In Constantine's division of the Empire, Britain became a diocesss: of the Prefectura entlimmom, and was govenned by a Tricarius, under whom were Prasides of its provinces. In the time of the Notitia, probably circa A.D. 400, this Vicarius, or Governor-in-Chief, had under him two Consulares, viz.: of Maxima Casariensis, and of Valentia, and three Presides, viz.: of Britannia Prima, Britannia Secunda, and of Flavia Casariensis. In addition to these were a Comes litoris Saxonici per Britanniam, Comes Britannia, or Britanniarum, and a Dux Britanniarum. The Vicarius, Consulares, and Presides, exercised civil authority; whilst the Comes litoris Saxonici, the Comes Britanniarum, and the Dux, had military command.

## I.-During the first Century.

The irst eleven governors of Roman Britain are mentioned in order by Tacitus, in his Agricola. The following are their names as there given:-

> Aulus Plautius, Ostorius Scapula, Didius Gallus, Veranius, Suetonius Paulinus, Petronius Turpilianus, Trebellius Mraximus, Vettius Bolanus, Petilius Cerialis, Julius Frontinus, Cn. Julius Agricola.

This list is satisfactory, so far as informing us of the order of succession; but Tacitus, neither in his Agricola, nor elsewhere in his extant works, supplies materials sufficient for defining the beginning and the end of the government of each of those Legates. Let us consider, then, what certain information may be collected relative to these points.

The beginning of the administration of Aulus Plautius* is certain,

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[^0]:    * Aulus Plautius Silvanus. I incline to the opinion of Ed. Dfon. II ist. Brit., and othels, that he is the same as the person named in the inscription found at Tivoli, and given by Gruter, 453, 1., Orelli, n. 750, and Mron. Hist. Brit., 1. Reimar, however, on Dio, 1x., 30, expresses the belief that they were different. My opinion is founded on the words of the inscription: LEGAT•ET•COMITI•CLAVD•CAESARIS•IN•BRITANNIA. Now, although it is possible that there may have been two Plautii that were comices of Claudius

