

## Personal

F. J. Lander, manager of the Dominion Carpet Company, Sherbrooke, has gone to England on a visit.

J. M. Masson, of Lowell, Mass., for some years a citizen of Carleton Place, and engaged in the woolen industry, has been on a visit to his old home there.

Arthur Everitt, formerly a prominent dry goods merchant of St. John, N.B., and recently a customs appraiser, died suddenly in that city.

Robt. H. Dowler, on the occasion of his removal from Guelph to St. Thomas to conduct a dry goods business, entertained the members of St. Patrick's Society and a few invited guests to dinner.

A. B. Craig, a London woolen merchant and investor, has been on a visit to Canada for the first time, investigating with four other capitalists, the Sturgeon Falls Pulp Works, of which they are the proprietors.

H. T. Ballard, formerly of Toronto, now representing the McMichael & Wildman Mfg. Co. of Norristown, Pa., manufacturers of circular rib knitting machinery, paid a visit to his family and friends in Toronto, recently.

Archibald Webster, who died recently at Preston, Ont., after an illness of nearly three years, came to Canada from Paisley, Scotland, when about 28 years of age, and settled in Galt, where he worked in James Thompson's woolen mill for six years. Then he moved to Preston, where he followed his occupation as boss dyer in the woolen mill, which position he held until a year ago last August, when he was forced through ill-health to resign, much to the regret of Mr. Pattinson, who entertained a high opinion of his ability.

John Moodie, who died at Hamilton, Ont., October 19th, founded, along with his two sons, J. R. and John, the Eagle Knitting Company. The knitting business proved a paying venture. About eight years ago he retired, and his sons continued the knitting factory, which is now conducted by J. R. Moodie. He was also one of the founders and original directors of the Cataract Power Company, and at the time of his death was one of the large shareholders in the various enterprises connected with the Cataract Power Company, and till recently its treasurer.

James Lockhart, of the firm of James Lockhart & Sons, manufacturers' agents, Toronto, died somewhat suddenly on November 4th. Mr. Lockhart was for years head of the firm of Lockhart, Millicamp & Co., Toronto, one of the leading commission houses representing Canadian woollens, and sold the products of many of the best mills in the country, notably in the blanket and flannel line. On the dissolution of this partnership the business was carried on as James Lockhart, Son & Co., but failing health forced Mr. Lockhart into retirement. Mr. Lockhart was always a strong advocate of the interests of Canadian woolen manufacturers. He was father of Reginald Lockhart, sales agent for Toronto district for the Paton Mfg. Co.'s woolen mills of Sherbrooke.

Godfrey Bird, representative of John Crossley, Sons & Co., carpet manufacturers of Halifax, England, was instantly killed on the morning of Thanksgiving Day by falling a distance of 80 feet from the upper story window of the Rossin House, Toronto. Whether his fall was an accident or deliberate is not known. Mr. Bird had charge of the Crossley's business in Canada. He made his first trip here in 1872, and has been in Canada every year since. The firm's customers

in Toronto include the T. Eaton Company and John Kay, Sons & Co. In company with Victor Buetell and Arthur Mannison, also travellers for the carpet company, he arrived in Toronto a few days before his death. He was not well, and had arranged to go to England on the Parisian which, as it turned out, took his body thither for interment.

Thos. Dunnet, for many years in the wholesale dry goods trade, but latterly retired, died at Toronto, October 25th, aged 54 years. He was born in Wick, Scotland, and came to Canada in 1866. He taught the Barriefield school, adjoining Kingston, and afterwards became purser on one of the R. & O. steamers. In 1880, Mr. Dunnet came to Toronto, and in partnership with Mr. Briggs began the business of hat and fur manufacturers. Mr. Briggs retired in 1886, and next year Malcolm McPherson was taken as a partner. At the time of the Osgoodby fire, Mr. Dunnet was completely burned out, but soon opened the business of Dunnet, Crean & Co., retiring about three years ago from active business. Mr. Dunnet was a warm-hearted, energetic, impulsive Scotchman, who did much for his countrymen in the Old Land, as well as here.

—The new Hewson woolen mill at Amherst, N.S., is almost ready for the machinery which Mr. Hewson has been purchasing in the United States.

—John McFadden has resigned as finisher at the Canada Woolen Mill, Carleton Place. He had been at the Hespeler mill and the Paton mill at Sherbrooke. Wm. Fairgrieve succeeds him.

—A False Sign.—“Satan Died Here.” is the sign hanging before an establishment in Topeka. But old Beelzebub is not dead. The proprietor was trying to say, “Satin Dyed Here.”

—The carding at the Gillies and Hawthorne woolen mills, Carleton Place, is under the superintendence of T. E. Ainley, late instructor at the Lowell textile school. Wm. Sampson is the new overseer of weaving at the Hawthorne mill.

—Hamilton is likely to have a new knitting factory in addition to the Eagle and the Chipman-Holton Co. already there. An offer has been made for the building which the Howell Lithographing Company is about to vacate, either to purchase or to lease for ten years. The line of knitting to be undertaken will be different from the product of either of the present knitting factories.

There is a prospect of the Ker & Harcourt bobbin factory being removed from Parry Sound to Owen Sound. Mr. Harcourt has been in the latter town, and interviewed the Mayor and several prominent citizens towards moving, if he can get enough encouragement to do so. The reasons given are the high price at which property is held, the impossibility of obtaining comfortable houses to rent at a fair rental, and the very heavy freight charges.

—Warden Henry Wolfer, of the Minnesota State Prison Stillwater, has preferred charges against a number of merchants in Minnesota for selling prison binder twine at higher prices than permitted by the law of Minnesota. Under the law a dealer may sell the prison product at a profit of one cent per pound—no more, and for a violation may be fined from \$25 to \$300. It seems a very peculiar law.