of truth,—a religion which teaches men so to love the truth as to be willing to suffer for it, and so to love the souls of those that are in error, as to be ready to make any sacrifice, in order that they might be enlightened and come to a knowledge of the truth. Were such a religion as this among our people, then we might expect national prosperity to be on the advance, social improvement to spring up around us, material comforts and conveniences to be increased, sobriety and order and good government to be every where evident. It could not be otherwise; for the religion which the Bible teaches has a progressive influence; that is, it inculcates on men the necessity of progress, and stirs them up to action—it causes advancement in the arts and sciences—advancement in civilization, and all that tends to the happiness of man—advancement in intellectual and moral associations and benevolent institutions.

Is a land dark and under a cloud? Are its valleys uncultivated, and its fields neglected? Are its forests uncleared and its rivers unproductive? Is social progress at a stand-still, and benevolent institutions unknown? Does politics break up the peace of families, and mar the usefulness of churches? Does love of power take greater possession of the heart than love of country, and the looking for some paltry office prevent a man from speaking the honest convictions of his mind? Are inefficient men promoted, and fiery partisans kept quiet with multiplied promises? Do cringing mortals bow still lower in the dust, and kiss the feet of their masters? What causes all this? The want of sound religious principle, the want of a healthy religious element, the want of a pure religious tone among the people; for wherever the people are imbued with the spirit of true religion, there all things are made to work together for the good of man and for the glory of God.

Let each of our readers, then, ask himself, am I a religious man? Are my principles of right and wrong, and rules of action drawn from the Word of God? Do I exercise the influence I possess, and the talent God has endowed me with, in furtherance of the cause of truth, and in opposition to error? Do I live for myself and the advancement of my own peculiar interests, or am I willing, while laboring honestly for my own bread, to labor for the good of others, and do what in me lies to promote the glory of God? No religion can be good which does not lead to self-examination and self-sacrifice.

If our Island home is to keep pace with surrounding Colonies, and be no laggard in the race of moral and social progress, it must be done through its people, and by the maintenance, on their part, of pure and undefiled religion. The Island must not be ashamed to acknowledge itself a lover of the Bible, and of its sanctifying truths. It must not be backward in maintaining its Protestant character, and in being a witness for the truth. It must not quietly yield its liberties, rights or privileges, to any section of the inhabitants, or to any party in the State.

Would the people desire freedom and civilization to thrive and flourish?—would they raise up an effectual barrier against crime and social disorganization?—would they stand forth "strong in the Lord and in the power of his might" against all evil?—They must not only be imbued with the spirit of Christianity, and have its principles grafted in their hearts, but they must steadfastly maintain them, and seek by every legitimate means their extension and diffusion. The nearer we come in any country to the diffusion of the principles of the Bible—which are Protestant principles—there we find enlightenment, civilization, freedom, and absence from crime. This is exemplified in the recent publication of the following facts: In France, there are 41 out of every million of the inhabitants annually prosecuted for murder; in Austria, 36; in Bavaria, 68; in Tuscany, 84; in the Papal States, 84; in Naples, 200; in Sardinia, 20 and in England, 4!

Where, then, we would ask, are we to look for the absence of crime, and the progress of every thing that elevates man and makes him more alive to the interests of his species? Is it not in Protestant countries? Where would civilization be but for Christianity, which is Protestantism, *i. e.*, a witnessing for the truth, and a protesting against error? Where would freedom of the press and liberty of speech be but for Protestantism? Where would the opening up of the sciences, and the vigorous prosecution of the arts be but for Protestantism? Where would the very charter of our liberties, the Holy Book of God be, buried or burned, but for Protestantism? Where would toleration of opposing sects and parties be but for Protestantism? Where would anything that men value as dear as life itself, or anything that would make life worth living for, be, but for Protestantism? For this, and this alone, is the religion of the Bible. It is Protestantism—much as some who have been brought up in that faith seem to slight it—that secures to us our every privilege. It is Protestantism—much as Roman Catholics are opposed to it—that secures even to them their rights, liberties and privileges, as subjects of the State, and continues to them the very blessings they enjoy. Uphold, then, fellow Protestants, your Protestant principles. Never be ashamed of maintaining, in all its integrity, that which is the very life-blood of every Christian State, and the safeguard to every liberty and privilege which are worth possessing; and though error may be courted, as it is in this and other colonies, and Protestantism be politically unfashionable, still shrink not from maintaining your distinctive character, and giving evidence, by a life of holiness and love, that the way in which your feet have been guided by the spirit of truth is "the more excellent way," and worthy of all men to be followed for the security of their national privileges, and the salvation of their immortal souls.

We would conclude our present remarks on the importance of our people being religious, and holding fast their Protestant principles, as drawn from the Word of God, by quoting the following lines, which are applicable to the character of our pure and reformed faith—

"Mark well the progress of its purer light,
No force attends it, and no legions fight;
A guide from Heaven, imparted to the breast,
Shows Christian then their highest interest;
And leads the martyr, with his latest breath,
To mock at torture and to smile on death.
Blest spirit of God, our British bosoms cheer;
Ever prolong thy welcome presence here,
And by that inward fire, ne'er yet withstood,
Reclaim the vicious and preserve the good."

We have lately received a circular from the Young Men's Christian Association in Montreal, which calls attention to the first basis of their organizations, as "seeking to unite those young men who, regarding Jesus Christ as their God and Saviour, according to the Holy Scriptures, desire to be His disciples in their doctrine and in their life, and to associate their efforts for the extension of His kingdom among young men;" and stating their painful discovery that this was virtually repudiated, and that young men in the States were denied membership, solely on account of race and color.

Finding this to be the case, and that all allusion to it only led to discord, they now feel obliged to dissociate from the United States Associations holding these views, and to state their determination not to consider the Christian negro, or colored population, to be other than brethren beloved, remembering the words of the Apostle, "that in Christ Jesus there is neither Barbarian, Scythian, bond or free."

Convinced that our brethren in Montreal are taking a most righteous course, and that every right-minded British subject must think with them, we hope our Young Men's Christian Association will join them, and repudiate, earnestly, all endeavors to sanction with the sad prejudice existing in the States against people of color.

The mission of the English on this Continent is to fearlessly propound and perpetuate the true principles of civil and religious liberty, and it is the proudest boast of our constitution, that it recognizes no disqualification arising from color or race. All subjects of the British Crown have the course open to them. The Church, the Senate and the Bar, and the Court of St. James, is as open to the colored as it is to the white people.

The great and powerful Confederation so near to our borders, and occupying the fairest portion of the Continent, exerts necessarily much influence upon these Provinces; but let us beware of their prejudices, and avoid their great social mistakes.

The slave and colored population of the United States is their great difficulty, and it is impossible to say how that will ever be satisfactorily settled. On the British side of the lines another rule prevails, and we trust another feeling also towards our brethren of the colored population.

* The people of the British empire are composed of every variety

☞ We must decline opening our columns to the Barker controversy, especially as Mr. Barker has already chosen the other Island papers to give expression to his sentiments.

DEPARTURE OF MR. STARK.

Being interested in the growing prosperity of this Island, more especially the religious and moral advancement of the people, we cannot but feel, in common with others, that the removal of every lover of order and friend of Scriptural education from our shores, is a manifest loss to the community; and therefore, cannot but regret that any circumstances should have arisen which should have induced Mr. Stark to resign the important post of Inspector of Schools, which he had held for nearly four years, with manifest advantage to the colony. We have at times cordially sympathized with him on account of the position in which he had been placed,—a teacher of Scriptural truth, employed by a Government who, Gallio-like, "cared for none of these things." We cannot but express the honest conviction of our minds, that had he been subservient to the wishes of a few,—had he kept his Protestant principles in the background when his employers were going to sell the pass to the enemy,—and had he agreed to *burke* the cause at the very onset, which he came to establish and sustain, he would not have been so summarily called on, after he sent in his resignation, to cease his labors among us; and we cannot but feel convinced that the very circumstances which entitle him to the respect of every good man, and which should have secured his permanent appointment, are those which have led to his removal.

We trust that Mr. Stark will find in other lands a scope for his abilities, which has been denied him in this; and that he, with his amiable and accomplished partner, will at all times be sustained by the presence of God, and realize the blessedness of the promise, "I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee."

☞ A Sermon will be preached on next Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, in St. Paul's Church, by the Rev. D. FitzGerald, and a collection taken up in aid of the "Irish Church Missions."

☞ THE REV. ALEX. MCKAY, M. A., of Belfast, will preach (D.V.) in Cherry Valley, on Sabbath the 17th May, at four o'clock, afternoon.

THE ENIGMA.—We have had numerous answers to the enigma published in our 9th Number. It would be invidious to publish the answer of any one in particular. They all agree as to the answer being "Search the Scriptures." May all our subscribers obey the precept, and may a blessing rest on their labors.

Commander Orlebar acknowledges £31 3s currency, collected in behalf of the Micmac Mission, by Mrs. James Desbrisay, Miss F. Stewart, and others, and transmitted by him to Rev. S. T. Rand.

FIRST SPRING SHIP.—The Ship Isabel, Capt. Alex. MacDonald, Master, from Liverpool, arrived this morning, after a passage of 32 days. She experienced head winds during nearly the whole passage. She has a full cargo of goods for the principal Merchants in Charlottetown.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

On the 28th ult., Silas Barnard, Esq., continued his subject on "Ventilation." He briefly recapitulated the leading views contained in his former lecture, and then admirably dilated upon some of the more minute details of his scientific subject, and lucidly explained the component parts of the atmosphere. He then gave some excellent practical directions for the ventilation of public edifices, and of private buildings, and showed how essential it was for health and comfort that they should be properly ventilated.

He illustrated his subject by some successful experiments, and evidently evinced that he was thoroughly acquainted with the principles of the ætherial science. Mr. Barnard is a self-taught man, and is a workman that needeth not to be ashamed.

William Monk, Esquire, delivered his promised lecture, on "The Water we Drink," on Tuesday last, and acquitted himself very well.

The course of Lectures for the present Session is now closed, and many are looking forward for the re-opening of the Institute next session with feelings of pleasure, having derived in the past so much enjoyment from the lectures and discussions.

MARGATE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

ON Monday the 20th ultimo, Mr. Henry Lawson delivered a very interesting and instructive Lecture on 'Self-improvement.' Being the last for the season, was well adapted for the occasion, and calculated to stimulate the audience for another year, first dilating upon the Agricultural and commercial capabilities and improvements, and then upon the cultivation of the intellectual faculties. The lecturer here displayed much research, evincing a thorough knowledge of the causes which influence and stimulate self-improvement. After a short discussion the Institute tendered a vote of thanks to the President, Vice-President, &c. for the interest they have manifested towards the advancement of the Institute. This Institute has been started without ostentation, and has continued to gain strength with age. Several admirable Lectures have been delivered, and debates carried on with ability and gentlemanly feeling; and there is reason to believe it will have a most beneficial influence on the public mind—its objects are the mutual improvement of its members in agricultural, literary, scientific and useful knowledge, to the exclusion of controversial theology and party politics. And while we acknowledge the necessity for political activity, and applaud the conduct of those who advocate the liberty of the people, and honor the men who battle for their country in the hour of need; still it is the philanthropist who commands our homage and rivets our affection—the politician may enact good laws, and counsel wisely, but such laws and counsel are worthless, unless moral and social progress keep pace with political advancement.—*Isl.*

SAD ACCIDENT.—A young man named *Alexander McLeod*, of Brown's Creek, Belfast, at work in the shipyard of Duncan, Mason & Co., of this City, fell from a stage, some thirty feet high, on Wednesday afternoon last, and was so seriously injured, that he died at 12 o'clock the same night. The deceased was a fine young man, about 23 years of age, and had only just commenced to work in the yard.—*B.*

☞ A young man named *Sheridan*—brother to the man who perished on the ice, on the North River, last winter—while floating logs on a mill-dam, at Lot 30, on the 4th instant, fell off the logs into the dam, and his feet becoming entangled with some roots below, was drowned. We understand there was no one present at the time of the accident.—*B.*

PASSENGERS, in the Ship Isabel, from Liverpool, arrived this morning.—Mrs. Lyle, Thos. Scott, Esq., Wife, and five Misses Scott; Mr. Wm. Boswell, and six in the steerage.

APPOINTMENTS.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz:

The Hon. James Craswell to be High Sheriff of Prince County, in the place of Nicholas Conroy, Esquire, who has declined to accept that Office.

Mr. William Henry Badge to be Assistant Register of Deeds and Keeper of Plans, in the place of Archibald McNeill, Esquire, who has resigned that Office.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint the following persons to serve as Hog Reeves for the Royalty of Charlottetown, for the year hence ensuing, viz:

James Henry, jun.	William Webbe,
Joseph Straight,	Richard Clark,
Angus McKinnon,	John Croker,
George Gardiner,	Alfred LePage,
Andrew Duncan,	Andrew Cranston, jun.

all of the Royalty of Charlottetown.

Married.

At Georgetown, by the Rev. Andrew Lochhead, Mr. John Stewart, to Miss Agnes Duncan, both of Brudenell River.

Died.

On the 3d instant, at Hamilton Hill, Cavendish, Isabella, second daughter of Mr. John Gordon, senr., after an acute and severe illness of 14 weeks, which she bore with meek and patient resignation, aged 23 years.

On Wednesday morning, 13th inst., after an illness of a few days, Christina, the beloved wife of Mr. James Barrett, and fourth daughter of the late Allan Cameron, aged 34 years. Funeral on Friday next, at two o'clock.

Charlottetown Markets, May 9.

Beef, (small)	lb. 5d a 9d	Fowls,	1s a 1s 6d
Do. by quarter,	4½d a 7½d	Turkeys each,	4s a 7s 6d
Pork,	5½d a 6½d	Eggs dozen	7d a 9d
Do (small),	7d a 9d	Oats, bush.	2s 3d a 2s 6d
Ham,	8d a 10d	Barley,	4s a 5s
Mutton,	6d a 9d	Potatoes,	3s 6d a 4s
Veal	3d a 6d	Turnips	1s 3d a 1s 6d
Butter (fresh),	18d a 22d	Homespun yd.,	3s 6d a 5s
Do. by Tub,	1s 3d a 1s 6d	Hay, ton,	70s a 80s
Tallow,	10d a 1s	Straw, Cwt.,	1s a 1s 3d
Lard,	11d a 1s	Hides per lb.	5½ 6d
Flour,	2½d a 3½d	Wild Geese,	4s a 5s
Pearl Barley,	2½d a 2½d	Timothy Seed, bush.	15 a 20s
Oatmeal,	1½d a 2d	Clover Seed, lb.	1s 3d a 1s 6d

FIRST ARRIVAL FROM ENGLAND!

JUST ARRIVED PER ISABEL, from Liverpool, and is now opening for inspection, a large supply of DRY GOODS, suitable for the season.

JOHN HIGGINS.

Great George Street, May 13th, 1857.

1857.

FIRST ARRIVAL!

DUNCAN, MASON & CO., HAVE RECEIVED their usual importation, per Ship "Isabel," from Liverpool. May 13, 1857.

1150 PAIRS BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE KING SQUARE HOUSE, 600 pairs of which are JUST RECEIVED, and the remainder hourly expected per Ship "Majestic." Comprising—Lady's, Gent's, Girl's, and Boy's summer wear. Also, 15 dozen SUMMER HATS, now opened (some Panama).

May 13, 1857. 1m BEER & SON.

To Captains of Ships, Truckmen and others!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Directors of the Charlottetown Gas Company are prepared to receive Tenders on or before the 21st instant, as follows, viz.,—

For Freight, per chaldron, of COAL from Pictou,
Do. do. do. from Sydney

Truckage per load of Coal, and other goods, to and from the Gas Works, and every part of the City.

Security will be required for the due performance of the several agreements, which will remain in force one year from date thereof. By order,

WILLIAM MURPHY,

May 12, 1857. Manager and Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Dividend declared May 5, at the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Charlottetown Gas Light Company, will be paid at the Gas Office on and after Monday the 11th instant, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock.

N. B.—All persons will be required to produce the stock certificate for the Dividend they claim. By order,

WILLIAM MURPHY,

May 11, 1857. Manager and Secretary.

Grand Division Room,

Charlottetown, May 8, 1857.

AT A MEETING OF THE GRAND DIVISION, S. of T. of P. E. Island, held in Temperance Hall this evening—present, the G. W. P. Brother Burnett, Brothers J. B. Cooper, G. R. Beer, J. Prowse, Webber, J. Tanton, Gidley, J. Scott, jun., J. Evans, A. Murray, J. Pickard, G. Tanton, D. McFadyen, W. C. Trowan, G. W. Millner, J. W. Morrison, and John Arbuckle—the following Resolution was *unanimously* adopted:—

"Whereas the following paragraph appears in the *Examiner* newspaper, of this City, of the 4th inst., over the signature of 'C. Barker':—

'Sixth Witness—Mr. W. C. Trowan. Now, Sir, this gentleman, if report be correct, had a poor time of it in the Grand Division at their last meeting, where until half-past eleven o'clock, they tried to make him say that he said what he never said, in fact to bear false witness against himself and "Barker," but they failed.'

"*Resolved*, therefore, that the proceedings of this Grand Division, being generally of a private and confidential nature, to divulge the same to parties who are not members—even where no misrepresentation is attempted—is a gross violation of our rules, which strictly prohibit any Brother from making public the private affairs of the order. And *Resolved further*, that [illegible] Mr. Barker's authority for making the above statement, it is certain that that gentleman has been most unfortunate in this instance, for it forces upon this body the disagreeable duty of publicly declaring the said statement to be a tissue of falsehood from beginning to end."

By order,

JOHN ARBUCKLE, Acting G. S.

CAUTION!

WHEREAS CERTAIN PERSONS, who for the present shall be nameless, have of late been circulating reports respecting my Family affairs. This is to caution parties interested, not to give credence to such reports until they have consulted the Doctor or Mr. S. W. Mitchell in the matter. I have been compelled to adopt this method to prevent a benevolent public from being imposed upon by misrepresentations.

F. W. HUGHES.

City, 13th May, 1857. 1i

Think of Living.

THE BEST FAMILY PAPER in the World, is "LIFE ILLUSTRATED," a First-class Weekly Pictorial Newspaper, devoted to News, Literature, Science, and the Arts; to *Entertainment, Improvement, and Progress*. Designed to encourage a spirit of Hope, Manliness, Self-Reliance, and Activity among the people; to point out the means of profitable economy; and to discuss and illustrate the *leading ideas of the day*; and to advocate Political and Industrial Rights for all classes. A paper which ought to be read by every family.

Its columns contain Original Essays—Historical, Biographical, and Descriptive; Sketches of Travel and Adventure among all Races and Tribes of Men; Poetry, Painting, Music, Sculpture, etc.; Articles on Science, Agriculture, Horticulture, Physiology, Education, General News, and every topic which is of importance and interest; all combining to render it one of the BEST Family Newspapers in the World.

Published every Saturday in the City of New York, by Fowler & Wells, at $2 a-year; postage to the lines 26 cents.

Terms for P. E. Island, 13s. 6d. a-year, in advance. Enclose the money for subscriptions, in bills and silver, together with the name and Post Office address, in an envelope, and address, always post-paid—JOHN McDONALD, Newspaper Agent, Charlottetown.

☞ LIFE ILLUSTRATED will be given to new subscribers, on trial, for 4 Months, at 5s.; or even 5 Weeks, for 1s. 6d.

N. B. Subscriptions also taken for any other American Paper or Magazine, at Publishers' prices.

May 13, 1857 tf Isl

FURNITURE! WINDOW SASHES! SHINGLES!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS THE largest and best assortment of FURNITURE in the City for sale, cheap for cash.—A house may be furnished with every requisite, at an hour's notice. It consists, principally, of—

Feather Beds, Mattrasses, a great variety,
Bedsteads, all kinds, Wicker and hardwood Cradles,
Washstands, a variety,—Chests of Drawers, a variety,
Dining, Round, Toilette, Pembroke, Bedroom, and Kitchen Tables,
Clocks, Commodes,
Cane-bottom Chairs, Trunks, Boxes,
Cooking, Franklin, Box, and Round Stoves, either for coal or wood,—

Together with an assortment of FANCY ARTICLES, and 180 pairs of Window Sashes, 12 × 10 and 10 × 8, some with frames,

20 Panel Doors—some for front—with frames.
Also—500,000 SHINGLES.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Ch Town, May 6, 1857. 3ins

THE CANADIAN BLOOD.

THE ENTIRE HORSE *Canadian Blood*, half Revenge and half *Canadian Blood*, 16 hands high, is a dark red, will travel for the season, commencing on Monday May 4th. Will leave South West Bedeque, and travel through the Scotch Settlement; will stand on the Malpec Road, travel through Paddy's Lan, Indian River, New London, New Annan, Bedeque, Tryon Road and come home by No Man's Land. The above route will be travelled once a fortnight.

EDWARD BRAINAN,

May 6, 1857. 3i Groom and Owner.

TO SHIPBUILDERS.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE—

130 Hacmatac Knees,

that will average about eight inches—a good article, well re-dressed—will be delivered alongside a vessel at Shediac immediately, if required.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Ch Town, May 6, 1857. 3i

TO LET,

A TWELVE ACRE FIELD OF excellent PASTURE, also a field on the Malpec Road about three and a half acres.

May 6, 1857. J. H. PETERS.

THE MONITOR:

AN AGRICULTURAL, COMMERCIAL, POLITICAL, AND LITERARY JOURNAL.

"If there's a hole in a' your coats,
I rede ye tent it;
A chiel's amang ye takin' notes,
An' faith he'll prent it."

AS soon as the necessary arrangements can be completed, a MORNING NEWSPAPER with the above Title will be published in this City.

THE MONITOR will be the fearless and uncompromising advocate of CIVIL and RELIGIOUS LIBERTY—of PRACTICAL REFORM in our Social and Political Institutions. Among the topics which will engage its attention are the following:—

Responsible (not Departmental) Government,—the purification of both Branches of the Legislature from official influence and corruption,—the subjection of the Legislative Council to the Elective Principle,—Vote by Ballot, and the Registration of Voters,—the exclusion of incompetent and dishonest persons from the Public Offices,—Economy in the collection and expenditure of the Public Revenues, and a thorough and general reform of our whole Financial System.

A revision of our Civil and Criminal Code is deemed necessary. THE MONITOR will, therefore, advocate—amongst other reforms—the following: The abolishment of the "Death Penalty," in all cases except that of Wilful Murder,—the repeal of all those antiquated, cruel, and demoralizing enactments which authorize the incarceration of honest though unfortunate men within the walls of a common Jail, for no crime but that of being poor and unable to pay their debts; which empower one man, for the paltry consideration of a few Pounds, Shillings, and Pence, to deprive another of his dearest birthright—his personal liberty—and the means of earning a livelihood for himself and family, forever afterwards precluding the possibility of retrieving his worldly circumstances,—Efficient, impartial, and economical Tribunals for the punishment of petty Crimes and Misdemeanors, and for the recovery of Small Debts. In all these respects, P. E. Island is still far behind the age, and the spirit of enlightened patriotism and philanthropy by which the legislation of our Mother Country and her other North American dependencies have, of late, been so gloriously distinguished.

THE MONITOR will also devote a portion of its space to the dissemination of reliable and useful information on Free Trade, and other matters calculated to promote our Commercial Prosperity, Agriculture, and the Fisheries. The subjects of Free Education,—the incongruous state of our Currency,—the vast importance of a uniform Decimal Currency adapted to all the British Provinces, and a variety of kindred topics, will occasionally be discussed, in a popular form, in the columns of this Journal. The proceedings of our Legislative Bodies, Literary, Scientific, and Mechanical Institutions,—everything, in short, which has a tendency to develop the natural resources of our country, or to ameliorate and improve its social and physical condition, will receive the fullest attention. In one word, it will be the aim of the proprietor of this Publication to make it one of the most useful FAMILY NEWSPAPERS ever issued in this Colony.

☞ THE MONITOR will be published—for the present—Semi-weekly, viz on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at the low price of 10s. per annum. Should the Subscription not be paid till the end of the year, 2s. 6d. additional will be charged.

☞ Having thus briefly and honestly stated the objects and intentions of this Publication, terms, &c., all who feel disposed to encourage THE MONITOR are respectfully solicited to leave their names and address at the Office of Messrs. BURRIS BROTHERS, Queen's Square.

Charlottetown, May 5, 1857.

A CARD.

THOMAS & DAWSON request immediate settlement of all unsettled Accounts, furnished up to December, 1856. Ap 29

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL DISPOSE of, by PRIVATE SALE, his present

STOCK OF GOODS

At the VERY LOWEST PRICES, preparatory to receiving his Spring's Supply, viz.,—

DRY GOODS in variety, India Rubber Goods,
Hats, Kossuths, & Caps, Hardware & Window Glass
Earthenware & China Tea Setts, Gas Pendants, Brackets
GAS GLOBES, and Gasfittings in variety,
Room Paper of excellent patterns, from 6d per piece, and upwards; Boots, Brogans, and Shoes
Clocks, Chairs, Buckets, [illegible]
—ALSO—
Superior TEA, SUGAR, SOAP, BAKING POWDER
Cocoa, Chocolate, Candles, Tobacco, Starch, &c., &c.

J. WILLIAM MORRISON.

No. 8, Queen Street, March 24th, 1857. } Isl2m

REDUCTION

Will be the Order of the Day

—AT—

QUEEN SQUARE HOUSE,

FOR ANOTHER MONTH!

TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW SUPPLY

Ch. Town, April 8, 1857. WILLIAM HEARD.

P. S. A suitable YOUNG MAN wanted.

CHINA, EARTHEN and GLASSWARE

ON CONSIGNMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECEIVED instructions to sell, on arrival of the *Majestic* from Liverpool,—

25 Crates assorted EARTHENWARE,
6 Casks do. GLASSWARE,
3 Casks China DINNER SETS,
1 Cask do. TEA SETS,
100 doz. MILK BOWLS,
And a lot of CREAM CROCKS.

The above Crates and Casks contain each a good assortment and will be sold at very low prices.

Terms—4 months credit, on approved notes.

May 6, 1857. GEORGE W. OWEN.

TO LET,

A BUILDING WHICH HAS BEEN occupied by REUBEN TUPLIN, Esq., as STORE-HOUSE, for some time back, with counters and shelves, all in order for business, at MARGATE, Lot 19.

March 18, 1857. 6w THOMAS BENTLEY.

LIME! LIME!

PERSONS WANTING LIME can be supplied by applying at DODD'S BRICK STORE, Pownal street.

May 6, 1857. 2m

FARM ON THE UNION ROAD.

FOR SALE, THE LEASEHOLD interest of Seventy-five acres of LAND, Forty of which are cleared, and the remainder under a fine growth of Longers; together with a new Frame House, Barn and Stables, and a superior Kitchen-garden, containing every description of fruit-trees, and bushes. It fronts on Winter River, where abundance of Bog Mud can be procured. About 10 tons of Straw and 1000 Longers are cut ready to use.

For particulars enquire of the Subscriber, in Charlottetown, near Mr. Bartlett's, Tailor.

May 6, 1857. MICHAEL BRYENTON.

BOOKS FOR THE TIMES!

CUMMINGS' LECTURES ON ROMANISM, 9s

A Protestant's Appeal to the Douay Bible and other Roman Catholic standards, 6s
The Young Dominican; or, The Mysteries of the Inquisition, and other Secret Societies of Spain, 8s 6d
Romanism as it is in Rome—by the Hon. J. W. Percy, 8s
The Archbishop; or, Romanism in the United States, 6s 3d
The History of the Inquisition, with an Account of its Procedure and Narrative of its Victims, 6s
Hannah Corcoran—her Conversion from Romanism, Abduction, and subsequent Treatment, 3s 3d
The Convert—a Narrative by McCrindel, 3s 4d
Sister Agnes; or, Sketches of Convent Life, 8s
John Huss—illustrating some of the workings of Popery in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, 5s
True Christianity Contrasted with various other Systems—by Dr. Sprague, 3s 9d
The Doctrines and Practices of Popery examined, 3s 9d
Fletcher's Lectures on the Principles and Institutions of the Roman Catholic Religion, 5s
Synopsis of Popery, by W. Hogan, formerly a Roman Catholic Priest. Paper covers, 1s 6d; bound, 2s 3d
Six Months' Residence in a Convent—by Miss Reid
The Priest and the Huguenot; or, Persecution in the Age of Louis XV., 8s 9d
Men and Things as I saw them in Europe—by Kirwan, 5s

For sale at the Bookstore of

April 8, '57 GEORGE T. HASZARD.

AUCTIONS.

FARM STOCK & IMPLEMENTS.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 14th of MAY, inst., at 12 o'clock, at the Farm of DR. DAY, Princetown Road, about five miles from the City—

6 Milch Cows, 1 yearling Heifer,
1 Ayrshire yearling Bull, 1 Mare (in foal),
1 handsome Mare, four years old,
1 yearling Filly, 2 Carts,
2 Jaunting Sleighs, with Furs,
2 Wood Sleighs, 2 sets Cart Harness,
1 set Gig Harness, 1 Riding Saddle and Bridle,
1 new Plough, 1 set Harrows, &c.

Terms at sale.

May 6, 1857. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer.

House in Charlottetown.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, the 29th MAY, at 12 o'clock, on the Premises, the TWO-STORY HOUSE, and quarter LOT of LAND, on the East end of King-street, near the residence of Mr. John Oxley. For particulars, enquire of the owner.—

May 9th, 1857. JOSEPH WRIGHT.

AUCTION!

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at SUMMERSIDE, by Mr. George Anderson, on the 2d day of JUNE next, that commodious

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT,

occupied by Mr. Andrews. The House is 25 × 36 feet, and completely finished. Also, a FRAME, partly boarded, 18 × 26 feet. There is also a good Well of Water on the Lot.

JOSEPH GREEN, jun.

9th May, 1857.

Extensive Sale of Real Estate, &c.

POSITIVE AND UNLIMITED.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, in SUMMERSIDE VILLAGE, Bedeque, Prince Edward Island, by WILLIAM DODD, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of JUNE next, the whole of the Subscriber's

REAL ESTATE, HOUSES, &C.,

in this Island, consisting in some FIFTY VILLAGE LOTS, or more, in said Village, including 12 Water Lots, secured with a good Breast Work of considerable expense. Opposite some of these lots is the best location in the Village for a wharf. On part of the Village Lots, near the Government wharf, stands Two DWELLING HOUSES, one Store and Warehouse, and one Carriage Factory, which will be sold with the Lots on which they stand.

Immediately adjoining the Village is a FARM of about EIGHTY acres, 60 of which are in a good state of cultivation, and the balance well covered with a splendid growth of wood. There are also a large BARN, a small Farm HOUSE, Outhouses, and a large Spring of superior water on the premises. This Farm being situate on the North side of Bedeque Bay, and gradually descending South to said Village, renders its location pleasant; and as it commands a full view of the Straits with New Brunswick in the distance, makes it a very desirable site for residences, consequently it will be sold in 5 acre Lots, or in the whole, as may best suit purchasers—the whole of this Farm, however, will be shortly required to supply the growth of the Village, in Village and fancy Building Lots. This property, in point of beauty, pleasure, convenience and profit, is second to none in the length and breadth of the Island. A more healthy place cannot be found on the globe—old people have often been known to leave the Island to go to the United States to die. Much might be said of the many advantages for fishing, shipping, general business, &c., of Summerside, and of its proximity to Shediac, terminus of the Railroad. This Village has grown within the last 3 or 4 years from nothing into quite a town.

ALSO—At the same time and place will be sold 200 Acres of LAND on Lot 8; 100 acres on Lot 8; 100 acres on Lot 15, as also an interest in other Lands at Fifteen Point.

ALSO—The freehold of Two FARMS on Lot 25 (John Picket's and Archibald Waugh's), paying an annual Rent of £9 14s cy. The whole of this property will be sold in Lots, Farms and portions to suit purchasers, and on liberal terms. Good titles will be given. For further particulars, apply to Messrs. BEER & SON, Charlottetown, or to P. BAKER, Esq., Bedeque, with whom plans of said Village Property can be seen.

J. WEATHERBY.

April 29, 1857.

This sale will commence at 11 a. m., and will (unless all is sold on the 17th) continue on the 18th.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

N. B.—Two-thirds of the whole amount may remain on the Property one or two years. A longer credit may be given to large Purchasers.

NEW SEEDS.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF GARDEN SEEDS, just received, warranted the growth of 1856.

ALSO

Expected by first arrival from BOSTON, a large supply of FLOWER SEEDS.

City Drug Store, April 24. W. R. WATSON.

FRESH SEEDS.

PRINCIPALLY FROM SCOTLAND. Just received at GEO. T. HASZARD'S Bookstore, via Pictou, a small assortment of GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS.

April 29, 1857.

IN THE PRESS,

AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY, by George T. Haszard, a LECTURE on the "*Spirit of English Poetry*," delivered at the Mechanics' Institute, on Tuesday, 21st instant, by JOHN LEPAGE, author of "The Balance of Power," &c., &c.

April 29, 1857.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FLOUR!!

THE SCHOONER GREYHOUND has landed to the Subscriber,—

150 barrels CANADA FLOUR,

Which he warrants a superior article for family use.—Cheap for CASH, and liberal terms to wholesale customers.

April 29, 1857. 3wIsl JAMES N. HARRIS.

TO FARMERS & BUILDERS.

OLD COUNTRY WHITE LIME and the purest Colonial LIME—a good supply of each now burning in separate kilns. The lowest prices charged.

April 29, 1857. Im BEER & SON.

N. B.—Small quantities kept in town.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the Subscriber either by Bond, Note, or Book account, are requested to make payment of the same on or before the 10th day of MAY next. All Accounts unsettled after that date will be put in course of collection.

Charlottetown, April 29. H. HASZARD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the General Annual Meeting of the Shareholders in the Charlottetown GAS LIGHT Company, will take place at the Gas Works on TUESDAY, May 5th, at 11 o'clock a. m., to declare a dividend and for the general transaction of Business, By order,

WM. MURPHY,

April 22. Manager.

SEED WHEAT.

TO BE SOLD IN CHARLOTTETOWN.

400 BUSHELS OF PRIME SEED WHEAT on sale by the Subscribers, and part will be offered at Auction, at the opening of the navigation, in time for seed, in quantities to suit purchasers, for ready money only.

JOHN HASZARD,
Wm. McEWEN.

St. Eleanor's, April 6. Ex & I 3i

THOMAS HENRY LOCKHART,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, lately from London, in returning thanks to the public generally for the very liberal support they have given him since his arrival in this City, begs to inform them that he still continues doing all kinds of work in the above line. BOOTS and SHOES neatly repaired at moderate charges.

☞ Please inquire at Mr. John Lockhart's. April 8.

VALUABLE MILL AND LAND.

To Sell or Let, Situate within three miles of Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL or LEASE, for a term of years, a GRIST MILL, 40 feet by 30 feet, driving three run of Stones, a Bolter and Sifter, complete, situate on the Malpeque Road, three miles from the City; together with TWO PASTURE LOTS, on which there have been recently erected a Building 40 × 30 feet, used as a Distillery, and a good Dwelling House, 36 × 30 feet. This Mill Site being one of the best in the Island—for a Grist and Fulling Mill—is well worthy the attention of purchasers.

If sold, one half of the purchase money can remain secured on the property for a period of five years. For further particulars, apply to W. H. POPE, Esq., or to the Subscriber.

City, April 24th. WILLIAM MITCHELL.