The Silver Nuisance.

The Kingston *News* has the following;—People have ceased to speak of the "silver nuisance" in presence of the shock which has been given to the paper money of banks by the stoppage of the Commercial. Among the money-changers, silver has risen in value, and is now nearly on a level with the notes of the best banks. In spite of the inconvenience of weight, the silver coinage has come into new favor. We hope that the bank flurry has passed or will soon pass away; but even though it should cease immediately, the newly acquired respectability and appreciation of American silver half dollars and quarter dollars will last yet awhile. In point of fact, Canada owes a debt of gratitude to the large amount of American silver coinage which is in the country. Its presence checked the spread of panic. It is estimated at least some four millions of dollars of American silver coinage is in circulation in Canada. This amount represents so much fixed capital upon which trade can be conducted independently of bank notes and bank accommodation. We may say, therefore, that the monetary stringency is lessened by exactly the amount of American coin in the country. Suppose, for the sake of illustration, that the whole of the banks should topple down, there would still remain in the silver a medium whereby exchanges could be effected and trade carried on; whereas, under an entire paper system, the whole trade of the country would be paralysed. The good service which such an abundance of coinage is calculated to do the country in a crisis like the present should induce a better spirit of toleration, and should lead, when Parliament deals with the currency question, to measures which shall provide an abundant metalic coinage for circulation throughout the Dominion. We do not wish to be understood as asking for measures aiming at the retention of American silver, but simply as stating generally that when it is withdrawn, our own mint should take care to provide a plentiful supply of coinage that shall serve the same purposes without incurring any of the constant losses by discounts which take place in using American silver. In the meantime, we must speak more respectfully of the effigies of Columbia and Liberty adorning the coins in circulation here.

Fearful Catastrophe in Edinburgh.

On Wednesday, Oct. 9th, great excitement was caused in Edinburgh by an explosion and fire in Canongate, which proved to be one of the greatest calamities which has occurred in the city since the fall of the house in the High street, involving as it has done the destruction of a great part of one of the large old lands of houses in the Canongate, the death of five of the inmates of the houses and serious injuries to seven others. The scene of the calamity was the large block of buildings known as Chessels' Court, [No. 240,] on the south side of the Canongate, about midway between St. Mary's Wynd and John Street. It contained the shop of a Mr. Hammond, a tobacconist and manufacturer of fireworks. About a quarter to one o'clock, the whole neighborhood were alarmed by a sudden explosion, so loud that it was heard in distant parts of the city. Scarcely had any one time to realize what had occurred, when a fire broke out both in the front and back of Hammond's shop, in which the explosion took place; and some idea of its force may be entertained from the fact that an iron bar, weighing upwards of four lbs., was blown across the street into a spirit dealer's shop, and the fragments of the window and of the furniture of Hammond's shop were blown across the street, and in some cases did serious injury. Before any one could get near the shop a second explosion took place, which was followed by several others, so that the spectators were for a minute or two afraid to rush forward. A perfect panic ensued, there being no ladders at hand and no fire escape. A few who were in the lower flats escaped by the windows into the court, but one woman threw herself from a window in the third story, and was killed; and another girl was also killed by throwing herself out from one of the windows in the upper flats. In one of the houses in the third storey above the shop there were a number of children, and three or four of these were thrown over, and caught by the persons who had assembled in the back court. The children were, it is believed, all saved, though they were more or less injured by the fall; and a police sergeant named Auld, who distinguished himself by his efforts to save the people, caught one or two of the children in his arms, was struck in the head and injured by a a child which he saved. A young chimney sweep named Riddle, was early on the spot with a short ladder, and rendered great service by aiding people to escape, and had his ladder been longer he would have rescued more of the people. Two women were saved in an almost miraculous manner from a window in the fourth story. One of these women was actually going to make an attempt to get down by means of the water pipe, when a rope was handed to her from a window in the adjoining land. She fastened the rope round her body, and was actually swung from the window of the one house into the staircase window of the adjoining land. Another woman in the same house, in the fourth storey, was saved in a similar way, but her escape was even more marvellous, because the weight of her body caused her to swing down, and she was caught by some one from a window in the storey below in the adjoining land and drawn in and saved. In a short time other ladders were got, and a few of those at the windows in the upper flats were saved. The fire-engines then arrived on the spot, and soon began to play on the burning house, so that the flames were soon subdued. Strange to say that Mr. and Mrs. Hammond and their son, who were in the shop when the explosion occurred, were not killed on the spot, but they are so seriously injured that the recovery of any of them is doubtful. As to the origin of the calamity, it would appear from Mr. Hammond's explanation that a fire broke out in the shop previous to the explosion. Mr. Hammond was engaged in making up a quantity of rockets which he was going to send to London and he had two kegs of gunpowder in his shop—one of them open. One of the rockets took fire when he was filling it up, it is supposed, and in a minute or two the fire spread in the shop. He cried to the girl to run for her life, as the place was on fire. She did so, leaving Hammond and his wife trying to extinguish the flames. It is supposed that a spark had fallen into the open keg of gunpowder and caused the first explosion; and that the explosions which followed were those of fireworks in the shop.

A petition is now being circulated and numerously signed in the village of Wyndham, and will as soon as possible be laid before the Post Master General praying that the name of the post office be changed, as many letters now go to a

THE KINGSTON MURDER.

Gemmell and Howard convicted of Manslaughter—Allen sentenced to be Hung—Gemmell, Howard and Whelan sent to the Penitentiary.

The trial of Gemmell and Howard was not concluded till midnight on Thursday. During the long interval of three hours which the jury were absent the prisoners were evidently deeply moved and wept frequently. At midnight a verdict of "manslaughter" against both was returned, which notwithstanding the excitement their crime had caused in the neighbourhood, was received apparently with general satisfaction—no doubt partly on account of the parents of Gemmell, with whom much sympathy was shown.

On the opening of the Court on Friday morning, Mr. Richards moved for judgment on the prisoner Allen. His Lordship addressed the prisoner at some length and commented on the enormity of his crime and its consequences. He said he would forward the jury's recommendation to "mercy" to the Governor-General, and send with it the evidence unaccompanied by any remarks of his own, but he could not hold out hopes of mercy or pardon. The crime was a heinous one in every particular, and the prisoner should prepare himself to meet its consequences, and employ such time as was his in preparing to meet his God. The judge then sentenced Allen to be hanged on the 9th of December next, in the usual terms. Sentences were then moved for and pronounced on Gemmell and Howard. In sentencing Gemmell his Lordship also addressed him in very feeling terms as to the career he had entered on and the position in which he stood. He expected to have had to pronounce on him the same awful punishment as he had meted to Allen, but he was saved that painful duty by the verdict of the jury.—He felt the present task the more painful as he had known the prisoner's family for years, and they were highly respectable. In the hope that he would employ the solitude of his prison in reflecting on, and repenting of, his past life, and that at some future day he might make some amends for the misery he had now caused his parents, his Lordship said he would make Gemmell's sentence as light as duty would permit him. He then sentenced Gemmell to ten years and Howard to nine years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary. Whelan, the Crown witness, was sentenced to to five years in the Penitentiary.

☞ The Kingston *News* advises the public to be on their guard, in receiving gold coin, as some counterfeit American $20 gold pieces are in circulation. The sudden demand for gold among a class of the population has brought out these spurious gentry, and bank bill holders should beware, lest, in parting with their money, they take a metaphorical "leap out of the frying pan into the fire." Better even a doubtful bank note than a bogus coin.

BIRTHS.

GRINDLY—At Fergus, on the 23rd ult., the wife of James Grindly, Esq., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

TILT—CAMPBELL—At the residence of the bride's father, Listowel, on the 29th ult., by the Rev. A. E. Miller, Mr. Isaac C. Tilt, of the Listowel BANNER, to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of John Campbell, Esq., of the firm of Towner & Campbell, sole leather manufacturers, Listowel.

BURCH—THORP—In Toronto, by the Rev. Mr. Manley, Mr. Edward Burch, of Montreal, to Harriet, youngest daughter of the late John Thorp, Esq., of Guelph.

DEATHS.

KENNEDY—At Saugeen, on the 29th October, of inflammation, Margaret Lawrence, wife of Mr. Wm. Kennedy, aged 38 years.

HOOPER—At Guelph, on the 1st November, of heart disease, Sarah, wife of Mr. William Hooper, Blacksmith, aged 54 years and nine months.

☞ The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband to-morrow (Sunday) at half-past two o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without further notice.

MCPHAIL—On the 31st October, at the residence of Mr R. Powrie, Nichol, John McPhail, at the age of 87. Deceased was born in the Parish of Strechin, Aberdeenshire, Scotland, and emigrated to this country in 1837.

COMMERCIAL.

Guelph Markets.

MERCURY OFFICE, GUELPH.
November 2, 1867.

Flour, per 100 lbs.	$3 75	"	4 00
Fall Wheat per bushel,	1 50	"	1 62
Spring Wheat,	1 40	"	1 45
Oats do	0 43	"	0 45
Peas do	0 65	"	0 68
Barley do	0 65	"	0 70
Hay, per ton	10 00	"	11 00
Straw	3 00	"	3 00
Shingles per square	1 00	"	1 50
Wood per cord	3 00	"	4 00
Wool	0 27	"	0 29
Eggs, per dozen	0 14	"	0 15
Butter (firkin), per lb	0 11	"	0 16
Potatoes (new)	0 50	"	0 60
Apples per brls.	0 00	"	2 00
Lamb per lb	0 06	"	0 07
Beef	6 00	"	7 00
Beef, per lb	0 05	"	0 06
Pork per 100 lbs	4 50	"	5 00
Sheep Pelts each	0 30	"	0 40
Lamb skins	0 40	"	0 70
Hides per 100 lbs	6 75	"	7 00

Money Market.

JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE,
Guelph, November 2, 1867.

Gold, 141¾.
Greenbacks bo't at 69½ to 70; Sold at 70 to 71
Silver bought at 3 to 3¼c. dis.; sold at 2c to 2½c.
Upper Canada Bank Bills bought at 50c. to 60c.
Commercial Bank Bills bought at 70c to 80c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

(Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co's. report by Special Telegraph to 'Evening Mercury.')

MONTREAL, November 2, 1867.

Flour—Fancy, $7 40 to $7 50; Superfine No. 1, $7 20 to $7 36; Welland Canal, $7 15. Bag flour, $3 45 to $3 55. Oats-41 c to 42c. Barley 70c to 75c. Butter—dairy 15c to 17c.; store packed 13c to 15c. Ashes—Pots $5 50 to $5 55 pearls, $6 40 6 45. Flour—market heavy, and tending lower; small sales of fair Canada $7 20 to $7 27½; strong $7 30 to $7 35; Welland canal offered at $7 15, but refused. Grain—wheat dull and lower; cars sold at 55c. Peas sales of cars 96c to 98½ per 66 lbs. Provisions quiet, but unchanged. Ashes nominal no business.

HAMILTON, November 1 1867.

New fall wheat,—$1 45 @ $1 50. spring do—$1 38 @ $1 42 per bushel. Barley—72c @ 74c. Oats—43c to 46c Peas—75c @ 76c.

TORONTO, November 1, 1867.

Flour— Receipts, 591 brls; No. 1, at $6 80.—Wheat—at $1 40. Peas—80c. Oats—45c to 50c. Barley—76c to 80c.

Guelph Lumber Market.

Corrected by Messrs. Gowdy & Stewart, Wellington Lumber Yard.

Pine, clear 1¼ and 2 inch plank,	$20 00	@	30 00
Forths, 1, 1¼, 1½ and 2 inch	12 00		16 00
Flooring, 1¼ and 1½ in. com	12 00		00 00
" clear,	15 00		18 25
" Common siding ½ in	10 00		00 00
" Clear siding, ½	15 00		18 00
Picketing, 1 x 3 and 1 x 4	10 00		12 00
Scantlings all sizes up to 16f	9 00		10 00
Good common 1-in. boards	9 00		00 00
Sized 1-in. boards	10 00		12 00
Culls, 1 in. and 2 in	6 00		8 00
Hemlock, common 1 inch,	8 00		00 00
Pine joisting all sizes 10 to 16ft	9 00		10 00
do do 18 to 20ft	12 00		15 00
do do 20 to 28ft	15 00		16 00
Sawn Shingles, No. 1	2 00		00 00
do No. 2	1 00		1 00
Cut Shingles	[illegible]		[illegible]

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

WM. STEWART

HAS NOW OPENED A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Dry Goods!

In Fancy Dress Goods, in all the new styles and textures. **Winceys, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Blankets, Cottons, Prints, &c.**

FANCY MANTLE CLOTHS,

Water-proof Cloakings, New Mixtures, Velveteens and Whitneys, **Hosiery and Gloves.** large choice of **COLLARS and CUFFS** in Linen and paper. A large variety of **Jet Bugle Trimming, Mantle Ornaments, &c.**

☞ Purchasers may rely on getting the Cheapest and Best Goods. All Departments will complete.

WILLIAM STEWART.

Guelph, 3rd October, 1867. dw

CHOICE WINES

Cosen's Pale Sherries,
Cosen's Brown Sherries,
Domecq's Pale and Brown Sherries.

OFFLEY'S OLD PORTS,

GRAHAM'S OLD PORT.

THESE Wines were imported direct, and intended specially for our retail trade, and will be found superior to any others offered here.

VERY CHOICE CLARET.

CLARET, a few cases of very choice.
do 200 cases in nice order, from $3.50 to $4

ALE AND PORTER!

100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by E. & J. Burke, Dublin.
100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by Blood, Wolfe & Co., Liverpool.
One Hundred Barrels BASS' PALE ALE.

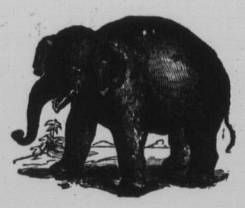
FRESH TEAS. FRESH TEAS.

IMPORTING as we do all our Teas direct, and from the great quantity which passes through our hands, ours are pre-eminently the **Choicest in Flavor and Strength,** and the Cheapest in Ontario.

J. MASSIE & CO.

Guelph 19th August 1867 daw

HURRAH FOR THE

Opposite the  Opposite the

MARKET. MARKET.

SMITH & BOTSFORD

Have now the Larges and Best Selected Stock of

FALL and WINTER

CLOTHING!

Ever brought into **GUELPH.** The Stock consists in part of the following:

Overcoats, Sacks and Frocks

Black, Blue and Brown **MELTONS,** | Black, Blue and Brown **BEAVERS,**
Black, Blue and Brown **PILOTS** | Black, Blue and Brown **WHITNEYS,**
Black, Brown and Blue **ELYSIANS,** ranging in price from **$5.50 to $16.**

ALSO, A SPLENDID LINE OF

TIP-TOP PEA JACKETS

They would also beg to call attention to their **HUDSON BAY AND RED RIVER OVERCOAT, UNDERCOATS SACKS AND SACKTEES,** in Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, Doeskins, Meltons and Satarras, from $3.50 to $10.

IN PANTS AND VESTS

we have a large stock of the following:—Cottonades, Unions, Moleskins, Satinettes, Tweeds, Doeskins and Pilots. Their **BLACK CLOTH FROCKS,** Shooting Coats, Sacks, Pants and Vests, for style, quality and price, can cope with anything in the Dominion.

A large assortment of **BOYS' CLOTHING** always on hand. ☞ S & B. defy competition. ☞ Remember the Stand—Sign of the Elephant, opposite the Market.

SMITH & BOTSFORD.

Guelph, 13th September, 1867. dw-tf

BOOTS AND SHOES

THE Neatest, Cheapest, Best Fitting and Best Wearing **Boots and Shoes,** manufactured from the best brands of French Calf, Goat, Kidd, &c., Sewed or Pegged are to be had at

THOMAS BROWN'S

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE

He would advise all who are not satisfied with such Boots and Shoes as they get elsewhere to ca and give him a trial, and be convinced that

The Boots and Shoes he makes are the Best they ever Had.

Repairing neatly done. All orders attended to promptly.

THOMAS BROWN,

Guelph, 8th October, 1867. dw Day's Block, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

James Barclay,
CARPENTER and JOINER, has removed his Shop from the old stand to the large and commodious premises adjoining the Fair

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership in the practice of the Law in all its branches, under the name, style and firm of Mc-

PROOFS OF THE SUPERIOR QUALITY
OF THE
AMERICAN WATCH
MADE AT
WALTHAM, MASS.

Referring to their advertisement in a previous issue of this paper, the American Watch Company, of Waltham Mass., respectfully submit that their Watches are cheaper, more accurate, less complex, more durable, better adapted for general use, and more easily kept in order and repaired than any other watches in the market.

They are simpler in structure, and therefore stronger, and less likely to be injured than the majority of foreign watches. They are composed of from 125 to 300 pieces, while in an old English watch there are more than 700 parts.

How they run under the hardest trial watches can have, is shown by the following letters:

PENN. RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa., 15th Dec., 1866.

GENTLEMEN,—The watches manufactured by you have been in use on this railroad for several years by our enginemen, to whom we furnish watches as part of our equipment. There are now some 300 of them carried on our line, and we consider them good and reliable time-keepers. Indeed, I have great satisfaction in saying your watches give us less trouble, and have worn and do wear much longer without repairs than any watches we have ever had in use on this road. As you are aware, we formerly trusted to those of English manufacture, of acknowledged good reputation; but as a class they never kept time as correctly, nor have they done as good service as yours. In these statements I am sustained by my predecessor, Mr. Lewis, whose experience extended over a series of years.

Respectfully,
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superindent.
American Watch Co., Waltham.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Locomotive Department, West Division, Rochester, Dec. 24, 1866.

GENTLEMEN,—I have no hesitation in saying that I believe the great majority of Locomotive Engineers have found by experience that Waltham Watches are the most satisfactory of any for their uses. They run with the greatest accuracy and steadiness, notwithstanding the rough riding of an engine, and as I have never known one to wear out, they must be durable. I hope to see the time when Railway Companies will generally adopt your watches, and furnish them to all engineers and conductors. In my opinion t would greatly tend to promote regularity and safety.

Yours respectfully,
CHAS. WILSON, G. Chief Engineer,
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers'
American Watch Co., Waltham, Mass.

We now make five different grades of watches, named respectively as follows:

Appleton, Tracy & Co.,	*Waltham, Mass.*
Waltham Watch Co.,	*Waltham, Mass.*
P. S. Bartlett,	*Waltham, Mass.*
Wm. Ellery,	*Boston Mass.*
Home Watch Company,	*Boston, Mass*

All of these, with the exception of the Home Watch Company, are warranted by the American Watch Company to be of the best material, on the most approved improved principle, and to possess every requisite for a reliable time-keeper. Every dealer selling these watches is provided with the Company's printed card of guarantee, which should accompany each watch sold, so that buyers may feel sure that they are purchasing the genuine article. There are numerous counterfeits and imitations of our watches sold throughout the country, and we would caution purchasers to be on their guard against imposition.

Any grades of Waltham Watches may be purchased of watch dealers.

Testimonials can be obtained on application from many persons in Canada who have worn the watches with the greatest satisfaction.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
182 Broadway, New York.
ROBBINS, APPLETON & CO.,
158 Washington-st., Boston,
General Agents.
ROBERT WILKES,
Toronto and Montreal,
726. Agent for Canada

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY

For Sale or to Exchange.

THE undersigned offers for sale, or to exchange for Real Estate in the Town of Guelph, the undermentioned property, viz:

FIRST.—A valuable improved Farm North of the Durham Road, in the Township of Bentinck, three miles from the Village of Durham, containing about 200 acres, of which about 100 acres are cleared and under fence. On the premises are a substantial Frame Dwelling House with good cellar, garden and well, with pump of excellent water. Also, a Frame Barn 60×30, with 18 feet posts and underground stabling, and a never-failing spring in the barn yard for the supply of water to cattle. This is a very eligible property, and well worthy the attention of those who wish to obtain a good farm.

Also—Lot 42, in the 3rd Concession of Bentinck, West of the Garafraxa Road, 100 acres, about 12 acres cleared, with a Frame House on the Lot.—The Rocky Saugeen River crosses one corner of this Lot, and has a valuable water power on it, capable of driving any machinery.

Also—Lot 25, in the 1st Concession, South of the Durham Road, three miles from the Village of Priceville, in the Township of Artemesia. There are about 25 acres cleared and fenced on this lot, with a good new Log House.

The above lands are well situated and timbered with the best kind of hard wood timber, with indisputable titles—the last two being direct grants from the Crown.

☞ For further particulars, &c., apply to the proprietor.

JOHN KAY,
Brass Founder and Fitter, Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph.
Guelph, 5th September, 1867. (d-tf.)

MAGAZINES!

Now on hand at **DAY'S BOOKSTORE,**
Opposite the Market

ENGLISH MAGAZINES,

FOR OCTOBER.

Bow Bells	Cassel's Magazine
London Journal	Sunday at Home
Family Herald	Leisure Hour
English Woman's	English Mechanic
Argosy	Belgravia
Temple Bar	St. James
British Workman	Father William's Stories
Childrens' Friend	Sunday Teachers' Treasury
Infants' Magazine	Christian Treasury
Band of Hope	London Society
Boys' Magazine	Cornhill

American Magazines!

FOR NOVEMBER.

Godey's | Frank Leslie's
Harper's | Mdme Demorest's
Harper's Bazar, every Saturday.

At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,
Opposite the Market.
Guelph, October 18, 1867. dw-tf

MILLER'S INFALLIBLE

TICK DESTROYER!

FOR SHEEP.

DESTROYS THE TICKS, cleanses the skin strengthens and promotes the growth of the **WOOL,** and improves the condition of the animal. It is put up in boxes at 35c., 70c. and $1, with full directions in each package.

☞ A 35c box will clean TWENTY SHEEP.

HUGH MILLER & CO., Proprietors,
Medical Hall,

F. M. WILSON,
LATE BRAY'S!

EXCHANGE OFFICE!

—AND—

GENER'L PASSAGE AGENCY,

No. 5, James Street,
HAMILTON, C. W.

American Money and Silver Bought and Sold.

DRAFTS ON NEW YORK.

AGENT FOR
INMAN LINE STEAMSHIPS,
Wednesdays and Saturdays from New York
ANCHOR LINE of Glasgow Steamships,
To and from any part of Europe.
TAPSCOTT'S LINE PACKETS
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIPS
To California, via Aspinwall and Panama.
GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain **Pre-paid**

Passage Certificates,

At this Office. Application by letter, or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.
Hamilton, Nov. 1866. 681-1y

STEWART'S

PLANING MILL,

THE subscribers beg to thank their numerous friends and Customers for past favors, and beg to inform them that they still continue the business in all its branches. Having refitted all the machinery, which is the best in Canada, they are prepared to do work

BETTER AND CHEAPER

Than any other establishment in Western Canada. They keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Window Frames and Mouldings, Dressed Flooring, Sheeting and Shelving.

Also, all kinds of Dressed and Undressed Lumber constantly on hand. Parties furnishing their own Lumber can have it prepared on shorter notice and in better style than at any other establishment in town. R. & J. S. being practical men of considerable experience, they hope by strict attention to business to be able to give the fullest satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call. All kinds of Building and Carpenter Work contracted for, and executed with neatness and despatch.

R. & J. STEWART.
Guelph, March 7, 1867. 698-tf

LUMBER, LUMBER

GOWDY & STEWART

Wellington Lumber Yard, Guelph.

BEG to inform retail dealers and the public generally that they have started a general

on the Grand Trunk Railway, where they will keep constantly on hand all kinds of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, &c. Also, cut to order, all kinds of bill stuff, and shipped to any station on the line of railway.

will be carried on as usual, under the superintendance of Mr FRANCIS SMALL, where everything can be found in the shape of Lumber that is kept in a retail yard.

Flour and Feed as Usual.

The subscribers trust that by strict attention to business and moderate charges that they will receive in the future, as in the past, a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ All orders for Lumber to be sent to any station but Guelph must be addressed to Georgetown, where Mr Gowdy can be seen personally from Monday morning to Thursday evening, and in Guelph from Friday morning to Saturday evening.

GOWDY & STEWART.
Guelph, 20th June, 1867. 713

Insurance at Moderate Rates.

WESTERN

Assurance Company.

CAPITAL, - - $400,000.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Head Office, Church Street, Toronto.

HON. JOHN McMURRICH, President.
CHARLES MAGRATH, Vice-President.
B. HALDAN, Secretary & Treasurer.

THIS Company insures against loss or damage by fire on buildings generally, and their contents, for long or short periods, as may be wanted. The rates of Premiums, based on long experience, will be found moderate. The Company not being controlled by any arbitrarily fixed tariff of rates, treats each case according to the risk and class of hazard.

GEO. ELLIOTT, Agent, Guelph.
Guelph, 24th May, 1866. 656.

OPPOSITION LINE

TO CALIFORNIA

North American Steamship Comp'y

will despatch one of their Fast and Elegan Steamships from NEW YORK,

Every Twenty Days.

Rates for First, Second and Third Cabin VERY LOW.

For Special Berths, Tickets, &c. apply to
J. W. MURTON,
General Passage Agent.
Hamilton, 18th April, 1867. 3m

TROTTER & GRAHAM,

DENTISTS!

GUELPH and BRAMPTON,

Members of the Dental Association of the Province of Ontario.

(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)

OFFICE:

Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES.—Rev. Archdeacon Palmer, Drs. Clarke, Parker and Herod, Guelph; A. F. Scott, Esq., County Judge; George Green, County Attorney; Dr. Pattullo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold—Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr. Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.

The new anæsthetic agents used for extracting teeth without pain.

R. TROTTER. | W. K. GRAHAM.
Guelph, 2nd August, 1867. (dw-ly)

Marriage Licenses