The Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

Gilbert Parker's New Book,
THE LANE THAT HAD NO TURNING
G. N. Morang & Co
Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR — SIXTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 23—SIXTEEN PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room

DANGER POINT IN FAR EAST FACED BY JAPAN AND RUSSIA

Little Islanders Will Oppose at All Costs Secret Agreements Between the Bear and the Celestial Aiming to Encroach Upon Corea.

London, March 22.—The Foreign Office takes a pessimistic view of the immediate future in the Far East in spite of the settlement of the Tien Tsin incident, and entertains grave fears that the relations between Japan and Russia may shortly reach the danger point.

Judging from information obtained in various official quarters in London, Japan has confided to at least some of the powers her determination to oppose at all costs any secret agreements made between Russia and China, by which the former could secure territorial or other advantages contiguous to Corea.

The British Government has received no official confirmation that the Japanese fleet is mobilizing, but it would not be surprised to learn that such were the fact.

Japan Wants a Free Hand.

A highly placed British official said to a representative of the Associated Press today:

"All Japan wants is a free hand against Russia. This she has got so far as England and Germany are concerned, and, I presume, so far as the United States Government is concerned, altho I do not imagine for one moment that any of the powers mentioned would be drawn into a war between Japan and Russia. If Japan sees nothing for it but to fight, she would have the moral support of objections committed to paper by at least two other powers against secret treaties with China. That is all; but Japan seems to consider it sufficient to provide against interference."

Main Question Unsettled.

Confirmation of the foregoing definition of the situation was afforded by the secretary of the Japanese legation, who said in the course of an interview: "While rejoicing at the fact that England and Russia have reached a pacific settlement over the minor issue, the main question—the integrity of the Chinese Empire—remains unsettled. In response to pressure brought by Japan upon Russia, it was announced that Russia's secret treaties with China had been modified; but the terms have been withheld. Until we see the treaties, we will not be satisfied that the modification does not consist of words merely, without any alteration in the spirit.

Settlement of Tien Tsin.

"In our contention, we believe other powers will support us." It appears that Great Britain would be quite willing to refer the whole Manchurian matter to arbitration on the lines of The Hague conference. The Tien Tsin siding affair is not considered important enough to be disposed of in this way, and it will immediately become a matter of diplomatic interchange between St. Petersburg and London.

RELATIONS HAD BEEN CRITICAL

Between Britain and Russia, But Matters Have Calmed Down.

London, March 22.—In the House to-day the Indian Secretary, Lord George Hamilton, explained that the relations between Great Britain and Russia in China at one time had been critical. If a collision had occurred it would have been difficult to foresee the ultimate consequences. Therefore it was impossible to make a statement until the negotiations had reached a final, satisfactory settlement. Lord Lansdowne only received the acceptance of Russia to the terms suggested by Great Britain, as he was leaving the Foreign Office for the House of Lords. Lord Lansdowne possessed facts which were unknown to any other Minister, and knowing how far the negotiations had gone he felt he ought to tell the House, when asked a question on the subject.

Russia Has Not Infringed.

London, March 22.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, asking whether the Government proposed to request Germany to act with reference to Russia's action in Manchuria, the Foreign Under Secretary, Lord Cranborne, replied that the Russian Government had repeatedly declared its intention to respect the integrity of China, and the British Government was not aware that Russia had infringed it.

French and English Generals Dined

Tien Tsin, March 22.—General Ballloud (French) and General Lorne Campbell (British) are dining together here this evening. The offending French soldiers at Tien Tsin have been punished, and assurances have been given that the offensive conduct of the French troops will not occur again.

The Russians, besides withdrawing their guards from the railroad property, have removed the demarcation flags which fixed the boundaries of the concession, and before which the sentries were stationed.

Cashiered the General.

London, March 22.—A special despatch from Shanghai says Gen. Tseng Chi, the Tartar general commanding in Manchuria, has been ordered to be cashiered and tried for having consented to the Russo-Chinese Manchurian treaty. This is regarded as showing that the Government is yielding to the demands of the Viceroys and foreign Ministers who opposed the treaty.

ALL QUIET AT TIEN TSIN.

Count Von Waldersee Wires Berlin That Difficulty Has Been Settled From a Military Standpoint.

Berlin, March 22.—he War Office has received the following from Count Von Waldersee:

"The Anglo-Russian dispute at Tien Tsin has been settled from a military standpoint in a manner satisfactory to both parties, at a conference between Gen. Wogack and Gen. Barrow. Both guards and posts have been withdrawn, and salutes have been exchanged.

"The British declare that no offence to the Russian flag was intended, and that the alleged removal of the Russian boundary marks was neither by the command nor with the knowledge of the military authorities.

"The work on the disputed land will not be continued until the Governments have reached an agreement as to its possession, until a special understanding has been attained."

Russian End of It.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—A despatch from Pekin, giving the Russian account of the affair, says: "The British military authorities have acknowledged that the land was at the time under the protection of the Russian detachment, and that three Russian boundary posts had been removed without their knowledge. The difference will now be peacefully settled by judicial investigation."

BOERS KEEPING OUT OF REACH AND BRITISH HARASSING THEM

Col. Scovill Engaged a Couple of Commandoes and Killed Four Men—200 Prisoners, 140,000 Sheep, 5000 Horses and a Host of Cattle Captured by the British.

Cape Town, March 22.—The Boer raiders in the eastern part of Cape Colony are, with the exception of almost daily skirmishes, keeping out of the reach of the British. Col. Scovill engaged Commandant Fouche and Commandant Malan near Blawkrantz, March 20. Three British were killed and four wounded, and four Boers were killed. The number of Boer wounded has not been ascertained.

Commandant Kritzinger is marching steadily northward.

It is officially reported that Gen. Dewet's commandoes have been broken up for the present. This is probably to give the men a rest.

Still Gathering Them In.

Bloemfontein, March 22.—The result of the combined movements against Gen. Fourie near Thabanchu was the capture of 200 Boers, 140,000 sheep, 5000 horses and a host of cattle. The Boers broke southward to the right and left.

MORE BOER PRISONERS SENT IN.

Strings Are Being Tightened in the Orange River Colony.

Bloemfontein, Orange River Colony, March 22.—Military operations in the southeastern part of the Orange River Colony are progressing. Major Julian Byng has brought in 300 refugees, 16,000 cattle and 40,000 sheep from the Wepener and Smithfield districts. Col. Bethune has sent in 17 prisoners from Thabanchu. Three hundred prisoners are now encamped here.

AFTER CANADA SOUTHERN.

"It is thought that the buying of Canada Southern has been by other interests than the Vanderbilts," says The New York Financial News. "The Vanderbilt people have been quietly picking up the stock, but the new buying is said to be by parties for account of the Grand Trunk, preparatory to making a bid for property at the expiration of present arrangement with the Michigan Central."

Smoke Alive Bollard's Cool Mixture. Buy Patent Capsorl Pipe, always clean. 50c. ed

A Record Breaker.

What is probably the largest poultice on record has just been turned out by Jones & Co., 37 Yonge-street, to the order of a gentleman living on Jarvis-street. The size when spread out is 3½ feet wide by 10½ feet long. This poultice is made of Indurated Fibre Board and is the exact counterpart in every way of their celebrated Niagara Vapor Bath Cabinets at $6. It is warranted to keep the user in good health by drawing out of the system all poisonous secretions through the five million pores with which the human body is provided for that purpose.

Resolve on a new suit of clothes for Easter, resolve on having a stylish, seasonable, well-fitting suit by leaving the order with Hobberlin Bros. & Co., 153 Yonge-st., whose fame is great with all careful men-dressers.

No Other Case Like It.

New York, March 22.—Dr. John Grant Lyman's seat on the Stock Exchange has been sold. He retires after only three months' occupancy. It is unprecedented for a member of less than three months' standing to sell out his seat.

All druggists sell Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Price 10c. 246

Cough and Hoarseness After Grip.

Brumell's Cough Drops has no equal for that night cough. 25c, Bingham's Pharmacy, opposite Shea's. 246

To-night at the Church of Christ, Cecil St., B. H. Hayden will give God's Message to human lives.

A FORTUNE OF $125,000.

Mrs. J. O. Drouin of Montreal Comes Into a Nice Legacy by Decision of the Court.

Montreal, March 22.—(Special.)—By a judgment just rendered by Judge Chester of the Supreme Court of New York, Mrs. J. O. Drouin, wife of Mr. J. O. Drouin of the firm of Drouin & Drouin, notaries, has come into possession of a fortune valued at $125,000. Madame Drouin is the elder daughter of the late John Demers, who died intestate about a year ago. The relatives of the deceased claimed the fortune, and ignored the claims of Madame Drouin. Action was taken, and judgment was given as above.

B.H. Hayden, formerly State Evangelist in New York, has a message for you in Church of Christ, Cecil St., to-night.

Canada Radiator Co.

The Canada Radiator Company, whose prospectus appeared in this paper several weeks ago, report that the allotment of stock was very satisfactory, and the directors are not concerned whether any more stock is sold or not, though the field for the radiators is so extensive that there is scarcely a limit to the amount of capital that can be profitably employed.

The directors are exceedingly gratified at the reception that their radiator is receiving by the public, and the trade is general, and everything points to an enormous trade for the coming season. They have found it necessary to import several car loads of castings to supply the trade until the foundry is in working order, which will be not later than May 1.

Patents.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington.

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c.

Investment in Central Property.

The three-storey building, 10 and 12 Temperance-street, opposite new City Hall, will be sold at a sacrifice price if taken without delay. Full particulars on application to J. L. Troy, 52 Adelaide East. 6

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

AFTER MAYOR ARBUTHNOT

Petition Asking the Chief Magistrate of Winnipeg to Resign Over Railway Question.

HIS WORSHIP SAYS HE WILL DO IT

And Run Against the Strongest Man They Can Put Up—Roblin Libel Suit.

Winnipeg, March 22.—(Special.)—Certain parties have formulated a petition calling upon Mayor Arbuthnot to resign, because they are dissatisfied with the stand taken by him on the railway question.

His Worship, when interviewed regarding the matter this morning, said: "I am perfectly willing to resign any minute, and run against any of their best men, even Mr. Roblin, if he will run. I looked up the law on this point this morning, and found there is nothing to prevent him from holding the two positions. In that way we would be able to get down to facts, and ascertain the feeling of the city on the matter."

His Worship also pointed on that the letters received from certain reeves and mayors thruout the province, in answer to the letter sent out by him, endorsing the resolution passed at the public meeting in the Winnipeg Theatre last Friday night, do not in any way represent the feeling of their constituencies, but in most cases were personal opinions expressed by the writers.

Roblin v. Free Press.

The case of Premier Roblin v. The Free Press for criminal libel was entered at the Court House to-day by Mr. J. A. M. Aikens, K.C., solicitor for the Premier. The charge is that the paper accused Hon. Mr. Roblin of forgery in respect to the false signatures in the "McGee restaurant" incident.

Delegates for Ottawa.

J. H. Brock and D. W. Bole leave for Ottawa to-morrow to protest against the railway deal. Several meetings have been called at different points to protest against the legislation.

FURNITURE MAKERS OBJECT.

Will Ask Lumbermen's Association to Withdraw Request for an Import Duty on Oak.

A meeting of the Canadian Furniture Manufacturers' Association was held yesterday at the Walker House, when a committee was appointed to interview the Lumbermen's Association, and request them to withdraw their petition to the Dominion Government for an import duty on oak. The duty was suggested by Mr. John Charlton, M.P. A resolution was also adopted disapproving of the proposed amendments to the alien labor law.

Secretary J. R. Shaw tendered his resignation of the office to accept a position with the Consolidated Furniture Company, and Mr. G. A. McDonnell was elected secretary. The retiring secretary entertained the members of the association at dinner in the blue room of the Temple Cafe last night.

CUBANS AND PLATT AMENDMENT.

Constitutional Convention Objects to Some of the Clauses.

Havana, March 22.—The Committee on Relations of the Cuban Constitutional Convention met to-day to consider the report drawn up by its secretary, Senor Gualberto Gomez, on the Platt amendment. In substance the report rejects four clauses—the clauses dealing with coaling stations, foreign relations, the right to intervene to preserve peace, and the entering into treaties covering points in question. The other clauses are treated on the lines of the previous report, the sanitation of the Isle of Pines being virtually agreed to. Three of the five members of the committee objected to the rejection in toto of the four clauses mentioned, and it is believed that some consideration should be given them. No vote was taken, but a majority was opposed to acceptance. The committee adjourned until Tuesday next. The committee's action is taken as a forerunner of the final acceptance of the Platt amendment. Many of the delegates have talked to-day with Senator Proctor, but he gave them no encouragement to believe that the next Congress would modify the amendment. On the contrary he told them that it was clearly for the interest of the Cubans to accept the amendment.

Zinc Company Wants Money.

New York, March 22.—The reorganization committee of the International Zinc Company has sent a circular to the stockholders asking them to contribute one per cent or more of their holdings for the purpose of getting together $15,000, with which to lift the mortgages on the property, the foreclosure sale of which takes place March 30 at Joplin, Mo. From present indications it is believed the sum will be collected and that the property will be bought in by the re organization committee, acting for the stockholders.

Leg Off, Skull Fractured.

Jamestown, N.Y., March 22.—This morning when Erie Railroad train No. 5 reached the Jamestown station it was discovered that the fireman, Frank Everett of Meadville, was missing. A search was instituted, and he was found a mile below the station, where he had fallen from the engine. His left leg was off, his skull fractured and he will undoubtedly die.

Long to Sprint No More.

New York, March 22.—Maxey Long, the international sprinter, to-day announced that he will race no more. He will from now on devote himself to business. Long won the international championship at the Paris Exposition. On his return he broke all records.

Cruiser New York at Gibraltar.

Gibraltar, March 22.—The armored cruiser New York arrived here to-day. She will proceed to Tangier to demand the settlement of the claims of the United States Government against Morocco.

Fire Raging at St. Lambert, Que.

St. Lambert, Que., March 23.—Fire started in Wiseman's Hotel, near the river front, Victoria Park, at about 1 o'clock this morning. Cannot at present say the extent of the damage. At 2.15 a.m. the fire is still raging.

Japanese Budget Adopted.

Yokohama, March 22.—As a result of the conference between the two Houses of Parliament regarding the financial proposals of the Government, the budget has been adopted.

Articles for Sale. See next page. 6246

Diaz Resumes Business.

Mexico City, March 22.—President Diaz resumed his official labors at the National Palace to-day, and received the congratulations of a number of people on his restoration to his usual health.

Creedon Scored Knockout.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 22.—Dan Creedon knocked out Billy Stiff in the fifth round

PROMOTED FOR GALLANTRY

Major "Jack" Crean, Late of Toronto, Has Made His Mark in the Gold Coast.

NOW EN ROUTE HOME ON FURLOUGH.

Is an Ex-Officer of the Queen's Own and Has a Reputation as a Steeplechaser.

Montreal, March 22.—(Special.)—Mr. Thomas Crean of this city has just learned of the promotion for gallantry in the field of his brother, Capt. J. F. Crean of Toronto, who has been in the Gold Coast Constabulary, fighting under Col. Sir Joseph Willcocks, around Coomassie. Major Crean, who will serve under Col. Montanaro, has been transferred to the 3rd Niger Battalion, West African frontier force, commanding a battery of the new 75 Vickers-Maxim quick-firers. The headquarters of the battery is in Old Calabar, Southern Nigeria. He is now en route for home on leave.

Capt. Crean is very well-known in Toronto. He was connected with the Queen's Own Rifles for many years and later with the Field Battery. He was also known as the intrepid rider of the steeplechaser Prince Charlie.

In military and social circles his promotion under such meritorious circumstances will be hailed with pleasure. He left Toronto in 1898 for the Gold Coast, and, like many another Canadian, has made a name for himself.

QUEBEC EXPECTS A BOOM.

Leyland Line Vessels Will Go to That Port With Cargoes and Ship Grain.

Quebec, March 22.—From the present outlook the coming season bids fair to mark a page which will stand forth pre-eminent in the shipping history of the Ancient Capital. News has just been received here that the Leyland Line will, during the very early part of the season, have three of their largest steamers visit Quebec. The vessels will carry full cargoes from the other side and, after discharging some at our wharves, will moor under the elevator and load up with grain. The first of these steamers will be the Belgium, a 6000-ton boat, which is due to leave Quebec with cargo on May 9. The second is the Mexican, having a similar tonnage to the Belgium, which will leave on May 22; while the third is the Indian, a vessel of 10,000 tons, which will take her departure from Quebec with a full cargo on June 3.

BACK FROM THE WAR.

Enthusiastic Demonstration at Hanover in Honor of Her Returned Soldiers.

Hanover, Ont., March 22.—Teiford's Hall was filled to overflowing to-night by the loyal citizens of this town to give a fitting reception to two of her boys who have just returned from South Africa, namely, Frank Kerr of Strathcona's Horse, and W. J. Gould of the second contingent of the R.C.A. Addresses of welcome were presented along with a gold watch and chain to Mr. Kerr, and a beautiful gold-headed ebony cane and a gold signet ring to Mr. Gould. They were then called upon to address the audience and they gave a very interesting recital of their doings in South Africa.

ANOTHER CONSOLIDATION.

All Public Utilities of Elmira, N.Y., to Be Brought Under a Single Management.

New York, March 22.—Announcement was made to-night that the Mutual Life Insurance Company had disposed of its interests at Elmira, N.Y., to a syndicate composed of New York and Elmira capitalists. The amount involved in the deal was not stated, but it is supposed to be above $4,000,000. The property transferred consists of all of the public utilities in the city of Elmira, with the exception of the telephone and telegraph franchises, including the Elmira Water Works, the Maple-avenue-Street R.R., the West Water-street R.R., the Elmira and Horseshead Street R.R., the Elmira Gas Company, the Elmira Illuminating Company, an electric light concern, the old interstate fair grounds, now known as the Maple-avenue Driving Park, and Rorick's Glen Park.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.

Terrible Result of a Fire at Rock Island, Ill.

Rock Island, Ill., March 22.—Fire to-day in John Hollings' farmhouse on Big Island, near the mouth of the Hennepin Canal, destroyed the house, burned two children to a crisp and injured Mrs. Holling and her father, Henry Sebrant. A third child is not expected to recover.

FEARFUL SUFFERINGS.

Brigantine Wrecked Off English Coast and Sailors Drowned.

London, March 23.—The brigantine Rose was wrecked off Whitstable, Kent, Wednesday. Seven of the crew clung to the rigging. Four dropped off and were drowned after becoming mad with suffering. The others were rescued terribly exhausted after exposure for thirty hours.

ARCHBISHOP LEWIS VERY LOW.

The Aged Prelate Reported to Be in a Serious Condition.

New York, March 22.—His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Ontario, Travers Lewis, of Kingston, Ont., who has been ill in the Hotel Empire for some time, was reported to-night to be in a serious condition.

Horse News From England.

London, March 23.—The Daily Mail says it understands that the application of Scott Martin, the American jockey, for a license for the coming season, has been refused.

According to the same authority, an arrangement has been made whereby Mr. William C. Whitney becomes the lessee of the Derby favorite, Volodyovski, and also of Petronius, for two seasons. The Daily Chronicle asserts that the lease was only just concluded when Sir Thomas Lipton made an offer for Volodyovski.

Treaty Will Be Signed.

Shanghai, March 23.—The North China Daily News asserts that a Chinese telegram has been received from the north affirming that the Russo-Chinese treaty will be signed March 26, with not a single word changed.

Australia's Big Wheat Crop.

Melbourne, March 23.—It is officially estimated that the wheat yield will reach 17,790,576 bushels, or an increase of 2,552,628 upon last year's yield.

Strychnine Caused Death.

Middlebury, Vt., March 22.—The analysis of the stomach of Miss Ida Fosburgh, who died from poison received by mail at the Shoreham last week Tuesday, is understood to show that strychnine was the cause of death. No arrest is anticipated at present.

WAS MR. PEW MURDERED?

Body Found in a Wood Near Rochester Was That of a Niagara Falls Man.

LEFT HOME ON TUESDAY LAST.

Had Sixty Dollars and a Gold Watch When He Departed—A Mystery.

Niagara Falls, Ont., March 22.—When it was learned this morning that the man found dead in a wood near Rochester, N.Y., yesterday morning, by two boys, with his throat cut, was Mr. Thomas Pew of this town, the well-known retired farmer and building sand dealer—he being well and favorably known on the Niagara frontier on both sides of the river—a thrill of excitement passed over the town. His family and friends cannot account for his sad ending, other than that a month ago he had a bad attack of grip, which, it is said, left him slightly demented. On Tuesday morning he left his residence on Huron-street, and had not been seen until his remains were identified at the Morgue in Rochester and brought home this evening. When he left home he was known to have $60 and a valuable gold watch in his possession, neither of which, it is said, can be accounted for, and some of his closest friends advance the theory that he has met with foul play. Mr. Pew was one of Niagara Falls' most highly respected citizens, and, besides a most estimable wife, he leaves behind him a daughter, Mrs. Seeley of Wilson, N.Y., and son Harry of this town, all of whom have the fullest sympathy of the entire population of the town in their great affliction and grief.

CHINESE INDEMNITY QUESTION.

Washington Officials Think the Sum of $200,000,000 is All China Can Pay.

Washington, March 22.—Further inquiry into the Chinese indemnity question makes it appear that the sum of $200,000,000, which our Government considers the maximum that should be levied upon the Chinese as a tax, represents absolutely the limit of Chinese ability. The aggregate of the indemnities claimed, however, is very much larger. The United States fixed upon the sum of $25,000,000 as a suitable indemnity to be claimed, notwithstanding that officials of the various departments are satisfied that this sum will only provide for the payment of a certain percentage of items claimed, because it was felt that this was as much as we should claim proportionately of the total of $200,000,000. This Government would be willing to abate the $25,000,000 claim if the other powers would reduce their claims in the same proportion, even to the extent of reducing the total estimate to $100,000,000 if by so doing the Chinese Government could be relieved by having the tax adjusted to their abilities. But altho in grave doubt whether China can pay more than $100,000,000, our Government feels itself bound to secure compensation for its citizens and itself to the same extent as is secured by other powers.

STRIKERS WRECKED STREET CARS.

A Really Serious State of Affairs at Marseilles, and the Trouble is Spreading.

Marseilles, March 22.—Late this afternoon the strikers attacked and wrecked two street cars on the Canneblere. The engineer and conductor were roughly handled. A detachment of gendarmes and hussars succeeded in rescuing the engineer and conductor, amid the hooting and stone-throwing of the crowd. Yesterday's decision of the council of the Labor Union and the Labor Exchange in favor of a general strike, and their issuance of an invitation to all unions to cease work, has increased the gravity of the situation. The Cabinet Workers, the Locksmiths, the Engineers, the Caulkers, the Oil Workers, the Millers and the Bakers' Unions have either struck already or will do so shortly. A corps of military bakers from the neighboring garrison is being organized to replace the bakers on strike. The Mayor of Marseilles has convoked a meeting of Deputies, General Councillors and Municipal Councillors in the Marseilles Town Hall to-morrow to consider the situation. Bodies of turners and fitters proceeded to a number of engineering works and persuaded the employes to abandon their duties. Three establishments were forced to close.

The Society for the Defence of Commercial Interests has appealed to the Premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, and the Minister of Commerce, M. Millerand, to use their personal and official influence to bring to an end "the present regime of terror."

HEAVY LOSS IN MILWAUKEE.

Large Piano Factory and Other Property Destroyed by Fire—Loss $300,000.

Milwaukee, March 22.—Fire to-night completely wiped out the big piano establishment of William Rohlling & Sons on Broadway, and wrought further destruction to adjoining property, entailing a loss close to $300,000, fully covered by insurance. William Rohlling & Sons' loss will reach $250,000. William E. Goodman, plumber, lost $10,000 on his stock, and Ferry & Class and Elmer Grey, architect firms, and William Marnitz, tailor, sustained losses aggregating about $25,000. The flames then destroyed the sixth floor of the old Insurance Building to the south; loss $10,000.

Queen Alexandra at Brussels.

Brussels, March 22.—Queen Alexandra arrived in Brussels this evening, traveling in the same white saloon car used by the then Prince of Wales at the time of the attempt upon his life by Sipido. All the curtains of the train were drawn.

Cook's Turkish & steam baths, 204 King W., cures colds, coughs and rheumatism

Immigrants for Canada.

Halifax, March 22.—The weekly mail steamer Lake Megantic arrived from Liverpool this afternoon, after a good passage. The steamer brought 550 immigrants, of which number 375 were Italian laborers, who are going to various points in Canada.

Free Cooking Lessons

Under the auspices of Y.W.C. Guild, McGill-street, by Miss Blausdell, lesson on Monday, at 3 p.m., the following dishes will be demonstrated: Mushrooms on toast, creamed peas in shredded wheat baskets, fresh tomato salad, chocolate jelly. 61

Turkish Baths at Pember's, 75c

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Canadian Manufacturers' Association lecture, 8 p.m.

Canadian Club at home, O.S.A. Gallery, 8 p.m.

"Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," Massey Hall, 8 p.m.

Rev. Canon Sutherland lectures at Trinity College, 3.30 p.m.

Grand Opera House, "Miss Prunnt," 2 and 8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House, "A Hot Old Time," 2 and 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre, "Shadows of a Great City," 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre, Vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

West Assocation Hall, Jones the Hypnotist, 8 p.m.

MR. OLIVER IS A PROTECTIONIST AND A GOVERNMENT SUPPORTER

The Man From the West Attributes the Present Prosperity to the Development Going on in His Part of the Country—Mr. Haggart Followed On.

Ottawa, March 22.—(Special.)—Nothing new was added to the debate this afternoon. Frank Oliver declared himself a protectionist in theory and principle. He believed that Canada should regulate its tariff according to the requirements of the country. Until the Opposition brought forward something better than the present tariff, he would have to continue supporting the Government policy. He did not believe that the prosperity of the country depended upon protection of the manufacturers, who should be able to support themselves under a revenue tariff. Mr. Oliver said the prosperity of the country and the stupendous increase in trade, in his opinion, came from the country west of Lake Superior. The development of the western country had not ended, but only begun. He believed the country was only enjoying the first of the wave of prosperity. He urged the Government to induce people struggling for a living in the eastern part of Canada to take advantage of the opportunities offered them by western development.

Affirmation of Protective Policy.

Hon. John Haggart said the resolution before the House was an affirmation of the principles of the Conservative party, which they had always stood by and which they intended to stand by when they next had the opportunity of appealing to the country. The protection of native industries was a policy followed out in practically all enlightened countries to-day. The principles of protection could no longer be sneered at, as contrary to true political economy. The policy of Mr. De Witte, Finance Minister of Russia, was embodied in the principles of the Canadian Conservative party. The Government, in bringing large quantities of woolens into Canada under the preference, had begun the ruin of the woolen industries of Canada. The first duty of the Government is to the inhabitants of Canada. [Applause.]

Mr. Haggart quoted Mr. Chamberlain's much-discussed statements on closer trade relations, and said the clear meaning of that statesman was that the colonies should keep their tariffs, giving Great Britain a preference. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, however, had taken the ground that free trade in Canada is a pre-requisite of any mutual trade arrangements with Great Britain. With the same idea in his mind, the Premier shut the mouth of every Minister in England by the statements which he made at the time of the Diamond Jubilee.

The Premier's Cobden Medal.

Mr. Haggart sarcastically discussed Sir Wilfrid's title to the Cobden medal. He read also the speech of the Colonial Secretary, in which he drew a sharp distinction between protection for England and a preference to different branches of the Empire, and quoted the statement of Mr. Courtney to the effect that, altho Sir Wilfrid Laurier was an orator, he knew nothing of political economy, adding that Mr. Cobden himself would never have consented to the presentation of the club's medal to the Canadian Premier.

Maximum and Minimum Tariff.

The Ministerialists asked why the Opposition, if they disapproved of the preferential tariff, did not move to wipe it out. There was no need to wipe it out. The principle enunciated in the resolution could be carried into effect as well with the preference as without it. It was possible to have a tariff giving sufficient protection to Canadian industries, and yet give a preference to Great Britain against the rest of the world. [Hear, hear.] By reason of the wording of the present one-sided preferential tariff, goods from every country in Europe, to which not 15 per cent. of British labor or capital had been added, were finding their way into Canada at a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. What the country needed was a system such as prevailed in Germany, namely, of a maximum and a minimum tariff. Under that system Canada would be in a position not only to protect her industries but to expand her export trade. Sir Wilfrid, he said, seemed to be the only man in the Empire blind to the working of the Imperial spirit, which would have its function in the adoption of a system of preferential trade within the Empire.

After recess the debate was continued to empty benches.

Mr. Wade (Annapolis, N.S.) supported the Government's policy.

Mr. Lennox Speaks.

Mr. Lennox (Cape Breton Simcoe) quoted from the trade returns, and showed that for all the boasted preferences our trade increase with England was not equal to our increase of trade with other countries. He pointed out the defects of the Government's trade policy, and declared that the people of North Bruce had pronounced squarely in condemnation. The great question of the future was, without doubt, the transportation issue. But of more importance to him, representing as he did an agricultural constituency, were the interests of the farmers, and what was there in all the budget speech or policy of the Government to give encouragement to the farmers? All that was promised since 1897 was to admit beet sugar machinery free for one year. He congratulated the farmer upon the magnaminous treatment he had received from the Administration. [Hear, hear.] He said all the members of the Administration want washing.

Mr. Scott (Assiniboia) moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House rose at 11.15.

LUCKY WOODSTOCK DOCTOR.

Heir to $78,000 Left by Woman Whom He Treated While She Was Poor.

Woodstock, Ont., March 22.—Dr. Robert Kippen of St. Thomas, who was born and brought up in Woodstock, upon graduating a year ago went to Sault Ste. Marie, where he practised for a time. While there an old woman, who was in very poor circumstances, was taken ill, and Dr. Kippen was called. She told him that she would be unable to reward him for his services on account of her poverty, but he informed her that that would not prevent her from receiving his most careful attention.

In the course of time the woman, whose name has not been learned, recovered, and afterwards fell heir to a fortune of some $78,000. She was advanced in years, and, having no heirs, bequeathed the entire amount to Dr. Kippen. She recently died, and the doctor, who has already received an instalment, is being congratulated by his friends on all sides.

Tariff Debate at Rome.

Rome, March 22.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day there was an animated discussion upon a motion, introduced by Signar Bertesi, supported by 21 Socialist deputies, inviting the Government to present immediately to the Chamber a bill abolishing the duty on wheat, cereals and flour. The motion was rejected by 294 to 74. Dr. Wollemberg, Minister of Finance, proposed to reduce the duty on wheat 5 lires per quintal.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W.

Seal Fishing Pays Well.

Halifax, March 22.—A cable received here to-night from Newfoundland announces the arrival at St. John's of the Halifax steamer Newfoundland, with 20,000 seals. The steamer was out only 10 days and the catch is valued at $30,000. The Newfoundland is the first steamer to reach St. John's. No mention is made of any disaster by the storm recently reported on the ice-fields.

Come and hear the Gospel preached at Church of Christ, Cecil St., to-night.

Monuments.

Finest work and best designs at lowest prices. The McIntosh Granite and Marble Company, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street, Toronto (terminal Yonge-street car route). 146

BIRTHS.

ELLIOT—At Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., on March 18, to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Elliot, a daughter (premature birth).

DEATHS.

ELLIOT—At Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., on March 18, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Elliot.

EASTBURY—At the Sick Children's Hospital, on Friday morning, March 22, Egerton Silas, eldest son of William and Sarah Eastbury, aged 12 years and 11 months. Funeral from his father's residence, 122 Bloor-street west, at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon (Saturday), to St. Luke's Church, where the service will be held at 3 o'clock, thence to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends please accept this intimation.

Evesham, Worcester, England, papers please copy.

HURST—On Friday, March 22, 1901, at 49 Trinity-square, the beloved wife of William Hurst, in her 68th year. Funeral Monday at 9 a.m.

KIDD—At Toronto, on Thursday, March 21, M. Blanche Bentley, wife of F. H. Kidd. Funeral private. 2 o'clock, Saturday, March 23, from 232 Jarvis-street. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

ROSE—On Friday afternoon, March 22, at his late residence, 96 Richmond-street east, George Rose, aged 29 years 5 months. Funeral Monday, at 2 o'clock, to St. James' Cemetery.

THOMPSON—On Wednesday morning, March 20, 1901, at his late residence, 247 Berkeley-street, John Thompson, aged 60 years. Funeral Friday, at 2 p.m., to Parliament-street Methodist Church, thence to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

FRENCH SHORE NEGOTIATIONS.

Reports From London That There is Every Likelihood of a Satisfactory Settlement.

St. John's, Nfld., March 22.—Reports from Premier Bond and Solicitor-General Morris, the colony's delegates to London, where they have been in conference with the British Colonial Department on the vexed question of the French shore, indicate that there is every likelihood of a satisfactory settlement.

The French Government is said to be ready to consider favorably any propositions submitted which will insure a proper recognition of the value of the French claims in Newfoundland. The British Government will, it is reported by the delegates, meet all obligations consequent upon the transfer of authority in the region in question.

In connection with the settlement of the specific French shore question, the conferences have also turned upon the possibility of extending the scope of the agreement so as to embrace the question of the French occupancy of St. Pierre, with, in addition, a possible grant of bounty to the Newfoundland fishermen to assist them in meeting the French competition.

Marvels of Beauty.

The lilac trees in full bloom, the bright colored azaleas, the tulips, daffodils and other seasonable varieties of cut flowers are now at their best at Dunlop's, 5 King-street west and 445 Yonge-street.

Gained Great Popularity.

The advantages of buying hats in an up-to-date hatter's requires no explanation. Dineen's great hat store, corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets, has gained such great popularity with young men, because all the latest styles are to be found there, and you pay no more for them. The Dineen special at two dollars is exceptionally good value.

Fine and Milder.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, March 22.—(8 p.m.)—The weather has cleared to-day in the Maritime Provinces, and elsewhere in Canada it has been generally fair. A moderately important depression now covers Southern Dakota and Nebraska, and another depression is situated in Alberta.

Minimum and maximum temparatures: Victoria, 40—46; Edmonton, 30—42; Qu'Appelle, 20—34; Winnipeg, 6—34; Port Arthur, zero—40; Parry Sound, 18—32; Toronto, 24—32; Ottawa, 22—34; Montreal, 26—32; Quebec, 24—34; Halifax, 36—50.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fine and milder.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fine and a little milder.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fair; not much change in temperature.

Maritime—Moderate westerly and southwesterly winds; fair and continued mild.

Lake Superior—Generally fair and comparatively mild.

Manitoba—Fair; not much change in temperature.

The Men's New Furnishing Department at the Oak Hall Stores has already jumped into public favor.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

March 22.	At.	From.
Pennsylvania	New York	Hamburg
Grecian	Halifax	Liverpool
Lake Megantic	Halifax	Liverpool
Sardinian	New York	Glasgow
New England	Boston	Liverpool
Germanic	Liverpool	New York
Commonwealth	Liverpool	Boston
Mesaba	London	New York
Hohenzollern	Naples	New York

A. E. Plummer & Co. buy and sell stocks and first class securities on commission 246