

In 1621, Brulé again made his way to the Huron country, and started thence, with a companion named Grenolle, for the north and west.

Champlain, Brulé and Grenolle must have heard much of the region before this journey was undertaken.

The two explorers passed by the north of Lake Huron and first reached the Falls or discharge of Lake Superior, and, proceeding further, they saw the great lake itself, which they said they found of an extraordinary size even compared with the Huron and Erie.

Brulé reached Quebec on his return, July 23rd, 1623, and the same summer he went back to the Huron country. His life was amongst the Indians and he was considered as one of them. Nevertheless, he looked upon Champlain as his chief and inspirer.

During the summer of 1629 he was present at Quebec when the English captured the place. He then made up his mind to resume the roving existence he loved so much and left for Georgian Bay, where he was killed in 1632 and eaten by the Hurons,—as the legend goes,—though this last fact is not quite clear.

