

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, JULY 20, 1908.

NO MORE LIQUOR TO SCOTT ACT COUNTIES

House Passes Senate Bill Prohibiting Shipment

And in Future Dealers Can Sell no Liquor in "Dry" Places—Mr. Foster Riles Sir Frederick Borden Over Ross Rifle—Other Matters Discussed.

Ottawa, July 18.—The business of the last session of the tenth parliament was practically brought to a close tonight. The annual prorogation will take place at noon on Monday. At the morning sitting a bill was passed authorizing the national battlefields commission to acquire immediate possession of certain portions of the Plains of Abraham and St. Eloy. Sir Wilfrid Laurier explained that owing to the advance in price of land in the area intended to be purchased, the commission had asked to be placed in a position to conclude the purchase of certain lands upon which they had obtained options. Colonel Sam Hughes wanted the Ross rifle factory to be taken over.

The bill from the senate relating to the water carriage of goods was called on motion of Mr. Fielding but upon protest by the opposition against such an important measure being brought in so late in the session the bill was left over.

The bill amending the Scott act so as to prohibit liquor from being taken into counties which are under the act from counties in which it may be legally sold, was passed.

Mr. Foster drew attention to the memorial of the Manufacturers' Association requesting relief from the duties on woolen goods. He stated that the woolen industry and asked what reply had been sent by the government.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he had sent a reply as follows:—

"Ottawa, July 16.

"Canadian Manufacturers' Association,

"Toronto.

"The government regrets that with the present information they are unable to agree with the proposals respecting increased duties on wool goods. In a country with the climate of Canada the cost of woolen clothing becomes a question of very great importance and what would be called a necessity of life naturally arouses much opposition among the consumers and their representatives. The government have on more than one occasion given evidence of their appreciation of the importance of the woolen industry and their desire to give reasonable encouragement to it. They hope that to some extent the difficulties the manufacturers are meeting are not due to tariff conditions but to a depression in trade which they believe is but temporary. This view is supported by the fact that in the neighboring republics where a very high wool tariff is in operation, there has been trade depression. The government with regard to the people of all sections of the country, feel that this is not the moment at which they should adopt a policy of increased taxation, especially on articles of a necessary character. The complaints that have been made by the woolen trade as to the results of the customs laws are being carefully looked into, and if it is ascertained that they be well founded the proper remedy will be applied. The question of tariff revision is a very serious one and the government cannot possibly be dealt with in the few hours of this session that remain. We can assure the manufacturers that we are fully appreciative of the industry and that if we cannot at this stage, meet their wishes, it is because we are obliged to consider the wishes of all classes throughout the country.

[Signed].

"WILFRID LAURIER."

At this afternoon's sitting after some important matters had been disposed of, Mr. Foster arose and made his criticism of the militia department. There were several sharp exchanges between the ex-charge minister and the minister of militia. Sir Frederick Borden at times grew very angry and frequently interrupted Mr. Foster. Mr. Foster dealt especially with the contract entered into by the minister of militia with the Ross Rifle Company for bayonets, aggregating \$200,000. He pointed out that at the outset the minister gave the company 12 acres of land in Quebec as a site for one of their depots, before he received a single rifle had paid out to the company more than \$500,000, this said Mr. Foster, was a very large sum of money. He said the company also with its capital. Now while under the contract for bayonets, which was entered into without the knowledge of parliament, the government paid \$3.25 per bayonet, the cost of a bayonet in the United States was \$1.45 and \$3 in Great Britain. Sir Frederick Borden wanted to know where the hon. member got his information. "Let the minister ask his own officers," retorted Mr. Foster. "The hon. member has been getting around among my officers, has he?" asked Sir Frederick. "Are they your officers?" was the reply. "More than they are yours," snapped the minister. Then he added, "I suppose the hon. member has been going around my officers as he did in the marine department with the late accountant." As to this Mr. Foster wanted to declare the insinuation was untrue and demanded its retraction. "It won't be retracted," returned Sir Frederick, but a minute later, upon an intimation of the deputy-speaker, he accepted Mr. Foster's denial and the latter proceeded. "The minister has referred to them as his officers," remarked Mr. Foster in the course of his further remarks, rubbing in the incident of the relation. "Well," interrupted the war minister, "they are in my occupation at present." "Unfortunately," observed Mr. Foster, "That's only your opinion," was the rejoinder. Sir Frederick Borden, in the course of his reply, said that without asking the sanction of parliament, Mr. Foster himself, in 1896, bought bayonets in England for \$2.71 each, and if the present duty were added to that it would bring the price up to \$4.46. Today the war office was paying \$3.11 1/2, and adding the Canadian duty, about \$4 each. Two tenders were received for the bayonets, the Ottawa Car Company bid at \$5.45 and the Ross Rifle Company at \$6.25 and the contract was awarded to the lowest tenderer. Mr. Borden, of Algoma, commented upon what he termed the suspicious conduct of Mr. Sifton in getting 1,500 miles away from the capital to make his denial of the charges brought against him. The telegram read by Sir Wilfrid Laurier from the ex-minister of interior, Mr. Borden declared was of a character that would have precluded its use in the house by (Continued on page 7).

ST. JOHN SOLDIER THROWN FROM TRAIN

Sergt. Tilley P. Urquhart Killed While en route to Quebec

Sergt. Edward Murray Painfully Injured at Same Time—Both Men Belonged to 62nd Regiment—Urquhart Died in Moncton Hospital.

Moncton, July 19.—While the military special with the Sixty-second Regiment of St. John was running about forty miles an hour east, a mile east of Harcourt at 1 o'clock this morning Sergeant Tilley P. Urquhart, of D Company, St. John, Sergeant Edward Murray, of A Company, St. John, accidentally fell from the train, Urquhart being seriously injured that he died in Moncton Hospital at 7 o'clock this evening. Sergeant Edward Murray also received injuries but will recover. The train was in charge of Conductor Wilson Marshall, but none of the train hands witnessed the accident. Sergeant Murray, who regained consciousness shortly after the accident, gave the following account of it: As the train was nearing Harcourt, Sergeant Urquhart left his own car and went into another car. Sergeant Murray was trying to get Urquhart to return to his own car and as they reached the platform passing from one car to the other the train lurched throwing both Urquhart and Murray from the car. Urquhart, it seems, pitched out on his head, while Murray clutched the railing and saved himself from a similar fall. The latter alighted on his feet but was thrown heavily to the ground, receiving a bad cut on the head. When he partially recovered he found Urquhart lying near him insensible. Urquhart had struck his forehead on a pile of stones and as later discovered, fractured his skull.

Several of the soldiers witnessed the affair and reported to Conductor Marshall, who immediately stopped the train, ran back and picked up the injured men. Dr. Mackay, surgeon of the regiment, did everything possible for Urquhart, but it was impossible to revive him. Both soldiers were carried to New Brunswick and then placed on Boyle's eastbound special and brought to Moncton, arriving here between 6 and 7 this morning. Both injured men were sent to the City Hospital and were attended by Dr. L. C. Harris.

Sergeant Urquhart was found to have a badly fractured skull and although everything possible was done for him he never regained consciousness. Sergeant Murray is suffering from a deep cut two inches long over the left eye but his injuries are not serious. He will be in the hospital for a few days, he being very sore from the severe shaking up.

Sergeant Urquhart was between 30 and 35 years of age and belonged to St. John where his wife lives. Five men from the stretcher corps came to Moncton with the injured men. The men were Corporal Thompson, privates Thomas Stone, Harry Quinn, Patrick Walsh and Cove. They leave on the Ocean Liner tomorrow to rejoin their regiment at Quebec.

Tonight Coroner Harris issued papers for an inquest which will be held tomorrow morning. The evidence of Sergeant Murray will be taken and the adjournment will probably be made until the regiment returns from Quebec to get the evidence of the witnesses of the accident. Colonel McLaren, P. M. O. Local District No. 8, is expected here tomorrow to hold a military court of inquiry.

Sergt. Tilley P. Urquhart was about twenty-five years of age and leaves a wife and two children. He resided at 17 Brimley street in the employ of the Vulcan Iron foundry, Capt. F. H. Elliott, of D Company, of which the deceased was a member, speaks well of the young man as a soldier and industrious, and a conscientious and painstaking non-commissioned officer of the regiment. The funeral of the accident was received by Chief of Police Clark yesterday morning, and he set about finding the injured man's relatives. They were located at the family apartment a day of surprise to give way only by the most terrible news of the young man's death. This was brought by Col. White, D.O.C., early in the evening. The young wife was prostrated with grief, though many sympathizing friends gathered here to console with her. Sergt. Urquhart was also survived by his mother, Mrs. W. G. Reicker, wife of the late Sergt. Reicker, who was aged three years and sixteen months. Sergt. Edward Murray, who was also injured, is a married man, whose home is at 260 Sydney street. He is employed in the Pender Nail Works. Many inquiries were made at the Daily Telegraph office last night for definite word, as to the reports of the sad occurrence.

MALDEN WOMAN SAW HER HUSBAND DROWN

Weirs, N.H., July 19.—Walter D. Martin, of Malden, Mass., who has been spending the summer with his wife and two children on Pine Island in Lake Winnepesaukee, was drowned in the lake this noon while rowing in front of his cottage and within sight of his wife. Mr. Martin started out in a row-boat for a row on the lake, his wife watching him from the piazza of their cottage. When about 50 feet from shore the boat capsized. Mrs. Martin saw her husband sink and then she collapsed. Mr. Martin was a graduate of Boston University. He lived at 90 Hudson street and was president of the Malden Common Council, having served three years in that body.

BRYAN AND TAFT WILL BOTH REFUSE MONEY FROM CORPORATIONS

Fairview, Lincoln, July 19.—The statement of W. H. Taft, at Hot Springs, Va., yesterday, that the Republican National Committee would not accept any contributions from corporations in his campaign, was viewed here with more than ordinary interest. Mr. Bryan gave it his special attention. In fact, so impressed was the statement that he dictated the following statement: "We welcome him to this advanced group of financial friends and announce that all individual contributions above a reasonable minimum will be made known before the election."

Don't Howl With Neuralgia.

Cure it now—drive it out for all time. Rub on Nervalline, it's quick, death to neuralgia, rheumatism, or lumbago. Sure cure guaranteed with every 25c bottle of Polson's Nervalline.

SEARCH FOR WORK EXHAUSTED HIM

Pitiful Story of Daniel Myers, Aged Richibucto Man.

He Was Found by Police on the Steps of Broad Street House After he Had Tramped the Streets All Night—He is Now in the Hospital.

Worn out, weak and ill, Daniel Myers, aged sixty-six years, who had come here from Richibucto seeking work, fell exhausted in the doorway of a house in Broad street, early Saturday morning, and was found by Police Sergt. Campbell, who responded to a call for the police to look after the poor old man.

He was too weak to talk much and said that after wandering around the streets all night he did not know where he had fallen exhausted and lay asleep where he was found. He had spent some nights at the Salvation Army travellers' home. When some suggested brandy as a stimulant the old man said no, but if he could have a hot cup of tea he would like it.

Sergt. Campbell had him brought to the central police station, where he was put under a blanket and something to eat was procured for him by the sergeant, but all he could do was sup a little of the tea. Dr. James Christie was called and after examination, ordered him taken to the hospital, where he now is.

It was said at the hospital last evening that he had responded well to treatment given him, and was in no danger. He was worn out and weak. He told the doctor there the same story as told to the police, that he came here to seek work and was worn out walking about. All the money he had was forty cents.

REV. MR. KELLY AT EVERY DAY CLUB

Excellent Address on Character Building Delivered Last Evening.

Out of the temptations that come to him in life a man may build a jewelled character that will shine forever. This was the keynote of a brilliant address by Rev. E. W. Kelly at the Every Day Club last evening. He pointed out that men are surrounded on every side by temptations, which even seek to make the exercise of a virtue merge into sin. Thus the generous man might become a prodigal even to the extent of lavishing upon others that which was not his own, while the man who was rightly economical might live in time becoming penurious and mean. People lived to overcome temptation, and in the process they gained strength and moral character. Mr. Kelly emphasized the importance of being associated with worthy causes, and working for the good of others, private Thomas Stone, Harry Quinn, Patrick Walsh and Cove. They leave on the Ocean Liner tomorrow to rejoin their regiment at Quebec.

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SATURDAY'S RUSH AT THE UNION ENORMOUS

The Union Clothing Co., Charlotte street, certainly had the clothing buyers Saturday, and well they might as never has there been a cut price clearance sale in the clothing and furnishing line as this one. As to this week will draw large crowds to their store as extra bargains are offered for the week and they are such that are not to be missed. 7:30-11.

PROFESSOR DAUBO AND HIS REALISTIC PAINTING



MR. COHOE DEALS WITH GRAFT EVIL

Stirring Address by Pastor of Brussels Street Church

He Scores Business Men Who Invest in the Fortunes of a Political Party With the Expectation of a Handsome Profit When Chance Comes.

Preaching in Brussels street Baptist church last evening on Canadian Missions, Rev. A. B. Cohoe, pastor of the church, made interesting reference to public life and the evil of graft. He said that the idea of the Canadian had changed in the last fifteen or twenty years; whereas, he formerly felt himself to be doomed to comparative poverty by reason of his citizenship in a country not too well favored, at the present time the discovery of the great natural resources of the dominion convinced the Canadian that he possessed opportunities for acquiring wealth beyond to be in the world; and this fact, said the preacher, constituted the great national advantage, and also the great national temptation, because there was a tendency to place the acquisition of wealth in the wrong place.

There were, he said, various illustrations of this in the national life and one was the fact that the great issue in the political discussion of the land was that of graft. The speaker intimated that the fact of this "grafting" such a supreme place indicated not only the existence of graft, but in the popular mind that there were few other subjects which occupied a more important place.

Rev. Mr. Cohoe said he did not want to be accused of saying that the men who represented them in the various legislative assemblies of the dominion were men who were in politics for the profit they could make out of it, for the experience of politicians would scarcely justify that conclusion, but one indication of the extent to which the political parties were being used for the profit of individual citizens was the fact that business men, certain business men at least, considered an investment in the fortunes of a political party to be an investment always certain eventually to pay a handsome dividend.

The fact that "graft" was the case, he said, was simply one manifestation of a deeper evil which was in the danger of poisoning the whole land and that constituted the need for persistent presentation of the moral and spiritual ideals of the Christian religion.

CARDINAL GIBBONS DEPLORES AMERICAN POLITICAL CONDITIONS

New York, July 18.—Political conditions were discussed by Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, before he sailed today for here with other Catholic dignitaries on the Pilgrimage to Rome. "I am much concerned over the political conditions of this country," said the Cardinal. "There seems to be such a general trend toward selfishness in the great mass of our people that thinking men must realize that the problem must be met without delay. There is no politics without morality. There is no morality without religion, and without religion there is no God. Politics today men will sell their vote for money and a half. Corrupt political bosses lead men to vote either way they choose. Men are nominated and elected by money and influence. Commenting on the coming election the cardinal said: "No matter who is elected I do not fear for my country's welfare. I have perfect confidence. It is the duty that confronts the next President."

"Jeweler—You say the inscription you saw engraved on the inside of this ring is to be 'Marcellus to Irene'?" "Young Man (somewhat embarrassed)—Yes, that's right. But—don't cut the 'Irene' very deep—Harper's Weekly."

"If you do not take care of your money," said the Ait to the Grasshopper, "the world will simply smear, and ask what you did with it." "Yes; and if I invest it and become rich, the world will smear and ask me where I got it."

THE AMERICAN TRADE WITH CANADA SHOWS ENORMOUS INCREASE

Sold This Country \$222,000,000 Worth Last Year—Say 58,000 People Emigrated.

Washington, D. C., July 19.—Canadian progress is outlined in the introduction of the annual series of consular reports on trade between the two countries. The department of commerce and labor. The total trade for the calendar year, 1907, according to the figures published by the department, was \$272,825,000, an increase of \$27,825,000 over the previous year. This increase was maintained in the face of the preferential tariff, which gave the United Kingdom an advantage of about thirty per cent. in the customs duties. The imports from the United Kingdom were \$80,840,000, an increase of \$10,204,000 over the previous year. Exports to the United Kingdom decreased \$5,488,000. Capital from the United States has been invested in Canada in one hundred and fifty important industries since 1897. The imports from the United States during 1907 was \$58,000, and the estimated proportion brought by these immigrants was \$19,000,000.

The mineral production in 1907, was \$222,825,000, an increase of \$6,183,000 over 1906. The wheat crop now averages approximately 100,000,000 bushels annually. In 1907, fifteen hundred miles of railway were constructed and the total mileage in operation at the beginning of the present year was a little short of twenty-eight thousand.

Substantially all the importations of electrical apparatus are from the United States, but the United States only supplies 12 per cent. of the textile imports. The production of woolen goods from the United Kingdom, increased from \$10,000,000 in 1900 to \$21,000,000 in 1906. The number of Canadian woolen mills declined from 157 to 103.

A barn on Westmoreland road was burned early this morning. The building was the property of Rev. James Ross.

AUTO STRUCK BY TRAIN; SIX KILLED

Fatal Accident at Pennsylvania Railway Crossing

Machine Was Waiting on Track For Freight Train to Pass When Express Train Gave Sixty Miles an Hour Struck it With Fatal Result.

Columbia City, Ind., July 18.—Charles Sherman King, his wife, two daughters, a girl friend of the daughters, and the chauffeur, all of Fort Wayne, were instantly killed at a Pennsylvania crossing near here this afternoon, when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by the east-bound Manhattan limited, running sixty miles an hour.

Charles Sherman King, Mrs. King, Josephine King, aged 12, Catherine King, aged 14, Fayne Bradshaw, aged 14, Carl Timmons, chauffeur. The party was in a Glidden touring car bound for the King cottage at Lake Waasa, to spend the day. The accident occurred on the east-bound track of the crossing waiting for the passage of a west-bound freight.

The east-bound train crashing around a sharp curve was unseen and unheard by the automobile party, until almost on the crossing. The chauffeur made a frantic effort to back the car from the track, but he was too late, and an instant later the locomotive crashed into the machine, smashing it to splinters and hurrying the occupants in all directions. None of the victims lived more than two minutes after the crash.

Mr. King was financial agent for the Prudential Life Insurance Co., Northern Indiana.

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QUEBEC CROWDED WITH MERRY VISITORS

Twenty-five Thousand People Have Already Arrived

Soldiers and Sailors Paraded to Church Yesterday—Distinctly Gushed French Guests are Welcomed—French Societies Parade.

Quebec, July 19.—Twenty-five thousand is the estimate made by railway officials of the gathering of visitors now in Quebec for the tercentenary celebration, which opened today. With excursion rates in force yesterday every train and boat arriving here is bringing hundreds of strangers and the transportation companies are experiencing conditions unknown to this portion of the province. "One striking characteristic of the crowds that disembark at the stations so far as that they are largely composed of old Quebecers and people with friends and relatives in the city. The influx from the United States up to tonight has been small, but the fact that the main features of the festivities do not start until the prince arrives on Wednesday probably accounts for this in a large measure.

Parades of soldiers and sailors to church this morning and a ceremony at the Champlain monument on the terrace were the principal features today. Headed by the band of the Exmouth, the Roman Catholic soldiers of both the French and British warships attended last morning in the Basilica at 3 o'clock this morning. By special request made early last week a sermon in English was preached, the preacher being Father Maguire, three hundred sailors from the British vessels attended the different city churches in small numbers.

Soldiers from the camp of the permanent force on Deshaiberry street and the militia also marched to church, the main divisions being the R. C. R., headed by the regimental band to the seminary chapel, the R. C. A., headed by the bugle band to the Cathedral and the Eighth Royal Rifles with their own band to St. Andrews. The military and naval features to the services at the churches drew large congregations, while the streets were lined with people to witness the going and coming of the soldiers and sailors.

An odd incident developed in the return of three detachments to their respective quarters. Three bands all playing met on St. Louis street near the court house and the result in harmonies was somewhat terrifying. No one of the three, and one was a bugle band, yielded to the other and until their lines of march diverged the crowds on the sidewalks were given a novel entertainment.

Among the distinguished parties to attend divine service in the morning were Lord Roberts with Lady Grey, Lady Bruce and Captain Pickering went to the cathedral. Lord Grey crossed over to the Albatross and attended the service on the warship. The Duke of Norfolk and Lovat were present at the celebration. A high mass in the cathedral was given today and the staff are now receiving the incoming detachments from Montreal and Quebec cities and the Maritime Provinces.

The programme for Monday contains no feature of note. In the morning, mounted heralds at arms and men of the watch will appear in the streets costumed as in the time of Champlain. The heralds will proceed through the city, stopping at all important places and will make official announcements in connection with the celebration. In the evening, the congress of French speaking physicians of North America will open.

The most interesting event of the day will be the arrival of the United States battleship, the USS Oregon, at the New Hampshire wharf. The USS Oregon was reported off the Saguenay River at 1 o'clock this afternoon and is delaying her arrival until tomorrow morning. Among the arrivals of interest today were the Marquis de Levis, the Marquis de Levis de Mirepoix, his son and Count de Mirepoix. They reached the city this evening, having travelled from France via New York. They were met at the station by a delegation of citizens and officers of the European committee.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island comes on Wednesday. Thousands today visited the tented city which is now complete in every detail and open to receive guests. Office clerks, bell boys, waiters and the 700 attendants are all at their posts. Decorations throughout the city are making tremendous advances. The city hall is a magnificent sight by night.

PERSONALS

H. A. Powell, K.C., returned on Saturday from Fredericton. Edmund W. Lamer, who is on the G. W. staff at Chipman, was here on Sunday and will return to Chipman today.

Alps, Joseph L. Carleton, 50 Peter street, will receive her friends Wednesday afternoon and evening, July 22nd. James H. Pullen is able to be out again after the runaway accident in which he was injured on Friday.

Rev. James Likely, of Indiana, a brother of Joseph A. Likely, is paying a visit to the latter, and preached on Sunday in the Exmouth street Methodist church, with which he was connected when a youth. Rev. Mr. Likely has not been in St. John for forty-six years past. He will spend the remainder of the summer here. Misses Jack has gone on a salmon fishing trip to Margaree (N. S.). G. W. Ganong, M.P., and Mrs. Ganong, of Stephen, were at the Victoria on Saturday.

James Edgett, of Fredericton, was registered at the Victoria on Saturday. Mrs. Edward Smith and young son, of Buffalo, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Buchanan, 138 Prince William street, after an absence of two and a half years. En route to St. John, Mrs. Smith spent a day with her brother, George Buchanan, in Sydney.

Miss Hattie Tweedie, of Moncton, was at the Royal on Saturday. L. Price, of Chipman, was registered at the Dufferin on Saturday.

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMS.

Many young people of the eighth grade who have taken the strictly modern course prescribed by the Currie Business University, Ltd., are today earning far more money than the average teacher in the high school. The employment bureau records show many young men and women who came fresh from the eighth grade who are today earning from \$500 to \$1,000 a year.

A GREAT SEND OFF FOR SOLDIER BOYS

Throngs see Local Detachment Entrain for Tercentenary

Busy Scene at Union Depot on Saturday Evening—Col. White, D. O. C. Delivers Hearty Address Filled With Advice to Soldiers.

Amid much cheering from the crowds which thronged the I. C. R. depot, the local troops left for Quebec by special train on Saturday at 8:30 p. m., to take part in the tercentenary celebrations. The streets in the neighborhood of the station and the open space in front of the depot were filled with expectant sight-seers long before the departure of the train was expected. The train was scheduled to leave at 8 o'clock, but the arrival of the troops was somewhat delayed, and it was 7:45 when the first strains of the military band were heard as the men came down Mill street.

On arrival at the depot the militiamen were inspected by Col. White, D. O. C., who also addressed the men and urged them to keep a good account of themselves and return safe and sound. The artillery was in charge of Major S. B. Smith and the 2nd Regiment was in command of Major J. E. McAvoy.

Including officers and men, the total number which left on the special train was 407. The battery of artillery was composed of 102 men and six officers and the 2nd contingent of 532 men and thirty officers.

The train consisted of nine colonias, a kitchen car, and a sleeper at the rear for the officers. A plentiful supply of sandwiches and other light refreshments were provided, and in the kitchen car the men could obtain a supply of hot coffee. The train was expected to reach Quebec about 4 p. m. on Sunday.

MANY SUNDAY DROWNINGS IN NEW ENGLAND

Portland, Me., July 19.—William P. Cassidy, aged 16, son of William Cassidy, of 63 Waterville street, was drowned in the Stroudwater River this afternoon by the overturning of a punt. Cassidy, a boy of about the same age, was rescued with difficulty, and was unconscious when brought ashore. The other boys in the boat, Daniel Rowe, Henry McDonnell and John Wallace, succeeded in reaching the shore and were unhurt. The boys were given a novel race when they were capsized.

Fall River, Mass., July 19.—Roy, the 11-year-old son of Alphonso Gifford, was drowned at Benoit's Lodge here today. The lad could not swim and got beyond his depth while in bathing. The other boys in the boat, Daniel Rowe, Henry McDonnell and John Wallace, succeeded in reaching the shore and were unhurt. The boys were given a novel race when they were capsized.

Boston, Mass., July 19.—Harold Coffin, aged 12 years, of 15 Blossom Court, was drowned while swimming in the Charles River today. He swam into the swift current when his strength failed. The body has not been recovered.

Hudson, Mass., July 19.—W. Phillip Bron, aged 35 years, head bookkeeper for the firm of Lake & Knowles, Cambridge, was drowned in the Lake. He swam alone early this morning. Mr. Bron came to the lake Friday night, to spend a few days with friends at the Macdonald cottage. Early this morning he went out on the lake in a canoe with Frank E. Tripp, also of Cambridge, for an early morning paddle. They had paddled about 50 yards, to a point in front of the Only Club, when the canoe upset. Bron, who was making the canoe, sank immediately. Tripp tried to lasso help and swim for the shore, falling in a faint as he reached the shore.

Walter O. Brown, who heard Tripp's cries, dove into the lake in his street clothes, and swam to the spot where the canoe had overturned. He dove several times, but was unable to recover the body. John H. Peters and Edward Stanton, of the Only Club, also swam out to the lake and diving at the same time almost immediately resurfaced, each with a firm grip upon the body of Mr. Bron. Dr. Fred D. Magnus and others worked over the body, and although the man had been in the water but six minutes, life could not be revived.

ROYAL BANK'S NEW QUARTERS.

The Royal Bank of Canada today moved its other handsome new offices in the building recently completed at the corner of King and Canterbury streets. This afternoon from 4 to 6 an informal reception will be held when any persons desirous of inspecting the new premises will be shown around by Manager T. B. Blair and his staff.

"What, then," asked the professor, "is the exact difference between logic and sophistry?" "Well," replied the bright student, "it's the difference between your line of argument and the other fellow's—Philadelpia Press."

DOCTOR FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, Colic, Stomach Complaints and all Fluxes of the Bowels are relieved by everyone as an extraordinary medicine.

These capsules are too small to be easily taken, but they are so powerful that a few will cure the most obstinate cases of the above ailments. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been used in thousands of cases during the last sixty-three years.

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Don't let these capsules go to waste. Don't let these capsules go to waste. Don't let these capsules go to waste. Don't let these capsules go to waste. Don't let these capsules go to waste