This difficulty

will be exported, as it is evident from

the demand that it is much better than

states immediately to the southward of

that the actual amount of coal mined

In 1900 the increase was 121/2 per cent. over the previous year, and the increase

this year over 1900 is 11 15 per cent.,

"The placer gold output for the year

"The Cariboo district shows a consid-

melting of the snow in the spring, leav-

division, but as last year was the first

have not made the output expected.

"Dredging for gold, although it con-

tricts has also had its effect. Approxi-

\$2.884,745. This is an increase over th

silver production of British Columbia

this past year has been affected in two

ways and requires some explanation

Silver is derived from silver-lead ores and from copper ores carrying silver,

with a small percentage of 'dry' silver

ores. In 1900, approximately 90 pe

most of the 'dry' ores; as they were chief

ly smelted together and are impossible to separate in the statistics. This year

luction of lead ores, and a consequent

diminution of the silver production

which has, however, been more than off-

set by the greatly increased tonnage of

there has been a falling off in the

previous year of \$575,545 in value.

to his family, or even it might go beyond that and take first place.

Amidst applause Mr. Curtis resumed

R. Hall did not think there had been anything wrong in this matter. It was done above board. It might have been done through a commission merchant had lips taking exception to his statement, as the Premier wished it. The province the Speaker had ruled him out of order had not lost a cent by this, but on the contrary had gained.

to the attention of the Speaker that the member should be called to order.

Mr. Hall thereupon diverted his attention to proving that it was no unusual ministers to consent to firms with which they were connected getting government patronage. He alluded to Mr. Carter-Cotton when a minister of the crown having allowed the News-Advertiser to take government advertising.
Mr. McPhillips thought that perhaps

he had no interest in the News-Advertiser, and at all events he did not award ;

Mr. Hall held that members of the opposition did not need to condemn the Premier. There were members of that party who were not spotless with re-

Cries of "names" from the opposition. Mr. Hall said that the minute he found the member for Rossland calling for the cancellation of the grants to the C. P. R. for these blocks his suspicion was aroused that that member was perhaps interested in it. It all went to show that it was easy "to see the beam in our neighbor's eye and not see the mote in our own." (Loud Laughter).

Premier Prior said that he had courted the fullest investigation. He was in the Hands of the Lieut.-Governor when he took him that report. He was glad that the members had all given him credit for not being personally dishonest. He might have made a mistake. but dishonest he was not. He never by letter, word or sign gave any employee of his company any information as to the figures submitted by other firms.

If he had been wrong he would have to suffer. He thought that when he made a statement especially under oath that he would be believed by the people of the province. It was peculiar if he gave information that he should pro-pose a figure \$170 less than the next lowest; \$20 or \$10 less would have

Hon, Mr. Prentice thought as yesterday that this was too trivial to consider. What was brought out, that the Premier had saved the country \$170.

C. W. Munro said that he would not have spoken but for the remarks of the Minister of Finance that this was a matter too trivial for consideration. It was a serious matter to have men who would look upon such a matter as trivial to hold the reigns of power. The feature of the matter was not that the firm to which the Premier was a member had been assigned the contract, but that it wasidiven after the Premier had seen the other tenders. It would be found that the \$170 gained in bringing grist to direct loss to the country through this. If it became known that tenders were

would take the steps to make it impossible for ministers of the government to

further their own pecuniary interest. trivial matter. It was one which, if not a dishonorable act, was nevertheless one

H. D. Helmcken made an explanation that Mr. Waddell recommended only their firm to be asked for tenders. He to get his tender in.

The resolution that the report be

adopted carried unanimously.

Mr. McBride wanted a statement. and detailed statement of his position. He wanted to know if the House was proceed as it had for the past few tion," days or were they to proceed constitutionally. The position of the First Min- "I did not support him."

that it was not wise to proceed with any further business until he was able to make any further statement. He cided to suspend the rules so that the thought it would be wise to lay this evidence of the special committee might further business until he was able to dence before His Honor, and let him take what course he wished. He accordingly moved an adjournment until mittee and before coming before the

The Speaker pointed out that it would be a breach of privilege to present that evidence before His Honor until after it had been laid before the House.

Capt. Tatlow, for the committee, said that this evidence would be ready in a

J. F. Garden, John Oliver, R. F. hills passed before the session closed. nier Prior pressed for an adjourn-

Mr. Martin objected He said he wished to endeavor to see if something could not be done to grant necessary supply.

Mr. McPhillips objected to the attempt to reopen a matter already disposed of, namely, that of granting sup-

The Speaker thought this was an extreme view of the situation by Mr. Mc-

Mr. Martin continuing, said that if His Honor granted the Premier dissolution then he would come down and dissolve the House, and supply could not be voted. If the Premier had not the confidence of the House neither had any

have the next place to that of his duty else called upon to form a government. There was no advantage to be gained by

> Mr. McPhillips held that on a motion to adjourn it was not possible for an hon, member to debate a subject already disposed of. Mr. Martin objected to Mr. McPhil-

Mr. McPhillips said Mr. Martin held hat he was the censor of the House. Proceeding to give facts brought out in the evidence, Mr. McPhillips brought need not pose as the leader of the Liberal party in this province. He had defeated befor

Mr. Martin asked if he referred to his defeat in Winnipeg or rather Victoria.

Mr. McPhillips said he defeated him there by a majority, while he was the leader of the government, and had all that patronage at his back. That gov ernment had not reflected to the credit of the member for Vancouver.

He held that the Premier should go

Mr. McBride said that Mr. Martin seemed to be very much excited over votes which had been taken in the last few days. When he (McBride) took the which has characterized it since the interpretation of the mining industry has, during the mining industry has the mining yote on Wednesday it was in order to show to the country that the opposition, party, of which he was a leader, was a composite party. That was shown very unmistakably, and it was made clear that that party was one which had a very considerable following in the House. Other than in that way that vote was not regarded as of any importance, Mr. Martin was agitated apparently by something outside of the proceedings of

the House. It was possible that it was that the party which he professed to lead in the province was not in a settled condition as to leadership. He favored going on with several of the bills upon which no contention would be forthcom-

Premier Prior thought it was a nity that some of these bills should not be proceeded with. He thought that under the circumstances he should take this evidence to His Honor. He asked that the House waive its right to have this evidence laid before it before it was taken to His Honor. Mr. Martin wanted them to meet to-

Mr. Curtis said he had a solution of the matter. He suggested that that resignation which the Premier had handed to Mr. Ker some time ago should be obtained from Mr Ker and should be taken along with this evidence to the Lieutenant-Governor.

Premier Prior said he always fell in with the suggestions of the member for Rossland, and would take this into his

serious consideration.

Mr. McPhillips objected to this presentation of the evidence to His Honor being regarded as the sole reason for the Premier seeking the Lieutenant-Governor. The House had distinctly expres-sed its want of confidence in this government, and the Premier should at once lay the situation before His Honor.
Mr. Oliver supported this view. The

government had been tried, and found guilty. It had been found so guilty that If it became known that tenders were not to be called in the regular order, but that quotations were to be treated as this one had been, that it would not been made against the First Minister, long before reputable firms would not tender. Then they had these two ministers tender of the previous year of \$3,613,287, or equal to 36 per cent. The tonnage of ore mined in considerable quantities has been conclusively proved many times, but the difficulty seems to be to save it.

The without had been refused by another minister. It had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with paying out \$30,000 after it had been refused with Vancouver objected that no one could form a government in the House. He was surprised at that stand by Mr. Martin in view of the situation three years Tatlow said that this was not a ago when that gentleman was called upon to form a government. That gentle-

Mr. Houston wanted them to wait ish Columbia is entitled to be called the until the judge decided before passing 'Mineral Province of Canada.'" their firm to be asked for tenders. He did not know how Mr. McLennan came judgment upon the Premier. He alluded to got his tender in. position upon J. Martin, who was now described by them as the arch schemer and the arch enemy of his country.

Opposition cries of "Read the mo-tion," "Who moved the motion," and ister was untenable. He wanted to Mr. Houston continuing said was a sinner now he was a

Premier Prior said that he thought sinner then. He referred contemptuafter it had been examined by the com

> The House then adjourned until 2 o'clock on Monday.

TURTLE MOUNTAIN

Ottawa, May 29.—Geological experts who examined Turtle Mountain in their official report say that the stability of Green and C. W. Munro wanted some the mountain depends upon the north At present it looks as secure, but f the fissures some distance back from e north peak extend this may weaken the north shoulder. If this shows any of moving the town ought at once to be evacuated.

Gatarrhal Powder

IS A CATARRH CURE THAT CURES COLDS AND CATARRH Actually, positively, indisputably ably, Cures Colds and Catarrh!

Not always with first application, although

ANNUAL REPORT OF MINISTER OF MINES

A Very Gratifying Increase is Shown i the Production Over Previous Years.

The last report of the Ministers, o at once to His Honor and take the decision of the Lieutenant-Governor. He the House last week, is a gratifier Mines for 1901, which was presented to should do that instead of following the one. In introducing the report the pro-erroneous advice of Mr. Martin. has the following encouraging statement "The mining industry has, during

> which has characterized it since the i ception of lode mining some ten years ago. It is all the more gratifying to be able to make this announcement again this year, inasmuch as reports to th contrary have been so widely circulated that the impression that 1901 has proved a disastrous year has gained much credence, not only abroad, but even within our own borders. Statistics are the best refutation of this impression, and it is with much gratification that attention i drawn to the preceding statistical tables These show that the value of the mineral production of this province for the past year is greater than that of the Yukon that we have in our mineral deposits a 'Klondike' of our own, and a permanent and growing one at that. The Yukon is credited with an output of \$18,000,-000, while British Columbia produced \$20,086,780. Table I. gives the total values of the various mineral products of

the province up to and including the year 1901, showing the amount contributed by each mineral to make up the total of \$172,241,988, the grand total of the province's earned increment to the mineral wealth of the world. Gold still retains the first place in this list with total production of \$63,554,543, coal and coke following with a total production of \$54,157,315. Table II. shows the gross value of the mineral output for each year, and is particularly intended to illustrate the growth of the mining industry from year to year. From this it will be seen that in the last ten years the output has increased from \$2,978, 530 in 1892 to \$20,086,780 in 1901, and this increase has been gradual and steady, the result of new properties ad-

the increasing development of the older In lode mining the report says that preparatory and of the nature of dethe growth has been phenomenal, as shown by the following figures:

ded to the producing list each year, and

"In 1894 the product of the lode mines was valued at \$181,342, while in 1901 it has increased to \$13,683,044, or nearly

tensely indiscreet. He believed they could exonerate the Premier from personal dishonesty, but if was injurious to the interests of the country. In future how were they going to meet firms which made tenders. If this action was made a precedent the public would not be in a precedent the public would not be in a precedent the public would receive.

He saw no reason why Premier Prior should refuse to resign. A government consideration as private individuals would receive.

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He saw no reason why Premier Prior should refuse to resign. A government consideration as private in discreasing gold production. In 1901 the and sandstone quarries opened and didm an increase of the powince of the Douminon during 1901 (excluding the Yukon Territory), British Columbia produced 82 per cent. of the gold, 96 per cent. of the silver, 67 per cent. of the silver, 67 per cent. of the individuals while the new ministers sought re-election.

H. D. Helmcken made an explanation that the increase in 1899 of the development of the total combined output of the various provinces of the Douminon during 1901 (excluding the Yukon Territory), British Columbia produced 82, 184,603 in value of gold, an increase of the Douminon during 1901 (excluding the Yukon Territory), British Columbia produced 82 per cent. of the gold, 96 per cent. of the silver, 67 per cent. of the lead, 2 per cent. of the cool, 30 per cent, of the cool, 30 per cent, of the cool in 1900 of the domino output of the various provinces of the Douminon during 1901 (excluding the Yukon Ter

Under the various heads the following appears with reference to the mining onditions:
"The coal mines of the province have,

during the past year, made an output never before equalled in their history. from the Premier before they proceeded further with business. He wished to extract from the First Minister a full between the first Minister a full between the first Minister a full between the House showed. He read a division to make coke, so that the net output for the form was 1460.331 tons of coal and to make coke, so that the net output for the year was 1,460,331 tons of coal and in 1901 was 5,151,333 ounces, valued at 127.081 tons of coke. This is equivalent to an increased production over 1900 of coal 11/2 per cent., and of coke 49 per

cent. The sales of coal were as follows: Sold for consumption in Canada, 413,705 tons; sold for export to United States, 895 197 tons: sold for export to other countries, 18,966 tons; total sales, 1,327,-868 tons (2.240 lbs).

868 tons (2,240 lbs).

"The total sales of coke amounted to cent. of the silver produced was derived from silver-lead ores, probably including sold for consumption in Canada, and 47;-379 tons were exported to the United States. This output has been made from the collieries on Vancouver Island and those near the Crow's Nest Pass. The detailed production of each colliery is shown in the reports of the inspectors of ies. The coast collieries produced 1.261.744 tons of coal and 15,398 tons The Crow's Nest collieries pro-

require to be noted separately. In the cult, as before stated, to separate, with coast collieries the output is limited by any degree of accuracy, this source of the market for the product, as these production from the others. older collieries are better prepared to "The production of lead was this year meet an increased demand. Of their 51,582,906 jbs., worth \$2.002.733. This walk, sit or sleep. I was about to give product about 75 per cent. was exported, shows a decrease in value of \$689,154, up when an advertisement led me to try hiefly to California and mostly as coal. or about 25 per cent., as compared with With the completion of the two smelters | the production of 1900, but in fairness now under construction on the coast, the must be remembered that in 1900 there and though years have elapsed since my creased next year. The Crow's Nest col-lieries are as yet new, and their output 206 per cent. The figures show, thereis limited, not by the market, which is fore, that the lead production of 1901, al-unlimited, but by the undeveloped con-though showing a decrease as compared dition of the collieries and the limited with 1900, shows an increase over 1808 that Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

with 1900, shows an increase over 1809 of 128 by the per cent, and over 1809 of 128 by the per cent, and is still 25 per cent, higher any form of Kidney Disease once a other member. He preferred that the necessary estimates should be passed by the present government rather than by a government outside of the House, which would be the case were any one which are being removed with all possible speed, and next year will undoubted by see an enormous increase in the output of these collieries. Of their production of any year prior to 1900. The cause of the decrease is not attributable to the mines themselves, but to the capitation of the ground of the collieries. Of their production of any year prior to 1900. The cause of the birds that fly by night duct about 60 per cent. of the coal and themselves, but to the capitation of the mines to 1900. The cause of the birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of those of the birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of the birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of those of the birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of the birds that fly by night are given that invariably brings relief in 10 minutes.

Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—5.

n Canada, the remainder going to the tion to go into here-which has tempor-United States. It has been a constant struggle for these mines to meet the demands made on them for fuel, and every silver. Reference is here made particundeavor is being made to increase the larly to the lead ores of East Kootenay. utput. There have been many complaints that the local demand for fuel was being neglected to supply the exwill be carry much higher silver values, which obvidted as the development and equip- has enabled them to be mined and marment of the collieries is increased. The figures show where the output was sold, the Slocan has this year just held its and it is certain that next year a far own as regards tonnage of ore mined and larger proportion of the coal produced

values produced. "Each year seems to present some particular feature of interest, and this year it is the greatly increased copper any other that can be obtained in those production of the province. The copper production for the year has been 27,603, British Columbia. It will be noted that while these collieries only turned out 198.587 tons of coal to be used as such, they converted 180.768 tons into 111, 683 tons of coke, selling it as such, so the solution for the year has been 27,693, 746 lbs of 'ane copper,' valued at \$4,-963, an increase of 17,606,666 lbs., and \$2,831,674 over that of the previous year, or about 175 per cert, increase in value. It may here be noted that the value. It, may here be noted that the ecent 'break' in the copper market did "The statistics show that the gold production of the province—including both placer and lode gold-for the past year was of a value of \$5, 3, 703, which is an increase over that of 1900 of \$586, 508, or equal to about 12 per cent, increase. This is the greatest gold production British Columbia has ever made. not occur until the last month in the year, and as, in estimating the values as above, the average price for the year is employed, the value of the product has ot been seriously affected. "This copper has been derived as fol-

ws: Boundary district, 14.511.787 lbs.: rail (Rossland) district, 8,333,446 lbs. oast district, 3.115,872 lbs.: Nelson disriet, 1,599,449 lbs.; other districts, 43,192 bs; total, 27,603,746.

this year over 1900 is 11 to per cent, showing the growing importance of the gold output of the province. This production is derived from placer mining, including primary placer work, hydraulicking and dredging, and from lode mining. "The great increase has been due e working of the exceedingly large and otoriously low grade copper ores of the Boundary, which has been rendered ossible by the material reduction made n the actual costs of smelting, which are uthoritatively stated as havi luced as low as \$1.35 to \$1.50 per tor 1901 was \$970,100-a decrease from the of ore. This low possible cost of the previous year of \$308,624. This is acirst smelting, now proven, has a wide ounted for by the fact that the Atlin reflect on the future of the district and production has again suffered a serious province, as it brings within the limit diminution; the ordinary placers are of profitable ores many known deposits of great extent which it has been previmostly worked out, and the hydraulic companies, which should have been at cusly regarded as impossible to profitably work making an output, have managed to get into litigation among themselves and "It has to be recorded that, as ve-

with individual miners, so that the seater wery little iron ore as such as been mined son is practically lost. It is hoped and in the province. There have been a few expected that by next season the existexperimental shipments made and a con ing plants, and those now under construction, will be able to work and, if so, carried on, but from the very nature of earried on, but from the very nature of the output of the camp will certainly be things iron ore to be handled at all neces sitates an iron blast-furnace to treat it which is, as yet, not an accomplished erably decreased production, which is fact in British Columbia, and will not due almost entirely to the small output be until a sufficient development has of the largest company in the district, the Cariboo Consolidated, which, through been done to fully establish both the quantity and quality of ore supply to shortage of water, was only able to work a part of the season. This shortage of water was occasioned by the sudden justify its erection. The statistics show that 5,746 tons of ore were shipped, which, as before stated, were used for experimental purposes, or as a flux in ing insufficient water for the latter part of the season. The smaller companies in smelting other ores.

There has been a small quantity of

platinum produced this year, about \$457 the district did well, and with a normal snowfall and spring all should make a worth, from the Similkameen district, very good showing next season. A small This small output is occasioned by the output has been made from the Liard | fact that comparatively little placer gold nining has been going on in this district year of the operations of the hydraulic of late, and as the platinum is recovercompanies there, most of the work was ed with the placer gold, little has been preparatory and of the nature of deproduced. This metal has been again noted in the neighborhood of Dease lake "On the coast certain deposits of black ! and on the Thompson river in the placer sand have been worked to a profit, but workings, but no record has been obtain-

able of any quantity having been saved "No reliable returns are available as 18 times as much in eight years. The product of these mines in 1901 is valued large amounts have been invested in capatral at \$13,683,044, an increase over the ital, has not as yet yielded any very manual results. at \$13,083,044, an increase over the previous year of \$3,613,287, or equal to terial return or output. That the gold pipes, and the amount credited to these previous year of \$3,613,287, or equal to terial return or output. That the gold pipes, and the amount credited to these materials in the statistics has been estimated-the estimate erring on the conservative side. Lime and brick are produced locally in almost every district for "Placer miding is, of necessity, dependent on the weather, and is as variable excellent lime, which has considerable was 554,796 tons, or 93 per cent. increase; in 1901 it was 920,416 tons, or was 554,796 tons, or 93 per cent. increase; in 1901 it was 920,416 tons, or about 66 per cent. increase over the previous year."

After giving the various tables with the mineral production the report sums in the province is indebted for its ever-

474,738; combined amalgamation and be granfed dissolution, as he was a clearing of obstructions from streams to concentration, \$873,865; total, \$4,348,603, member of the government which brought It may be said that no absolutely free about the existing state of affairs, and milling gold property is working in the province; they all carry sufficient values in sulphides to necessitate the saving of Wells.

WELL EARNED POPULARITY

J. J. BURNS SAYS DODD'S KID-NEY PILLS SAVED HIS LIFE.

Could Scarcely Sit. Sleep or Walk When He Started to Use Them-His Trouble Gone For Good.

Darnley, P. E. I., May 29 .- (Special.) -The popularity of Dodd's Kidney Pills in Prince Edward Island has been earned by cures complete and permanent. the copper-silver ores. As near as can be estimated, the copper-silver ores have of the cured, and his story is a splendid duced 198,587 tons of coal and 111,688 this year produced 30½ per cent. of the cured, and his story is a splended this year produced 30½ per cent. of the work Dodd's Kidney core, although proportionately small, has

"The conditions prevailing in these ores, aithough proportionately small, has two districts are so different that they greatly increased, but it would be diffirence to be noted separately. In the cult as before stated to separate with Dodd's Kidney Pills and they did a wonderful work for me.
"Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life

"I belong to the I. O. F. and any

ember can vouch for my condition and Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure any form of Kidney Disease once and

CAMMELL'S ENGLISH STEEL



For Definite Results in All Kinds of Mining

ISLAND'S OUTPU

FOUR HUNDRED CAR

Rapid Growth In Business

Four hundred loaded

o many Victorians as a

gant estimate of the volu

now being done by the two

plying across the Gulf, and

two ago this calculation wo

e very wide of the mark, but

In the first place the Cher

Mill shipped on an average

five cars a day; Ladysmith of from two to three; Shaw

Sayward, one; the Victoria railway, one. Haslam, of Na

been a regular shipper, and been local shipments making

exceeding, the estimate give

the bulk of this business is through the C. P. R. Compan

s forwarded to points in the

where the demand is constanting, and the consumption has

reat that mill men on this n a number of instances fel

in enlarging their plants in ord pete with the growing dema Chemainus Mill Company, for

have just received a large co

two new planing plants cal

In addition it might be mentical new mill has been established smith, which will start to s

week, and Lloyd, of Westholm

on the E. & N., has a big con the supply of ties to the C. P.

the regular output from this I

nly half of that handled by

N. ferry system. That concern

es nearly if not all the coke

adysmith and Crofton, is han

om Kamloops, and is carrying

ore from the Republic, Washin

he C. P. R. in addition to the ental freight that co vard for this Island over the road. Altogether the business y in excess of that which the

Pransfer. No. 1. which is no

squimalt Marine Railway re

verhauling, is capable of han

erry service that vessel was n

qual to the demands upon her.

er in the service now how

e big barge Georgia and oth

f the fleet, owned by McKen:

In speaking of the business

affic manager, stated on Satur Il of this trade had been creat he establishment of the ferry which enabled shippers on this I

mpete with those of the Mainla

iness is increasing, and the o

ilty experienced has been in fficient cars to meet the exiger

rade. Mr. Courtney also states

lume of pusiness from the n the increase, but that it

ncing so rapidly as that fr

Regarding this the following le

tion to the fact that while this

w a terminal point on two tran

tal railway systems neither of

ays has any deep water facilit

se were provided, there is every believe that the growing busin

en the Island and the Mainland

COAL FROM COMOX.

The steamer Thistle, which in t

n relieving the Joan and City

mo, of the Dunsmuir fleet, while receiving an overhauling, is

week with a big load of coe from Comox. The vessel left

Tuesday, and her officers sa

y saw no steamers ashore at any route, nor did they hear of one h

ox that about 500 tons of

wrecked, as reported from Va
The Thistle brings news

aken out at the mines at

is all going to supply the C. Vancouver and Victoria mere

FRASER FLOOD WARNING

eral Stations to Be Establishe

. Baynes Reed has received ins

the meteorological service of Car

establish several stations on the

river with the object of obtain

the water during the seasons of a

ed floods. Stations will be at

blished at Yale, Kamloops and Q

and further stations will pro-

added as occasion may require.
ts will be seen daily at the Vict

prological office and warning

telegraphic warnings of the

from R. F. Stewart, the di

Daily Reports Will Be Recei

CHARLES H. LUG

To the Editor:-I would like to

the point:

nts of which will still furth

of the mill.

machinery from Aurora hich will be used in the inst

on All-Rail Connections

SHIPPED PR

We Manufacture Rails, Shoes and Dies CYCLOPS STEEL WORKS, SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND:

ROWLAND MACHIN, Can. Agent, Yates St., Victoria, B. C. Sold by Hickman-Tye Hardware Co., W. S. Fraser & Co., Nicholles &

Something to Please

You will find in our stock of Wines and Liquors that which will please you. The rare quality of all the goods we sell, the care to provide you with the very best, is what insures your satisfaction. The absolute purity of these goods recommends them for medicinal FRENCH CLARET 50c. bottle

LABATT'S ALE, pints......\$1.25 dozen

Dixi H. Ross & Co., Cash

DABATT'S ALE, cuarts.

OBJECTS OF THE

TO PROTECT, PRESERVE AND INCREASE SPORT

Worthy Movement Initiated by the Local Sportsmen-Investigating Obstructions in Shawnigan Stream.

is at Shawnigan to-day investigating the obstructions in the stream and the practicability of having them removed. They will likely report at a meeting of the sportsmen to join this association, and all those desirous of doing so can contribute their subscriptions to Gus. Hartnagel, P. C. MacGregor, T. F. Fox, or at the Tourist Association rooms. Following are the objects of the association. lowing are the objects of the association:

a. To effect a combination of the resident sportsmen; the general resident public and the authorities sil to work together in Wellington, Toronto. and the authorities all to work together in protecting, preserving and increasing sport

and the means and opportunity of enjoying b. To advocate and promote the principle ment. Non-residents may be elected life of game and game fish protection, and members on payment of ten dollars, preservation, and to agitate and work for 7. Only members holding a current by legislation to effectuate this object. c. To encourage game fish culture and advantages of membership. Columbia is the subject of discussion in the increase of game fish in local waters mately, this gold has been derived from: parliamentary circles to-day. It is not Direct smelting of copper-gold ores, \$3,- thought possible that Premier Prior will ladders and other contrivances, and the paid to the treasurer or secretary.

d. To advocate the protection of game and game fish, the prevention of excessive year. killing of game, the prevention of over ushing, and the unsportsmanlike taking of ment or by the committee of management of the unsportsmanlike taking of the control of th immature fish and to assist in enforcing the laws against killing of game or game fish out of season, and the killing of game or game fish by illegal methods.

discussion of topics of general interest to f. To assist in attracting the attention sportsmen of other countries to the opportunities of sport in the locality and to York has three million odd inhabitants.' ssist visiting sportsmen.

. To promote public meetings for the

g. To grant membership badges and to crazy, don't you?" upose as a condition of membership the observance of sportsmanlike conduct. h. To promote competitions and award Liver Pills cure all troubles arising from prizes for descriptive narrative and intorpor of the liver. Easy and quick, banish formation of literary merit of actual and Sick Headache, purify the blood and eradification.

i. To procure advantageous transportaarrangements for sportsmen. j. To collect data and statistics relating Hall & Co.-141. the objects of the association. . Constitution.

1. The association will be managed by a mmittee of management annually elected, consisting of five members, presided 2. The officers shall be a president, vice

resident, treasurer and secretary. 3. The president, vice-president, secr tary and treasurer shall be ex-officio members of the committee of management. 4. The officers and committee of management shall be elected by the members general meeting.

5. An ordinary majority shall decide all questions, and in the case of equality of voting at any meeting the presiding officer shall have a casting vote. This rule shall also apply to the meetings of members.

8 Persons subscribing to the funds of the association annually not less than on dollar shall be termed members. Honorary MINERAL ACT. NOTICE.

"Little Bantam" Fractional Mineral Claim, situate in the Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus District, located on Mount Sicker.

Take notice that I, George R. Elliott, agent for the owners. Free Miner's Certificate No. B72408, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

nents.

Dated this 28th day of March, 1903.

GEORGE R. ELLIOTT.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated on the west side of Prescott Island, British Col-(From Saturday's Daily.)

A committee of the Vancouver Island
Game and Fish Protection Association
is at Shawnigan traday investigation the

WANTED

8. Subscriptions shall be payable on the

9. There shall be at least one general meeting in the month of March in each

10 General meetings may be convened ment or by any five outside members. 11. Notice shall be advertised at least seven days before any general meeting. 12. The rules of procedure in force in the legislative assembly shall govern the conduct of all meetings.

AS REVISED. Bunker (of Boston)-"I understand New Penn (of Philadelphia)-"Odd! You mean

40 GEWS 10 CENTS Dr Agnew's truthful sporting incidents and observa- cate all impurities from the system. The nand is big. The Pills are little, easy to take, pleasant results, no pain. 40 in a vial, 10 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and

DICKENSON-At Vancouver, on May 27th, the wife of Thomas Dickenson,

MORTIMER LAMB—On the 31st ult., the wife of Harold Mortimer Lamb, of "Dilkusha," Pemberton road, of a

FORIN-At Nelson, on May 26th, the wife of Judge Forin, of a son. BOYLE-At Vancouver, on May 20th, the wife of R. C. Boyle, M. D., of a son. MARRIED.

OLMQUIST-DARLING-At Rossland, on May 25th, by Rev. Van Sickle, Emil Olmquist and Miss Julia Darling. DIED.

LYONS—At North Bend, on May 26th, Mrs. J. Lyons, in her 63rd year, CARTY—At New Westminster, on May 27th, Mrs. J. Carty, aged 56 years. BOOTH-In this city, on the 31st instant. Cornelius Booth, a native of Ireland,

aged 73 years.

arse from Monod hospital in Sea ending a few days in the city visi ons and old friends. Miss Milne he nursing staff of the hospital turns to the Sound city.