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# London Advertiser.

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## Literary Frauds.

Wholesale Forgery of Valuable Documents Discovered.

British Residents in Samoa Attacked by Insurgents.

Parnellites Pleased with the Unseating of Fullam, the South Meath Member.

Proposed Midnight Procession in London Prevented—Austrians Amazed by the Government's Resumption of Specie Payment—A Hungarian Organist Creates a Sensation in Church.

### Eighty-Five Perished.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A private dispatch received in London states that 85 lives were lost by the sinking of the Japanese man-of-war Chishimarukan.

### The French in Dahomey.

PORTO NOVO, Dec. 1.—Gen. Dodds is preparing for the complete occupation of Dahomey by the French.

### Francois Will Be Extradited.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Lord Chief Justice Coleridge refused to grant to-day a writ of habeas corpus in the case of the French Anarchist Francois. This ends the long struggle in behalf of Francois, who will now be extradited.

### Trouble With the Samoans.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that news has been received from Samoa to the effect that the native insurgents have attacked English residents. Orders have been telegraphed to the commander of the Australian squadron to send a warship to Apia without delay.

### Two Steamers Lost.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A telegram from Athens announces the loss of two British steamers, one the Arabian Prince, Capt Milburn, which was wrecked off the Island of Tuho, and the other, Sir Francis Drake, was wrecked off Cape Malia, on the southern coast of the Morea. No loss of life is reported in either case.

### Proposed Midnight Procession.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—About 300 persons, mostly youths of the London unemployed started at Tower Hill to-night to carry out their preannounced intention to hold a midnight procession. The police were out in large numbers. They permitted the paraders to proceed as far as Temple Bar where they were easily dispersed.

### Miners and Police in Conflict.

LIEGE, Dec. 1.—The strikers at the Horlemines paraded the streets to-day, causing a tumult which led the authorities to prohibit assemblages. Thereupon the strikers stoned the gendarmes, who told them to disperse. For reply they received a volley from revolvers. The gendarmes then fired on the miners, killing one and wounding three, including a woman. The strikers then fled.

### For Bi-Metallism.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Special meetings have been held by the Chambers of Commerce in the leading Scottish cities and monetary associations have been formed to co-operate with the English Bi-metallic League.

The whole work of the Monetary Congress will now be devoted to the question of international bi-metallism, which the Americans are determined shall be thoroughly discussed.

### Severe Gale on the British Coast.

DUNDEE, Dec. 1.—A severe gale has been prevailing over Scotland since Sunday. Heavy snow storms are reported in the far north, accompanied by thunder and lightning. A quantity of wreckage has drifted ashore at Ulispool and other places on the west coast, and there are evidences that a large steamer, bound from a German port for new York, has been lost.

### Parnellites Pleased.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The unseating of Patrick Fullam, the anti-Parnellite Nationalist member for South Meath, was due to the charges of clerical intimidation on behalf of anti-Parnellites and other illegal practices. Mr. Fullam received 2,212 votes at the recent election against 2,129 for J. J. Dalton, the Parnellite candidate. The election was sharply contested, and the influence of the clergy were used in behalf of the anti-Parnellites. The representative of South Meath in the late Parliament was Edward Shiel, one of the educated men of the Parnellite party, and who sat for the constituency for ten years. He was a strong supporter of Parnell. The Parnellites are greatly rejoiced over the result, and will make an earnest effort to carry the constituency at the coming election. It is believed that they have a very good chance to win.

### Called the Organist a Traitor.

VIENNA, Dec. 1.—At Vaal, Hungary, the local priest, after preaching his sermon called upon the organist to play "God Save the Queen," in honor of the name day of the Empress of Austria, who is likewise Queen of Hungary. The organist, a Kossuthist, or radical opponent of Austria, shouted that he did not have the music. Thereupon the priest denounced the organist and called him a traitor. The audience, however, took sides with the organist, and to show their fellow-feeling went out of the church without waiting for further services. The fact that the Empress sympathizes with the church in its present contest with the Government of Hungary accounts, presumably, both for the desire of the priest to honor the Empress and the opposition of the congregation.

### Forgery of Valuable Documents.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Considerable of a sensation has been created in the literary world by the discovery at Edinburgh of a system of wholesale forgery of autograph literary and historic documents. The discovery was due to the publication of an alleged manuscript poem by Burns. This poem was found to be a reprint from a fugitive magazine of poetry that appeared when Burns was only 7 years old. A number of antiquarian booksellers of the highest repute have unconsciously circulated the forgeries, which include a parchment copy of "The Solemn League and Covenant," which, if genuine, would be of untold value. Letters purporting to have been written by Burns, Scott, Thackeray, Burke, Cromwell, Carlyle and Mary Queen of Scots prove to be bogus. There is no reason to suspect that the collection of manuscripts of Burns' poems, presented in 1891 to the city of Edinburgh by Mr. Kennedy, the New York banker, are not genuine.

### The Canal Crookedness.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—The commission of inquiry in the Panama Canal affairs continues to dig in the mire. It has been discovered that 3,900,000 francs were distributed by the late Baron De Reinich, in 27 checks, to newspapers and journalists. On the refusal of the bank to give the names, the commission visited the bankers to see their books. The commission found at the bankers' the numbers of the checks, with the amounts appended.

The list of sums of money paid to newspapers and newspaper directors by the Panama Canal Company is as follows: Petit Journal, 300,000 francs; Telegraphe, 120,000 francs; M. Jezienski, director of the Telegraphe, 120,000 francs; Matin, 50,000 francs; Gaulois, 15,000 francs; M. Meyer, director of the Gaulois, 30,000 francs; Radical, 100,000 francs; Senator Magnier, director of l'Evenment, 50,000 francs; M. Patinot, director of the Journal des Debats, 40,000 francs. The Journal des Debats denies having received any money.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The event of the day is the publication of a fac-simile of a letter written by Baron Reinict to M. Proust, dated in July, 1886, notifying him of a gift of 1,000 Panama Canal bonds.

Several of the papers are trying to justify the acceptance of gifts from the Panama Canal Company.

### Aristocratic Swindlers Sentenced.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—William Gordon and Ernest Northbrooke, both of whom are connected with aristocratic families, were sentenced at the Durham Assizes to one year's imprisonment with hard labor for swindling. They issued a million circulars announcing a puzzle, the solution of which was to be rewarded by large money prizes. To enter the competition it was necessary to inclose with the guess a fee of three shillings. The scheme was most successful, and the swindlers collected thousands of pounds, which they divided between them. When the time came for announcing the result the swindlers coolly made public the statement that every one who had competed had been unsuccessful, and, in consequence, the money prizes to be distributed were so small that it would not be worth while to remit them. Some of the victims brought the matter to the notice of the police.

### To Die.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Joseph Mellor was sentenced to death by a Manchester court on Tuesday for having murdered his wife early in September. He has written a letter to the effect that Lizzie Sutherland, a young unmarried woman, plotted the murder with him in order that he might be free to marry her. Miss Sunderland says, however, that she did not even know that he was married. She says that she taxed him with living with a woman, and he replied that he knew he had been wild and had lived with a woman, but he would never do it again. They had made no preparations for marriage, "although," says Miss Sunderland, "I should have married him had everything gone all right."

Mrs. Mellor disappeared early in September, and Mellor told inquiring neighbors that she had gone to see her ill mother. His story was received with suspicion, which grew as weeks passed and his wife failed to return. On Oct. 18 a woman looked through the kitchen window of Mellor's house, while Mellor was out, and saw a hole in the kitchen floor. She called the landlord, and he broke in the door. He found the hole to be six feet long and three feet deep, and partially filled with bloody clothing. Under the stairway he found Mrs. Mellor's body and a blood-stained butcher knife. Her wounds showed that she had been stabbed, and that her head had been beaten with a club.

### The New Home Rule Bill.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Modifications will be made in the home rule measure of 1886 as follows: Clause 4, restricting the powers of the Irish legislature, is enlarged by further defining the limitation of the powers of the legislature to interfere with the endowment of religion or to impose disability or confer privilege on account of religious belief. Further guarantees relating to denominational education are provided. Next, the constitution of the legislative body will be modified by raising the number of members of the first order in the upper house who, as in the first bill, shall hold office for ten years. The much-disputed clause 24, removing the Irish peers from the House of Lords and the Irish members from the House of Commons disappears in the new bill, the representation of Ireland in the Imperial Parliament remaining the same as at present. Subsection 4 of clause 10 is to be extended so as to insure the employment of the police and military forces to enforce the payment of all taxes leviable by the Irish Parliament. Another alteration relates to disputes arising between the Irish Legislature and Imperial Government.

If Mr. Gladstone passes the bill in the House of Commons it is certain to be rejected by the House of Lords. This will involve a fresh appeal to the country. Even if the peers are at once submissive to the will of the people and allow the measure to become a law, the alteration of the representation in the Imperial Parliament consequent thereon, will require another general election.

### Germany's Conservative Platform.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Standard's Berlin correspondent says that in a draft of the Conservative platform the first paragraph reads: "We combat Jewish influence in our national life, on which it acts with disintegrating effect. We demand Christian government for Christian people and Christian teachers for Christian pupils. We condemn the excesses of anti-semitism."

### More Muddled Than Ever.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—M. Brisson, who was selected by President Carnot to form a new Ministry, has abandoned the undertaking, and the political situation is more muddled than ever. Brisson, in explanation of his action, says he desires to form a Cabinet of Nurc, that would co-operate with all the factions, but the refusal of M. Perier to enter the combination, and the declination of M. Bourgeois to accept the portfolio of the interior forced him to abandon his task.

## Grinding Away.

The Minister-Making Mill Gets Plenty of Grist.

Mr. Bowell to be Minister of Trade and Commerce.

A Couple of New $5,000 Sits to be Scrambled For—The New Cabinet Likely to be Announced on Monday.

(Associated Press dispatches.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 1.—As already indicated it is likely Hon. Mackenzie Bowell will be the Minister of Trade and Commerce, with control of the amalgamated customs and inland revenue departments.

The under secretaries or comptrollers are likely to be Messrs. Clark Wallace, M.P., and Col. Tisdale, M.P. Other names mentioned in this connection are Mr. Wood, M.P., Brockville, and Dr. Montague, M.P. The comptrollers, although members of the Government, are not members of the Cabinet. They will have to seek re-election after being appointed. They, of course, sit in Parliament. The positions are worth $5,000 a year.

The Solicitor-Generalship will be awarded, in all probability, to Mr. J. J. C. Curran, M.P., Montreal. His salary will be $5,000.

Lieutenant-Governor Angers, it is said, will be awarded the Militia portfolio, Hon. John Costigan going to the Agriculture Department, succeeding Hon. John Carling, who retires from the Ministry. Mr. Carling will be given a seat in the Senate. Mr. Angers will become Government leader in the Senate.

The statement is also made that Mr. Abbott will be a member of the Government, but without portfolio.

Mr. W. B. Ives, M.P., becomes President of the Council.

Sir John Thompson and Lieut.-Gov. Angers held a lengthy conference this afternoon. The friends of Senator Miller, of Nova Scotia, are pressing hard for his being taken into the Cabinet as leader of the Senate.

The new Cabinet, it is expected will not be announced till Monday.

SCRAMBLING FOR MR. CARLING'S PLACE.

(Special to Hamilton Times.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 1.—Deputy Speaker Bergeron, who is here to day, says that a new Conservative association in Montreal, of which Dr. Lachapelle, M.P., is one of the leading officers, has passed resolutions asking Mr. Chapleau to remain in the Cabinet until the Manitoba school question is decided. A copy of the resolution has been received by Sir John Thompson. There is, however, no likelihood of his staying here as he has got the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor in his pocket. Bergeron also says that if Chapleau is appointed Lieutenant-Governor that Mr. De Boucherville will resign the leadership of the Government in Quebec. He positively refuses to serve under Mr. Chapleau. The latter does not care whether he will resign or not. Indeed he considers that it woule be better for the Province if he did.

A. J. Truscotte, M.P., Montmorency, was sent for by Sir Adolphse Caron. He is here to-day. It is understood that the Postmaster-General is pressing upon Sir John Thompson to get Lieut.-Governor Angers into the Cabinet so that Quebec district may have two Ministers against the one for the Montreal district. The Montreal members oppose this and are pressing for Mr. Girouard's appointment.

The fight in this direction is getting warmer, as the time for a definate answer to his Excellency expires to-morrow.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell has left for the west to settle the trouble over the scramble that is going on for Carling's place. Dr. Montague's friends have the Premier also stormed with letters applying for his promotion and Clarke Wallace's advocates are about as noisy. The result will be that Carling will not be thrown overboard.

## BURNED OUT.

Wagon Works in Chicago Destroyed—Blaze in Toronto.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—Rossow Bros.' wagon works was burned this afternoon. Loss heavy.

TORONTO, Dec. 1.—The building at 35 Adelaide street west, which has several times been injured by fire, was on fire again to-night, and about $2,000 damage done. The loss is scattered over the premises of a number of business houses whose warerooms are in the building.

SEAFORTH, Dec. 2.—C. W. Papbst's stationery store had a narrow escape from total destruction by fire last evening. A large Pittsburg lamp, which was hanging in one of the show windows, fell, setting fire to a lot of expensive albums and fancy goods. The fire was extinguished after doing about $100 damage. One large pane of plate glass was also cracked. Loss on goods fully covered by insurances in the Queen's and Commercial Union companies.

## POLITICAL UNION MOVEMENT.

The Ottawa Journal Says the Question Is Getting Serious.

OTTAWA, Dec. 2.—Surprise has been caused by an editorial in the Journal, a newspaper that has been recognized as the organ of the present Government, warning its readers that the annexation agitation is a serious matter. It says:

"About 1,000 votes out of 3,000 were cast for annexation at the big meeting in Montreal on Monday evening. On the heels of this comes the news that the Liberal Association of South Norfolk, in Ontario, had declared straight out for annexation. It is time for Canadians who love their country above any party to be plain spoken. This country cannot be maintained in wholesome entity if a party which has gained power loads the dice to keep itself there. If the other party finds that it cannot get fair play under our constitution some of its members are sure to turn toward the constitution under which our neighbors live.

"The Liberals have been misled. There was a time when no doubt existed of their loyalty to Canada, and their leaders should never have given cause for doubt; and, in a measure, their own lack of faith is responsible for their loss, in election after election, of those votes that hold the balance of power. But still the Liberals have not had fair play, and it is a question with many in Canada whether they should have a trial in power partly in the hope of giving a needed lesson to unscrupulous Conservatives and partly that a term of trust may both wed the Liberals better to the Canadian idea and pave the way for a reform of the abuses and excrescences which have gained hold in our policy.

"Are we to hope that the new Conservative Administration will fight more fairly than its predecessors? Are we to hope that it will overhaul our customs tariff, with an honest determination to reduce the burdens that press most heavily on our heads? Are we to hope that it will either secure more favorable terms of inter-imperial trade, or else prepare to cut loose from the empire altogether and hoe our own row to the best advantage wherever we can? Are we to hope that this country's opportunities and resources will be so handled as to secure the influx of population and capital which we ought to get?

"If these hopes are disappointed in the next few years the annexationists will be strong enough to require to be answered by bayonets."

## JAY GOULD DEAD!

The Railroad King Succumbs to Pulmonary Consumption.

His Wealth Said To Exceed $60,000,000.

The Unprecedented Record of a Poor Barefooted Lad.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Jay Gould died at 9:15 this morning.

The history of Jay Gould, from the barefooted boy who wandered over the rough hills of Delaware county, to the railroad king whose wealth was estimated at $60,000,000, is one of the most remarkable among self-made men. His life for the past few months has been a constant battle against the inevitable, and all means that medical skill and the interest of friends and relatives could suggest were employed to prolong the financier's life. He was taken about in luxurious private cars to places where milder air and the absence of business excitement might be expected to work a recuperation of his energies. Frequent reports during the past few weeks as to his feeble condition were received, but were either deprecated or denied by those near him.

Mr. Gould was born in West Settlement, a backwoods village of Roxbury, Delaware county, New York, on May 27, 1836. He was the son of John B. Gould, a farmer, who was fairly well-to-do, and who had been a deputy sheriff in the famous anti-rent war in the early thirties. Young Gould was also a cousin of Alfred Gould, the inventor of the chain well pump, and was closely connected with the Moores, a prominent Scotch family, and others well known in the county. His mother died when he was an infant.

No two estimates agree as to the amount of Mr. Gould's fortune. The most conservative figures place it at about $60,000,000, while some people in Wall street who think they know something about his accumulations, figure that he must have gotten together $100,000,000. His known holdings of securities are about as follows: $22,000,000, par value of Western Union Telegraph, which at to-day's figures would fetch about $18,700,000; $10,000,000, par value of Missouri Pacific, which is now worth in the market $5,500,000. He is supposed to hold in the neighborhood of $8,000,000—probably more—of Manhattan Railway, worth $10,400,000. His holdings of these stocks have been larger than this, but he sold them to either invest money in new issues of bonds of the Missouri Pacific and Manhattan companies or to finance these companies until bonds could be issued. Excellent information is that he holds about one-third of the bonds issued on the Missouri Pacific system, which would be about $30,000,000. His estate holds over $12,000,000 of Wabash Railway stock, which shows a loss of between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000.

As long ago as 1884 Mr. Gould was known to hold about $3,000,000 of first-class railway mortgage bonds upon roads other than those controlled or managed by him. Besides these items he had large investments in a great number of properties concerning which the general public knew little or nothing, his holding of Union Pacific and Kansas Pacific bonds, which have never been stated, must be large, but it is not believed that he owned of late years much of any Union Pacific stock.

From the foregoing figures, which are approximately correct, it is easy to figure up in the neighborhood of $75,000,000. Of late years his fortune has increased rapidly owing to his enormous income from his holdings of Western Union and Manhattan stock, to say nothing of his investments in bonds. His income from these three sources alone cannot have fallen under $3,000,000 a year, and has probably exceeded that amount.

The direct cause of Mr. Gould's death, as stated at the house this morning, was pulmonary consumption. The scene at the house at midnight was not extraordinary. It was stated at that time that the strong master mind had ceased to battle for life. His children were at his bedside and they recognized that their hopes of the prolongment of their father's days were vanishing, and that the end was not far off. They tearfully admitted this to a few close personal friends, and then began the vigil which only ceased when the last breath left the body.

When the end came the members of the family who were in the house were Mr. and Mrs Geo. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould, Miss Helen Gould, Howard Gould, Harold Gould and Miss Annie Gould.

Gould's death was generally known before the opening of the stock exchanges, and brokers and traders had full opportunity to prepare themselves. The effect on the market was less than expected.

### A Mysterious Robbery.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Attorney Isaac E. Adams claims the vault in his office in the Home insurance building has been robbed of a box of bonds, stocks and $1,000 in cash, amounting in all to $35,000. The clerks declare Adams was the only one who ever used the box.

### The United States Sugar Bounty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The amount of sugar produced during the last fiscal year on which bounty was paid was as follows: Cane sugar, 364,829,411 pounds; sorghum sugar, 1,156,086 pounds; beet sugar, 12,063,858 pounds, and maple sugar, 144,882 pounds, making a total production of 378,115,217 pounds.

## DANGER IN ALL.

Chloroform, Ether and Other Anæsthetics Discussed.

None of These Drugs Are Absolutely Safe.

They Should Not Be Administered in Any Case Without the Greatest Precaution.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER:

Some months ago I was very much vexed at a patient (then treating for kidney disease) taking ether without my consent in a dentist's office in a neighboring town. Since that time I have repeatedly heard of my patients being tendered ether at a dentist's office in this city. The patients have been told of the alleged safety of this drug, the ease with which a certain physician could be obtained, or his possession of a safe apparatus for administration.

It is right for the public to know that no anæsthetic is absolutely safe, and the relative safety of ether and chloroform is a matter of disputed science. So good a surgeon as Gerster had in less than 11,000 ether administrations six deaths, while Ker had only one death in 37,000 chloroform administrations.

This does not show that ether is more risky than chloroform, but it goes to show that both may kill, and that, too, without warning. Need I tell of the cases of pneumonia, bronchitis or insanity that occasionally follow the administration of ether to certain subjects? In all anæsthetic administrations the patient's regular medical attendant is the proper party to determine whether one shall be given or not, and to select the kind of anæsthetic. Some cases are best "fit for chloroform, others for ether, others again for nitrous oxide gas, still others, perhaps, for the A. C. E. mixture," and this fitness is not to be determined by a hasty examination in a dentist's office. In conclusion, I would say that no one should take or give an anæsthetic for trivial operations, that the regular medical astendant in the choice of the anæsthetic should never be ignored, and that the anæsthetic should be given at the patient's house, where he or she would be able to keep the recumbent posture for hours (in some cases much longer) after.

Yours truly, M. D.

London, Dec. 2.

## WESTERN ONTARIO BIBLE SOCIETY.

The Reunion of Those Who Formerly Worked Together Virtually Accomplished.

It will be gratifying to many to learn that the proceedings looking to a reunion of those who until recently were combined in the management or support of the Western Ontario Bible Society have reached a satisfactory stage.

As a result of various kindly influences, an overture was sent to the brethren at present constituting the board from the gentlemen who had withdrawn. This overture, dated Nov. 8, was signed by Rev. Dean Innes, as chairman, and Rev. M. P. Talling, as secretary, of a body composed of those who had withdrawn from the Western Ontario Bible Society. The pith of the suggestions was that recommending a more definite understanding as to the composition of the board, and suggesting that proportionate representation of the several denominations (so far as the city was concerned) should be provided for on the basis of the last Dominion census.

On Nov. 11, the members of the board met as at present constituted to consider the overture, when it was decided, at a meeting presided over by Rev. Dr. Sanderson, to appoint a committee of five to confer with the brethren represented by the overture.

On Nov. 23, the joint meeting of those representing the board as now constituted and those who had withdrawn was held in one of the Y. M. C. A. parlors. On motion, Rev. Dean Innes was asked to take the chair, and Mr. John Cameron to act as secretary. At this meeting the various matters involved were discussed in an informal and friendly spirit, with the following conclusions, apparently held unanimously, or nearly so:

1. That it would not be well to interfere with the representation heretofore allowed to branch societies.

2. That the number of directors allotted to each denomination under the suggested arrangement should be inclusive of any officers that might be elected from adherents of that denomination.

3. That any denominational vacancies be filled by the board from the said denomination until the annual meeting.

4. That the paid secretary be not a voter on the board or a member thereof.

5. That the various denominations nominate their own representatives on the board in the manner most convenient to themselves; these nominations to be sent in, say, a fortnight before the annual meeting.

The meeting adjourned after a full and courteous discussion to meet again, if necessary, at the call of Rev. Dean Innes and Rev. Dr. Sanderson. The committee representing the board promised to lay the result of the conference before the full board at an early date.

On Thursday, Dec. 1, a full meeting of the board was held, when a report of the joint conference was duly reported. It was then moved, seconded and unanimously carried that the suggestions of the overture be accepted in the spirit in which they were offered.

The overture and its acceptance virtually complete the reunion.

Nothing now remains but such formal steps as may be necessary to get into shape by the date of the annual public meeting, a month or two hence, the necessary changes in the constitution. That will be attended to in due course.

### Guarded Her Pupils.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Dec. 2.—A wildcat jumped through an open window of the Hamburg school house just as the school visitor had finished the examination of one the classes. At sight of the animal the children ran screaming to a corner of the room and huddled together on top of the desks. The school visitor, a man well along in years, climbed upon the teacher's desk and called for the teacher to do the same. Miss Griswold, the teacher, was too plucky to do that. She stood near the stove and, grabbing a poker, fought with the animal. During the melee a dog came in and was vanquished by the cat. The wild beast attacked the school visitor, but the little school mistress came to his rescue, and together they finally dispatched the vicious animal.

## CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,

256 DUNDAS STREET

—AND—

Corner of Richmond and Piccadilly Streets, London, Ont.

CHOICE PERFUMES A SPECIALTY

## CAME THE WRONG WAY.

Two Unknown Men Wander to London and Are Made Prisoners—Their Story—Nelson Lightfoot, of Aylmer, One of the Pair.

Just prior to the opening of the Police Court this morning Detective Nickle and P. C. Birrell arrested two men giving their names as John Kress and Nelson Lightfoot. The former said he came from New York State and the latter from Aylmer. Kress is charged with the larceny of an overcoat from C. McArthur, who lives about two miles from North Springfield, and where the two prisoners stopped for supper last night. They drove to London in a light wagon with a top buggy and drawn by an aged black pony. The vehicle, Kress says, he got in exchange for a buggy from a man named Pierce, who kept a livery at Aylmer. Here he picked up Lightfoot. The horse, he says, he got in a trade for a bay horse a short distance east of Hamilton. In the overcoat said to have been stolen was found a receipt received by McArthur for one year's subscription to the Aylmer Sun. Kress is a stout, well-built man, and would weigh about 190 pounds. He wears an old brown coat with fur trimmings. Lightfoot is merely charged with vagrancy. Both men were handed over to the county authorities, as the magistrate deemed them county cases. They were subsequently remanded for a week by Squire J. B. Smyth.

John Frizell was fined $2 or fifteen days for assaulting his son Daniel.

## WORSE THAN HOMELESS.

A Puzzling Problem Presented to the Mayor of Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 1.—At least 150 inmates of disorderly houses who have been ordered to leave the city by to-morrow afternoon gathered in the mayor's office this afternoon. They insisted upon seeing Mayor Gourlay, and when he made his appearance they wanted to know what they were to do. Mayor Gourlay said: I am very sorry for you women. I sympathize with you from the bottom of my heart. When the ministers of the city, wives, mothers, sisters and brothers came to me to insist on the law being lived up to I had to issue the order. I take all the responsibility, and I do not know what you can do. I think Mr. Brown's order was too hasty. Some consideration should be given and ten days would be not too long a time."

Miss Cora Hastings said: "Many of these women live away from here. They have no friends. What are they to do?"

"That I do not know," said the mayor, "but I will try and see what the ministers will do and let you know by to-morrow afternoon."

At the headquarters of the United Presbyterians, the Methodist, Episcopalian, Baptist and other ministerial associations, it was learned that measures will be taken to provide homes for such of these women as would lead moral lives, and an employment agency will be established. Hundreds of the women left today for other cities. Very few of them had more than enough money to purchase their tickets. Three or four stated that they had homes in other cities and proposed to go back and reform and see if their parents could not do something for them.

### Lizzie Borden Indicted.

TAUNTON, Mass., Dec. 2.—Lizzie Borden has been indicted by the grand jury on three counts.

### Runaway Cars Kill Two Men.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Dec. 1.—At Shenango to-day two freight cars broke loose on a steep grade and started toward the station at a terrific rate, having a clear piece of track two miles long to get headway on. As they approached Shenango the switch engine happened on the track the runaway cars were traveling, and before the men in the cab could escape the cars were upon them with an awful crash. James Dunley and Charles McDowell, engineer and fireman on the switcher were both killed.

### Steamship Arrivals.

| Dec. 1. | At | From |
|---|---|---|
| Bovic | Queenstown | New York |
| Chicago | New York | Antwerp |

The salary of the Prince of Wales is $200,000 per year; Duke of Connaught, $125,000; Duke of Edinburgh, $125,000; and the Duke of Cambridge, the Queen's cousin, $60,000. The royal family costs the British taxpayers $40,000 dollars a week.

Happy Thoughts —OF— Xmas

Now come to old and young. We wish you all a merry time and many hours of fun. But while waiting for its coming we would ask your thoughtful consideration of the peculiar money, time and labor-saving attributes of C. W. C. (Cottam's Washing Compound.)

Sold Everywhere.