readers of fiction are the lasiest people in the world. It is only a matter of desultory thought. What thought, in fact, is necessary to bring to such reading? None. Magazines loom large in the twentieth century. Of what are they composed; but ready made thought, pre-digested mental pabulum, exercising and only socidently instructive. "Know something of everything and everything and everything of something" is the direction of Lord Brougham. So we must read to be specialists in some line and generalists in all others. What should one read then? History is philosophy in the concrete; "Philosophy teaching by example." What of the New Testament, the book of all books, with divine rean men' rinstory is pallosophy toaching by example." What of the New Testament, the book of all books, with divine Authorship? What of the lives of the saints? They are multiplied in this age. Are you interested in science? The texts are beyond number. In the arts, painting, music? Books on these are innumerable. If you have studied the languages, do not let your knowledge go to seed. Keep it up. Occasional brushes are good. Sooner than you think you may be journeying through countries where a knowledge of the languages may be necessary. What of the mother tongue, with its "Thoughts that breathe and words that burn," with thoughts "high as heaven, deep as the sea" confronting you? "The greatocean of truth lies all undiscovered before us." Let us use books as vessels to explore it. Last of all comes the all in all—the Faith. Keep that pearl of great price in its pristine purity of ray, and you keep all. Lose that and you lose all. Does not St. Paul say: "Without faith it is impossible to please God?" So it is a grace, a divine favor and gift—a treasure that can be lost. A treasure, therefore, to be guarded with arguareyed surveillance. Visit the large cities and interview the pastors, sak them how many convent-trained girls have lost their faith; you will be astonished. Yes, your faith can be lost. Why have you lost it? Mixed marriages has been a fruitful source of loss. Love of dress, vanity, show, is another source of downfall to the fair sex. Why not be simple—and modest and demure, as the primitive instincts of the gentler sex so dictates? Again, there is the love of sensation, love of of the gentler sex so dictates? Again, there is the love of sensation, love of pleasure, and everlasting rush, and change and novelty. This might right-ly be styled "The Cinematograph Age." be styled "The Cinematograph Age." lashy and sensational, a thrill for every Flashy and sensational, a thrill for every minute; What of the cloistral sanctity of heart against this vogue of insane sense of tickling? "Purity, thy name is woman," says a learned author, and we expect women to be pure as dew-drops or moonbeams—knowing not the meaning of evil. Are the women of to-day the peers of our mothers? What of the long list of the holy women celebrated in the Old Testament? Judith and Esther and Ruth, saviours of their race. What of the Fabioba of Wiseman and Agmes and Cecilia? What of race. What of the Fabioba of Wiseman and Agaes and Cecilia? What of Ursula and Angela? What of the two Elizabeths, Queens? What of the two Catherines? Joan of Arc, redeeming a people only to die of their neglect? All symbolized by the Blessed Virgin and Mother, in Bethlehem and Nazareth and on Calvary hem and Nazareth and on Cavary-joys and sorrows in all, but faith in Christ everything. Yes, my dear young graduates, you have a supernatural call-ing, your origin and your destiny are divine—from God you came and to Him you shall go. Then hold your faith for-ever, through all violssitudes, till your dying breath and then your convent training, if at the very worst extreme, dying breath and the very worst extreme, worthless to you in all other points, will be current as divinely minted gold to purchase your way, regardless of all other conditions, into the kingdom of eternal knowledge and love and fruition. Farewell, then, to the holy home of your innocent youth! Farewell to the sisters, so good and so true! Farewell to the companions you leave behind, warm-hearted and affectionate. In years to come you will hark back in reminiscence to the sacred old place—to the halls and walks of the "Pines." When cares come to ballast increasing age; when the burden of responsibility falls only too soon upon your tender cheridays then will you look hack to shoulders, then will you look back to this of all days, one to be placed almost in the !forefront of esteem with those sacramental anniversaries, as of that of First Communion. You will look and find in this home of your convent laurels an inspiration to live better and be better and make more of better and be better and make more of the five or two talents which the Lord has made you stewards. It will brighten earth's anxieties and lighten heavier hours and remind you of that faith, hope and charity so deeply in-stilled iinto by these good Ursulines and make you take up your duties more promptly and by a more generous loyalty, accordingly win for yourselves rewards here inaccessable— there, undying and eternal. I thank

THE THREE CLASSES OF NOVELS

there, undying and eternal. I thank

"At the present day," says the True Voice, "we may class novels under three heads; the novel with a good, strong moral tone throughout the book; the downright immoral novel, and the apparently decent novel. The first two classes need no comment. A good novel may always be read with advan-tage. The bad or immoral novel should

ARCHDIOCESE OF KINGSTON

THE ARCHBISHOP'S FIRST VISIT TO TWEED

Tweed Advocate, May 30

Never before in the history of the Roman Catholic church in Tweed has a gathering assembled as did on Tuesday, to welcome the high dignitary of their faith and to witness the Sacrament of Confirmation administered.

It was the occasion of the first visit to Tweed of His Grace The Most Reverend Michael Joseph Spratt, D. D., Archbishop of Kingston, and the parishioners turned out in large numbers to receive his blessing and to be present at the most impressive ceremony of Confirmation. The sacred edifice was comfortably filled, the estimated attendance being over eight hundred people.

Father Quinn has been untiring in his efforts in preparing his class to be further received into the bonds of the faith and the precision with which the preliminaries to receiving were performed by the large number of little ones gave evidence of care and training and the beloved parish priest has every assurance that his duty in this respect, as in others, has been exceedingly well done.

The candidates marched in twos from the presbytery, followed by His Grace and the assisting priests, while in line on either side stood the members of the C. M. B. A. and C. O. F. societies. When entering the sacred edifice the children sang very sweetly the hymn, "Come Holy Ghost, Creator Blest."

High Mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Powell, of Fiinton, after which the solemn and impressive ceremony of the Sacrament of Confirmation was administered by His Grace, lasting nearly an hour.

ministered by His Grace, lasting nearly an hour. Besides Rev. Father Powell the priest

Besides Rev. Father Powell the priest who assisted in the service were Revs. Father McDonald, Secty. to His Grace; Father Carey, Erinsville; Father Car-son, Picton; Father Murtagh, Marmora; Father O'Riordan, Madoc; and Father

Quinn.
At the conclusion of the ceremony of
Confirmation the following address, read
by Mr. A. B. Collins, was presented to
His Grace:

His Grace:
To His Grace the Most Reverend Michael Joseph Spratt, D.D., Archbishop of Kingston:
May it please Your Grace:—In the name and on behalf of the congregations of St. Carthagh's and St. Edmund's churches, assembled to-day, we desire on this your first official visit to the parish, since your consecration, to extend to you a hearty welcome, and at the same time to congratulate you on your recent elevation to the chief pastorship of the Archdiocese of Kingston.

Archdiocese of Kingston.

When last year the news arrived that the Holy Father had selected Your Grace to fill the See rendered vacant by the transfer of Archbishop Gauthier to Ottawa, we, in union with the rest of the faithful of the Archdiocese, rejoiced exceedingly.

the faithful of the Archdiocese, rejoiced exceedingly.

For close upon a century illustrious prelates, whose achievements in both church and state stand out prominently in the history of this country, have preceded you in the venerable and historic See of Kingston.

We half you as a worthy successor to

See of Kingston.

We hall you as a worthy successor to those saintly and zealous men. We had known Your Grace by reputation long before you became our chief pastor; the bright rays of your saintly life had cast their beams even to our hamlet. Your zeal for the Church, your love of peace, your compassionate ministrations for the poor and infirm, your tender and gentle bearing, your priestly virtues and scholarly attainments, as well as your administrative abilities, were well known. Therefore when the vacancy in the See occurred, all eyes were turned towards you, and we were not disappointed. you, and we were not disappointed. Long may you be spared to preside over the destinies of the Archdiocese within

which nowhere will you find more loyal subjects than those of this parish. We hope Your Grace has been pleased zealous pastor with untiring energy has
devoted much time and care to their
instructions, Snnday after Sunday and
many times during the week, might he
be found busily engaged teaching those
children whose bright young faces you
have just anointed with Holy Chrism.
Not only has he devoted much time to
the lambs of the flock entrusted to him,
but we ourselves hear public testingny ealous pastor with untiring energy ha but we ourselves bear public testimony to his anxious solicitude for us. He not only preaches the Word of God, but gives us every opportunity to approach the life giving Sacraments of Holy Church.

We beg to state to Your Grace that the financial state of the parish far surpasses our most sanguine expectations of a few years ago. Since the advent of Father Quinn to the parish, a little over

Father Quinn to the parish, a little over seven years ago, wonders have been accomplished.

The heavy burden which encumbered the parish for twenty-seven years has been removed; a presbytery has been built, equipped and paid for; the church cemetery and of St. Edmund's have been renovated and beautified; furnishings procured for both churches; in this edifice the stations of the cross have been donated by generous friends while on its tower has been placed a magnificent bell; and in this section of while on its tower has been placed a magnificent bell; and in this section of the parish two modernly equipped schools have been erected.

Flourishing societies exist namely: The Catholic Mutual Benefit Association and the Catholic Order of Forest-

productive of good results as they have been in the past, is the fervent prayer of your devoted people of this parish.

His Grace made a fitting reply and in addressing the congregation congratulated them upon their magnificent church and the successful struggle from which they had just emerged in erasing the debt, through the unitring efforts of present and past pastors. He attributed the success to the unity of the people and the present was a time of rejoicing. Without unity success cannot be obtained: "If a kingdom be divided against itself it cannot stand." Unity between pastor and people was essential and he was glad to find it here. It was one of the pleasures of his life to come to Tweed and see such a grand church with such beautiful surroundings.

To the confirmation class he said that they were now perfect Christians, having been confirmed to the Father, cautioned them to abstain from intoxicating liquor and to attend catechism regularly. God would help them to keep their pomise. The class then rose to their feet while they received the pledge to abstain from intoxicating liquor until they attained the age of twenty-one years and received His Grace's special blessing. He forbade the boys to smoke cigarettes, saying that besides being constitutionally injurious it would lead on to drunkenness.

To the congregation he said that more pricets were needed for the great work of the Church. Many young men were qualified but assistance was necessary to educate them. Accordingly on Sunday, June 8th, a special collection will be taken at both churches to assist in this work.

His Grace spoke at some length upon society; how the whole civilized world was one great society. We were all brothers and sisters united by international laws. God established the first society in the Garden of Eden and we were instructed by Him to increase and multiply the earth.

He paid a fitting tribute to mothers, placing them in a position amongst the martyrs. He warned his hearers not to tamper with the laws of nature as its

placing them in a position amongst the martyrs. He warned his hearers not to tamper with the laws of nature as its retaliation was sure. A warning was given to the children never to disobey their parents and to keep away from had company.

bad company.

Parents were advised in the training of their children and their duty towards their grown-up daughters, His Grace dealing strongly upon the latter sub-

He proved himself a strong advocate of temperance and impressed his hearers to always observe the laws of the Church and make frequent confes-

His address throughout was intently listened to and although he spoke for nearly an hour not one tired, so masteras his exhortation.

HOW CATHOLICS CAN BE MEN OF SCIENCE AND MEN OF SCIENCE CATHOLICS

A melancholy interest attaches to the recently-published book, entitled "Thoughts of a Catholic Anatomist," by Dr. Thomas Dwight, M. D., LL. D. Its author has passed away from all scenes of earthly controversy and has enjoyed, let us hope, the vision of the truth and beauty which he loved, and for which he fought with all the energy and zeal beauty which he loved, and for which he fought with all the energy and zeal of a fearless champion. To the last days of his life he recognized the duty of contending for Catholic Faith against a world of indifferentism, doubt and unbelief, writes the Catholic Times. He felt very strongly, as he tells us in the preface to his present work, that men outside the fold wonder how intelligent Catholics could at the same time be me Catholics could at the same time be men of science, and conversely how men of science could be Catholics. He recog-nized the existence of a prevailing sus-picion of dishonesty, and set himself accordingly the task of endeavoring to re move it. He would tell how he, admittedly an intelligent man, looked upon science, how he viewed its claims, and how he estimated its worth and weight. grave theological import, he sought and obtained "the imprimatur of the Church. obtained "the imprimator of the Church.
The nature of some of the topics discussed made it my bounden duty," he says, "to apply for it; but I should have done so in any case, that there might be no question as to the orthodoxy of any of my statements." The Catholic reader, therefore, feels that he is traveling one for ground as he moves through ing on safe ground as he moves through the argument of these pages, and that he can take the conclusions as authoritative.

ATHEISM MORE COMMON Dr. Dwight sets forth with the frank admission that atheism is more common among men to-day than is generally believed. He thinks that during the last fifty years there has been a great increase of atheism. "Fifty years ago," he says, "openly to deny God was to put oneself beyond the pale of respectability. Now, on the contrary, in many societies, it is distinctly the fashion, and it is affected as an evidence of true enlightenment." He was at one time inclined to hold that much of this atheism was merely boasting, born of vice and ignorance. "In ow recognize," he says, "as beyond doubt that there are those and some of them men of great minds, who do not believe in God. None the less, I still think that the dishonest deniers far outnumber the sincere ones." Dr. Dwight sets forth with the frank movel may always be read with advantage. The bad or immoral novel should never be found in the hands of any respectable person; there can be no excuse for reading such a book, and, just as no sane person would willing drink poison, neither should they devour poisonous literature. With regard to the third class more must be said. At the present day a pretty sure way to secure a large sale for a book is to cultivate sensation and pander to low desires. Many of these books appear to be decent enough, but their indecency is poured into young minds and hearts by strong under currents, and the victous thoughts contained in them are conveyed in innuendoes. In this way many young readers are demoralized."

The Church is the mountain on the top of mountains as foretold by Isaiah from which God speaks as He spoke to Moses and where He continues to enforce and interpret the divine and natural law.—Rev. B. M. O'Boylan.



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THE FAILURE OF CHRISTIANS

And when he comes to allege the cause of this decadence of belief in anything supernatural, he attributes it to the advance of science, the decline of ecclesiastical influence, and perhaps, above all to the doctrine of evolution. The second of these causes, as he considers, is due to the failure of Christians to carry the war into the enemy's camp, the says: "It seems to me that many of the apologists for Christianity have made the mistake of fighting too much on the defensive. They have held their position, they have shown the weakness of their opponents; but, if I mistake not, they for the most part have stopped there without going on to show that, as far as science has anything to say in the matter, its evidence is in support of religion, and that as a whole the Catholic's view of nature and of man is grander, more logical, and more satisfying than that of nature and of man is grander, more logical, and more satisfying than that of the monist." And, in this connection, he says, when speaking, on the thought of the day: "The decline of faith, consequent on the progress of evolution, or merely contemporaneous with it, as the case may be, has deeply scarred the community at large. In spite of the growing number of Catholics, and of the increasing number of those of education, it is to be owned that we Catholics influence public opinion very little. It fluence public opinion very little. It may be that, man for man, owing to the spread of the Church, there are more believers than there were in this com-munity fifty years ago; but they are not the ones that have the ear of the public. the ones that have the ear of the public. They do not form the reading, writing, speechifying set that is prominent in magazines, in editorials, in after-dinner, and in commencement speeches. This set either has lost its faith completely or (what I believe to be true of more than a few) considers it better policy to ignore it. Thus all the utterances of these formers of public opinion would give us to understand that science has altogether disposed of religion. And give us to understand that science has altogether disposed of religion. And yet deep down in the mind of the community a remnant of faith lingers. The majority still believe in God and in immortality. The community still feels that the words 'right' and 'wrong' have a meaning, thereby acknowledging free will and accountability. Yet the popular notion has somehow implied that these ideas are but superstitions, remnants of mental states of past generations on which science has not shed its beneficent ray. lighting up every corner

tions on which science has not shed its beneficent ray, lighting up every corner of the universe, and proving that there is no place in it for God." Against these popular ideas, springing from a too ready assumption of evolution, Dr. Dwight directs his lance; evolution is the foe.

WHAT IS EVOLUTION? Now, what is evolution? Is it much as Mesopotamia, so comforting to the old lady? What does it mean? As commonly used, it serves as an explana-tion of the orderly series of progression by which material shapes and vital forms have made their appearance in the universe, whether in the world of matter or of life. It does not explain matter or of the. It does not explain first origins, for it assumes matter, and assumes life; it cannot account for the coming of primary stuff, or for its sub-sequent vitalization. It can point to the planets and give theories to explain the planets and give theories to explain the history of our earth and its crust. It can show the gradual progression of forms of life from lower up to higher organisms. Granted these orderly processes and graduated appearances, what caused them? Not evolution; for evolution merely points to the fact of an orderly scale of emergence, to a noticed and observed profession, to a regular series of effects, to an order, a law, as men say. Yes but to a law which is an observed order, not a force. What the thoughtful man asks is, not simply in what order things appeared but by what force, by what power. Evolution—granting it—is the story of an effect not an explanation of a cause. Who or what caused the orderly graduated what caused the orderly graduated appearances which evolution points out? Not itself; for evolution is a mere word, like civilization, gravita-tion. And no one would think of say-ing that civilization caused men to be catholics and Non-Catholics says that divilization caused men to be civilized, or that gravitation caused gravity in bodies that manifest their submission to its recorded laws. Either evolution is a word meaning an observed order, or an effect, or a cause. And, at once, we see that the sole question is the last one. Is evolution a cause? No. It is an observed orderliness, a convenient expression. Without God to create the matter and to instil the life there would be an evolutionary record in neither organic nor inorganic matter. Evolution betokens the fact of order, not of cause. We say it is a law of nature that the sun rises every morning; but what causes the sun to rise so regularly that its order can be regarded as a law, sure to come true? It is a law that life can reproduce like life—similla similibus—but what is the cause of this power of reproduction; who gave the vital force first; who made it reproductive; who

continues it such? I have always been of opinion that the word evolution is as purely a mental conception as the word equator, and that men speak respect-fully of the one as of the other for exfully of the one as of the other for exactly the same reason, viz., that they are convenient terms. But if—what is not the fact at all—every step in blology evidenced the presence of an evolutionary progression, I cannot see what that would have to do with the existence of a God, unless—which is inconceivable—biology could show us a grain of dead sand beginning to exhibit the functioning of a live organism. Life is from life, and the first life on this earth of ours never came from non-life, any more life, and the first life on this earth of ours never came from non-life, any more than the first matter or stuff came from nothing and nowhere. We must, if we are to reason at all, and to follow our reason, begin with a beginning and that is a creation by a Creator. We may hold that He created everything and still continues to create everything. We might hold that He created things at first in their types and species, and gifted them with powers to reproduce. Dr. Dwight inclines to the second possible opinion, and holds a modified form of saltatory evolution, believing that fresh forms have arisen by a leap from lower forms or different forms. It may be so; it is not opposed to reason. And, if it be so, it is not an argument against God, any more than evolution is, unless it be held that such a leap is hin to the leap from nothing to something, and that such a leap was the beginning of matter and of life.

WHAT IS AT STAKE?

sang, and that such a seap was the beginning of matter and of life.

WHAT IS AT STAKE?

For what is really at stake is whether matter and life are creations or not. If they are, as Dr. Dwight believes they are, people who abandon belief in God because they believe in the action of evolution would be equally justified in disbelieving in the watchmaker, because they could see the action of the watch, amd note it keeping time. Some Power, which is also a cause, is required to explain the coming into being of matter, and the moving of matter into a further stage of organic life. And here we may read the words of Dr. Dwight, himself an evolutionist of a modified kind, but a firm believer that only a Creator can reasonably account for the origin of life. "While it is evident," he says, "that the vital principle of a cabbage is of a lower grade than that of an ape, it does not seem impossible that each may posses the property of rising in the scale of being. But what is the origin of the first vital principle at all? Can it by any possibility, have been evolved from the non-living? It is very dangerous to predicate of the absolute possible and impossible; but, remembering that its activites are entirely different from and superior to anything that lifeless matter shows us, we know that it must be a new creation. The living and non-living are separated by an unbridgeable chasm." That is so, And equally unbridgeable is the chasm, between reasoning and unreasoning life, between the lowest thinking man and the highest animal in the scale of intelligence. All mankind agree in drawing a clear distinction between the words men and animals. No amount of sophistry overcomes the distinctiveness. All the philosophers of the world fail to blot out or obscure the dividing line introduced by mind.

WHO GAVE MIND?

Who gave mind? Here again the WHAT IS AT STAKE ? WHO GAVE MIND ?

Who gave mind? Here again the same answer arises, God; mind never could be made by matter. Evolution or no evolution, the thinker comes back to the everlasting questions, Who made mind? Who made life? Who made matter? And he can find no resting place for his thought but in a Creator He may say he cannot answer the ques-tion any way, that his mind is unequal tion any way, that his mind is unequal to the problem, that the world and life in it may be eternal, that there never was any beginning and never will be an end, that it is all a puzzle, and that there is no solution for it. In that case he will not talk proudly of science. And, as Dr. Dwight remarks: "After all there is a great difference." all, there is a great difference between the agnostic who says he does not know and the scientific anarchist who boasts that he does know there is no God. As he cannot prove a negative, one may ask by what kind of authority is he justified in calling upon us to bow down and accept an unproved and unprovable dogma of his own making. By what law of reason are we to accept a system which is necessarily causeless? The existence of God can be proved by reason alone, but a causeless system is not only contrary to reason, but be-neath it. Which side is it here which savors of superstition, of the enslavement of the will, and of the subjection of ment of the will, and of the subjection or reason to authority?" The reader who has laughed his way through the bril-liant chapter in which Dr. Dwight ex-poses the contradictions and absurdities that scientific men have invented and that scientific men have invented and accepted in their struggle to prove a kinship between men and apes will have no difficulty in seeing where reason lies. In this matter of evolution, science, if not bankrupt, is far from prosperous. Whoever likes a clear and clever bit of argument should read Dr. Dwight's book, which shows us Catholics not to be browbeaten into fears by the bombastic utterances of scientific men who, in their eagerness to clap a men who, in their eagerness to clap unity on the universe, will accept and proponed any theory provided it does not start from that One of Whom all is unity and all being, Who is the beginning and the explanation and the end.—Sydney Catholic Press.

Catholies and Non-Catholies

Real Cure for Cursing

"That was a rather good story the Express printed the other morning of a man who was cured of swearing by hearing a phomograph repeat his language," says the Casholic Union and Times of Baffalo. "The gentleman was prelific of profanity, and in an attempt to cure him a scheme was devised to record his every day conversation and later turn the machine loose in his presence. It had the desired effect. He heard himself as others were wont to hear him. That was enough. Why presumably deemt man parmit themselves to drop into vulgarity and profanity is one of the in-

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