WEEKLY CALENDAR—NOVEMBER.

Last Quarter, 6th day 4h, 9h. 33m., morning.
New Moon, 12th day, 7h. 52m., evening.
First Quarter, 20th day, 4h. 9m., morning.
Full Moon, 28th day, 6h. 54m., evening.

DAY MONT'H.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	SUN sets	High water morn.	High water even.	Moon sets. morn.	Day's length.
		h m	h m	h m	h m	h m	h m
18	Sunday	7 10	4 19	2 22	10 7	9	9
19	Monday	7 12	4 18	3 10	11 15	9	6
20	Tuesday	7 14	4 17	4	morn	9	3
21	Wednesday	7 15	4 16	4 51	0 16	9	1
22	Thursday	7 16	4 15	5 41	1 20	8	59
23	Friday	7 18	4 15	6 29	2 20	8	57
24	Saturday	7 20	4 15	7 18	3 20	8	55

MAILS,—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Mails for the neighboring Provinces, &c., will, until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:—

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, every Thursday and alternate Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada and the United States, via Shediac, every Tuesday and Friday morning at 6 o'clock.

For Newfoundland, every Monday.

The Mails for England, Bermuda and the West Indies, via Pictou, will, on and after Monday, the 9th July next, close at 12 o'clock, noon, instead of 4, p.m., as formerly advertised, viz: July 9th and 23d; August 6th and 20th; September 3d and 17th; October 1st, 15th and 29th; November 12th and 26th.

THE LAND COMMISSION.

MONDAY, Sept., 17.

The Court met at Charlottetown, according to adjournment.

COM. GRAY to the Counsel for the Proprietors.—We will be glad, if any proprietors are present to-day, to hear any statement they may have to make. We have listened to many statements put forth by the tenantry, and we shall be happy to afford the proprietors an opportunity of answering them, or of giving any explanation they may think proper. We leave it to themselves to decide whether it is desirable to do so or not; they will not, however, be able to say that an opportunity was not afforded them. I would say further, that we are desirous of having abstracts of the titles to the different Lots laid before us. Parties have a great many of their calculations upon the absence or invalidity of titles; and if we could obtain an abstract of them, it might assist in quieting the public mind. In asking this, however, we allow the proprietors to exercise their own discretion with respect to furnishing them. If they do not aid us, they, and not we, will be to blame.

COUN. HALIBURTON.—As this request comes at a late hour, I may state as one of the Counsel for the proprietors that I must first consult them. I was under the impression that your Excellencies would not go into the subject of titles.

COM. GRAY—It is the original titles to the Lots to which we refer; it is desirable that abstracts of these should be given for the purpose of quieting the public mind.

COUN. HALIBURTON—I am prepared on the part of the proprietors to submit all the information requisite. With due regard to the interests of the tenantry, I think it is unnecessary to go beyond the requirements of the Act of the local Legislature with respect to this Commission, by presenting titles, as I think it will not be attended with a good result.

COM. RITCHIE—I think you are not altogether warranted in coming to the conclusion that the adoption of this course will be attended with no good result.

COUN. PALMER—As far as we know the general opinion of the proprietors, they desire that every opportunity be afforded to facilitate the inquiries of the Commissioners.

COM. GRAY—Another thing we desire, is a valuation of the different Lots, either verbally given in Court, or in memorandum.

COUN. HUNSLEY—We have been aiming at this all along.

MR W. H. POPE—In cases where abstracts of titles are produced, will the Commissioners give an opinion on them?

COM. GRAY—There may be many facts connected with these abstracts, such as heir-ships, &c., into which we need not inquire.

MR W. H. POPE—I cannot see what benefit will result to the public unless some opinion is expressed upon them. If you state your views respecting them, it may be satisfactory that you go into the inquiry. Many a proprietor would be glad and desirous to show his title, provided he could get an expression of your opinion.

COUN. HALIBURTON—The only thing to unsettle the titles is the doubt that the original grants have been, *ab initio* fulfilled by the grantees. I am prepared to go into that and show that it is utterly groundless.

COM. GRAY—We have thrown out these suggestions; you can act as you think advisable.

COM. HOWE—Assuming that all the titles are good, if we did no more than satisfy the people, it would be an advantage. Assume that this Commission report a compromise which involves payment by the Government, it is certain money could be paid to those parties only who have proved their titles to the satisfaction of the Government.

COM. GRAY—It will facilitate the settlement of this question to accede to our request.

COUN. HALIBURTON—We shall be most happy to furnish them.

MR W. H. POPE—So far as I am concerned, I am willing to submit abstracts of titles, provided this Court gives an opinion upon them; otherwise I am not.

COM. HOWE—Assuming that money is to be paid to the proprietors, it can only be paid to those who have good titles. Supposing 50 or 60 titles were produced, the bringing of that number out of the region of doubt would be very serviceable.

COM. GRAY—As it is at present a doubt may be thrown upon every man's title.

COUN. HALIBURTON—You must consider that these titles improve; would that be a hinderance in the way of proving their validity?

COM. GRAY—No, your abstract would contain your chain of evidence; its very production would be a challenge to the world.

COUN. THOMSON—If these abstracts are furnished to the Commission, we expect a copy will be shown to us, because many links in the chain may be imaginary.

COM. RITCHIE—That shows we cannot decide whether the titles are good or bad.

COUN. THOMSON—A proprietor may set to work and make a most beautiful chain of evidence respecting his title in 15 minutes.

COM. RITCHIE—That may be investigated afterwards; we do not presume, however, they will give us fictitious titles.

COUN. PALMER—An impression has gone abroad that because landlords do not come into Court frequently to prove their titles, they have none. But look for a moment at the difficulty and trouble this would put them to. On one occasion I had to send to Newfoundland, Bermuda and Canada for evidence. Thus to prove a title, you may conceive be compelled to go to the expense of £150, and not get 6d in return. We, however, need not ask the court to pronounce an opinion, as their award will show it.

COM. GRAY—Respecting the valuation of the Townships, we wish the Counsel on both sides to give their valuation on each Lot as far as possible, commencing at Lot One, and going regularly through them. If peculiar circumstances should make one Lot only half as valuable as another, we wish you to state them, &c.

COUN. THOMSON now reads a memorial from Lot 30 in behalf of the tenants of that Township. It stated that Mr Robert Bruce Stewart, claimed to be the proprietor of the Lot, and set forth the disadvantages to which the tenants are subjected on account of the land tenures. They are unable to pay their rents, are in arrears, and labor under greater disadvantages than the tenants who are settled on the front of the Lot. Frosts frequently destroy their crops. They think the front lands of the Lot are cheaper at 2s. an acre than theirs are at 6d. 50 or 60 families are settled upon the Township, a portion of them refuse to submit to the proprietor on the plea that they are settled upon loyalist land. The tenants are not disposed to be refractory or rebellious, but are inclined to comply with the conditions of their leases as far as they are able. They are willing to pay for the fee simple of their farms, in easy instalments, the price paid for the Selkirk estate. They thought the decision of the Commissioners would not be satisfactory unless the titles upon which the proprietors base their claims be investigated, and all lands for which good and valid titles cannot be shown, be forfeited to the Crown. To show the validity of the Proprietors' claim to Lot 30, they set forth the report of a committee of the House of Assembly which is recorded in the Journals of that body for 1836 p 150. By reference to the registers it is seen that in 1835, eighteen thousand acres of land on Lot 30 were sold, by the late Captain John Stewart for £10,800 stg.—about 1s 1½d per acre, and he well knew the value of land. He sold it at this low rate because the proprietors then apprehended that their lands were about to be forfeited for the non-fulfilment of the conditions of the original grants.

From this Lot two committees were present. On the one were Angus M'Phee, James Dollar and Patrick Dogherty; on the other, Colin Holm, M.P.P., John M'Leod and Alexander Robertson.

COUN. THOMSON to Mr Dogherty—You reside on Lot 30? Yes. How long? Ten or twelve years. Whom did you live under before? Mr Douse. You left him and went to Lot 30? Yes. Did you sell your farm? No. I did not get a shilling for it. How long did you work on the place? 8 years. Did you pay your rent? No, I was not able. Did you take a lease again? Yes. From whom? Mr Robert Bruce Stewart. What rent? 1s. an acre. Have you paid any? Yes, by work. What work did you do? I opened 1½ miles of road. Was that road any convenience to yourself? No. Was there any reservation of timber in your lease? Yes, but I got it struck out. [Mr Dogherty here showed Mr Thomson another lease which he held for 50 acres.] There is a reservation in this one, why did you not get it also struck out? I cannot read, and I never knew there was one in it before. There it is, he can make tram rails on your farm, and all sorts of things. Would you have taken the lease if you had known this clause was in it? No: I would have had it wholly to myself or not at all.

COM. GRAY—Did Mr Stewart try to deceive you? Did he tell you the wood was not yours?

MR DOGHERTY—I understood the wood was included; he did not tell what was in the lease.

COM. GRAY—What do you think your land is worth?

MR D.—From 3s to 3s 6d an acre.

COUN. THOMSON reads a release for 74 acres of land which was given by Mr Stewart. He thinks there should have been a deed given instead of a lease.

MR R. B. STEWART—The reason I did not give a deed is this: It is customary for agents and resident proprietors to charge 30s lease money. We were good friends, and I said to him, if you get a deed I must charge you 30s for it. If I give you an instrument which prevents me from coming on you for rent again, it will cost you nothing, and you will have that to show. He said he would leave every thing to myself.

COUN. HALIBURTON—Have practical difficulties arisen from this release? That is the question.

COM. GRAY—This fact is plain, it is a bad course to pursue, for if that man dies his children will derive no benefit from his freehold title.

COUN. HALIBURTON—We came to receive real not imaginary evidence. What you say is an occurrence which might happen, but never has happened. Let them show that any tenant has been turned out on account of such documents—that these evils have been felt by the people.

MR M'PHEE gives his evidence—After being on Lot 30 for a few years, Mr Morpeth and Mr Emery the agents came with a lease from Mr Stewart. They asked how long I had been there and proposed to give me a lease. I refused. When they returned I was absent, but they left a lease in the presence of my wife. I being a poor man, and ignorant, thought it was better to take it. I paid for the lease 30s, and for the plan 5s. The number of acres was 56. I paid rent to Mr Morpeth before Mr Stewart came. After some time had passed, Mr Stewart took a spite at me, and nothing would do, but I must leave the land. I consulted an authority, but he told me as I had put my hand into a lion's mouth to take it out as easily as possible. Mr Stewart came with a bailiff to dispossess me without intending to allow me anything for my improvements. Through the influence of one of my neighbors he agreed to leave the case to arbitration, but afterwards refused. Finally it was agreed that I should remain two months in the place, and receive £2 from Mr Stewart to keep it for him. In short I was turned out without receiving a copper for my improvements; and I was not the only one who was thus treated. An old gray-headed man was also turned out, and another person had his house torn down. I had been offered £20 for my improvements. There is the gentleman, he can say I or no to what I have said.

MR STEWART—What you have stated are gross falsehoods. A full explanation would give your Excellencies entire satisfaction. The £2 he speaks of were allowed to another tenant for arrears of rent to support his wife.

COM. HOWE—Why was this man distressed?

MR STEWART—He was in arrears of rent.

COM. HOWE—How much?

MR S—I do not know. I was going to proceed in the usual way, but he preferred going out without any trouble or expense.

COM. HOWE—Were the arrears over £20.

MR S.—I cannot tell without referring to my books.

After some altercation between Mr M'Phee and Mr Stewart, in the course of which the former made use of unbecoming language—

COM. GRAY remarked to the Counsel for the tenantry, if you allow this man to use improper language, we will not hear him at all.

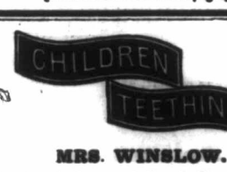
COUN. THOMSON—Mr Stewart himself first used disgraceful language.

MR STEWART—I apologise to the Court.

COUN. HALIBURTON—That man has his remedy in the Supreme Court.

COM. HOWE—It is a poor remedy. If it can be shown that the system leads to this—turning people out penniless, tearing down houses, &c., it exhibits its features not very favorably, certainly. It appears, however, that there are not many cases of this kind, and when one does occur, we would like to have it explained away.

[Continued on our inside page.]



MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening and reducing all inflamation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, 13 Cedar Street, N. Y.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

W. R. WATSON General Agent for the Island.

Aug. 11, 1860.

THE WORLD'S FRIEND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A CURE FOR PILES AND FISTULAS.

Inflammation of sensitive parts, piles, fistulas, and such like painful diseases may be speedily relieved, and ultimately cured by the proper and diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, whose action should, in such cases, be assisted by judicious doses of the Pills:—ere many days have elapsed the anxious patient will experience a wonderful degree of ease from this treatment. They are equally suitable to both sexes, and all ages.

COUGHS, COLDS AND ASTHMA.

These complaints of the chest come on with alarming frequency. The Ointment should assiduously be rubbed at least twice a day on the chest and between the shoulders, when the violence of all symptoms will gradually give way, the breathing become longer, and the oppression less. No medicines are more efficient in chest complaints, none can be used with equal safety and certainty. Both Pills and Ointment are accompanied by very clear and simple directions for using them.

A MAN WHO REFUSED TO HAVE HIS LEG OFF.

"*From Kilrush Advertiser, June 2nd, 1860.*"

BENJAMIN COX, ESQUIRE, Magistrate, said in the Board Room at Kilrush, that he knew a man who had been in the Infirmary and was actually turned out as incurable, on his way home to Kilrush, he purchased at Ennis, Holloway's Pills and Ointment, for as he said, it could not be worse with him. This man, "said Mr Cox," became by their use as sound and as healthy as any man in the room. These celebrated Pills and Ointment will cure any wound, sore or ulcer, however long standing, if properly used according to the printed directions.

DROPSY, SWOLLEN LEGS OR ANKLES.

The various kinds of dropsies, whether windy or watery, arises from some obstruction to the free circulation through the blood vessels or lymphatics, or depend on the inflamed state of some secreting surface. Holloway's remedies, of which the efficacy cannot be exaggerated, act directly upon the blood, the absorbents and secretions, with a power that no dropsy, however inveterate, can long resist. They regulate the proper flow of blood in every organ, and purify it likewise,—they filter out everything that is morbid or injurious,—they thoroughly regenerate every function, yet potent as they are for good, they are powerless for evil. They do not contain mercury or any noxious substances. They act safely and certainly.

BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, AND OLD ULCERS.

This invaluable Ointment was never known to fail in the cure of a wound, any sore, or any ulcer,—as can be proved by innumerable testimonials from persons who had been discharged from Hospitals as incurable, and yet by persevering as they have been made as sound as they were the day they were born by this incomparable Ointment. For pimples, blotches, scald heads, and scorbutic humours, it is equally efficacious.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throats
Bilious Complaints	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Blotches on Skin	Head-ache	Secondary Symptoms
Bowel complaints	Indigestion	Tic-Doloureux
Colics	Inflammation	Tumors
Costiveness of the Bowels	Jaundice	Ulcers
Consumption	Liver complaints	Venereal Affections
Debility	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Piles	Weakness from whatever cause
Dysentery	Retention of urine	&c., &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Scrofula or King's	

Sold at the Establishments of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand (near Temple Bar), London, also at all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 2d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d, 11s., 22 s., and 33s. each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sized Box.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Sept. 29, 1860.

Sold by WM. R. WATSON, Wholesale Agent for the Island.

Also by—T. DESBRISAY, & Co., M. W. SKINNER, Charlottetown, and by one agent in every Settlement at Wholesale by H. S. Burr, & Co., Boston.

Nov. 7, 1860.

FRUIT TREES.

FOR SALE AT BROOMBUSH, St PETER'S ROAD—

Apple Trees, 2 and 3 years' grafts,		£0	1	9
Pear Trees,	do	0	2	6
Siberian Crab,	do	0	1	9
May Duke Cherry,	do	0	2	6
Green Gage Plum,	do	0	2	6
Lime and Chestnut, 4 to 6 feet,	2s to	0	2	6
Thorns, 4 years, per 100	2s to	0	2	6
Lombardy Poplar, 6 to 8 feet,		0	1	0

ROBERT CAIRNS.

Nov. 3, 1860. tf

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

PISCATAQUA

Fire and Marine Insurance Company

OF MAINE.

CAPITAL . . . $500,000.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

Charlottetown, P. E. I. September 1, 1860. 3m

CRAMP & PAIN KILLER.

THE WORLD IS ASTONISHED AT THE wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP and PAIN KILLER prepared by CURTIS and PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp in the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Chills and Fever, Burns, Sore Throat, and Gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, are on circulars in the hands of Agents.

W. R. WATSON, General Wholesale Agent for the Island, and sold by Merchants everywhere.

August 11.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES HAVE NOW BEEN before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS

of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and enduing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name.

Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDICINES are purely and solely vegetable; and contain neither *Mercury*, nor *Antimony*, nor *Arsenic* nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science: and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened fæces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind to produce habitual Costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarrhœa with its imminent dangers. This fact is well-known to all regular anatomists who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of these well-informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; *Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-Temper, Languor*, and *Melancholy*, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence: all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

DIARRHŒA and CHOLERA, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrance.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The LIFE MEDICINES have been known to cure *Rheumatism* permanently in three weeks, and *Gout* in half that time, by removing local inflamation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder: they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of *Gravel*.

Also *Worms*, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

Asthma and *Consumption*, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucous which even slight colds will occasion, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces these dreadful diseases.

Scurvy, Ulcers and *Inveterate Sores*, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

Scorbutic Eruptions and *Bad Complexions*, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of *Salt Rheum*, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. *Common Colds* and *Influenza* will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases.

PILES. As a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well-known to hundreds in this city, that the former proprietor of these valuable Medicines was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of THIRTY-FIVE YEARS, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the *Materia Medica*. He however at length tried the Medicine which is now offered to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

FVER AND AGUE.

For this scourge of the western country these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

BILIOUS FEVERS AND LIVER COMPLAINTS

General Debility, Loss of APPETITE, and DISEASES OF FEMALES—these medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—KING'S EVIL and SCROFULA, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAINTER'S COLIC, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of MERCURY, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla. A single trial will place them beyond the Reach of competition, in the estimation of every patient.

BE CAREFUL OF COUNTERFEITS.

Several have lately been discovered, and their nefarious authors arrested, both in the city of New York and abroad. Buy of no one who is not an AUTHORIZED AGENT.

Prepared by Dr W. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, N. Y.

SOLD BY

T. DES BRISASAY, Charlottetown, General Agent; and by

James Pidgeon, New London	John Beer, Bedeque
Garrett and Hudson, do.	H Beer Southport
W. Shaw, New Glasgow Bridge	Benj. Rodgers, Cascumpec
J. J. Fraser, St. Eleanor's	John Frost, Grand River
George Wiggston, Crapaud	P. Stephens Orwell
R. S. Holman, Summerside	Wm. Brow, Cape Traverse

July 7. 1y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

EUROPEAN & NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY,

From St. John to Shediac.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

Charlottetown P. E. I. September 1. 1860. 3m

CARD.

R. B. IRVING,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Accountant.

Pownal Street, Charlottetown. jly28

R. B. IRVING,

TEACHER OF

English, French, Writing, and the several branches of a Commercial and Mathematical Education.

Pownal Street, Charlottetown, 3m jly28

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

ARE YOU SICK, FEEBLE, AND COMPLAINING? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed to health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely cured, by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4. 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

AS A FAMILY PHYSIC.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

HEADACHE, SICKHEADACHE, FOUL STOMACH

From Dr. Edward Boyd Baltimore.

Dear Bro. Ayer: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we treat with a purgative medicine, I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PRERLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion

BILIOUS DISORDERS—LIVER COMPLAINTS.

From Dr Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR,—I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours

ALONZA BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentry, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr J. G. Green of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alternative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentry and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR AYER,—I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR,—I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr J. P. Vaughan, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev Dr Hawks, of the Methodist Episc. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga. Jan. 6, 1856

HONORED SIR,—I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855

DR AYER,—I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDEL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by WILLIAM R. WATSON, Charlottetown, General Agent for Prince Edward Island. Also, by—

J. Cornish, Wood Islands	J. Hayden, Vernon River
G. L. Anderson, H. St. Peter's B.	D. Gordon, Georgetown
W. Cousins, Park Corner	P. Stephens, Orwell
E. Tombs, Rustico	R. S Findlay, Head of Orwell
W. Ling, Wheatly River Bridge	Bourke, Mt. Stewart Bridge
W. Hubbard, Tignish	M. Kilbride, Lot 11
J. Reid, Cascumpec	J. O'Conner, Lot 16
J. L. Holman, St. Andrews	J. Bearisto, Lot 18
J. Beer, Bedeque	J. J. Fraser, St Eleanors
C. A. Crosby, French River	W. S. Hunt, do.
C. W. M'Lennan, Summerside	F. Arsenault, Tignish
G. Wiggenton, Crapaud	E. Robinson, Newtown
D. & P. McNutt, Malpec	D. Benton, Souris
H. Beer, Southport	W. Shaw, New Glasgow B.
G. C Garrett, Fife's Ferry	J. Pidgeon, French River
J. Meirhead, Richmond Village	R Robinson, East River
G. McLaydBen, Girhan's Cross	D. Ramsay, Port Hill.
P. Lanagan, Irish Town	

Oct. 27, 1860.