elevator 1750 bbls of flour, 34,418 bushels of wheat, 37,938 bushels of barley, 6830 bushels of peas, 1535 bushels of rice wheat. Total number of bushels 108,334. Shipments during the past week were 3510 bushels of barley, 1443 bushels of spring wheat, 425 bushels of peas.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

Morning Board—Montreal, buyers 188; Ontario, 107 and 105; Molson's, buyers 108¾; Toronto 177½ and 175½; Merchants 110 and 109; Commerce 118½ and 118; Imperial 126 and 124; Federal 48¼ and 47¾; Dominion, buyers 185¾; Standard 111½ and 110¾; Hamilton, buyers 116; British American 75½ and 74½; Western Assurance 77¾ and 75; Confederation Life Association, sellers 220; Consumers' Gas 152 and 151; Northwest Land 43½ and 42½; Canada Permanent, buyers 207; Freehold, buyers 161; Western Canada, buyers 178½; Union, sellers 133; Canada Landed Credit, buyers 110; B. and L. Association, buyers 102; Imperial S. and Investment, buyers 105; London and Canada L. and A. 133 and 131½; National Investment, buyers 104½; People's Loan, buyers 100¾; Ont. L. and D., buyers 122; Brant L. and S., 108¾. Transactions: Montreal 25 at 188; Standard 5 at 111; Western Assurance, 20 at 77, 20 10 at 77½; C. P. R. bonds, $2000, $2000 at 97¾ reported; Can. Per. 20 at 208; Lon. and Can. 100 at 133; People's Loan, 10 at 100¾.

Afternoon Board—Montreal 188½ and 183; Ontario, buyers 105; Molsons, asked 111½; Toronto 179½ and 178½; Merchants', asked 110; Bank of Commerce 118½ and 118; Imperial 126 and 124; Federal 48 and 47½; Dominion, buyers 185; Standard, buyers 110½; Hamilton, buyers 116; British America 76½ and 74; Western assurance 78 and 77½; Northwest Land company 42 and 43½; Lon. and Can. I. and A., asked 132¾. Transactions: Federal 20 a 48; Western assurance 2 at 77½; Consumers' Gas 6 at 150¾; Northwest Land 15 a 42½; People's Loan 16 at 100¾.

Montreal Stock Market.

Afternoon Board—Montreal 188½, 187¾; Ontario, 108½, 105½; Du Peuple, 55, 50; Molsons, 111, 110½; Toronto, 178½, 177; Merchants 109¾, 109½; Quebec, 100, —; Commerce, 118½, 118; C. P. R., 45, 44; Federal, 48½, 47½; Montreal Telegraph, 114½, 114; Richelieu, 58¾, 58½; Passenger, 120, 119½; Gas, 182½, 182; Canada Co., offered 80; Dundas Cotton, 50, 30; N. W. L. C., 44, 42½. Transactions: Commerce, 12 at 118½, Richelieu, 80 at 58½.

Local Produce Market.

FARMERS' MARKET.—The receipts of grain on the street to-day were fair and prices unchanged. About 1500 bushels of wheat offered and sold at 85c for fall and spring, and 68½c to 69½c for goose. Barley firm; 400 bushels sold at 54c to 64c, but No. 1 would have brought 70c. Oats steady, with sales of 200 bushels at 32c to 33c. Peas nominal at 57c, and rye at 56c. Hay in good supply and prices steady; fifty loads sold at $8 to $10 for clover, and at $12 to $14 for timothy. Straw sold at $9 a ton for two loads. Hogs firm, with sales at $6.15 to $6.50. Beef, $4 50 to $6 for forequarters and $6.50 to $8 for hindquarters. Mutton, carcase $5.50 to $6.50, lamb $6.50 to $8.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.—The receipts of produce at this market were fully moderate and prices steady. Beef, roast, 10c to 13c; sirloin steak, 11c to 12c; round steak, 9c to 10c; mutton, legs and chops, 10c to 12c; inferior cuts, 7c to 8c; lamb, per pound, 12c to 13c; forequarters 7c to 8c; veal, best joints, 10c to 12c; inferior cuts 7c to 8c; pork, chops and roasts, 9c to 10c; butter, pound rolls, 20c to 23c; large rolls, 15c to 17c, cooking, 13c to 14c; lard, 11c to 12c: cheese, 14c to 15c; bacon, 10c to 12c; eggs, 21c to 24c; turkeys, 75c to $1.50; chickens, per pair, 50c to 70c; geese, 65c to 85c; ducks 65c to 85c; potatoes, per bag, 40c to 45c; cabbage, per doz., 20c to 25c; onions, per bush., 70c to 75c; apples, per brl., $1.50 to $2.25; Beets, per bag, 50c to 55c; carrots, per bag, 35c to 45c; turnips, per bag, 35c to 45c.

Foreign Grain Markets.

Beerbohm—Floating cargoes: Wheat quieter; maize nil. Cargoes on passage—Wheat buyers hold off, maize dull; No. 1 California wheat off coast 36s 6d, was 36s 6s to 37s; No. 2 red winter wheat, shipment present and following month, 35s 3d, was 35s 6d; ditto., prompt shipment, 35s 3d, was 35s 6d. London, good shipping; No. 1 California, just shipment, etc., 37s 6d, was 38c; ditto., nearly due, 36s 6d, was 37. Liverpool—Spot wheat firmly held; maize quiet and steady. Paris—Wheat and flour quiet.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 23,000 bbls, weak; sales 14,000 bbls.: No. 2 $2.45 to $2.90, superfine $2.70 to $3.25, common $3.10 to $3.65, good $3.70 to $5.75, western extra $5.25 to $5.50, Minnesota extra $5.00 to $5.75, double extra $5.80 to $6.00. Rye flour and cornmeal steady and unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 60,000 bush.; spot ½c lower, options opened weak, ⅜c to 1⅛c lower, closed with recovery ⅛c to ⅝c; sales 5,272,000 bush. future; 279,000 bush. spot; exports 200,000 bush.; No. 2 spring 93⅛c, No. 2 red 94⅛c to 94½c cash, 91c to 91⅝c Jan., 96⅝c to 97⅝c May. No. 1 red state $1, No. 1 white state 94c. Rye firm; Canada 71c. Barley Malt nominal. Corn—Receipts 152,000 bush., dull and ½c to ⅝c lower, options steady; sales 872,000 bush. future, 172,000 bush. spot, exports 100,000 bush.; No. 2 52⅛c cash; 51⅝c to 52c Jan., 49c to 49⅜c May. Oats—Receipts 53,000 bush.; lower; sales 340,000 bush. future, 59,000 bush. spot, No. 2 36c to 36½c cash, mixed western 36c to 38c, white state 40c to 41c. Hay, hops, coffee, sugar, molasses, and rice unchanged. Petroleum, refined 7⅜c. Tallow, potatoes, eggs, pork and beef unchanged. Cut meats firm, pickled bellies 5⅝c, hams 8¾c to 9½c, middles dull, long clear 6⅝c. Lard firm at $7.15. Butter and cheese firm and unchanged.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat, less active, large receipts had a depressing influence, closed steady; sales ranged: Jan. 78⅝c to 79⅛c, closing 79⅛c, Feb. 79⅛c to 80⅛c, closing 79⅝c to 79⅞c, May 85⅛c to 87c, closing 85⅝c to 86c, No. 2 spring 78⅝c to 79⅛c. Corn lower; cash 36⅝c to 37c, Jan. 36⅛c to 36⅜c, May 40c to 40⅛c. Oats quiet; Feb. 26c to 26⅛c, May 29⅝c to 30c, No. 2 28c to 28⅝c. Rye, No. 2 58⅝c. Barley easier; No. 3 53c to 60c. Pork lower; $11.85 to $11.95, Feb. $11 92½ to $11 95, May $12 30 to $12 32½. Lard easier; cash $6 77½ to $6 80, Feb. $6 82½ to $6.85, May $7.07½ to $7.10 Boxed meats fair, request, shoulders $4.90 to $5, shortrib $5.95 to $6, short clear $6.40 to $6.45. Whisky steady. Receipts—Flour 17,000 bbls., wheat 122,000 bush., corn 211,000 bush., oats 36,000 bush., rye 3000 bush., barley 52,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 19,000 bbls., wheat 29,000 bush., corn 173,000 bush., oats 69,000 bush., rye —— bush., barley 22,000 bush.

An Old Soldier's EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, Texas, May 3, 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

"While with Churchill's army, just before the battle of Vicksburg, I contracted a severe cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found no relief till on our march we came to a country store, where, on asking for some remedy, I was urged to try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then I have kept the PECTORAL constantly by me, for family use, and I have found it to be an invaluable remedy for throat and lung diseases. J. W. WHITLEY."

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

THE ÆTNA LIFE.

A Successful Year's Business.

The business of the Ætna for the past year has been very successful. Its Insurance in Force has been materially increased, and its Assets now closely touch $30,000,000, of which about $6,000,000 is surplus, giving it exceptional strength. Its Interest Income is now nearly enough to pay Death Losses and running expenses combined—a position few companies have attained. During the year it paid to holders of matured Endowments, and for Death Claims, $2,124,023.56, divided among the States and Canada as follows:

Alabama	$ 45,423 87	Mississippi	$ 20,251 00
Arkansas	6,945 67	Missouri	34,368 30
California	26,475 00	N. Hampsh'e	35,950 34
Canada	206,003 46	New Jersey	43,424 56
Connec't	201,439 28	New York	277,337 82
Illinois	149,047 76	N. Carolina	68,441 59
Indiana	35,979 98	Ohio	78,358 05
Iowa	14,634 78	Pennsylv'a	175,805 46
Kentucky	56,744 00	Rhode Isl'nd	17,010 00
Louisiana	22,190 00	Tennessee	67,824 00
Maine	30,195 00	Texas	26,166 00
Maryland	57,540 09	Vermont	25,786 00
Massach'ts	168,676 30	Virginia	26,060 00
Michigan	35,661 00	W. Virginia	19,012 00
Minnesota	9,366 00	Wisconsin	100,469 00

Ten others..... $38,436.

The Ætna enters upon the new year with brilliant prospects. With an improvement in all departments of its business, including increased dividends to its insured, the year 1885 must add another to its long series of years of successful experience.

Toronto Office: Cor. Court and Toronto streets.

WM. H. ORR, Manager.

Life Insurance.

Business of all Companies in Canada Last Year:

Premiums received.....$3,837,295
New insurances issued.....$21,572,960
Total business in force.....$124,196,875

Business of the New York Life Insurance Co. Last Year:

Premiums received.....$10,948,486
New insurances issued.....$52,735,564
Total business in force.....$197,746,043

Toronto Branch Office, Mail Build'g.

DAVID BURKE, General Manager.

INSURE IN THE Canada Life Assurance Company!

And you will share in the DIVISION OF PROFITS NEXT YEAR.

J. D. HENDERSON, Agent. Office—46 King st. west, Toronto. 135

Standard Life Assurance Co., ESTABLISHED 1825.

Insure now and you will Share in the Profits on Nov. 15, 1885

C. GREVILLE HARSTON, Gen. Agent, Toronto.
W. M. RAMSAY, Manager, Montreal, Canada. 13

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE.

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

ENORMOUS SACRIFICE SALE.

Never perhaps in the history of the Dry Goods Trade in this country has there been such general widespread depression among Manufacturers and Importers of Dry Goods as at present exists. In consequence we have been enabled to make our own prices for many large lots and we desire to announce to the people of Toronto and Province of Ontario that on Monday morning, and continuing throughout the entire month, we will inaugurate the New Year with the Greatest Genuine Bargain Sale the people of this city have ever known. We do not intend to offer a few mere baits to induce other purchases, but we shall continue for the entire month an absolute slaughter of a complete stock of Fine Dry Goods. Note our prices carefully, come and examine the goods, and we know you will not be disappointed in the values presented.

A Large Lot of Silks, Satins and Brocades, bought in bond at almost half price, clearing at cost prices,
Black Cashmeres, Colored Cashmeres, Black Dress Goods, Colored Dress Goods,
Black Crapes, Plushes, Velvets, Black and Colored Velveteens, Hosiery,
Cashmeres, Gloves, Kid Gloves, Ladies' and Children's Lambs' Wool Underwear,
Men's and Boys' Lambs' Wool Underwear, Lace Goods, Ribbons, Corsets,
Dress Buttons, Mantle Ornaments, Blankets, Comforters, Table Linens,
Sheetings, Lace Curtains, Flannels, Cottons, Wineeys, Cretonnes,
Mantle Cloths, Ulster Cloths, Mantles, Plushes, Sealettes, etc.

All reduced to cost prices during this Great Bargain Sale. For further particulars and prices see hand bills. Ladies living out of the city who cannot conveniently visit us, can have samples sent by mail. 36

EDWARD McKEOWN'S

Popular Dry Goods House, 182 Yonge street, Toronto.

$6.00 PER TON

COAL AND WOOD

S. Crane & Co.

OFFICE—113 Queen St. West. Docks Foot of Church St. Telephone

GO TO

J. W. CHEESEWORTH'S FOR FINE ORDERED CLOTHING.

Our OVERCOATS and PEA JACKETS have been the subject of much comment and admiration by all those who have seen them. For FINE PANTS we have undoubtedly secured the leading trade of the city, and would now beg to call attention to our DRESS SUITS before the Holiday Season sets in. Our motto is a first-class article at a reasonable price. 36

J. W. CHEESEWORTH,

106 KING STREET WEST.

THE BEST BOOT

In the City

FOR $3, AT

W. WINDELER'S,

285 Queen Street West. 36

C-O-A-L

ALL SIZES.

$6.00 PER TON. $6.00

VERY BEST QUALITY.

J. R. BAILEY & CO.,

32 KING STREET EAST. 34

COX & CO.

STOCK BROKERS.

(Members of the Toronto Stock Exchange) Buy and sell on commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the

Toronto, Montreal, New York STOCK EXCHANGES,

Also execute orders on the Chicago Board of Trade in grain and Provisions.

Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin.

Daily cable quotations received.

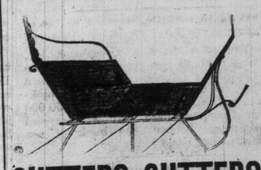
26 TORONTO STREET.

ARTHUR LEE & BROTHERS, BRISTOL, ENGLAND.

ROBERT RAE, AGENT, 39 COLBORNE ST., TORONTO.

Marble and Enamelled Slate Mantels, Grates, etc. Samples on view at

AUSTIN WERDEN'S, 343 Yonge Street, Toronto. 36



CUTTERS. CUTTERS.

Don't fail to examine our solid comfort Cutters and Sleighs, all of the latest Montreal styles at

WM. DIXON'S,

53 and 55 Adelaide street West, next door to Grand's. 246

TORONTO Silver Plate Co'y

Works & Show Rooms 410 to 430 King St. West.

We repair and replate Silverware, and make it as attractive as when first made. Tea Sets, Epergnes, Casters, Baskets, Butter Dishes, etc.

Designs furnished for any article, either in Electro-plate or Sterling Silver, and estimates given.

We employ designers and workmen of long experience and our facilities for manufacturing are unsurpassed.

TORONTO Silver Plate Co.

FACTORY AND SHOW ROOMS

410 TO 430 KING ST. W., TORONTO

We employ no Canvassing Agents

J. MOORE,

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING,

39 COLBORNE STREET,

Orders by mail promptly executed. 135

Edward Gegg & Co.,

66 ADELAIDE ST. EAST.

Rents and debts collected. Money advanced on goods. Money to loan, Notes discounted. 135