

Ottawa. The topography of Canada is shown in such examples as the 20-cent, 1935, Niagara Falls stamp, and on the 10-cent, 1946, stamp reproducing a view of that part of Great Bear Lake, Northwest Territories, where uranium deposits were discovered.

Commemorative postage stamps are issued to mark the celebration of important historic events. Such stamps are the 10-cent United Empire Loyalist stamp of 1934; the 4-cent Responsible Government stamp of 1948; and the 4-cent Halifax Bicentennial stamp of 1949. Other events recorded on postage stamps are those of wide national interest, such as the visit of their Majesties, the King and Queen, commemorated by an issue of 1939. The 4-cent postage stamp displaying the ship "Matthew" which bore John Cabot to his discovery of Newfoundland, was issued to mark the Union of Newfoundland with Canada on March 31, 1949. It is of interest to note that a silver dollar was also issued to commemorate this event, and that the reverse side of this coin displayed the same design of the "Matthew".

UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION FOR INDIA AND PAKISTAN

Brigadier H. H. Angle of Kelowna, B.C., arrived at New Delhi, India, January 29 en route to take up his duties as Chief Military Observer for the Commission for India and Pakistan.

This is Brigadier Angle's second tour of Service with the Commission in Kashmir. He served as a Military Observer there during 1949 and returned to Canada last October.

During the Second World War Brigadier Angle commanded the 9th Armoured Regiment of the 5th Canadian Armoured Division during operational activities in Italy and northwest Europe. He also served in Italy as senior staff officer at the headquarters of the 5th Canadian Armoured Division.

After his retirement to the Canadian Army supplementary reserve in August, 1947, he became a magistrate and fruit rancher at Kelowna, B.C.