counties of Gaspe, Rimouski, and Kamouracka, comprehending a valuable territory, extending about 300 miles along the River St. Lawrence, are less known in England than Kamschatka; and shall begin with Gaspe, at which port vessels bound to Messrs. Wm. Price and Co's establishments at Great Mitis and Rimouski, are allowed to call for the purpose of reporting and clearing, in case it should be more convenient to do so than to proceed to Quebec.

The great advantage of calling at Gaspe is not at this time so apparent; the improvement of the road to Quebec and the establishment of a steam boat between New Brunswick and Quebec, offer opportunities for getting to the latter place not heretofore available.

GASPÈ.

On proceeding to Gaspe to report or clear, it is not necessary to go further up the Bay than Douglas Town, about six miles below Gaspè, there to anchor in eight or nine fathoms, and go up in the boat.

There are almost regular sea and land breezes. The sea breeze sets in about ten o'clock in the morning, and continues till about sun-set; it then falls, and about ten at night the land breeze springs up. This knowledge may frequently save a day, as Mr. M'Connell the Collector, is exceedingly desirous to spare Captains any detention.

The rocks called the Seal Rocks, and laid down in the charts about the centre of the bay, do not extend above half a mile from the south shore.

Cape Gaspe is rather high, and its rocky cliffs are perpendicular. Cape Rosier is low, but the land behind rises into high round hills; and the whole is covered with trees of various kinds. The coast preserves this character as we proceed up the St. Lawrence, and generally slopes, covered with trees, to the water's edge. At Great Fox River there are