

- (ii) the relative significance and foreseeability of the effects of the anti-competitive activities on one Party's important interests as compared to the effects on the other Party's important interests;
- (iii) the presence or absence of a purpose on the part of those engaged in the anti-competitive activities to affect consumers, suppliers or competitors within the enforcing Party's territory;
- (iv) the degree of conflict or consistency between the enforcement activities and the other Party's laws or articulated economic policies including those expressed in the application of, or decisions under, their respective competition laws;
- (v) whether private persons, either natural or legal, will be placed under conflicting requirements by both Parties;
- (vi) the existence or absence of reasonable expectations that would be furthered or defeated by the enforcement activities;
- (vii) the location of relevant assets;
- (viii) the degree to which a remedy, in order to be effective, must be carried out within the other Party's territory;
- (ix) the need to minimise the negative effects on the other Party's important interests, in particular when implementing remedies to address anti-competitive effects within the Party's territory; and