

artin, 1,391; Mrs. Anne J. Colbeck, 1,389; Elizabeth Sayer, 1,381.

THIRD CLASS GRADE A CERTIFICATE HOLDERS.

(Maximum Marks 2,150.)

Mary J. Blake, 1,299; Edward W. Freeman, 1,285; Ethel J. Crookford, 1,269; Emma Reid, 1,258; Isabel McE., F. Barron, 1,250; Roberta F. Nash, 1,249; Jennie Dykes, 1,190; Emily Raper, 1,188; Emily P. Sherris, 1,184; Emily G. Kingston, 1,182; Alice Doran, 1,169; Bibbiana Moore, 1,154; Ed McAlpine, 1,150; Nellie T. Donaldson, 1,114; Margaret T. Knight, 1,110; Alice Harrison, 1,084.

THIRD CLASS GRADE B CERTIFICATE HOLDERS.

(Maximum Marks 2,150.)

Henrietta Melver, 1,623; Clara W. Swan, 1,614; Ethel M. Johnston, 1,263; Clara C. Arree, 1,244; J. Alfred Blais, 1,238; Kate Smith, 1,233; Livingstone C. Ashworth, 1,225; Rosemary Reid, 1,215; Marguerite Morris, 1,199; Ida M. Marshall, 1,188; Charles L. Thorner, 1,184; Jennie G. Francis, 1,179; Jane W. Carleton, 1,164; Kate Ford, 1,153; Susie A. Fenton, 1,151; Ella Robinson, 1,129; Geo. F. Goostrey, 1,120; Emily M. Wilson, 1,120; Sarah P. Blair, 1,117; Nellie G. Wilson, 1,117; W. Randall Broderick, 1,111; Claud H. Butler, 1,091; Alice M. Hopkins, 1,090; Ada E. Schumm, 1,088; Margaret G. Johnson, 1,077; E. Nicholas, 1,077; Augustus B. Williams, 1,071; Mary J. Shannon, 1,067; Anna C. Nightingale, 1,065; Jane M. Cleveland, 1,063; Sarah Carson, 1,062; Ada B. Hughes, 1,059; Jessie Colquhoun, 1,058; Margaret G. Johnson, 1,057; William Brewster, 1,054; Reginald C. Abbott, 1,022; Alice M. M. Wale, 1,021; Mrs. Estha Hammond, 1,017; Mary J. McCannell, 1,017; Leonora M. Douglas, 1,016; Ada B. King, 1,011; Mrs. Katie Bertiaux, 1,009; Mrs. A. K. Butler, 1,000; Grace A. Godwin, 998; J. W. Macleod, 998; Ida Roseman, 994; Elizabeth Wilson, 993; Mabel Beadleston, 982; Mary Ramsay, 978; Livermore, 968; Henry G. Miller, 962; Robert R. Robb, 948; Ernest Turner, 948; Charles McRae, 935; Alice John, 922; Charles G. Barrett, 872; Alice G. Henderson, 868.

RENEWAL CERTIFICATES FOR LENGTH OF SERVICE.

Adelaide S. Bailey, James A. Halliday, Rebecca J. McDougall, Thomas Olyde.

Effectual—Charles J. Booth, Oliver Wood, Cal. says: "I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years and have always found them the most effectual in the relief of ailments arising from a disordered stomach, torpid liver and constipated bowels."

SOLDIERS FOR ALASKA.

The United States Government will send a detachment.

Washington, D.C., Feb. 27.—The president and secretary of the army have decided to call an army officer and a company of soldiers from the regular army for service in Alaska. The matter is still in very indefinite shape, but the details will be arranged as soon as possible in order that the soldiers may get into the vicinity of the gold country before navigation closes in the Yukon river. The exact location is not yet determined, but it is expected to be at Circle City. The officials are anxious to locate the soldiers in the gold country as soon as possible, and it can be arranged they will be sent on steamer sailing early in August.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently cleanse the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please.

Paris is providing excitement for summer visitors. A tiger was recently found roaming at liberty in the Bois de Boulogne, a large snake crawled out of the ruins of the Cour d'Escomptes, near the chamber of deputies, and a box containing soldiers in the Yukon river.

Monthly Competition for B.C. for the Year 1897

1,500 Bicycles AND 2,000 Watches GIVEN FREE FOR Sunlight Soap Wrappers

Stearns Bicycle each month. Gold Watch each month.

total value of \$1,500 GIVEN FREE during 1897. For rules and full particulars see Saturday issue of this paper, or apply by post card to H. KING, Victoria, Agent for Sunlight Soap

WANTED.

Men and women who can work hard thinking and writing six hours daily for 4 days a week, and will be content with 50 dollars weekly. Address NEW IDEAS Co., Medical Building, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS.

Second edition "Queen Victoria" exhausted. Jubilee Edition on press. Best history of the Queen and Victoria ever published. The only Canadian work accepted by Her Majesty. Sales unprecedented. Check the bottom out of all records. Can't sell it fast. Beware boys and assessors scooping in money. Beware of the straight weekly salary after trial trip. THE BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

J. PERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Miners' Outfits

A SPECIALTY.

VICTORIA, B.C.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

QUIET IN HAWAII

Arrival of the Alameda at San Francisco from Australian Ports via Honolulu.

Japanese Correspondence—Execution of Butler—Nearly Collapsed During Trial.

San Francisco, July 29.—The steamer Alameda arrived from Australian ports this morning, via Samoa and Honolulu.

Nothing of importance has occurred at Hawaii since the departure of the previous steamer, July 17th. July 22nd the Foreign Minister Cooper made public the Hawaiian side of the present diplomatic correspondence with Japan. The Hawaiian government in this correspondence maintained its right to regulate Japanese immigration and finally offers to leave the settlement of the difficulties to arbitration. T. F. Laussing has been appointed minister of finance, to succeed M. S. Damon.

The Alameda brings from Sydney papers describing the trial and conviction of Butler, the murderer, who was captured in San Francisco and returned to Australia, and who has since been hanged. The trial lasted three days, and in some respects was sensational. When the prisoner finished his case Butler was asked if he had anything to say. The murderer was in a state of collapse, apparently, and the coast adjourned until the afternoon. He then in a low tone made a rambling statement which he started for the mines with Weller at Weller's solicitation. On the way Weller acted queerly, and when he displayed a pistol Butler thought Weller was going to shoot him. Instead, he threw the pistol into the sea and when Butler grabbed it in an endeavor to take it away the weapon was discharged, and Weller was shot through the head. Butler said he had used Weller's papers to enable him to escape as a sailor. The case was then given to the jury, which deliberated for an hour and twenty minutes before bringing in a verdict of guilty.

News has been received here of H. M. S. Herald, which has been cruising among the Solomon islands and punishing natives for the murder of Captain Gibbins five months ago. Six villages were burned and hostages received.

Another messenger is reported from the interior of New Guinea. It is stated that a party of men, making their way through on the Vanapa track, camped near a village. They were all slaughtered, and the bodies were sent to the scene. No details are available.

RARE DEEP SEA SHELLS.

Schooner Wahlberg Back from a Scientific Expedition.

San Diego, Cal., July 29.—The schooner Wahlberg, which sailed from this port on March 3 on a scientific expedition for the Smithsonian Institute and Stanford University, has arrived here. The Wahlberg brings back five tons of rare deep sea shells, four barrels of deep sea fish and many beautiful marine specimens. On her return trip up the coast the Wahlberg stopped at Nativity, where she found four San Diegans, who had been left at Cedros island by the junk Hongkong eight months before and had been taken to Nativity by a schooner with the expectation of returning by another schooner to San Diego. The men were nearly famished for want of water and the timely arrival of the Wahlberg undoubtedly saved their lives. They are ex-Sergeant Sanford, Private Connors of Company H, U.S.A.; Jack Dangler and Bill Andrews, sailors.

THE FALL IN SILVER.

London Globe Comments on the Monetary Situation.

London, July 29.—The Globe, commenting upon the fall in silver, says: "This week's collapse would have happened some time back but for continuing purchases on Japanese account. That demand has ceased and China and India are supplied. What steps American silverites propose to counteract this disastrous state of things remain to be seen. Their attitude is specific threats of tamper with the currency. President McKinley, possibly foreseeing attempts of this, has given emphatic warning he will be no party to such perilous work."

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequal record of wonderful cures.

Victoria Times.

VICTORIA, B. C. TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1897. VOL. 15. NO. 42.

THE CRAZE FOR GOLD

A Returned Clondyke Miner Beaten and Robbed on the Streets of New York.

Washington, July 29.—The secretary of war has suspended the execution of the order starting a party of troops for Alaska on the boat sailing August 20, and the matter is still open. The indications are that nothing will be done before spring.

WIVES DESERTED BY GOLD-CRAZED HUSBANDS—THE CLEVELAND CROWDED

—London Interested.

New York, July 29.—Henry Gaudier, 25 years old, was found in this city last night unconscious and bleeding from a wound in his head. Citizens picked him up and carried him to a saloon. His skull was probably fractured. As soon as he recovered consciousness he telegraphed for his brother, Phillip of Tacoma, N. H., to join him at once.

Gaudier said he was direct from Clondyke, having left Dawson City on June 18. He came down on the steamer Portland, the first steamer down. When he arrived in New York he went to the Manhattan hotel. He had a receipt for \$800 deposited with the clerk of the hotel. With \$200 he started out to do the town.

He is not quite clear as to how he reached Harlem, or how he got to where he was found, but he had been robbed of the greater part of his money. When comfortable in the hospital he said: "I wish I had had 'Old Betsy' with me when those ruffians attacked me. He went to the Clondyke a year ago. He stopped at Juneau and went thence to Dominion Creek. He located several valuable claims. The stories told, he said, of the finds in that section did not begin to tell the truth. He refused to say how much money he had brought back, but said it was not uncommon to find a fortune in a few weeks.

"I only left at this time because a newcomer told me of my father's death. I ran away from home and have not seen my people in 20 years. Knowing that I had a rich find and wishing to share it with my people I came back to get my brothers to go with me. He will find our claims to go with hands with gold ready to be picked up."

Gaudier's story seems to be verified by papers found in his pocket, including bills for lumber on the banks of the Yukon, a receipt for a berth on the steamer Portland and the hat mark of a tradesman in Seattle.

If his skull is not fractured he may be able to leave the hospital in a day or two.

THOUSANDS DEAD.

Brazilian Troops Massacred by Fanatics—A Monster Battle Near Canados.

Terrible Rout of the Army. Whole Brigades of Soldiers Being Destroyed.

New York, July 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rio de Janeiro says that information received that city to the effect that more than 3,000 soldiers have been killed in a big battle near the site of Canados. The fanatics, numbering more than 10,000 men, all well armed, attacked the government troops. Whole brigades of the soldiers were swept down and destroyed, trampled under foot as the victorious fanatics, with shouts of triumph, passed over them.

The full extent of the loss of life cannot be told. There is no reasonable doubt, however, that the loss in killed on both sides is more than 3,000. For men around Canados the ground is strewn with the dead and dying. The government troops were compelled to bury their dead on the field and flee to save themselves from complete destruction in the avalanche of fanatics.

When the report of the awful battle reached Rio it was considered by the president and ministry, and it was decided to send the minister of war with 4,000 men to the scene next week. They will carry with them a great amount of ammunition, and will endeavor to lodge the fanatics from the positions they now hold.

Fighting has been in progress at Canados for several weeks. In the meantime, while the fanatics fought apparently with little heart, they have been gathering their forces in all directions. The result was the final attack on the government troops, which led to such an awful result.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

A Batch of Appointments—To Grant Dominion Lands.

Ottawa, July 31.—Judge Crease, of Grey, Ont., has been appointed a surrogate judge in admiralty for Grey, Bruce and Simcoe.

Justice McGillivray, of Prince Albert, has been appointed a commissioner to report on a charge against Sheriff Hughes, of Saskatchewan.

Mr. T. C. Johnstone, of Regina, has been appointed a commissioner to regulate certain charges preferred against various officials in Regina.

The appointment of Frank L. Cartwright to be an inspector of Mounted Police, is gazetted. So are the appointments of M. Armstrong, controller of railway mail service; N. R. Colter, post office inspector for New Brunswick, and R. M. Coulter, as deputy postmaster-general.

The minister of the interior has been given power to grant Dominion lands for sites for public schools instead of the Governor-General in council.

CLONDYKE CANOES.

Peterboro, July 29.—The Wm. English Canoe Company yesterday shipped six canoes to the Clondyke gold fields via Victoria, B. C.

A PROMITABLE SPECULATION.

San Francisco, July 29.—By far the greatest exodus of gold seekers bound for the Alaskan fields that has yet occurred from this city was witnessed yesterday, when the steamer Excelsior, chartered by the Alaska Commercial Company, left at 2 p.m. This is the last of the company's fleet which will connect with the Yukon river steamers this season. One passenger who paid \$150 for a ticket sold it for \$1,500. The ship carries 1100 passengers.

TO BUY THE CLAIMS.

A Novel Scheme to Obtain a Share of the Wealth of the Clondyke.

Other shipment of bacon in order to complete their outfit for a winter in the Yukon country. No man should undertake to enter the Yukon country after the middle of August by any of the passes that lead to the headwaters of the river. The undertaking is fraught with too much danger. What an Indian cannot accomplish in that country no white man should essay."

NITRO-GLYCERINE.

A Startling Explosion at the Hamilton Powder Co.'s Works.

Nanaimo, July 30.—An explosion of nitro-glycerine occurred at the Hamilton Powder Company's works near Departure Bay at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Walter Beattie, the operator at the works, gives the following account: "He had just mixed a quantity—about 100 pounds—of nitro-glycerine, and was about emptying it into the 'dum'—a large reservoir. He then discovered that there was a fire in the oil room on the second story. Seeing that it was an utter impossibility to extinguish the fire he immediately gave an alarm to the Chinamen below. He then ran out of the building, and was not ten yards away when the explosion of the 100 pounds of nitro-glycerine took place.

The explosion occurred in the "nitro-plant," blowing the entire roof off the building. The building and works are considerably wrecked. The nitro-glycerine standing on the floor below did not explode.

Mr. Beattie was thrown quite a distance in the air, and for some time was unconscious. That he escaped instant death is looked upon as a miracle. The two Chinamen started on a run, and it is known that they had not stopped when Northfield was reached.

Mr. J. W. Hygh, the foreman, while driving to the scene, had the misfortune to upset his vehicle on Departure Bay road, the sulky going over his body. Dr. Davis was fortunately on hand. Hygh is badly bruised about the legs and hands.

HASN'T MADE HIS FORTUNE.

Headlong, Cal., July 30.—William Jones, who left this city two years ago, and who is now mining on the Clondyke, in a letter to a friend says:

"I am sure by the time you receive this California will again be excited over the richness of the Alaska placers. Several mine owners from the Clondyke are going to San Francisco to cash in. While I believe the country is not so rich as the publicity of reaching this place, life is not unaccompanied with so many hardships. Sufficient timber is available for all purposes, and for five and a half months in summer the weather is delightful—clear and warm. I can work out of doors in his shirt sleeves, while many prefer camp life to indoor habitation.

"Money does not grow on the bushes here. I am working on the Clondyke where there are 31 gold veins and 200 hired men. I receive \$10 a day and can work from 125 to 150 days during the year. It costs me \$2 per day to live, and at this price I enjoy few of the luxuries. Aside from the difficulty of reaching this place, life is not unaccompanied with so many hardships. Sufficient timber is available for all purposes, and for five and a half months in summer the weather is delightful—clear and warm. I can work out of doors in his shirt sleeves, while many prefer camp life to indoor habitation.

THOROUGHLY ALIVE

Dominion Government Keenly Realizes Importance to Canada of the New Gold Fields.

Clear Voyage for Islander to Head of Lynn Canal—Four Mail Clerks Dismissed.

Ottawa, July 29.—The department of customs has been making efforts by communication with Washington to secure a clear voyage to the head of Lynn Canal for the steamer Islander, which left Victoria yesterday with custom officers on board for Dyea and Tagish. Under the conditions which existed up to yesterday, the Islander, which is of British registry, would have had to report at Juneau, and having put in at Juneau would, under the coasting laws, have been unable to proceed to Dyea, which is also, for the present, United States territory.

Hon. Mr. Patterson induced the authorities at Washington to make Dyea a support of customs, so that the Islander need not put in at Juneau, but can proceed straight to Dyea, at the head of Lynn Canal. A telegram was received this afternoon from the assistant secretary of the treasury at Washington stating that Juneau had been instructed by wire in regard to Dyea, and that the American consul at Victoria will shortly be informed of the establishment of the new port of entry.

Col. Herchmer, commissioner of the Northwest Mounted Police, is here consulting with Mr. Sifton as to which of the police will be drafted for service in the Yukon.

An order-in-council has been passed making regulations for the manufacture of tobacco and cigars from a mixture of foreign and domestic leaf, also granting drawback of duty on foreign leaf when manufactured in exported in bond. Acetic acid, when used in manufactures, has been made free of duty.

The postoffice department has decided to keep up communication along the north shore of Quebec and the Labrador peninsula this winter. Eight mails will be dispatched during the season. They will be carried by means of dog teams.

The services of four mail clerks in this division have been dispensed with by Postmaster-General Mulock. They are Arthur Moore, Mr. J. Kenny, H. H. Ferguson and S. Metcalfe.

A formal protest from Washington has been received against the refusal of the Dominion authorities to grant Canadian copyright to citizens of the United States.

LI HUNG TSAO DEAD.

Li Hung Chang's Chief Opponent Now Is Out of the Way.

London, July 28.—The Times' Peking correspondent says that Li Hung Tso, grand chancellor and member of the Taung Li Yamen, is dead. He was a believer in a strong foreign policy and was the chief opponent of Li Hung Chang, who will probably be promoted.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently cleanse the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please.

REVOLT IN INDIA

The Rising of the Natives Reported to be on a Large Scale—Repeated Attacks Made.

London, July 30.—The Daily News prints a dispatch from Malakand, showing that the rising of the natives is on a large scale. Each night, the dispatch says, a determined attack has been made, lasting until daylight.

Sinala, July 29.—The north camp at Malakand was abandoned yesterday afternoon, the troops concentrating on Kotal. The attack began at 8:30 on the previous evening and lasted until daylight yesterday.

Desultory firing continued throughout the day, the tribesmen driving in the pickets, of whom thirteen Sepoys were killed and forty-two wounded.

The Punjab infantry, led by Lieutenant Climo, in a succession of brilliant charges, drove back the great masses of the tribesmen, killing ninety. The enemy is collecting in large force and severe fighting is expected. Reinforcements have been sent to Dargah.

London July 29.—The Times this morning publishes a dispatch from Sinala, saying that the road from Mardian to Malakand seems free, as an officer with an escort of only four men passed safely along the road to the camp on Wednesday. In the fighting on Monday the tribesmen were repeatedly repulsed, but always returned to the attack and finally succeeded in penetrating to that part of the camp where the commissariat stores, the engineers' field park and the hazaar is situated. The native losses must have been severe, as thirty bodies were found at daylight, when the attackers retired into the valley.

Bombay, India, July 29.—Sirdar B. Nattu and Huropan Rampundar Nattu, who were arrested yesterday on a charge of disloyalty and eavesdropping the limits of the Poonah electoral law, have been deported, under the act empowering the viceroy to issue a warrant for arrest and deportation, without trial of persons known to be engaged in disloyal practices. The power of deportation has not been exercised for many years.

INDIA'S MONEY QUESTION.

London, July 29.—In the house of commons to-day, Sir Samuel Montagu, Radical member for Whitechapel, asked the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, whether in view of the great increase of notes and the large contraction of paper currency, the Indian government intended to coin on its own account silver rupees sufficient to place the currency on a sounder basis.

Lord George Hamilton replied that he was not sure that the Indian government had any such intention.

Bombay, July 29.—The situation at Camp Malakand has become very serious. Word has been received that the natives in large force made a second attack on the forts to-day. The fighting was severe. Thirteen of the British were killed and thirty were wounded, among the latter being Lieut. Catello. The tribesmen lost a hundred.

The worst feature of the situation is that the garrison is short of ammunition, and it is feared the whole supply will be exhausted before reinforcements arrive. It is reported that Madmullah has mustered at least 40,000 tribesmen.

PERUVIAN LEGISLATION.

The Attempt to Open Congress Attended With Riotous Scenes.

Lima, Peru, July 29.—Several exciting incidents have marked the attempt to open the Peruvian congress. As yet there has been no quorum, and just now it seems that the differences which have arisen may indefinitely postpone the decision.

The deputies who are government supporters, in order to avoid defeat by the opposition in the selection of a president for the chamber, retired before the session was called to order. This action on their part caused Deputy Durand to condemn in severe terms what he called the "Palace intrigues."

Great applause followed his vigorous attack on the government.

Deputy Durand, with several of his friends, started to leave the chamber after a few minutes. When they appeared on the street they were attacked by a crowd of Democrats who had gathered. Stones and sticks were hurled at them, and for a time a serious riot seemed imminent.

Finally Deputy Durand and his party reached the Hotel France, where they sought refuge. The crowd then surrounded the hotel and tried to force a way in. This was prevented by the proprietor, who stood in the doorway with the French flag and demanded protection for himself and property in the name of France. The police then dispersed the crowd.

"Last summer one of our grandfathers was sick with a severe bowel complaint," says Mrs. E. E. Gregory, of Frankfort, Mo. "Our doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief."

For sale by all druggists, Lantry & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.