return will only be the same as to the fishermen and lumberers who form the floating population of the Lower Provinces, and carry so large a majority as he has named with him. A doctrine such as this is any thing but eonservatives. I would submit to any thing rather than vote for such a seheme. Were I to support it in its present shape I should eonsider myself as betraying the witness of my country. Hon, gentleman are of course entitled to their own opinions in this matter; but these are mine, and I shall continue to maintain and uphold them. I assert that the amendment of my hon, friend for delay is a just and reasonable one, and I eannot see how it can possibly be objected to in a matter of this importance, where the dearest interests of the whole country are at stake, and where we are legislating not for ourselves alone but or future generations. Such being the importance of the measure, I eannot conceive how hon, gentlemen can vote against so reasonable a proposition. (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR—I seek for information from the Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands, as to the scheme respecting the local legislatures. Did I understand my hon. friend to say that it would not be submitted to the present

Parliment?

HON. MR. CAMPBELL-It is so intended.

Hon. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR—I also understood my hou, friend to say that before the House pronounced upon the general scheme of Federation, it would not be proper to submit the sheme for the local legislatures. I cannot see the force of that. But still I will not raise that us an objection to proceeding with the present scheme.

HON. Mr CAMPBELL—Perhaps my hon, friend from Brock is right in the view he takes. But it was throught by the Government that it would be premature to bring in the sheme for the local governments until it was seen whether Parliament

was in favor of these resolutions.

HON. Mr. FERGUSSON BLAIR—But many members of this House, before making of their minds as to how they ought to voto on the resolutions, would like to be infor ned as to the nature of the local scheme, which is to have such an important bearing on the question at issue.

HON. Mr. CAMPBELL-The Parliament

of the country will have the fullest opportunity of pronouncing upon it.

ilon. Mr. SIMPSON-When?

Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL—After these resolutions have been passed. We thought it was unnecessary for us to give our attention to the heal constitutions for Upper and Lower Canada until we had ascertained whether Parliament was in favor of Federal tion. That ascertained, we shall feel it our duty to give our minds to the preparation of the scheme for the constitutions of the two previnces; and these constitutions will be

laid before Parliament.

Hon. Mr. ROSS-I do not know what the views of the Government may be upon this point, but it seems to me that it would have been an extraordinary proceeding had they brought down at this juneture the proposed constitutions for Upper and Lower Carada. There may be a great difference of opinion arise as to the constitutions proper to be proposed for these provinces; and it is quite possible that these differences may oceasion the withdrawal of some members of the Government. (Cries of "hear, hear.") Hon. gentlemen ery "hear. hear." But I say that such may possibly be the ease. And it would be absurd and impolitie for the Government to throw the eountry in a state of confusion as regards the sheme for the local legislatures if they failed in carrying the resolutions here submitted. Hon, gentlemen will see that they would be unworthy of the position they hold were they to do so. I am not sure whether I understood my hon, friend to say that the scheme for the local legislatures would be brought down on the passing of these resoutions. I hope that I misunderstood him, because I think we should wait the result of the action of the Lower Provinces. should see if Federation sueeceds there, inasmuch as in easo of its failure in the Lower Provinces, even if we adopt the resolutions here, the arrangeme. would not go into "eet, and we would be placing the eountry in a state of turmoil and confusion in discussing measures which would be altogether unnecessary. We ought, it seems to me, first to earry out this arrangement as far as it is possible to earry it, and if we ean secure the ament to it of the two larger provinces bei there will be a reasonable eertainty of the scheme being effected. And then, and not till then will the proper time arrive for the discussions of the proposed