

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 93.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

## Gunboat Shells Headquarters of Sinn Feiners

Post Office Has Been Retaken From Rebels—Telegraphic and Telephone Communication is Still Seriously Interrupted—Large Reinforcements Are Arriving in Dublin—Repairs to Railroads Are Being Effected Rapidly

BELFAST, April 29.—Liberty Hall, the headquarters of the Sinn Fein Society in Dublin was shelled by a gunboat during the rioting early this week. The first official intimation of the outbreak in Dublin was received here today. Telegraphic and telephone communication between Belfast and Dublin is still interrupted seriously. The Belfast "News-Letter" today says it understands the Post Office of Dublin has been retaken by military forces. The newspaper also publishes the following statement by the police authorities: "On Wednesday a Royal Naval Reserve gunboat shelled Liberty Hall, the headquarters of the Sinn Fein force. It was subsequently occupied. Meanwhile large reinforcements arrived in Dublin. The situation is well in hand. Repairs to the railway line are being effected rapidly."

News has been received here of the safe return to Dublin of Lord Basil Blackwood, Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant and Murray Graham, who came to Belfast before the outbreak of disorders in Dublin. News of the shelling and capture of Liberty Hall, a ramshackle building, the rear of which is toward the Liffey River, caused the greatest satisfaction here. An official statement from the head-

quarters of the Irish Command in Dublin was received at Victoria barracks here on Wednesday morning, and said: "Reports from provinces indicate that normal conditions prevail. The situation in Dublin has improved and adequate forces are at the disposal of the military authorities to cope with it."

Sir Henry Craik, member of Parliament for Glasgow and Aberdeen Universities, Scotland, has given notice that at the next meeting of the House of Commons he will move that Lord Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, be suspended from the functions of their offices. He will move further that a commission be appointed to examine their respective offices, and report their conduct in the administration thereof.

### IRISH ORANGEMEN

BELFAST, April 29.—The Grand Master of the Orange Lodges of Ireland has issued an order to-day to all Irish Orangemen, saying in a crisis like the present it is the duty of every loyal man to place his services at the absolute disposal of the Government.

### Relief Ship Ashore

LONDON, April 28.—The relief ship sent by the British with supplies for the garrison at Kut-el-Amara, has grounded in the Tigris, four miles east of Kut, it was announced in an official statement this evening.

## Sinn Feiners Had Matters Well Arranged

Belfast Newspaper Tells of Uprising in Dublin—Rebels Well Supplied With Arms—Women Join in Ranks of Writers—Sinn Fein Leader Issues Threat

LONDON, April 29.—An account of the beginning of the revolt has been published in a Belfast newspaper received here. It says: "The rebels formed first before a vacant shop in Dame Street, where a supply of rifles with fixed bayonets, was distributed. Beside each man there marched a woman in uniform, and carrying a bandolier filled with cartridges. Autos, loaded with arms and ammunition, also aided in the supplying of the rapidly-forming rebels."

"The first move of the rebel soldiery was towards the upper castle yard, where a policeman was just shutting the gates. As they arrived he was immediately shot dead, being, perhaps, the first victim of the outbreak. The rebels then turned their attention to the offices, marching to the Post Office. A young woman suffered a violent attack from the rebels because she was wearing a munitions workers' badge."

"We planned to rise simultaneously with our Dublin comrades, but something went wrong with the arrangements," said a leader of the Sinn Feiners in Cork, in an interview published here to-day. "We might have been in possession of the Post Office, but for the fact that the military was there first," added the leader. Now I do not think we will rise here, but if they come to demand our arms we will shoot them."

## Carranza Government Is Doomed

Alarming Reports Reach Washington as to Conditions in Mexico—Defacto Government on the Eve of a Complete Collapse—Situation Worse Since Diaz's Overthrow

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Reports received within the past 24 hours at several of the European Embassies here have aroused grave apprehension in regard to the Mexican situation.

These reports to the effect that the Carranza Government is on the eve of a complete collapse, and that conditions in and around Mexico City are more threatening than they have been at any time since the overthrow of Porfirio Diaz.

### Kaiser Invites American Ambassador To Visit Him

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Secretary of State Lansing announced late to-day that Ambassador Gerard, in a cable despatch telling of his invitation to visit Emperor William at the grand headquarters, declared he did not know the purpose of the conference with the Emperor.

### Four Hundred Irishmen Are Made Prisoners

LONDON, April 29.—The Dublin rebels have been driven out of their positions on St. Stephen's Green with bombs, after sustaining heavy losses, says the Daily News.

KINGSTOWN, Ireland, April 29.—Four hundred Irish rebels were made prisoners when the troops captured St. Stephen's Green and drove them out with bombs.

### Industry Gone Under

LONDON, April 28.—The British steamship industry has been sunk by a submarine, which left the crew of the vessel in boats 120 miles from land.



## Huns to Make Their Last Desperate Bid for Victory Says French Military Critic

The Simultaneous Occurrence of Zeppelin Raids, North Sea Naval Expeditions—Unexpected Outbreak in Dublin—Says Are Not Mere Coincidents—Thinks That Both the German Naval and Military Staffs Are Preparing For a Last Great Offensive Against the Combined Anglo-French Army and the Fleet on the Coast of Britain

PARIS, April 28.—That the German military and naval staffs are preparing for a great offensive both against the combined Anglo-French Army on the Continent and the Fleet on the coast of Britain, in a last desperate bid for victory, is the conclusion arrived at by Major G. Civrieux, military critic of the Matin, after a close study of the military factors of the situation. The simultaneous occurrence, he adds, of Zeppelin raids, North Sea naval expeditions, and the unexpected outbreak in Dublin, are not mere coincidents. At the same time he points out that the Swiss frontier has been closed for three weeks, while on the French front, in Lorraine and in the Vosges, the Germans are renewing partial demonstrations in the hope of dividing the attention of the French staff.

There is one principle, which the German staff will never abandon, Major Civrieux concludes, and that is the retention of strategic initiative. She is aware of the Allies' common designs and exerting all her energies to forestall them.

"There is only one objective at the present moment which we must concentrate all our energies, our wills and war victoriously," said Bonar Law, British Secretary for the Colonies, discussing the economic conference of the Allies here with a representative of "Le Journal," consequently it is our duty to avoid as much as possible, in these hours of trial any discussion which might give birth to controversies. The resumption of the struggles between the holders of different economic views and the fact that all the Allies, whose economic theories necessarily are most divergent, will be represented at the Conference, greatly increases the difficulty of arriving at an immediate solution."

The interviewer asked if it would not be possible for the Allies to sign a pact banning German imports until the time arrived when the problem could be examined under more favorable circumstances, to which the Secretary only replied by a smile.

The present Conference is one of three among the Allies, regarding which there appears to be much misapprehension. The first one, held early in April, dealt with united military measures; the second, beginning yesterday, deals with many commer-

### OFFICIAL

#### BRITISH

LONDON, April 29.—The British official communication on operations in Belgium and France, issued last night, was as follows: "Early this morning the enemy attempted to enter our trenches north of Rockincourt, after exploding five mines and bombarding by artillery and trench mortars, but were repulsed successfully."

"The day passed quietly in the neighborhood of Loos, since the gallant fighting of the Sixteenth Irish Division broke the German attack delivered yesterday under cover of gas. "Elsewhere there were only important artillery actions at isolated points."

#### TURKISH

BERLIN, April 28.—Turkish troops annihilated four British cavalry squadrons, about 400, in the battle of April 23rd, near Quantia, about 25 miles east of the Suez Canal.

This information was contained in the official report issued by the Turkish War Department, under date of April 27th.

### OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

2nd Lieut. Peter John Cashin, St. John's. Wounded, April 24.

22 Private James Henry Carter, 185 LeMarchant Road. Admitted to 3rd London General Hospital, Wandsworth; sick.

1132 Private John Bowring, 1 Pleasant Street. Admitted to 3rd London Gen. Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

1213 Private Wm. G. Lewis, 16 Colonial St. Previously reported with dysentery, Cairo, Dec. 2nd. Now reported admitted to 3rd London Gen. Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

## Police Unable Alone to Cope With the Rebels

Rebels Dug Trenches in St. Stephen's Green—Latest Advances Are That Police Are Unable to Cope With Situation—Not Much Change in News from Western Fronts—Turks Claim to Have Annihilated a Force of British Troops—London Admits the Failure to Relief Kut-el-Amara—Nothing of Importance on Austro-Italian Front

LONDON, April 29.—The situation in Dublin, where members of the Sinn Fein Society undertook a raid against the Government last Monday, continues, according to latest advices, the police, according to belated reports, are unable to cope with the raiders. The Sinn Feiners not only seized the General Post Office, but barricaded themselves in Sackville and dug trenches in St. Stephen's Green. Advances from Belfast are to the effect that Liberty Hall, the headquarters of the Sinn Fein Society, was captured by the military, after it had been shelled by a gunboat.

James W. Gerard, American Ambassador to Berlin, has gone to the German army headquarters to confer with Emperor William concerning the reply to the American Note on Germany's submarine warfare. Prominent German statesmen, including Vice-Admiral von Capelle, successor to Admiral von Tirpitz as Minister of the Navy, already are at the Emperor's headquarters.

Only aerial and artillery activities mark the progress of the war on the European fields, but the British have met with reverses both in Egypt and Mesopotamia. In a battle near Quati, according to reports from Constantinople, a British force of four cavalry squadrons has been annihilated by the Turks, who captured 300 prisoners, besides inflicting heavy losses. London announces the attempt to relieve the beleaguered forces of General Townshend at Kut-el-Amara failed, when the vessel loaded with supplies grounded in the neighborhood of Loos, since the gallant fighting of the Sixteenth Irish Division broke the German attack delivered yesterday under cover of gas.

"Elsewhere there were only important artillery actions at isolated points."

BERLIN, April 28.—Turkish troops annihilated four British cavalry squadrons, about 400, in the battle of April 23rd, near Quantia, about 25 miles east of the Suez Canal.

### OFFICIAL

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

2nd Lieut. Peter John Cashin, St. John's. Wounded, April 24.

22 Private James Henry Carter, 185 LeMarchant Road. Admitted to 3rd London General Hospital, Wandsworth; sick.

1132 Private John Bowring, 1 Pleasant Street. Admitted to 3rd London Gen. Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED

1213 Private Wm. G. Lewis, 16 Colonial St. Previously reported with dysentery, Cairo, Dec. 2nd. Now reported admitted to 3rd London Gen. Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

JOHN R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

### Nationalists Will Support Coalition

LONDON, April 28.—The Nationalist, members of Parliament to-day denied the report published in the morning newspapers that they intended to withdraw their support of the Coalition Government, on the recruiting question.

### What Might Have Been

LONDON, April 28.—The German Press has not been permitted to comment on the Sir Roger Casement incident, but prints telegrams from Dutch papers in regard to the situation in Ireland, says the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company of Amsterdam.

The Cologne Volks Zeitung is quoted by the correspondent as saying that the situation in Ireland must be watched by Germany, especially in view of the present American crisis. Had the venture succeeded, declares the newspaper, it would have been of immense influence in the feeling of America towards Germany, but as things happened it will do little good.

There has been some infantry activity along the front in France held by the British forces, but along the rest of the front only the artillery and aerial arms have been the means of attack by the opposing forces. Artillery bombardment has been violent both east and west of the Meuse. In the Verdun region, east of the Meuse, the Germans shelled the French positions between Cote du Poivre and Douaumont. French airmen have shelled German stations and the Germans have retaliated by attacks in the Verdun sector.

German aeroplanes have dropped bombs on the Russian battleship Slava in the Tigris River, four miles east of the Gulf of Riga. Berlin reports the action had good results. The Teutons also have attacked Russian warehouses at Rjazzya with airships.

The reports of activities on the Austro-Italian line and on the Russo-Turkish front in Asia Minor relate no important actions.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE



### OUR REPUTATION

as Merchant Tailors of the highest class is thoroughly established in St. John's, and is behind every garment we put out.

Our aim has been to make clothes for gentlemen who know what good clothes are, and who must have them.

We have succeeded in pleasing such, and invite you, Mr. Good-dresser, to try us for your Spring suit, this year. Our assortment of materials is not surpassed in St. John's, and we guarantee perfect fit and finish.

**W. H. JACKMAN,**  
39 WATER STREET WEST. 2 Doors East Railway Station.  
Phone 795. P. O. Box 186.

### SALT! SALT! SALT!

Afloat, Ex Store and to Arrive.  
Avoid Disappointment and obtain Satisfaction as to  
**PRICE, DELIVERY & QUALITY,**  
From  
**BAINE JOHNSTON & CO.**

### SALT! SALT!

We have several steamers chartered and expect to have  
**SALT**  
continuously afloat for next 2 months.  
**Book Now and save disappointment.**  
**LOWEST PRICES ON APPLICATION**  
**Job Brothers & Co'y, Limited.**

### SALT! SALT!

We are now ready to deliver  
**SALT**  
AFLOAT or from STORE.  
Orders filled in rotation of issue  
Secure yours promptly and avoid delay.  
**JOB BROTHERS & CO., LIMITED.**