

(b) proceedings may be taken on it; and

(c) the registering court shall have the same control over its enforcement,

as if it had been a judgment originally given in the registering court with effect from the date of registration.

ARTICLE IV

1. Registration of a judgment shall be refused or set aside if

(a) the judgment has been satisfied;

(b) the judgment is not enforceable in the territory of origin;

(c) the original court is not regarded by the registering court as having jurisdiction,

(d) the judgment was obtained by fraud;

(e) enforcement of the judgment would be contrary to public policy in the territory of the registering court;

(f) the judgment is a judgment of a country or territory other than the territory of origin which has been registered in the original court or has become enforceable in the territory of origin in the same manner as a judgment of that court; or

(g) in the view of the registering court the judgment debtor either is entitled to immunity from the jurisdiction of that court or was entitled to immunity in the original court and did not submit to its jurisdiction.

2. The law of the registering court may provide that registration of a judgment may or shall be set aside if

(a) the judgment debtor, being the defendant in the original proceedings, either was not served with the process of the original court or did not receive notice of those proceedings in sufficient time to enable him to defend the proceedings and, in either case, did not appear;

(b) another judgment has been given by a court having jurisdiction in the matter in dispute prior to the date of judgment in the original court; or

(c) the judgment is not final or an appeal is pending or the judgment debtor is entitled to appeal or to apply for leave to appeal against the judgment in the territory of origin.

3. If at the date of the application for registration the judgment of the original court has been partly satisfied, the judgment shall be registered only in respect of the balance remaining payable at that date.

4. A judgment shall not be enforced so long as, in accordance with the provisions of this Convention and the law of the registering court, it is competent for