

## NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

## Registrar Falding Committed for Trial—The Charges of Which He Stands Accused.

## Marriage Complications—Contract Let for Arrow Lake Branch of C. P. R.

(Special to the Colonist.)

**VANCOUVER.** Sept. 18.—The price of hope is not high enough this year to make the crop a profitable one. Growers are having a difficulty in getting pickers. The Indians are independently well off for a short period, owing to the money made at the salmon fishing.

D. McGillivray has received the contract for the construction of the Arrow Lake branch of the C.P.R. The line is to be completed before the last of November.

## WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, Sept. 18.—It appears to be pretty certain that Bishop Dart will change his residence to Vancouver in two or three months.

The Archdeaconry of New Westminster is to be divided, and an Archdeacon will be appointed for the upper country.

The charges against defaulting Registrar Falding have been brought. The first was by W. H. Ballack-Water, who accuses him of stealing \$523.27 of Her Majesty's money, which was in his possession on August 22 last. Yesterday J. J. Cambridge, Mr. Falding's deputy, has deposited that an amount of \$1,120.20 came into his hands on the 7th of August in connection with the estate of the late Isaac Johns. He was guardian of the John children. He deposited the amount in the bank and drew it out again on the 21st August and handed it to Mr. Falding as a payment into the Supreme court in compliance with an order by Judge Bole. This money should be still in court.

C. B. Wilson, ledger keeper in the Bank of British Columbia, swore to two checks being marked by him, amounting to \$1,100, presented by W. H. Falding on the 22nd and 23rd August. One check was for \$523.27 and the other \$586.73. One thousand dollars had been deposited the day before.

C. H. Carter, teller of the same bank, swore that on the 21st of August he received a deposit from Mr. Falding in the case of Wells and Cozner; he handed a cheque for \$75 to Registrar Falding, in this suit, on the day of the trial. Mr. Clinton asked Mr. Falding to hold it as he had no money for court fees. The money has not yet been paid out of court. W. H. Falding got this cheque cashed at the Bank of B. C.

The third charge against W. H. Falding was made to day, namely that Falding did steal \$433 belonging to the Province of B. C. On March 18 last a check for \$433 was paid into court by Davis, Marshall, McNeill & Abbott, and received by Falding. There was no order to pay out this money. The evidence showed that the check was not deposited. The accused was committed for trial on all three charges.

H. P. Benson, Clinton, barrister, said he had been solicitor for the defendant in the case of Wells and Cozner; he handed a cheque for \$75 to Registrar Falding, in this suit, on the day of the trial. Mr. Clinton asked Mr. Falding to hold it as he had no money for court fees. The money has not yet been paid out of court. W. H. Falding got this cheque cashed at the Bank of B. C.

The reduction of the C. P. R. freight rates between the agricultural districts of British Columbia and points in the Kootenay and Selkirk country meets with the satisfaction of a large body of thrifty agriculturists on the mainland of British Columbia. It is expected as a result that a very large and profitable market will be found for home products amongst the gold, copper and silver mining districts of Western Kootenay. It is reported that recent successful first shipments of cattle to the United Kingdom have raised stock values in the upper country about \$5 a head and it is expected that the trade thus inaugurated will be considerably and profitably developed.

## NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Sept. 18.—Rev. W. F. Gunton of Barrie, Ontario, has accepted a call to the Baptist church in this city. He is a graduate of McMaster's College.

Hon. D. W. Higgins, George Brown, William Dalby and J. Hepburn, general manager of the Victoria Hydraulic Mining Co.'s mines in Cariboo, were passengers to Alberni by the stage yesterday.

W. Eaton, manager of the Nanaimo-Alberni Gold Mining Company's Alberni claims, is so satisfied with the surface prospects that he recommends that a shaft be at once sunk to the bed rock, or a drift run to tap the bed rock.

Oscar Mackie, a miner living at Cokedale, before arriving in Washington, claimed Minnesota for his home. He, on coming West, left his wife behind. Mackie took it into his head to secure a divorce, and proceeded to go through the process of a legal separation. Some time after he returned again, and wife No. 2 at Nanaimo, keeping a boarding house, while he is working at Front street when she saw the long lost approaching her. He told her that he was no longer his wife. He then told her that he had procured a divorce, but agreed to send her back to Minnesota. A complication has arisen in that the marriage of Mackie to Mrs. Mackie No. 2 occurred within six months from the time the divorce from Mrs. Mackie No. 1 was granted.

## NELSON.

(From the Tribune.) The excitement at the foot of Slooan lake has in a measure been the cause of a very dull season at Silverton. Though there are over a dozen promising prospects in the immediate vicinity, the majority of them are still held by the original locators, and they, almost to a man, have evinced a preference for prospecting in the Springer Creek country rather than doing development work on their holdings.

A few miners have made arrangements for the construction of a pick trail from Slooan City, along the divide between Springer and Lemon creeks, for the purpose of getting out trial shipments this winter if possible. This will serve but a few properties, and the bulk of them will not be heard from for several months. Some half dozen properties will make shipments by this trail during the winter, aggregating in all possibly twenty tons, which it is estimated will net the shippers all the way from \$300 to \$500 per ton. There are upwards of ninety locations in the district, and considering the fact that everything used had to be packed in by the men upon their backs, the progress made in this new dry ore belt has been something surprising.

The owners of the Washington mine, Slooan district, have asked for estimates on a

60 ton concentrator and a 1500 foot tramway for that property. It is the intention to run the concentrator by water power, the water supply coming from what is locally known as McGillivray lake.

O. D. How, who is prospecting for a syndicate of Canadian Pacific officials, has met with considerable success on the divide between Springer and Lemon creeks, Slooan district. He has located the Rough and Ready, Bank of England, Two Friends and several other claims of great promise. Herbert Twigg has returned to New Denver from surveying the Black Prince, Grey Copper and Alice Murphy, a group of claims in the Lardero district, situated six miles up Gaiter creek, which empties into the Lardeau river. These claims are owned by W. C. Yawkey of Detroit, Michigan. The ledge has been traced for a considerable distance, and carries grey copper, galena and copper sulphides.

No arrangements appear to have been made for the working of the Blue Bird this winter. There is a rumor that the Taylor interest, comprising three-eighths of the property, is for sale. There are upwards of 450 feet of tunneling on the property.

Work has been again begun on the Tam O'Shanter, a property of Kootenay, above the Blue Bell, and owned by the Montreal & Kootenay Mining Company. John D. Moore and John McPhee have secured an extension of the bond which they have on the Victoria mineral claim, and will continue developing the property.

There is a rumor that the co-owners of the Noble Five group are likely to reach an amicable adjustment of existing difficulties.

The contractors who are to build the smelter at Trail are estimated to require to tender for 1,500,000 feet of lumber, 1,500,000 brick, 10,000 cords of wood, two miles of flume, and for excavation and masonry work. Certificate of incorporation has been issued Mr. Humphrey and his associates for a tramway from Trail to the Iron Horse mine near Rossland.

John McKaskell, one of the pioneer prospectors, is back in New Denver from the Deer Slayer and Reef, a brace of properties owned by George W. Shaw of Geneva, Illinois. He says the properties are looking splendid. Being at the Cody Creek terminus of the Kootenay & Slooan railway they will have excellent shipping facilities.

## THE "AMERICA'S" CUP.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Pall Mall Gazette comments this afternoon upon the letters which passed between Lord Dunsraven and the New York yachtsmen, regarding the America's cup races. Mr. Iselin in a communication dated September 11 offered to resail the race of September 10, if indeed to resail both races and begin the match over again.

To this Lord Dunsraven replied on the succeeding day: "This is a proposition to which, of course, I cannot agree. You would not have protested had you not believed that the Valkyrie had caused a foul by committing a breach of the rules. I did, she must take the consequences. The regatta committee have decided, for reasons according to their best judgment, but which, I confess, are beyond my comprehension, that I did break the rules. I made no protest because I thought the foul was accidental, but I considered that the Defender caused it. You consider that the Valkyrie was to blame. The committee decide that you are right and I am wrong, and there the matter ends."

The Pall Mall Gazette says that it desires to reopen the controversy so far as to make the opportunity to pay a tribute to the sportsmanlike behavior of Mr. Iselin. It is a pity, the article says, that Mr. Iselin's handsome offer to Lord Dunsraven could not have met with action on his part. The American yachtsmen, the Gazette concludes, deserves the respect of all lovers of sport.

## CHOLERA AT HONOLULU.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 18.—The Hawaiian mail has been landed from the steamer Rio Janeiro, and brings the following: Honolulu, Sept. 10, 1895.—There have been 59 cases of cholera up to date with 46 deaths since the scourge broke out. Two white people were attacked yesterday and have since died. C. L. Dodge, business manager of the Hawaiian Star, and formerly of San Diego, Cal., was one of the victims. The city is in a state of alarm. A Japanese or Chinese have been attacked although there are thousands in Honolulu. The steamer Rio Janeiro was prevented landing here her Japanese freight, and will take it to San Francisco. The U.S. ships Benington and Olympia have gone to Lahaina, one of the neighboring islands, as the captains are afraid to remain in port. Residents in the islands positively refuse to allow passengers or freight from Honolulu to be landed.

## KU-CHENG MASSACRES.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 18.—Although the more humane among those concerned in the massacre of missionaries at Ku-cheng have been punished, the utmost efforts of the British consul have been unavailing to induce the authorities to deal with the Viceroy of the province and with other high officials, who are alleged to have been responsible for the massacre. It is believed that Great Britain will insist that these offenders shall be brought to justice.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The joint American and British commission which is investigating the military riots at Ku-cheng, is making most satisfactory progress in fixing the responsibility for the outrages and securing the summary punishment of some of the guilty parties. Cablesgrams were received from the State Department today from both Minister, Denby at Peking, and Consul-General Jenningham, at Shanghai, stating that the Chinese who were guilty of the massacre, by the commission of being the ring leaders in the assaults, were decapitated this morning. The commission is still proceeding with its work.

A New Hamburg Citizen Released from Four Months Imprisonment.

Mr. John Koch, hotel-keeper, New Hamburg, Ont.: "I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. The last attack commenced last October, and kept me in the house for four months, when two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure completely cured me. Had I secured the remedy when I first contracted rheumatism it would have saved me months of pain and suffering."

If you suffer from rheumatism or neuralgia do not delay, but try South American Rheumatic Cure now. It will relieve in a few hours and cure radically in a few days.

## FRAKER'S FRAUD.

## A Remarkable Insurance Case Up for Trial—A Well Planned Scheme.

## Loaded Up With Policies He Pretends to Have Been Drowned and Disappears.

RICHMOND, Mo., Sept. 16.—To-morrow will open here the preliminary hearing in the case of Dr. G. W. Fraker, a professional attaché of the leading hotel at Excelsior Springs, a famous health resort near Kansas City. He is charged by A. S. Van Vandenbergh, representing the Kansas Mutual Life Association of Topeka, Kansas, with having on the 15th day of May, 1892, and on the 20th day of February, 1893, the defendant, Fraker, obtained from the Mutual Life Association two policies of insurance for \$5,000 each, and that on the 10th day of July, 1893, he attempted to defraud the association by pretending to lose his life by drowning in the Missouri river.

The case for the prosecution is that, with certain companions, the Doctor went fishing on the Missouri river one day, and after dark, while in company of George Topeka, James Triplett and Jake Crowley, a negro, he disappeared and was seen no more. These parties afterwards swore positively that they witnessed his drowning, while he was in a leaky boat, but after a strict search his body could not be found. Three or four months previously he had been loading up with life insurance, taking \$10,000 in the Kansas Mutual Life Company, of Topeka; \$15,000 in the Hartford Accident; \$15,000 in the Providence Savings; \$10,000 in the Equitable Life of New York, and \$8,000 in benevolent societies; a total of \$58,000.

After investigation, all the companies, except the Equitable, refused to pay the claims, whereupon James E. Lincoln, the creator of the will, sent him to the District court at Liberty, Mo., which was afterwards transferred to the Circuit court, of Kansas City. In the latter part of 1894, after an intensely sensational trial, lasting two weeks, the jury, acting under positive instructions to find the defendant guilty for the defence. A new trial was granted on technical points, but in February, 1895, judgment was given for the full amount, and a stay of execution granted for six months until August 12, 1895. On that date the full amount was paid to the executor, and the companies withdrew their offer of \$20,000 reward.

On the 10th ult. this legally dead doctor was captured in a wood in the State of Minnesota. He had been living near where he was found. He admitted his life of lawlessness, and said he did not leave Topeka on purpose to defraud the companies, but while he was near the river he fell in. He swam across the river and got on land. The next day he read in the papers that he had been drowned and concluded to carry out the deception and allow his heirs to collect the insurance. This scheme he carried out by concealing himself in a wood, and was so successful as to secure a judgment from a supreme court, by which he was declared to be no longer living.

## FRISCO'S CHURCH MURDERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Despite all the damaging testimony which has been marshalled against him Durrant continues to be the only man in the court room who shows no signs of excitement. Throughout the scrutiny of the witnesses he sits in perfect apparent calmness, although now that the case has every day a more serious aspect, he holds no more than a faint smile to his parents. It is expected the case will require at least fourteen days more for the direct testimony.

The testimony of Miss Lanigan, a fellow pupil at the Normal school of Blanche Larrabee, who testified that Durrant was the only man in the court room who shows no signs of excitement. Throughout the scrutiny of the witnesses he sits in perfect apparent calmness, although now that the case has every day a more serious aspect, he holds no more than a faint smile to his parents. It is expected the case will require at least fourteen days more for the direct testimony.

Another story of the identity of Durrant's mysterious admirer is that she is a Mrs. Grace Bowers, wife of an insurance agent. Last Wednesday she left her husband as a result of her infatuation for Durrant. Mr. Bowers says his wife never knew Durrant, but the beginning of the case has taken a great interest in the trial and believes Durrant is innocent. It is thought her mind has become affected, and that she is not responsible for her actions.

## TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, Sept. 17.—(Special.)—James Tenbrook, Ph. D., has been appointed to the chair of philosophy at the MacMaster university.

The Board of Works, at a special meeting, have decided to send for Mr. Mansergh, the celebrated British engineer who is now constructing the Birmingham water works system, to report on the project of supplying Toronto with water through a tunnel instead of the conduit now in use. Mr. Mansergh's fee is \$3,000.

The treasurer of the Toronto Industrial exhibition has issued a statement of receipts during the two weeks of the fair. It shows the total to have been \$68,305.55 against a total of \$75,990.75 last year. The largest day was Wednesday last, when the receipts were \$10,407, somewhat less than the biggest last year.

W. E. Loe has been sent to jail for one year for baby farming.

## H. M. STANLEY.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Henry M. Stanley, M.P. and explorer, has accepted the appointment of associate editor of Bishop Wm. Taylor's monthly pictorial, published by the Illustrated Africa. It was during his recent brief visit to New York on route to Canada, that Mr. Stanley became closely associated with Bishop Taylor in the present work.

## GRAVESEND RACES.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 17.—The special prize of \$2,500 for three-year-olds and upwards was won by the winner, a chestnut gelding named won by Navarre first; Cliff, second; Sir Walter, third. Time, 2:09.

## CABLE NEWS.

## Numerous Arrests Made in Havana—Departure of Spanish Gunboats for Cuba.

## Future of Hawaii—Railway Building in China—Diplomatic Changes in Brussels.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Shanghai, which will say that the Emperor has sanctioned the immediate building of the railway from Shanghai, through Suchan and Chin Kiang to Nanking, in order to forestall the Japanese demands.

The directors of the National Line S.S. Co. have decided to break off negotiations for an amalgamation of the National with the Leyland, Wilson and Furness companies. It is understood also that the directors will decline the proposition of the Allan company to enter into a business arrangement with them, and the National company will go into liquidation.

La Poste de Paris says this evening that the Marquis Imperial Secretary of the Italian legation at Washington is about to exchange places with Signor Malaspina, Secretary of the legation at Brussels.

Eighteen persons were arrested at Havana to day upon the charge of being concerned in the insurgent cause. Among the number arrested was the secretary of Julio Sanguily, who, several months ago, was arrested and committed to Moro Castle on the charge of treason.

The gunboats which have been constructed for the coast guards of Cuba have been completed and their crews left Cadiz to-day on the convoy Alonzo XII for Cuba.

The National Zeitung of Berlin says that Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, has been granted a furlough of ten years on account of his unimpaired service for several years duration as an officer in the German navy.

The Standard this morning, commenting upon the release of ex-Queen Lilikokalani in Hawaii and upon the revolution, says: "Hawaii has treaties with England and France which give them protective powers over the island, quite as much if not more than the United States government has. To split up the island would be to prevent a chronic revolution. Hawaii ought to be put under the actual protection of the powers most greatly concerned in its welfare."

A despatch to the Standard from Madrid says that the government has arranged with the bankers for a credit of 24,000,000 sterling for the war in China.

The Daily News Vienna correspondent telegraphs that the anti-Semite agitation has culminated in the murder of a synagogue official. In the streets to-night many Jews were going ill-treated.

The Standard in an article on the revival of the world's trade says: "In both England and America the expansion in the movement of capital is partly due to renewed activity on the stock exchanges, but the return of a more solid substratum of increased mercantile transactions, both returns have improved in America the earliest, because America awoke first. The money market is now overruled, partly owing to the bungling currency experiments in the United States, but the heavy bullion movements to England from America have not upset any of the great markets. Everything points to a further expansion of trade. For a time high prices might override high tariffs, but the expansion in the world's trade will be the result of the expansion in the movement of capital."

The indications are that the powers will be invited to interfere in the affairs of Belgium and the Congo Free State. The extension last January of the Belgian Congo without, it is alleged, due process of law, excited much indignation here. Reports received in private letters state that a condition of virtual anarchy prevails in the Belgian Congo, that in several instances Belgian troops have been defeated, slaughtered by the natives, and that two Belgian have been murdered there and eaten by the savages.

## SCHOOL AGITATION.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—There is an agitation among the Germans of the Northwest Territories against the present school law. Peter Claassen, of Rosthern, Saskatchewan, has addressed a letter "To the Germans in the Northwest Territories of Canada," calling upon them most urgently to go hand in hand together petitioning the government at Regina, and if necessary the Ottawa government, for a modification of the present school law of the Territories. The grievance is that under section 89 of the school act no instruction in the public or district schools must be given in the English language. In this provision, the writer says, the German people are placed at a disadvantage, and therefore they hesitated seriously about organizing such schools. To their astonishment they found that French was allowed to be taught in the schools, and they asked why the French people should have the preference before the Germans.

The writer proceeds to say: "If we are to be compelled in this way to learn only English then for the most part private schools will be introduced, and the learning of the English language will be postponed for a long time. But if the German language be also allowed in the district schools, then, without doubt, the next generation will become familiar with the English. Our petition, in which we asked that, besides English, the learning of our German language be also allowed in the district schools might be granted to us, has been refused by the department of education."

"We Germans in the Territories, wherever we have settled, should now do our duty, and fulfil the obligations handed down to us from our forefathers towards God, the church, the schools, our children and our better convictions, namely, to stand up unitedly for our German mother tongue, preserve it, to dare something for its continuance, and not allow ourselves to be treated in this matter as a tool without a will, and not always to say 'yes' and 'amen' to that which might have a bad effect upon our descendants."

Mr. Claassen calls upon all the German settlers in the Territories to make common cause by means of a joint petition, if not better by one from every settlement, all having the same object, to request the government to permit, along with English, also German instruction in the public schools; also that the schools already existing be inspected and made more up to date. He adds: "This question is of great importance for our continued existence as Germans, as every unprejudiced man will perceive; it is a life question for the coming generation."

The concluding paragraph is as follows: "Hon. Mr. Daly, the minister of the Interior, has the immigration department under him, and if he were to interest himself in the matter he could, from the standpoint of immigration, and in the interest of the same, exert a certain influence upon the government in favor of our petition."

## CAPITAL NOTES.

## Old Arctic Exploring Vessel Sold—Customs Concessions Obtained Under False Pretences.

## Milwaukee Capitalists and Smelting Works in Canada—The Second Order in Council.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The Marine department has received the sum of \$240, being the price paid for the old Arctic exploring vessel Alert, recently sold at auction as being not suited for either the Canadian or Imperial service.

An officer of the customs department is investigating the charge made in the House last session that a rebate of 90 per cent. has been obtained by certain millers on corn ground for fodder under the false pretext that it is being ground for human food, to which alone the rebate applies.

Milwaukee capitalists to-day communicated with the Interior department asking for a formal reference to a desirable location for iron smelting works in Canada.

It is rumored that the publication of the second order-in-council on the Manitoba question is due to the Hierarchy; a confidential copy having been furnished to them. The Hierarchy has been specially invited to the Deep Watering conference, and to read a paper on Canadian efforts to improve international waterways.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell arrived in the city to-night. Hon. Mr. Ives is also back from his trip to Europe.

## MANITOBA'S WHEAT CROP.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—The weather continues favorable for threshing, although there was rain with a small fall of hail yesterday at several northwestern points. Cutting is still progressing at Yorkton. The wheat yields are continuing large in all the districts, which is gratifying considering the low price offered. Many have decided to hold their grain for higher quotations, believing the present depression of the market cannot continue. Reports have been received of farmers threshing too soon after a rain and sending their wheat to the elevators in a damp condition. Such wheat, of course, has not been permitted to pass into the elevators, and no one will buy it.

The crops are so heavy that the work of stacking is necessarily slow, but it is thought that by the end of the month what has not been threshed will be safely stacked. Farmers and threshers are now getting so anxious for men that they are wiring into the city for help. To-day the department of agriculture received a wire from Pilot Mound, asking for twelve men immediately. Evidently there is not a surplus of farm laborers in the province, and threshing has caused a demand for more. Many of the Ontario men who came up with the harvest are returning East, which makes laborers scarce.

President Magee and Manager Burn, of the Bank of Ottawa, returned East to-day. Mr. Burn said they had found everything in good shape in the West, with prospects of a good season's operation. With last year, Mr. Burn held that the crop would produce much more money, but it would be slower in coming in. Last year a good deal of crop was moving out at this time, while this year the same date in October will scarcely see as much wheat ready for the seaboard. The prospects for the winter were very good. The current price for No. 1 hard is 44c per bushel, on a basis of a 16c freight rate to Fort William. This is higher than the Eastern price, and the present price is made in the hope of a domestic demand, but it is likely that the competition of the big millers is to some extent responsible for the opening of market so far above export figures.

There are reports that a fire destroyed sixteen stacks of wheat and five acres of oats belonging to L. McCall. The fire was started by a threshing engine. There is no insurance.

## CHOLERA PRECAUTIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 18.—The members of the State, Oakland and San Francisco boards of health and the United States health officer, met with the mayor to-day and adopted resolutions agreeing to meet in concert for the prevention of cholera. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which runs to China, and which has been carrying in wooden coffins the bodies of Chinese dying on route, was notified to place such bodies in hermetically sealed cases. At a meeting of the board of health yesterday, reports of Nagasaki and Yokohama, Japan, were declared infected, and the steamer Rio Janeiro, which arrived from the Orient, was ordered to remain in quarantine until the passengers be well and cargo could be fumigated. The board also ordered that all mails from infected or suspected ports be fumigated at the quarantine station before being allowed to enter the city.

## FATAL FIGHT AT A WEDDING.

HALIFAX, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—It was reported here to-day that during a wedding ceremony near Meat Cove, C.B., last night, a fight occurred during which Hugh Alexander, John and Allan McEachern and John Donohoe were stabbed by John Burton with a large jack-knife. Three of the wounded men are not expected to live. The place is one of the wildest on the Cape Breton coast where the laws are set at defiance, and it is believed that the principals taken without the assistance of a military force.

## THE TOPMOST STOREY.

BUFFALO, Sept. 17.—This city held more distinguished Free Masons to-day than ever before in its history. The sessions of the Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors General of the 33rd and last degree were held at which work in 33rd degree was exemplified upon illustrious principles elected at Boston last year to receive the ultimate degree. To-morrow will be a day of pleasure for the visitors. The programme includes a trip to the Falls and the evening banquet.

RAWR REARLY MIND. Mrs.—My baby was very bad with summer complaint, and I thought he would die, until I got Dr. Foster's Extract of Wild Strawberry. With the first dose I noticed a change for the better, and now he is cured, and fat and healthy.

MRS. A. NORMANDEY, London, Ont.