

Provincial Parliament.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

FREDERICTON, July 17.

The Session was opened with the usual formalities.

At 2 1/2 o'clock the House proceeded to elect a Speaker.

The Hon. Charles Simonds was proposed by Mr. Macpherson, and seconded by Messrs. Barbour and End, and elected without opposition.

The Speaker having been approved of in the usual form, His Excellency opened the Session in the following speech:

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I have gladly availed myself of the first opportunity of meeting you after having returned to the scene of the people.

The Law which prohibits the importation, manufacture of, and traffic in, intoxicating liquors, forms a subject for earnest deliberation, and I trust that a measure on this subject, which will be submitted to you without delay by the Government, will receive at your hands the consideration which its importance essentially demands.

I do not doubt that your decision on this question, which so deeply affects the social and financial interests of the community, will be satisfactory to the people, and it will afford me the most sincere pleasure to find that the exercise of a power entrusted to me by the constitution has been productive of consequences so beneficial to the Province.

You may be well assured that I have no wish but to consult the general welfare, and by a uniform adherence to the principles of the constitution, to uphold in their first balance the rights of each branch of the legislature, and thus to secure the maintenance of liberty and order.

I leave you to your deliberations with the heartfelt prayer that Providence may bless them for the peace and prosperity of the Province.

Mr. End introduced a bill to continue the act to provide for the expenses of the Legislature. There was a long discussion about reporting the proceedings of the House which ended in the appointment of a committee to make arrangements for publishing the debates of the present session. The committee will report to-morrow.

The address in reply to the Governor's speech was moved by Mr. Boyd and seconded by Mr. Desbriay, and its consideration stands as the order of the day for Saturday.

PROPOSED ADDRESS IN ANSWER TO SPEECH.

To His Excellency the Honorable JOHN HENRY THOMAS MANNERS-SUTTON, Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c., &c., &c. THE HUMBLE ADDRESS OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

1. We, the faithful Commons of New Brunswick, offer our thanks to Your Excellency for your speech at the present Session.

2. We acknowledge with satisfaction the propriety of Your Excellency's having returned to the scene of the people, and believe that so judicious an exercise of the power entrusted to Your Excellency by the Constitution, will not fail to be attended with the most beneficial effects.

3. The Law which prohibits the importation, manufacture of, and traffic in, intoxicating liquors, affecting as it does the social and financial interests of this Province, is a subject for earnest deliberation, and any measure bearing thereupon, which may be submitted to us, will receive that grave consideration which its importance demands.

4. We cordially agree with Your Excellency that the maintenance of liberty and order can only be secured by a uniform adherence to the principles of the Constitution, and by preserving in their just balance the rights of each branch of the Legislature.

5. We feel assured that Your Excellency has no wish but to consult the general welfare and preserve unimpaired the Constitution, and we regard the promptitude with which Your Excellency has called the Legislature together, as affording an additional proof of your watchful care for the public interests.

6. We shall proceed to our labours with the hope, that under the guidance of Providence, they may conduce to the peace and prosperity of the Province.

The body of a man supposed to be that of James Doherty, was picked up at the steam ferry landing by Robert Bentley, Christopher Hicken, Ferry watchmen, John Daly, and John Budge, policemen, at 5 a. m., on Sunday last. The body appeared to have been in the water a considerable time. There were found on the deceased, a \$5. note, a three shilling piece of silver, sixpence in copper, and a knife. — *Courier*.

BEARS!—We have been informed that a number of Bears have lately been seen at Musquash, and that several farmers in that neighborhood are obliged to "keep watch at night to save their stock from these destructive animals. Could not some of our sporting young men get up a Bear Hunt, and destroy the Varmin? — *Id.*

Telegraphic Communication with Newfoundland.—The cable was successfully laid last week from the mainland at Cape Ray to Ashby Bay, Cape Breton. Messages we understand, have already been transmitted to and from this City. It is expected the line

will be opened to St. John's, in about two months.—*Id.*

From our Frederiction Correspondent.

FREDERICTON, July 18.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Dear Sir,—No doubt the good people of Charlotte are anxious to know the sayings and doings of the Assembly; as yet, nothing more has been done than meeting, choosing a Speaker, moving the Address in answer to his Excellency's speech, and appointing a committee to make arrangements for reporting and publishing the debates.

Your townsman, Mr. Boyd, had the distinguished honor of being selected to move the Address in answer to the speech. Saturday is the day fixed for going into consideration of the same. The Opposition are moving all the powers of darkness to gain strength enough to make a grand attack; Boyd has been offered by that party, openly, the office of *Surveyor General* in the event of their succeeding in overthrowing the present Administration—if he will consent to join their party. He is too old a stager to be gulled in that way; and very politely declined the offer, at the same time tendering his advice to them, not to be so lavish of their "straw" until the harvest is gathered in. It is rumored that the three principal offices in the gift of the Government, will be offered to—Montgomery, Harding and Boyd.

Should Boyd accept an office, that will cause him to go to his constituents for re-election, I trust, there is good sense enough in the people of Charlotte, to return him triumphantly. It will never do to lose him, as you cannot send a better man in his place.

The good people of York are rampant with joy at the result of the election generally, and at the handsome manner in which his Excellency has been supported,—they have had illuminations, bon fire, fire works and music. The Band honored the Speaker last evening with a serenade—all is life, all is joy. There has not been a better House for many years.

His Excellency delivered his speech in such a masterly and dignified style, that the Rads felt it. His Excellency was enthusiastically cheered. Your new member, Mr. Street, is at his post. Gillmor brought in a Bill to enlarge the Gaol limits, there was some opposition to it, Boyd supported him—and finally leave was granted to bring in the bill. McNaughton intends to prosecute the scrutiny with End, also Lunat against Tapley-Boyd brought in a Bill to incorporate the St. Andrews Cemetery Company.

I will keep you informed from time to time of what is going on, as I am quite at leisure, and will pay into the House occasionally.

Yours, LYNX.

FREDERICTON, July 19.

The Attorney General, announced in the House, that the vacant offices in the Government would be filled up immediately.

Notice of an address to his Excellency was given by Mr. Gillmor, for the purpose of having copies of all Petitions on the subject of the dissolution laid before the House.

The Atty. Gen. said until the Address passed no copies of petitions to Governor could be brought down.

The Address in reply to the Governor's speech was taken up shortly after the reading of the Journals.

Mr. Boyd, as the mover, made a speech eulogizing the act of the Governor.

Mr. Fisher spoke for two hours on Constitutional Government, and against the course pursued by his Excellency in dissolving the House.

Mr. Hothway spoke in support of the Address and in reply to Mr. Fisher.

In the afternoon Mr. End opened the debate in a speech eulogizing the Governor and the Address.

Mr. Johnson spoke at considerable length in opposition to the course pursued by the Governor, and explained the points upon which he was opposed to the address.

Hon. Mr. Wilnot spoke briefly, but the hour being late, he will continue the debate on Monday.

The discussion on the Address will probably occupy Monday and Tuesday.

It is not expected that any amendment will be offered.

Messrs. Hill and Graham have entered into a contract for reporting and publishing the Debates.

FROM LATE ENGLISH PAPERS.

Sir Colin Campbell is now enjoying some of the honors to which his bravery and energy in the Crimea entitled him. He is about to be raised to the rank of Lieutenant General, and his fellow citizens of Glasgow have been pouring honors on the head of the veteran. The ladies of Glasgow have presented him, through the hands of Sir Archibald Alison, the historian, with a sword, in admiration of his services and respect for his character. Further, the Corporation of Glasgow have made him a freeman of the city, and the gift has been made in a gold box, in the city hall, under circumstances peculiarly gratifying to the personal feelings of the soldier.

Sir Colin, in modestly returning thanks for all these honors, attributed them to the brave Highland Brigade which he commanded, an allusion which was certain under the circumstances, to arouse enthusiasm to the utmost.

According to the statement of Marshal O'Donnel, the war minister of Spain, the disturbances at Valladolid, Valencia, and other towns, may be traced to the influence of socialist doctrines. It is said that these ideas, which strike at the root of all respect for property, are very prevalent in Spain, and that the cry of "Death to the rich" was frequently heard in the mouths of the insurgents of Valencia.

laid. Woe to a country where treason to society of this description finds a resting place amongst the people.

The Revenue Returns for the year and a quarter just ended have been published. In the twelve months ending June 30, the increase has been four millions and of this increase three millions and a half are due to the income tax. In the excise there has been a decrease of £300,000; in the Customs an increase of £650,000. The general result may be briefly dismissed with this remark, that the war has had little or no disturbing power on the national finances.

The Corporation of London have presented the freedom of the City to General Sir W. F. Williams, of Kars, Bart., K.C.B., with a sword of the value of 100 guineas.

A letter from Paris asserts that should the King of Naples transmit an unfavorable reply to the joint remonstrance of France and Great Britain, a combined fleet will immediately appear before his Majesty's capital.

The Standard.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1856.

The Opposition is evidently bewildered and thrown on its back, by the simple, straightforward language of the Governor's speech, on the opening of the Session, and the Address (which was moved by Mr. Boyd and seconded by Mr. Desbriay) in reply thereto.

Up to the moment at which we write, the result of the debate, has not been received, but as no attempt has been made, to move an amendment, there cannot be the slightest doubt as to what that result will be. What the Radicals will now say, we shall be curious to see, but at the same time are utterly unable to imagine. The very fact of no amendment having been moved to the address in reply to the speech from the Throne, is in itself an actual admission of the constitutionality of the act of his Excellency the Lieut. Governor, in having dissolved the late House of Assembly and called other men to his Council, when the late Executive manifested such a disregard for the welfare of the country; and we are inclined to think that our contemporaries, the "Courier," the "Morning News," the "Reporter," and others of the same class, must feel rather humiliated and ashamed of themselves, (although we are aware that effrontery and shamelessness are their general characteristics, as has been lately proved,) after all the bombastic nonsense they have lately uttered about the "tyrannical violation of the constitution &c., &c."—to find that not a single one of their pet members has ventured to raise his voice in support of the doctrines by which they have been attempting to deceive the people.

Foiled and baffled in their attempts to disparage the present Executive, on the ground of the constitutionality of its appointment, by the refusal of every one of their champions to take up weapons on that score; they have now hit upon a still more unsafe expedient with which to try to damage the new Government. They now pretend to find great fault with his Excellency's advisers, for not having filled up every seat in the Council immediately upon accepting office, and for not having appointed Railroad Commissioners and other officers to lucrative situations since.

We do not pretend to have any means of knowing what reasons influenced the Government in the course which they have pursued in this matter, but that they have good and valid ones, is no more than just to assume, until the contrary can be shown. But what shall be said of the Journals that do not hesitate to set up such a cry as this against a Government barely a month old, and which, until the meeting of the House was only a "provisional" one; when it is remembered that the late Executive, (which they delight to think and declare was immaculate,) never since the day of its formation numbered more than seven—and who after having themselves created the offices of Postmaster Genl., and Railroad Commissioners, never filled them up to the time of their resignation, which was many months after the said offices were created.

It is however plain where the shoe pinches. It is the not having made use of the opportunity while it was in their power to provide for some of their partisans, and therefore the public will not be slow to appreciate the grumblings of disappointed place hunters.

At the overthrow of the Partelow administration we welcomed the ascent of the Fisher party to power, and gave them credit for honesty of purpose, and a sound and enlarged policy, and it was not until they proved themselves incapable and recreant to their duties to the country that we advocated their removal from office. To the present Government we shall give the same independent support that we accorded to the last, till it dishonored itself and brought the country to the brink of ruin. In the present instance, we are happy

to think there is no fear of a like catastrophe, and are pleased to find that they have commenced their career with straightforwardness and good judgment.

THE LEGISLATURE.—In another column we have given His Excellency's speech on the opening of the Session, and also the proposed Address in reply. From the latest legislative intelligence at hand, it is apparent that the address will be carried by a large majority. A summary of the proceedings in the House will be found in our Frederiction correspondent's letter.

LYNX.—Our Frederiction friend "Lynx," has kindly promised us the "sayings and doings" of the popular branch of the Legislature during the present Session. From the ability and tact of our correspondent, together with his means for obtaining information, our readers may rely upon his letters, the first of which appears in our columns this morning. Thanks, L.

Excursions appear to be the order of the day here, as well as elsewhere. During last week, the Steamers Queen and Nequaquet, made pleasure trips to St. George, the Queen on Wednesday, and the Nequaquet on Friday. The visitors expressed themselves much pleased with the excursions.

The gallant 76th Regt. are again ordered to do duty in this Province—four Companies arrived at St. John on Saturday last. We understand Lieut. Clerk, with the usual number of men is expected to occupy Fort Tippecanoe, in the course of a few days. Mr. Clerk's numerous friends here will be happy to see him again. The sight of a "Red Coat" will cheer the hearts of our loyal people after so long an absence.

The weather for the last week has been excessively warm; with occasional showers of rain;—the crops are looking remarkably well, and "haying" in some districts has been commenced.

(Cont.)

Extract from the Minutes of Board Meeting of the Class A shareholders of the Saint Andrews & Quebec Railroad Company, held at 26 Parliament Street, Westminster on Thursday the 19th of June, 1856.

The proceedings at the Annual General Meeting of the Company, at St. Andrews, on the 6th May last, having been read, it was unanimously

Resolved.—That the Board cordially joins in the vote of thanks then tendered to JAMES BOYD, Esq., for his ability and exertion in facilitating and obtaining the passing of the late Act in reference to the Company in the House of Assembly during the late session; and that the Company at St. Andrews be requested to communicate this resolution to Mr. Boyd.

(Signed) J. W. BYRNE, Secy. to Class A Board.

CHARGES of Gross Corruption against Washington officials continue to be brought forward. The correspondent of the Courier and Enquirer says:—"The charges appear to affect both the Treasury and War Departments. Mr. Wendell, the public printer, testifies that a public contractor informed him that it cost him ten thousand dollars to 'fix' Mr. Young, architect employed in the Treasury Department, in favor of certain alterations in the plan of the Mobile Custom House, by which the contractor informed him that it cost a very large sum 'to fix' the friend of Secretary Guthrie, but undeterred by such formidable difficulties, the contractor did fix the friend of Secretary Guthrie, to the great advantage of both the active and passive parties in the operation. Mr. Puryear of North Carolina stated that the Committee on Public Buildings had applied to the War Department for information on these facts, and that the Secretary had declined to furnish it, unless in answer to a resolution of the House. The financial irreproachability of this administration has been made quite a card in the canvass. It is likely to be trumped by these exposures proceeding from family disputes."

A gentleman informs the Boston Journal that it is not uncommon to find upon the books of the departments certain items of expenditure for trifling articles, such as pens, paper, &c., detailed with extraordinary minuteness, while on the very next page perhaps would be a debit of a million of dollars in one lump for work on the Washington water works, or some other public work, which rewards the faithful with rich contracts, and as would appear from the above developments, puts money in the pockets of certain government officials.

The Vice President.—The Hon. Mr. L. Dayton has formally accepted the nomination for the Vice Presidency.

ARRIVAL OF TREASURER.—The steamer Eastern State, having on board the 76th Regt., arrived from Halifax on Saturday afternoon. The band played a number of fine tunes at the landing wharf, Road's Point.—*[M. News.]*

Holloway's Pills. a certain cure for general debility.—Mr. Arthur Hurn, suffered according to his own showing, more than any one from general debility, nervousness, indigestion, and sick head aches, this multiplicity of disease upon a man of a sanguine temperament (which he admitted himself to be) reduced his strength considerably, and he became as it were the mere shadow of his

former self. In this case the blood was in a very impure state. He tried a variety of remedies, and literally became a martyr to medicine, but nothing abated the afflictions, until he had recourse to Holloway's Pills, which in seven weeks completely restored him to health, to the astonishment of all who knew him.

No medicine ever offered to the public, has met with the success that has attended the sale of HOLLOWAY'S PAIN KILLER. This remarkable remedy has attracted the attention of counterfeiters, who have in many places managed to palm off their worthless imitations. This fact has caused the proprietors of the genuine to put up the Pain Killer in entire new dress, each bottle having a fine steel engraved label—one the proprietors note or obligation. This will prevent its imitation hereafter.

ST. J.

At St. John, on the 4th instant, Catherine, relict of the late Hugh Flaherty, Esq., of St. George, aged 76 years.

Shipping List.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.—

July 18, Brig Viceroy, Sawyer, Bathing, ballast, J. & F. Hanson.

Schr John, Donovan, Boston, ballast, J. & F. Hanson.

Notice to Railroad Contractors.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE, E. & N. A. R. R. Montreal, 11th July, 1856.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Chief Engineer's Office of the Eastern and North American Railroad, until FRIDAY, the 1st day of August, for finishing the Grading, Masonry, Bridging, Track-laying and Ballasting of the 1st Division of this Road, extending from Shediac to the Head.

Proposals may be made for completing the entire work, or for each part separately, or it may be tendered for in sections, at the option of the Contractors. The Government reserving the right of adopting whichever mode may appear the most advantageous.

Plans, Specifications, and Forms of Tender and Contract may be seen: and the time for the completion of the work, as well as other information, may be obtained at the Engineer's Office at Montreal; after the 15th inst.

ALEX. L. LIGHT, Chief Engineer of Railways.

July 18.

WANTED.

A FIRST CLASS TEACHER to take charge of the St. Andrews Roman Catholic Male School on the first day of August next—or as early afterwards as practicable. Applicant to be well recommended by a Catholic Clergyman. A liberal salary will be given. Application to be made to the

Rev. ANDREW BARRON, St. Andrews, July 22, 1856.

Notice to the Public.

THE MAILS FOR ENGLAND, will close at this Office on Friday July 18, at 6 A. M., via New York, per British packet—Tuesday 23d, at 6 A. M., via New York, per U. States packet. Sunday, 27th, 9 A. M., via Halifax. Tuesday 28th July 6 A. M., via New York, per U. States packet.

The Postage for the United Kingdom, via Halifax, is 7d single rate, via New-York by British Packet 10d, and by United States Packet 1s. 5d, pre-payment optional.

By Order, G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M. Post Office, St. Andrews, July 15, 1856.

House and Lot for Sale.

To sell or Let, and immediate possession given, that commodious and comfortable COTTAGE, on west side of Frederick street, owned by the Subscriber; it is situated in one of the pleasantest parts of the Town, in close proximity to the Court House. There is a well of good water in the yard, a Garden plot stocked with Fruit Trees—Apple, Plum, and Cherry—besides currants and gooseberry bushes. Terms of payment made easy.

JOHN SNELL. St. Andrews, 15th July, 1856.

TEA.

CRUSHED SUGAR, PAINTS, &c.

Ex "Imperial" from Liverpool via St. John, JUST RECEIVED:

TEA—20 Chests } Fine Congow TEA
10 half " }
CRUSHED } 3 hds. Refined Crushed
SUGAR } SUGAR
PIPES—20 Boxes Glasgow T D's
SHEET LEAD—1 Roll, 3 lbs.
WHITE PAINT—10 Cwt. best White
Paint

DECK SPIKES—25 Cwt. assorted sizes
Boxes TIN, &c.

J. W. STREET. July 5, 1856.

Best Superfine Flour.

Just received ex schr. "Bonita" from Philadelphia, via Calais: 60 Barrels best superfine Philadelphia Flour. J. W. STREET. July 9th 1856.

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