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VOL. 3.

LONDON, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1881.

NO. 136

PASTORAL LETTER OF THE

RT. REV. JOHN WALSH, D. D., BISHOP OF LONDON,

Promulgating the Jubilee in the Diocese of London.

JOHN WALSH, by the Grace of God and the appointment of the Holy See, Bishop of London.

To the Clergy, Religious Communities and the Laity of the Diocese, health and benediction in the Lord.

DEARLY BELOVED BRETHREN,

We by these Presents publish in our Diocese a certified translation of the "Apostolic Letters" of our Most Holy Father Leo XIII., by which an extraordinary Jubilee is proclaimed to the Catholic world. We direct that the Apostolic Letters thus translated shall, as far as possible, be read to the faithful of each mission in the Diocese on the first Sunday after their reception. The motives which have induced the Vicar of Christ to proclaim this extraordinary Jubilee are lucidly set forth in his "Letters," and are such as should stimulate the faithful to avail themselves, with holy alacrity and zeal, of the great spiritual treasures thus placed within their reach, and should urge them to pray with fervor and constancy "that God in His infinite mercy would come to the aid of His strugling Church, and would grant to her strength to fight and power to triumph." The times are dark and menacing; false and wicked principles are in the ascendant; society is out of joint; the thrones that are still erect are tottering to their fall; the apostles of a degrading and unchristian philosophy are innoculating the world with the deadly poison of their false and pernicious teachings; men are turning their backs on the Christian Church and on the broken rays shattered mirror of Protestant Christianity, and are venturing out on the sea of life without chart or compass or guiding star, to be tossed to and fro and carried about by every wind of false doctrine, and to be finally wrecked as to their eternal hopes and hap-

Never, perhaps, since the first promulgation of the Gospel was the spirit of the world more dominant amongst mankind than it is at present. Society is wounded to the core. Great moral plague-spots disfigure and putrefy it and eat and rot their way to its very heart. The insatiable thirst for gold, the idolatry of wealth, the practical wisdom that now, as in the days of St. Paul, scoffs at the folly of the Cross and at the virtues which it symbolises—these are the characteristics of our times and they certainly are of the earth earthly, and directly antagonistic to the spirit of Christ and the teachings of the Gospel.

Schools have been taken from under the protection and guardianship of religion, and have been stripped of their christian character. The godless education imparted therein is fast dechristianizing modern society. It is true this system of godless education aims at the cultivation of the intellect and the diffusion of knowledge, but it leaves the heart a moral wilderness noxious plants. Under the baneful influ- and imprisoned or driven into exile. She is ence of this unchristian education children stricken in her head and members. The are growing up without piety, without respect for parents, without veneration for old He is practically a prisoner and at the

From it the former receives its citizens, the latter its children. It follows therefore well-being of the family, affects also the purity and welfare of the human race and as society rests on the family, even so the from it the origin of its life, its continu- pressed with bitterness." Lamen. i. 4-6. ance, and its character. It is therefore evident that the doctrine and the practice unity and indissolubility of marriage, divest it of its Christian character, and rob it of its honour, its purity, and sanctities, destroy the family life, poison the well-springs of rope and America show the fearful, widespread prevalence of this moral plague, which is ravaging society and filling the world with the stench of its corruptions.

Such, dearest brethren, is an imperfect picture of the moral condition of the world of to-day. We may ask with the prophet 'Quis medebitur ejus?" What beneficent power to triumph. power can heal a world so deeply wounded, so desperately diseased? We answer:—The the end of the present year 1881. Catholic Church and she alone, by virtue of the divine power that is in her, can heal the diseases of the moral world, and bind up its wounds. She is the light of the world and the salt of the earth. Her doctrines are the teachings of the truths which Jesus Christ has revealed for the life of the world, her sacraments are the channels is not of obligation. A strict fast excludes through which in life-giving streams the graces and merits of Christ are poured butter, cheese, &c. abroad for the salvation and sanctification of mankind. She redeemed the world from the errors and corruptions of Paganism and she has still the same inherent divine of truth that are yet reflected through the power to effect moral reformations. She converted the Roman Empire to Christianity, and when that Empire fell to pieces beneath the blows of the Northern barbarians, she went abroad amid the ruins, armed with a creative power; she breathed the breath of life into the chaotic mass that lay before her, and up sprang her own beautiful creation known in history as Christendom. There are no moral evils for which she has not a divine remedy; there are no afflictions for which she has not a healing balm; there are no profound sorrows of the human heart for which she has not Christlike consolations; there are no dark problems of life for which she has not the gold, the idolatry of wealth, the practical ignoring of an eternal world, the worldly solution, no doubts and questionings of the worldly solution, that now as in the days of St Paul satisfying answers. The wonders which, by the power of Christ who is her indwelling and abiding life, she wrought in the past, in the conversion and sanctification of mankind, she can still repeat if she be allowed the freedom to fulfill her divine mission. But the church of God is not free to do so in many countries which need most sorely the skill and medicine

of the heavenly physician. She is thwarted and opposed in her she redeemed from barbarism and paganwith the reflected light of her truths and series of this means succession emainted without respect to proceedings of the party without prespect of the party without respect to process, without the party of the party without prespect to process. The party without prespect to process of the party without prespect to process. The party without prespect to process of the party without prespect to the party of th Vicar of Christ is dethroned and discrowned.

body guards of the Church-have been suppressed, and their members dispersed that whatever affects the conservation and and driven into exile; their colleges and schools have been closed; their charitable conservation and well-being of society at institutions have had their doors sealed large. Whatever affects its honour, its against the indigent and suffering; their purity, its sanctity, affects also the honour, | blessed ministrations amongst the poor, the ignorant and the afflicted have been comtouches the very apple of its eye. Now pelled to cease, "and the ways of Sion mourn, her gates are broken down, her priests sigh, family rests upon marriage and derives her virgins are in affliction, and she is op-

Such, dearest brethren, are some of the evils which afflict the modern world, and of divorce, inasmuch as they dissolve the for the diminution and suppression of which the Holy Father throws open the treasures of the Church and proclaims a solemn Jubilee. Let us all enter into the spirit of this great occasion; let us fersociety, and sap the very foundations of vently approach the sacraments; let us his Jubilee confession to any approved the civil as well as of the religious order. fast and pray and give alms, in order priest of his diocese, it becomes the duty The records of the divorce courts in Eu- that we, being reconciled to God-our prayers and supplications ascending like incense from pure hearts to the throne of grace—"may obtain for us mercy and grace in seasonable aid;" "and may," in the language of the Holy Father, obtain from God for His struggling Church the strength to fight and the

The Jubilee will continue in force until

I. The following are the conditions that must be fulfilled in order to gain the indulgence of the Jubilee :-

1st. Confession.

2nd. Communion. 3rd. One day's strict fast to be observed on some day when otherwise a strict fast not only the use of meat, but also of eggs,

4th. Alms given for some pious purpose. The Holy Father recommends three objects of Charity, viz: The Association for the Propagation of the Faith, the Institute of the Holy Childhood, and the society for alms in boxes provided for their reception in the Churches. In this connection we

would strongly recommend, for at least a portion of the alms, an object which would be in thorough accord with the spirit of the Holy Father's recommendation—the building of a small church at Leamington, in the South of the County of Essex. This place is the most spiritually destitute portion of our diocese, and has been for years a source of the greatest anxieties to us. "Apostolic Letters" shall be read in all there are about two hundred Catholics the churches of the Diocese, and in chapter scattered amongst the dominant Protestant in the religious communities, on the first population in that district, and they are in Sunday after their reception. imminent danger of losing the precious gift of faith. They have no church, and, being very poor, are not able to build one. The priest who is charged with their spiritual care resides about thirty miles from the greater number of them, and he cannot possibly minister efficiently to them, for want of a church in which they might assemble. It would be at least as great a charity to come to the spiritual aid of those poor Catholics as it would be to help to bring the light of the Gospel to the divine mission. In many countries which heathen; for the first care and dearest wish of our Holy Mother the Church is ism, and which had once shone resplendent to protect the faith, and to save the souls of the children of her womb. They have overgrown with rank poisonous weeds and the beauty of her holiness, she is now bound the first and strongest claims on her ma ternal solicitude. If desired, we would send half of the alms to the Holy Father for the schools of the East, and we would devote the other half to the construction of a mod-

of the clergy to secure to the people the practical exercise of this right, by inviting some of the neighboring priests to help in hearing the Jubilee confessions. It is strongly recommended to the clergy to hold religious exercises on the occasion of the Jubilee in their respective churches, so as to prepare their flocks effectually for the worthy reception of the sacraments. These religious exercises should last for several days, and might consist of Mass at a suitable hour in the morning, and in the evening of the recitation of the Rosary, an appropriate instruction, and Benediction of the Holy Sacrament, which is authorized to be given on those occasions.

In conclusion, we request of the clergy to hold daily devotions in honour of the Holy Mother of God in the principal church in each mission during this month of May specially consecrated to her honour and in-

rocation

Let old and young join in these salutary devotions so dear to the Catholic heart and so intertwined with the most sacred and purest memories. "This is indeed the Blessed Mary's land," for it was dedicated promoting the schools of the East. The faithful should be told to deposit their country, and her holy name was by them country, and her holy name was by them given to towns, lakes, islands, and the mightiest river on this continent. We of this diocese ought to be specially devout to her, as she is our first diocesan patron. Devotion to her will enrich our souls with many spiritual favors and blessings, and will obtain for us the grace to practise the virtues of which she, after our Blessed Lord, is the most perfect model. This Pastoral and the accompanying

Given at St. Peter's Palace, London, on

this the third day of May, Feast of the Finding of the Holy Cross, A. D., 1881. + JOHN WALSH. Bishop of London.

By order of His Lordship, WILLIAM O'MAHONY, Secretary.

(Authorized Translation.) APOSTOLIC LETTERS
OF OUR MOST HOLY LORD LEO XIII., BY DIVINK PROVIDENCE POPE, BY WHICH AN EXTRAORDINARY
JUBILEE IS PROCLAIMED.

our Venerable Brethren, the Patriarchs, Primates, Archhishops and Bishops in peace and communion with the Apostolic Sec, and to all our beloved Sons the Faithful of Christ, Health and the Apostolic Panelickin

LEO PP. XIII.

VENERABLE BRETHREN AND BELOVED SONS, The Church Militant of Jesus Christ, which

Confessors may, in case of necessity, prolong the time for gaining the Jubilee, and may commute the prescribed works for other pious exercises, in case of those who, by reason of their religious state or physicial condition are unable to perform who, by reason of their religious state or physicial condition, are unable to perform any, or all, of the required works. In case of children who have not as yet made their first communion, and who are not prepared to do so, power is given to dispense in this condition.

The usual permission is given to penitents, lay and clerical, secular and regular, to select any approved priest as confessor for the Jubilee confession.

In case of nuns, the confessor selected, must be one who is approved for hearing the confessions of nuns.

As every Catholic has the right to make his Jubilee confession to any approved priest of his diocese, it becomes the duty of the clergy to secure to the people the

In the meanwhile it is manifest by the daily experience of things that the contagion of evils creeps more and more through the rest of the body of the Christian State, and is propagated among more persons. For the nations estranged from the Church are daily falling into greater miseries; and where the Catholic faith has once been extinguished or weakened, the road is nigh to madness of opinions and desire for novelties. But as soon as the supreme and august authority of him who is God's Vicar on earth is despised, it is clear that human authority has no checks left sufficient to restrain the untained spirits of the rebellious, or to control in the multitude the ardour of unlicensed liberty. And for these reasons human society, although it has sustained such great calamities, is nevertheless terrified by the suspicion of greater dangers.

In order, therefore, that the Church may repel the attempts of her enemies and may accomplish her mission for the advantage of all, it is necessary for her to labour and contend still more. But in this vehement and varied combat, in which even the glory of God is at stake, and the battle is for the eternal salvation of souls, all the strength and industry of men would be vain, unless heavenly succour fitting to the times was at hand. Wherefore, in circumstances which are dangerous and grievious to the Christian name, this has been our habitual refuge in labours and anxieties, to ask of God by carnest prayers that He would come to the aid of His struggling Church, and would grant to her strength to fight and power to triumph. We, therefore, follow this excelleat custom and discipline of Our forefathers, and knowing well that God is the more ready to hear prayer in proportion as there is in men a greater depth of penitence and the will of becoming reconciled to Him, for these motives and in order to obtain heavenly protection and to help souls, by these Our Letters publish to the whole Catholic world an extraordinary jubilee.

Therefore, confiding in the mercy of Almighty God, an

commemoration of All Saints) inclusively; and as to those who are out of Europe, from the same nine teenth day of this month of March up to the last day of the year 1881, inclusively, namely:—

All inhabitants of or strangers in Rome shall visit twice the Lateran Basilica, and also the Vatican and Liberian Basilicas, and there for a certain space of time shall offer pious prayers to God, according to Our intention, for the extirpation of heresies and the conversion of all in error, for the concord of Christian princes and the peace and unity of all faithful people: moreover, they shall fast, using only fasting diet, on one day over and above the days not comprehended in the Lenten indult, or others consecrated by a precept of the Church to a similar fast of strict law; and, in addition, having duly confessed their sins, shall receive the most holy Sacrament of the Eucharist, and shall bestow, in the way of alms, something on some pious work. And in order to do this We call attention by same to the following Institutions, whose support We have not long since commended by letters to the charity of Christians, to wit, the Propagation of the Faith, the Sacred infancy of Jesus Christ, and the Schools of the East, which, indeed, it is Our most carnest wish and desire to establish and promote even in far remote and savage regions, that they may suffice to their needs. But all other persons dwelling without the City and elsewhere shall visit, twice, three churches to be designated by the Ordinaries of the places or their Vicars or officials, or in virtue of a mandate from them, and, in the absence of these, by those who exercise the cure of souls, or, if there are only two churches, three times, or, if only one, six times, at a given interval of time; and shall fulfil the other of the said visits for Chapters and Congregations, as well of frage, to souls which have departed this life united to God in charity. Moreover, We grant to the Ordinaries of places that they may, in accordance with their own prudent opinion, red