The Representative House of the Maritime Provinces."

W. H. JOHNSON - HALIFAX, N. S.

PIANOS. ORGANS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

By the leading American and Canadian Manufacturers.

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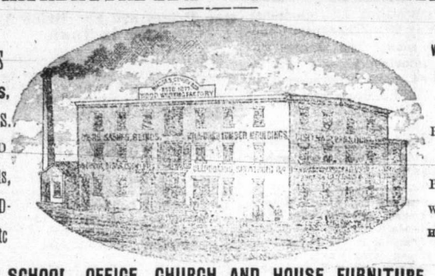
Manufacturers and Builders.



Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Wood Mantels, Mouldings, etc

Walnut, Cherry, Ash, Birch, Beech, Pine & Whitewo'd House Finish.

SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH AND HOUSE FURNITURE.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of Builders' Materials.

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jan27

Imperial Fire Ins. Company

OF LONDON, ENGLAND. EST. 1803.

Assets, - - £1,581,574 Sterling.

Represented in Westmorland County

At MONCTON, - - - - - - - By JAMES McALLISTER, Esq.

At DORCHESTER, - - By EMMERSON, CHANDLER & CHAPMAN.

At SACKVILLE, - - - - - - - By POWELL & BENNETT.

MARITIME PROVINCES BRANCH:

59 Prince Wm. St., - - - - St. John, N. B.

E. L. WHITTAKER.

apl14-3m Resident Secretary.

New Goods. New Goods.

WE HAVE ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' Jerseys,
Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings,
Dress Goods in every variety,
Plushes, Velvets and Satins.

AN INSPECTION OF GOODS AND PRICES IS ALL WE ASK.

E. J. AYER,

Amherst, Mar. 9, 1887. Successor to W. D. Main & Co.

For Sale and To Let.

To Rent.

THE house and grounds formerly the residence of the late Reuben Chase, Esq., Upper Sackville. There is a vegetable garden and flower garden. The house is commodious and comfortable, with good barn and outbuildings. Also a number of good hens for sale. Possesion given immediately. Apply to

MRS. REUBEN CHASE,
Upper Sackville.

Sackville, April 13th, 1887. tf

FOR SALE.

I HEREBY offer for sale the PREMISES formerly occupied by me in Point de Bute, consisting of a Dwelling House, Barn, Shop, and four and one quarter acres of Land. The House is a story and a half, containing 10 rooms, besides Halls, Closets, &c., with a Well of good water in the yard. It is situated rear to the School, and only a short distance from Church, Post Office, Stores, &c. Will sell at a bargain.

Apply in Point de Bute to J. Amos Trueman, or to the Subscriber.

A. SCRIMGEOUR.

Amherst, N. S., Aug. 26, 1886.

FOR SALE.

TWENTY LOTS IN PORT ELGIN.

THE undersigned offers at private sale on liberal terms, 12 Building Lots with a front of 100 feet each on the Port Elgin river, and extending to the Timber river road, with an equal width on said road, and within five minutes walk of railway accommodation and shipping; also 8 Lots fronting on the Burnside road, width of each as aforesaid, and about fifteen minutes walk to the business part of the town. Being an elevated situation, would be a desirable place for private dwellings.

JAMES HAMILTON.

Port Elgin, Jan. 5th, 1887.

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that valuable FARM known as the Gammon Farm, situated near Bonnell's Corner, Lutz Mountain, about eight miles from Moncton. This is an excellent Farm, containing about fifty acres, with new House, Kitchen, Woodhouse, Hennery, Piggery, and a fine large Barn, all entirely new and very convenient. It is thoroughly fenced, and has a well cultivated garden. The soil is dry and loamy, free from stone, and well adapted for growing either early vegetables, grain, or hay, and is now in a high state of cultivation. It is convenient to church, school and mills, and admitted to be the finest Farm in that section. Plenty of good water on the premises. No outlay required outside of stock and farm implements. A rare opportunity is offered to anyone wishing to start a general market Farm.

Terms of payment:—A portion down; balance by instalments extending over a number of years. Apply to

CHARLES FAWCETT,
Sackville, N. B.

Or BORDEN & ATKINSON,
Moncton.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction on THURSDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, A. D. 1887, in front of the Court House of Dorchester, in the County of Westmorland, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon:

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of John B. Belyea, his possessory right and right of entry, both at law and in equity, of, in, and to the LANDS AND PREMISES situate in the Parish of Botsford, in the County of Westmorland, and described in a lease from Job T. Allen to the said John B. Belyea, bearing date the 25th day of June, 1886, and running five years from date, as follows: All that certain parcel or tract of Land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Botsford, in the County of Westmorland, and Province of New Brunswick, described as follows: Commencing at a hackmetack post thirty-six feet from the centre of the railway track, running in about a north-easterly course ten rods, thence north westerly eight rods, thence south westerly parallel with the railway ten rods to the main road, thence along the main road eight rods to the place of beginning, containing one-half acre, more or less; also all other Real Estate of the said John B. Belyea, wheresoever situate or howsoever described, within my bailiwick, the same having been seized by and to be sold under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the County Court of Westmorland at the suit of Job T. Allen versus the said John B. Belyea.

Dorchester, March 23rd, A. D. 1887.

ANGUS McQUEEN,
3m Sheriff.

Trustee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Read and William Read, surviving members of the firm of John Read & Sons, doing business as Woollen Manufacturers under the name, style and firm of John Read & Sons, at Port Elgin, in the County of Westmorland, have this day assigned all their real and personal estate and effects to me, the undersigned Trustee, for the benefit of their creditors.

The Trust Deed now lies at the office of W. W. Wells, Solicitor to the Trustee, Dorchester, N. B., for inspection and execution. All persons desirous of participating in the benefits thereof are requested to call and execute the same within three months from this date.

Dated the 1st day of January, A. D. 1887.

WILLIAM F. GEORGE,
jan6 Trustee.

Public Notice.

THE proprietors of the Great Marsh are requested to hand in to any one of the Commissioners of Sewers for District Number Six, or to the undersigned Clerk of Commissioners, the description and number of acres in each lot owned by them, and in case of failure to comply with this notice, or in case of wrong description or acreage being given, on the part of any proprietor, the Commissioners will assess against such proprietor any expense necessarily incurred by them in procuring the same.

Dated this 18th day of October, A. D. 1886.

AMOS OGDEN,
20-tf Clerk.

PROVISIONS —AND— GROCERIES!

The subscriber offers for sale:

30 HALF BBLS. No. 1 Labrador Herring;
15 bbls. No. 1 Labrador Herring;
25 half and quarter bbls. Mackerel;
30 quintals Codfish;
10 " Pollock;
20 half bbls. Shad;
12 " Shore Herring;
50 boxes Smoked Fish;
Oatmeal, Corn Meal;
Buckwheat Meal, Beans;
Rice, Barley, Sugar, Tea;
Raisins, Apples, Onions;
Soaps, Lard, Butter, Pickles;
Coarse and Fine Salt, Cabbage.

Beef, Pork, Poultry of all kinds, Sausages, &c., &c.

The above offered at low prices for Cash.

EDWARD READ,

Next Door to Brunswick House.

Boston Marine INSURANCE COMPANY

17 State St., BOSTON.
43 Wall Street, NEW YORK.

Capital Paid in Cash

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

ASSETS

OVER TWO MILLION DOLLARS.

Net Surplus as to Policy Holders

$1,651,161.94.

This is the *largest American company* doing business on this continent upon the stock plan, taking *Marine Risks* only, and the business of the Company exceeds that of all other Massachusetts companies combined.

Correspondence solicited.

THOS. H. LORD, Secretary. R. B. FULLER, President.

VROOM & ARNOLD, Managers, St. John Branch Office.

BULLS FOR SALE.

Three Yearling Bulls.

One Thorough-Bred Short Horn Durham Bull, registered in N. B. Herd Book. Dam, an English imported cow, "Francisca." Sire, "Brignolia."

One Thorough-Bred Polled Angus Bull, registered in the N. B. Herd Book. Dam, "Miss Matt the 3rd." Sire, "Hammond."

One Grade Bull, from one of the best milch cows in the province. Sire, "Brignolia." Same as thorough-bred.

These Bulls are handsome, good size, and from very best breeds.

Farmers or Agricultural Societies wanting such animals will find these well worthy of inspection. A certificate of pedigree furnished to the purchaser of any of above animals. Apply to

CHARLES FAWCETT.

Sackville, N. B., 23rd Feb., 1887.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

Notice of Assignment

NOTICE is hereby given that Edgar W. Marven and John Ogden, doing business at Port Elgin, in Westmorland County, Province of New Brunswick, as Marven & Ogden, have assigned all their Estate to me, the undersigned, in Trust for the benefit of their creditors.

Creditors wishing to participate in the said deed must come in and sign the same within three months from the date hereof. The Trust Deed lies at the office of Barker & Belyea, Barristers, Palmer's Chambers, St. John, N B., for inspection and signatures.

CHARLES G. HART,
Trustee.

BARKER & BELYEA, Solicitors.
may2

Trustee's Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons indebted to the late firm of John Read & Sons are required to make immediate payment to Charles A. Read, at Port Elgin, Westmorland County, who is authorized to receive the same and give receipts therefor. All accounts due said firm remaining unpaid at the expiration of thirty days from this date will be collected by process of law.

Dated this 17th day of January, A. D. 1887.

WILLIAM F. GEORGE,
20 Trustee.

Executors' Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Mary A. Lyons, late of Sackville, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested to the undersigned executors at Sackville aforesaid within one month from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

JAS. D. DIXON, } Executors.
W. B. DIXON, }

Sackville, N. B. March 16, 1887.

N. B. & P. E. RY.

Annual Meeting.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Railway Company takes place at the Company's Office, Sackville, on TUESDAY, 7th day of June next, at 1 p. m., Standard.

W. C. MILNER,
Secretary.

Sackville, N. B., 10th May, 1887. td

An Intercepted Valentine.

BY R. J. BURDETTE.

WITH ACKNOWLEDGMENTS TO DR. TALMAGE.

Dear cousin Canada, you know we like you,
June and December brighten with your charms,
Not for the world we'd lift a hand to strike you,
There is no war in our presented arms.

See how we flounder through your snow-shoe parties,
All breathless down toboggan chutes we slide,
'Neath the soft furs we know how warm your heart is,
For it is always summer by your side.

And if we love you, sweet, and our fond wishes
Fly swift to you like birds of summer hue,
How can you chide us if we love your fishes?
Are not your fishes, cousin, part of you?

How can you set for us a three mile limit?
You cannot hope to make us stay away,
When summer comes, Leander like, we'll swim it
From Anticosti to the Saguenay.

Who talks of bait? By all that's trim and tidy,
You are the sweetest bait our eyes have found,
Come live with us, dear coz, and every Friday
You shall have fish until you head swims round.

Your ma's so busy with her jubilating,
She'll never wonder where you are, and —ah!
Yonder stands Parson Talmage, smiling, waiting,
Say, shan't we ask Sir John to "Ask Mama?"

—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

Strange Case of Doctor Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

BY ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

Continued.

Twelve o'clock had scarce rung out over London, ere the knocker sounded very gently on the door. I went myself at the summons, and found a small man crouching against the pillars of the portico.

"Are you come from Dr. Jekyll?" I asked.

He told me "yes" by a constrained gesture; and when I had bidden him enter, he did not obey me without a searching backward glance into the darkness of the square. There was a policeman not far off, advancing with his bull's eye open; and at the sight I thought my visitor started and made greater haste.

These particulars struck me, I confess, disagreeably; and as I followed him into the bright light of the consulting-room I kept my hand ready on my weapon. Here, at last, I had a chance of clearly seeing him. I had never set my eyes on him before, so much was certain. He was small, as I have said; I was struck besides with the shocking expression of his face, with his remarkable combination of great muscular activity and great apparent debility of constitution, and—last but not least—with the odd, subjective disturbance caused by his neighborhood. This bore some resemblance to incipient rigor, and was accompanied by a marked sinking of the pulse. At the time, I set it down to some idiosyncratic, personal distaste, and merely wondered at the acuteness of the symptoms; but I have since had reason to believe the cause to lie much deeper in the nature of the man, and to turn on some nobler hinge than the principle of hatred.

This person (who had thus, from the first moment of his entrance, struck in me what I can only describe as a disgustful curiosity) was dressed in a fashion that would have made an ordinary person laughable; his clothes, that is to say, although they were of rich and sober fabric, were enormously too large for him in every measurement—the trousers hanging on his legs and rolled up to keep them from the ground, the waist of the coat below his haunches, and the collar sprawling wide upon his shoulders. Strange to relate, this ludicrous accoutrement was far from moving me to laughter. Rather, as there was something abnormal and misbegotten in the very essence of the creature that now faced me—something seizing, surprising, and revolting—this fresh disparity seemed but to fit in with and to reinforce it; so that to my interest in the man's nature and character there was added a curiosity as to his origin, his life, his fortune, and status in the world.

These observations, though they have taken so great a space to be set down in, were yet the work of a few seconds. My visitor was indeed, on fire with sombre excitement.

"Have you got it?" he cried. "Have you got it?" And so lively was his impatience that he even laid his hand upon my arm and sought to shake me.

I put him back, conscious at his touch of a certain icy pang along my blood. "Come, sir," said I. "You forget that I have not yet the pleasure of your acquaintance. Be seated, if you please." And I showed him an example, and sat down myself in my customary seat and with as fair an imitation of my ordinary manner to a patient, as the lateness of the hour, the nature of my preoccupations, and the horror I had of my visitor, would suffer me to muster.

"I beg you pardon, Dr. Lanyon," he replied, civilly enough. "What you say is very well founded; and my impatience has shown its heels to my politeness. I come here at the instance of your colleague, Dr. Henry Jekyll, on a piece of business of some moment; and I understood—" he paused and put his hand to his throat, and I could see, in spite of his collected manner, that he was wrestling against the approaches of the hysteria—"I understood, a drawer—"

But here I took pity on my visitor's suspense, and some, perhaps, on my own growing curiosity.

"There it is, sir," said I, pointing to the drawer, where it lay on the floor behind a table and still covered with the sheet.

He sprang to it, and then paused, and laid his hand upon his heart; I could hear his teeth grate with the convulsive action of his jaws; and his face was so ghastly to see that I grew alarmed both for his life and reason.

"Compose yourself," said I.

He turned a dreadful smile to me, and, as if with the decision of despair, plucked away the sheet. At sight of the contents he uttered one loud sob of such immense relief that I sat petrified. And the next moment, in a voice that was already fairly well under control, "Have you a graduated glass?" he asked.

I rose from my place with something of an effort and gave him what he asked.

He thanked me with a smiling nod, measured out a few minims of the red tincture and added one of the powders. The mixture, which was at first of a reddish hue, began, in proportion as the crystals melted, to brighten in color, to effervesce audibly, and to throw off small fumes of vapor. Suddenly, and at the same moment, the ebullition ceased and the compound changed to a dark purple, which faded again more slowly to a watery green. My visitor, who had watched these metamorphoses with a keen eye, smiled, sat down the glass upon the table, and then turned and looked upon me with an air of scrutiny.

"And now," said he, "to settle what remains. Will you be wise? will you be guided? will you suffer me to take this glass in my hand and to go forth from your house without further parley? or has the greed of curiosity too much command of you? Think before you answer, for it shall be done as you decide. As you decide, you shall be left as you were before, and neither richer nor wiser, unless the sense of service rendered to a man in mortal distress may be counted as a kind of riches of the soul. Or, if you shall so prefer to choose, a new province of knowledge and new avenues to fame and power shall be laid open to you, here, in this room, upon the instant; and your sight shall be blasted by a prodigy to stagger the unbelief of Satan."

"Sir," said I, affecting a coolness that I was far from truly possessing, "you speak enigmas, and you will perhaps not wonder that I hear you with no very strong impression of belief. But I have gone too far in the way of inexplicable services to pause before I see the end."

"It is well," replied my visitor. "Lanyon, you remember your vows: what follows is under the seal of our profession. And now, you who have so long been bound to the most narrow and material views, you who have denied the virtue of transcendental medicine, you who have derided your superiors—behold!"

He put the glass to his lips and drank at one gulp. A cry followed; he reeled, staggered, clutched at the table and held on, staring with injected eyes, gasping with open mouth; and as I looked there came, I thought, a change—he seemed to swell—his face became suddenly black and the features seemed to melt and alter—and the next moment I had sprung to my feet and leaped back against the wall, my arm raised to shield me from that prodigy, my mind submerged in terror.

"O God!" I screamed, and "O God!" again and again; for there before my eyes—pale and shaken and half fainting, and groping before him with his hands, like a man restored from death—there stood Henry Jekyll!

What he told me in the next hour I cannot bring my mind to set on paper. I saw what I saw, I heard what I heard, and my soul sickened at it; and yet now when that sight has faded from my eyes, I ask myself if I believe it, and I cannot answer. My life is shaken to its roots; sleep has left me; the deadliest terror sits by me at all hours of the day and night; I feel that my days are numbered, and that I must die; and yet I shall die incredulous. As for the moral turpitude that man unveiled to me, even with tears of penitence, I cannot, even in memory, dwell on it without a start of horror. I will say but one thing, Utterson, and that (if you can bring your mind to credit it) will be more than enough. The creature who crept into my house that night was, on Jekyll's own confession, known by the name of Hyde and hunted for in every corner of the land as the murderer of Carew.

HASTIE LANYON.

HENRY JEKYLL'S FULL STATEMENT OF THE CASE.

I was born in the year 18— to a large fortune, endowed besides with excellent parts, inclined by nature to industry, fond of the respect of the wise and good among my fellow-men, and thus, as might have been supposed, with every guarantee of an honorable and distinguished future. And, indeed, the worst of my faults was a certain impatient gayety of disposition, such as has made the happiness of many, but such as I found it hard to reconcile with my imperious desire to carry my head high, and wear a more than commonly grave countenance before the public. Hence it came about that I concealed my pleasures; and that when I reached years of reflection, and began to look round me and take stock of my progress and position in the world, I stood already committed to a profound duplicity of life. Many a man would have even blazoned such irregularities as I was guilty of; but from the high views that I had set before me, I regarded and hid them with an almost morbid sense of shame. It was thus rather the exacting nature of my aspirations than any particular degradation in my faults that made me what I was and, with even a deeper trench than in the majority of men, severed in me those provinces of good and ill which divide and compound man's dual nature. In this case I was driven to reflect deeply and inveterately on that hard law of life which lies at the root of religion and is one of the most plentiful springs of distress. Though so profound a double-dealer, I was in no sense a hypocrite; both sides of me were in dead earnest; I was no more myself when I laid aside restraint and plunged in shame than when I labored, in the eye of day, at the furtherance of knowledge or the relief of sorrow and suffering. And it chanced that the direction of my scientific studies, which led wholly towards the mystic and the transcendental, reacted and shed a strong light on this consciousness of the perennial war among my members. With every day, and from both sides of my intelligence, the moral and the intellectual, I thus drew steadily nearer to that truth, by whose partial discovery I have been doomed to such a dreadful shipwreck: that man is not truly one, but truly two. I say two, because the state of my own knowledge does not pass beyond that point. Others will follow, others will outstrip me on the same lines; and I hazard the guess that man will be ultimately known for a mere polity of multifarious, incongruous, and independent denizens. I, for my part, from the nature of my life, advanced infallibly in one direction, and in one direction only. It was on the moral side, and in my own person, that I learned to recognize the thorough and primitive duality of man; I saw that, of the two natures that contended in the field of my consciousness, even if I could rightly be said to be either, it was only because I was radically both; and from an early date, even before the course of my scientific discoveries had begun to suggest the most naked possibility of such a miracle, I had learned to dwell with pleasure, as a beloved daydream, on the thought of the separation of these elements. If each, I told myself, could but be housed in separate identities, life would be relieved of all that was unbearable; the unjust might go his way, delivered from the aspirations and remorse of his more upright twin; and the just could walk steadfastly and securely on his upward path, doing the good things in which he found his pleasure, and no longer exposed to disgrace and penitence by the hands of this extraneous evil. It was the curse of mankind that these incongruous fagots were thus bound together—that in the agonized womb of consciousness these polar twins should be continuously struggling. How, then, were they dissociated?

I was so far in my reflections when, as I have said, a side light began to shine upon the subject from the laboratory table. I began to perceive more deeply than it has ever yet been stated, the trembling immateriality, the mist-like transcience, of this seemingly so solid body in which we walk attired. Certain agents I have found to have the power to shake and to pluck back that fleshly vestment, even as a wind might toss the curtains of a pavilion. For two good reasons I will not enter deeply into this scientific branch of my confession. First, because I have been made to learn that the doom and burden of our life is bound forever on man's shoulders, and when the attempt is made to cast it off, it but returns upon us with some unfamiliar and more awful pressure. Second, because as my narrative will make, alas! too evident, my discoveries were incomplete. Enough, then, that I not only recognized my natural body for the mere aura and effulgence of certain powers that made up my spirit, but managed to compound a drug by which these powers should be dethroned from their supremacy, and a second form and countenance substituted, none the less natural to me because they were the expression, and bore the stamp, of lower elements in my soul.

I hesitated long before I put this theory to the test of practice. I knew well that I risked death; for any drug that so potently controlled and shook the very fortress of identity, might by the least scruple of an overdose, or at the least inopportunity in the moment of exhibition, utterly blot out that immaterial tabernacle which I looked to it to change. But the temptation of a discovery so singular and profound at last overcame the suggestions of alarm. I had long since prepared my tincture; I purchased at once, from a firm of wholesale chemists, a large quantity of a particular salt which I knew, from my experiments, to be the last ingredient required; and late one accursed night I compounded the elements, watched them boil and smoke together in the glass, and when the ebullition had subsided, with a strong glow of courage, drank off the potion.

The most racking pangs succeeded; a grinding in the bones, deadly nausea, and a horror of the spirit that cannot be exceeded at the hour of birth or death. Then these agonies began swiftly to subside, and I came to myself as if out of a great sickness. There was something strange in my sensations, something indescribably new and, from its very novelty, incredibly sweet. I felt younger, lighter, happier in body; within I was conscious of a heady recklessness, a current of disordered sensual images running like a millrace in my fancy, a solution of the bonds of obligation, an unknown but not an innocent freedom of the soul. I knew myself, at the first breath of this new life, to be more wicked, tenfold more wicked, sold a slave to my original evil; and the thought, in that moment, braced and delighted me like wine. I stretched out my hands, exulting in the freshness of these sensations; and in the act I was suddenly aware that I had lost in stature.

To be Continued.

Useful to Know.

Mrs. John Siddell, of Orton, Ont., was afflicted for years with contraction of the bronchial pipes and tightness of the chest. She was cured by the internal and external use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. This remedy cures rheumatism, neuralgia, inflammation, congestion, and all external and internal pains.

PARSONS' PILLS

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. One box will do more to purify the blood and cure chronic ill health than $5 worth of any other remedy yet discovered. If people could be made to realize the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

HIGHLY IMPORTANT

To Every Man who keeps a Horse, Cow, Ox, Pig, Sheep or Poultry.

THE MANHATTAN CATTLE FOOD CO.'S

Nutritious Condiment!

For Horses, Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep, Pigs and Poultry.

Honorable mention and Diploma awarded at Provincial Exhibition, Halifax, in 1874 and 1880, and at the World's Exhibition, at Antwerp, in 1885.

The following Testimonials have been selected from hundreds in the hands of the Agents. Read them and be convinced. Try the Condiment and you will be satisfied.

FROM PROF. LAWSON, SECRETARY CENTRAL BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

DEAR SIR—The "Nutritious Condiment" originally introduced by you in 1872, has been well appreciated by horsemen, cattle feeders and dairymen in this Province, and the animals shown at the Provincial Exhibition in October, 1874, for the special prizes offered by you, were very creditable and attracted much attention. I am, dear sir, yours truly,

GEORGE FRASER, Esq., Agent, Halifax. GEORGE LAWSON.

ELLERSHOUSE, N. S., May 1st, 1885.

DEAR SIR—I was induced by one of your agents to try your Manhattan Condiment. Although I had very little faith in it, I took one 10 lb. bag to try as an experiment. I fed it according to directions to one cow that was giving milk. At the end of the first week we found an improvement, and for the past four weeks she has steadily improved in quantity of milk and also in quality; her general appearance has also improved, and I should be unwilling to be without the Condiment, for I believe it to be a valuable article of diet. Yours truly,

GEORGE FRASER, Esq., Halifax. J. M. HIGGINS.

For sale in bags containing 50 feeds, 90c.; 125 feeds, $2.00; 250 feeds, $3.50; by FRASER, FULTON & CO., Truro, N. S., and by sub-Agents throughout the Province.

AGENTS IN WESTMORLAND COUNTY.—GEO. E. FORD, Sackville; M. R. DOBSON, Dorchester; HUMPHREY & TRITES, Petitcodiac.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS, WITH FULL INFORMATION AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE mar24'87

OUR LATE ARRIVALS

CONSIST IN PART:

27 cases Dry Goods;
8 bales do
1 case Lace Curtains;
1 " Hamburgs;
1 " Corsets;
63 rolls Carpets;
20 " Oil Carpet;
73 Trunks and Valises;
260 pieces Furniture;
12 Children's Carriages;
3 bales Fishing Twines;
2 tons Sheathing Paper;
30 bbls. Kerosene Oil;
1 case Paraffine Candles;
166 bush. Timothy Seed;
½ ton Clover Seed;
5 bags Seed Field Peas.
1 car Carriage Wood Stock;
12 Carriage Tops;
100 sets Carriage Springs;
100 " Carriage Axles;
7500 Carriage Bolts;
1800 lbs. Carriage Castings;
1 case Rubber Carriage Boots;
1 case Paint and other Brushes;
10 bbls. Paint Oil;
1 bbl. Turpentine;
3 cases Noble & Hoar's Varnish;
50 kegs Horse Shoes;
50 boxes Horse Nails;
1 case Copper Rivets and Burrs;
5 cases Harness Mountings;
1 case Stocks and Dyes;
2 tons Barbed Fence Wire.

TO ARRIVE:

200 bush. Timothy Seed,
Hf. ton Clover Seed,
50 bush. White Russian Wheat,
250 bush. Seed Oats.

Full Supply of Field and Garden Seeds.

DUNLAP BROS. & COMPANY.

Amherst, April 15th, 1887.

AMHERST

Boot & Shoe Manuf'g. Co.

SPRING STOCK

Is now Complete, and ready for inspection and purchase.

Everything of the latest kind and style in the Shoe line may be found there.

Parker's Patent Rubber-Leather Waterproof Boot is just the thing for this season of the year; Rubber upper, Leather soled.

SAME OLD STAND, - - Opposite New Government Building.

AMHERST BOOT & SHOE MANUF'G CO.

apr21

Spring Trade.

NEW GOODS.

WHITE COTTONS, every grade and price; WHITE SHEETINGS; GREY SHEETINGS; PILLOW COTTONS, plain and circular; COTTONADES, plain and checked Ducks, 7. 8. 9 and 10 oz. White Ducks; GIBSON GREY COTTONS, Ginghams, Tickings; CHECKED SHIRTINGS, every quality; SHAKER FLANNELS in white, colored and fancy.

NEW GOODS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

5,000 PIECES of newest styles in English Prints. Patterns selected and printed especially to my order.

These prints are expected to arrive during this month.

Every attention paid to orders by mail.

A. EVERITT.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE,

94, 95 and 96 Germain Street,

AND THE RING BUILDING.

St. John, N. B., April 6, 1887.

Lard. Bacon.

Leaman's Pure Leaf Lard in pails, 14c. per lb. No charge for package.

Leaman's Choice Bacon, At 10c. per lb.

25 hf. bbls. No. 1 Labrador Herring, At $3.50.

JAMES R. AYER.

Jan. 26, 1887.

Moncton Sugar.

JUST RECEIVED:

74 bbls. Yellow Extra C.
50 " Granulated.

For sale low to the trade.

apl20 A. J. BABANG & CO.

JUST RECEIVED.

WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK:

Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Herring Nets, Rope, Oil Clothes,

WHITE LEAD,

(Warranted), Drop Black and other Paints, Boiled and Raw Oils, best quality of VARNISHES, in Japan, Furniture, Oak Gearing, Rubbing, and best Finishing. A full stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats and Caps.

WALL PAPERS,

House Furniture in Bedroom Suites, &c.

To arrive: Timothy, Clover, and Garden SEEDS.

We respectfully invite inspection.

E. C. GOODEN & CO.

Baie Verte, April 12th, 1887.

Harness. Harness.

AS the subscriber is determined not to be undersold, he offers his stock of Harness, &c., at very low prices. We quote:—

X C Driving Harness, from $10.00 up.
Nickle " " " 11.25 up.

Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

JAMES R. AYER.

Sackville, Oct. 13, 1886.

Schooner for Sale.

A SMALL SCHOONER of 42 tons register, and of large carrying capacity, in good order, and ready for sea on opening of navigation. Will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to

C. MILNER.

Sackville, 2nd March, 1887.

Rice. Rice.

RECEIVING THIS WEEK:

25 Sacks Choice Clean Rice,

For sale low by

apl20 A. J. BABANG & CO.