allegiance, either by deceiving the delegates or by giving them false official information, or simply by

forbidding them entrance to such camps.

"Nowhere, however, is the consciousness of the dishonourable and criminal nature of this propaganda so manifest as in the last document of this collection, in which views are exchanged between the German Minister of War and General von Löwenfeldt, the German Emperor's Adjutant-General and Acting General in Command of the Guards.

"That Prussian officers should consider the duties assigned to them by the War Office and the Foreign Office as incompatible with their honour is a criticism of the political morality of these highest functionaries

in the Empire which speaks volumes.

"From the documents which follow," concludes the *Volksrecht*, "the reader can now draw his own conclusions."

I.

FOREIGN ()FFICE, BERLIN,

December 25th, 1914.

Dear Sir Roger,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd inst., in which you submitted to the Imperial German Government a proposal for the formation of an *Irish Brigade*, pledged to fight in the cause of Irish nationality alone, and to be formed of such Irishmen, now prisoners of war in Germany, as may be willing to enrol themselves in such a corps.