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SIXTH YEAR FRIDAY MORNING. JUNE 25, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

A VETERAN STATESMAN.

JOHN BRIGHT GIVES HIS REASONS FOR OPPOSING HOME RULE.

The Dates of the Elections—All to be Over by the Middle of July—Sir John Lubbock on the Power of the Parnellites and the Potato Pest.

LONDON, June 24.—Sir John Lubbock, Liberal member of parliament for London University, in his election manifesto says he agreed to Mr. Gladstone's program at the last election, but the proposal of a separate parliament for Ireland was not included in that program. It is important to remember, he says, that the Parnellites have more members in the House of Commons than they are justly entitled to, because of eighty-three Irish seats contested in the last election the Parnellites secured sixty-eight, while they only polled 290,000 votes against 150,000 cast by the Liberals and Conservatives. Thus by the accidental distribution of Irish votes they secured four seats to one, instead of two seats to one, which their votes represent. Sir John contends further that the suffering with discontent existing in Ireland is not due to political, but economical causes the principal of which, he says, is the potato disease, which is a local trouble beyond the power of the Government to prevent. To concede separate government to Ireland would simply aggravate suffering in that country, because it would drive capital and enterprise away. Those who point to the example of the colonies should remember that they contribute nothing to the national debt on Imperial expenses on account of the army or navy. Mr. Chamberlain's proposal of Municipal Councils, he says, is open to less objection than the proposal of a separate parliament, but it involves a great difficulty and should not be entertained unless the people exhibit a stronger desire for them than they have yet manifested. "My opinion is that the true policy for government to pursue towards Ireland is while providing her with the same powers of self government for purely internal affairs as are accorded England and Scotland, to maintain law and order in the country and gave the security to life and property which will be the best encouragement to Irish industry."

John Bright's Manifesto.

LONDON, June 24.—John Bright has issued a manifesto to the electors of Central Birmingham in which, speaking of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule proposals, he says: "We are not told by Mr. Gladstone or his colleagues how much or how little of these unfortunate proposals will reappear in the next parliament. We are asked to pledge ourselves to a principle which may be innocent or most dangerous, as may be explained in future bills. I cannot give such a pledge. The experience of the past three months has not increased my confidence in the wisdom of the administration or in its policy respecting the future government of Ireland. We have before us a principle which Mr. Gladstone and his supporters do not explain. I will not pledge myself to what I do not understand and cannot prove. I do not oppose the views of the Government on account of England more than on account of Ireland. No Irish parliament can be so powerful or just as the United Imperial Parliament at Westminster. I cannot entrust the peace and interests of Ireland, north or south, to the Irish parliamentary party to whom the Government now propose to make a general surrender. My six years' experience of them and their language in the House of Commons and their deeds in Ireland makes it impossible for me to hand over to them the industry, prosperity and rights of 5,000,000 of the Queen's subjects. Our countrymen in Ireland—leastways 2,000,000—are as loyal as the people of Birmingham. I will be no party to a measure thrusting them from the generosity and justice of the united Imperial Parliament. I have written so that nobody may be ignorant of my views. My vote in the recent division has given great grief, but my judgment and conscience made the other course impossible. For forty years I have been a friend of Ireland.

"Long before any Parnellite now in parliament or any member of the present Government opened his lips to expose and condemn the wrongs of Ireland, I spoke for her people in the House of Commons and on public platforms. It is because I am still a friend of Ireland that I refuse to give her up to those to whom the recently defeated bill would have subjected her. If you re-elect me I shall to the utmost of my capacity seek only what I conceive to be for the permanent and true welfare of our country.

The Belfast Investigation.

LONDON, June 24.—Mr. Stansfeld, Secretary for Scotland, answering Mr. Sexton in the House of Commons this afternoon, said the government had not the power to compel witnesses to give evidence on oath before the commission appointed to investigate the Belfast riots. The government believed, however, that it could secure an adequate inqury with unsworn testimony.

The Elections.

LONDON, June 24.—The elections will open in the boroughs on July 2 and in the countries on July 5 and will end July 14.

MR. LABOUCHERE KICKS.

He Objects to Lord Salisbury Having the Power to Alter Bills After They Have Left the Commons.

LONDON, June 24.—In the House of Commons last night Mr. Labouchere protested against the action of the Marquis of Salisbury in the House of Lords on June 22. On that date Lord Salisbury opposed the Elections Bill because of certain clauses which he considered objectionable, and which, he said, had been introduced in the bill after Mr. Gladstone had promised to avoid all contentious matter for the remainder of the session. In consequence of Lord Salisbury's opposition the objectionable clauses were withdrawn. Mr. Labouchere declared that it was a perfect farce to have a representative government if the House of Lords was allowed to act in such a way as to place the members of the House of Commons in the position of slaves of Lord Salisbury. Mr. Labouchere was content to leave the country to judge of the subject.

Canada as a Horse Market.

MONTREAL, June 24.—Col. Philips, late of the 4th Hussars, and Col. Ravenhill, Royal Horse Artillery, British army, are in the city. They are here to make purchases of horses for cavalry and artillery, and to report on the capabilities of the Dominion as a source of supply in case of war. The officers say that the requirements of England in this direction during the last ten years have amounted to 17,000 horses per year. They also state that the Imperial authorities regard the Canadian Pacific Railway as an important military route.

CABLE NOTES.

M. Hendle, Prefect of Seine Inferieure, bluntly declined to notify the Comte de Paris of his expulsion.

Earl Spencer holds that the Land Purchase Bill should be passed at the same time as the Home Rule Bill.

[illegible] Stephens denies that he was the author of the Fenian Manifesto published in the London Times.

When the Count of Paris received the result of the division on the Expulsion Bill his son and Duke of Chartres, who were with him, burst into tears.

It is stated that Mr. Grant Duff, Governor of the Presidency of Madras, India, intends to resign in protest against Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule policy.

La Patrie notes the coincidence of the expulsions of the princes with the anniversary of Napoleon's great victory at Solferino, and thinks it of good augury.

An 11-year-old girl of Dole, Department of Jura, who was bitten by a dog on April 27, was placed under treatment by M. Pasteur and returned home, has died of hydrophobia.

The commander of H.M.S. Undine, which has just arrived at Brisbane from the New Hebrides, reports that no formal annexation of, or protectorate over, the New Hebrides had been proclaimed by the French when the Undine left those islands.

A PERJURY CASE COLLAPSES.

Mr. George T. Smith of Jackson, Mich., Formally Acquitted of the Charge.

The action in which Benjamin Barter of this city was private prosecutor and informant against George T. Smith of Jackson, Mich., for alleged perjury, which was adjourned over from the last Assizes, was called before Mr. Justice Rose yesterday. Mr. Johnson, on behalf of the crown, stated to the court that he was of opinion that the character of the evidence did not justify the crown in proceeding further. Mr. Smith was represented by Mr. J. K. Kerr, Q.C., and Mr. O. A. Howland. Mr. Kerr stated that while he did not desire to find any fault with the course pursued by the crown, yet he wished to announce that Mr. Smith was prepared with a number of witnesses to substantiate the truth of the statements complained of by the private prosecutor, and was equally prepared on the former occasion, when the case was postponed, no cause being given by the private prosecutor. His Lordship stated to the jury that the law in reference to perjury was such that no man could be convicted on that charge simply because another man swore to a different state of facts than the man charged. The oath of one man had as much weight as that of another, and there had to be corroboration of the oath of the person charging another with perjury. It appeared from statements that had been made that some person believed or had sworn that the defendant had made a false statement under oath. The defendant stood in as good a position with regard to that statement as the person charging him. Each had pledged his oath in regard to the facts as to which he had sworn. The crown had no evidence in its possession which could corroborate the evidence of the private prosecutor, therefore the defendant was under no imputation because a charge made by one man against another, each being on his oath, was not of such validity as would affect a man's reputation. In view of the position the case had taken, he thought it fair to the defendant to make this statement. He directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty, which was formally entered.

The defendant brought over eight witnesses from Michigan and Minnesota, including Mr. Pillsbury, the well-known miller of Minneapolis. These gentlemen returned to their homes last night.

THE BREACH WIDENING.

Collapse of the Co-operative 'Bus Line—The Strikers Disgusted.

At a largely attended meeting of shareholders Wednesday night, it was decided to dissolve the company and to return to the shareholders, the amount of their subscriptions, less expenses. The meeting passed a resolution appealing to the K. of L. to step into the breach and fight the Toronto Street Car Company.

The Executive Committee are still coming in for abuse from the strikers, Mr. O'Donoghue and Mr. Jury being the principal victims of their wrath. The strikers say that the committee has not treated them fairly, and are dissatisfied with the manner in which the finances have been managed, hinting that considerable money yet remains to be accounted for. Several of the men told The World yesterday that they are ready and willing to go back to work, and are anxious to have the strike declared off. Supt. Franklin expressed his sorrow for them, and had no hard feeling against them, but he denounced the outsiders for interfering, and said they were badly beaten. He will take back all strikers he has room for. The latest phase in the split between the K. of L. management and the strikers was seen on the streets last night, the men having removed the K. of L. placards from the 'busses, and replaced it with "Workingmen's Free Van."

MORTAL STATISTICS.

Deaths in the Cities of the Dominion During the Month of May.

OTTAWA, June 24.—The monthly statement of the number of deaths in the cities of the Dominion for the month of May has been issued. The total deaths for the larger cities are as follows: Montreal 387, Toronto 225, Quebec 147, Hamilton 76, Halifax 69, Winnipeg 29, Ottawa 78, St. John 60, London 33, Kingston 24. Montreal has a clean bill of health as far as smallpox is concerned and only two deaths are reported in the Dominion from that cause, both being in Sorel. Diphtheria appears to be generally prevalent. From this cause 21 deaths are reported from Montreal, 13 from Toronto, 14 from Quebec, 5 from Hamilton, 4 from Halifax, 8 from St. John, N. B., and 1 from Ottawa. Toronto shows 12 deaths from measles and Ottawa 10. In diarrhœal affections Ottawa displays the greatest mortality by far, there being 17 deaths from these causes, Montreal comes next with 13, while several of the larger cities are blank.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED.

A Lady Visits the Whirlpool Rapids and is Seen no More.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 24.—Yesterday a lady who is a stranger desired to visit the whirlpool, and after hiring a hack for the purpose was driven to the proper location, where the view could be seen by descending the bank. Upon second thought she ordered the driver to take her back to the village, claiming she was afraid to make the descent. She was no sooner back to the place from whence she started than another hack was hired and she was again driven to the same place. This time she went down the bank to get the whirlpool view and the hackman waited her return. After becoming a little anxious the hackman commenced a search for the stranger but she could not be found. It is supposed that she either fell or jumped into the boiling waters, whether intentionally or not cannot possibly be ascertained at present.

Through Rates on the C. P. R.

MONTREAL, June 24.—Mr. McNicol, General Passenger Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, issued a circular to-day to the ticket agents, stating that the rates to Vancouver from Quebec will be $95, from Montreal $92, and from Toronto $88. The colonist's fare from Montreal will be $59.50 and a small addition to Victoria of $1 first-class and 50 cents second. These rates are said to compare very favorably with the Northern Pacific and other companies. The rates of the Northern Pacific are, from Montreal via Chicago and St. Paul to Victoria, $97, and $64 for colonists. Special tickets will be issued for tourists, good for ninety days, with the advantage of breaking the journey at any point, for $186.70, and for a party of over twenty $149.45. The sleeping car fare from Montreal to Vancouver will be $22, which is much lower than by any other line.

Music in the Prairie Air.

From the Manitoba Sun.

It having been suggested that in view of the great success of the musical festival in Toronto, it would be advisable to hold one in Winnipeg, the choir of Holy Trinity Church are taking the matter up, and there seems little room to doubt that Winnipeg will soon have a musical festival of her own.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The next meeting of Franco-Canadians will be held at Nashua, N.H., 1888.

Half a million in gold was engaged for export at New York yesterday morning.

The Senate Committee on Commerce has nearly completed the River and Harbor Bill. A net increase of $2,867,775 has been made in the bill.

Rabbi Sonneschein has been deposed by the trustees of the Jewish Synagogue at St. Louis, Mo., for having abandoned, as the charges state, Judaism for Unitarianism.

Treasurer Reilly of the Irish National League of America sent $48,000 to Parnell yesterday, making $225,000 the League has sent since the Boston convention.

The steamer City of Kingston, from Kingston for New York, last night struck and sunk the schooner M. Atwater off St. Montgomery. The Atwater's captain, James Black, and cook were drowned.

The New York World says that John Brady secured the contract in 1883 to grade and flag Ninety-fifth-street. The price to be paid was $15,676; but $117,395 has been paid and Brady has sued the city for $62,000 more.

THE EXILES IN ENGLAND.

ARRIVAL AND RECEPTION AT DOVER OF THE COMTE DE PARIS.

The Other Princes Take Their Departure for Different Parts—Scene at the Leave-taking in France—"Vive Le Comte de Paris."

PARIS, June 24.—The Duke de Chartres has accompanied the Count of Paris to England. The duke will return.

The Duke D'Aumale and the Prince de Joinville will live together in retirement.

The annual hunting meetings at Chantilly Forest have been stopped.

Prince Jerome is at Geneva en route to Italy to bring the Princess Clotilde, his wife, and their daughter to spend a season of three months at Prangins, Switzerland.

The Count of Paris left the Chateau D'eu at 1 o'clock. Just before his departure he stood surrounded by his family in the principal entrance of the chateau, and bade farewell to the 1200 persons who had called to convey to him their sympathy. The assemblage was sorrowful but orderly, and after the Count's departure dispersed quietly. The journey from the chateau to Treport was made without demonstration. The Count embarked at Treport for England at 1.30 this afternoon. He will assume the title of Marquis of Harcourt and remain incognito while in England. A brilliant company, including the Rothschilds, awaited the Count's arrival at Dover.

At Treport, the quay, streets and windows were filled with spectators to see the departure of the princes. The customs officers and mounted police preserved order. The route to the quay was lined with two companies of regulars. There were many senator, deputies and other friends of the princes at the quay. On the arrival of the carriages at the quay cries of "Vive La France," "Vive Le Comte de Paris," and "au revoir" were raised. When the bridge was hauled up the Comte raised his hat and exclaimed "Vive la France," which was met by renewed cries of "Vive le Comte de Paris." The steamer departed amid enthusiastic cheering. The princes stood at the stern of the vessel waving their hats. The crowd dispersed in an orderly manner. No arrests were made. The Comtesse de Paris will return to the Cheateau D'Eu to-morrow.

The Exiles in England.

LONDON, June 24.—The Comte de Paris and his party arrived at Dover this evening and met with an enthusiastic reception. Their landing was delayed by stormy weather.

THE STRIKE ON THE LAKE SHORE.

An Attempt to Run a Train Abandoned—Cause of the Strike.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 24.—Shortly after 3 o'clock an engine pulled out of the roundhouse at Forty-first-street. It was immediately surrounded by strikers, some of whom attempted to climb into the cab, but were beaten off by the police. The police succeeded in clearing the track and the engine went up to Forty-Third-street to the vicinity of the caboose which was abandoned yesterday. The crowd grew momentarily greater and more boisterous and the courage of the engineer finally deserting him, he reversed the lever and took the engine back to the roundhouse. The crowd cheered frantically when the effort to move the train was abandoned.

The Committee of Strikers exhibit, as an explanation of their course, the following communication written during the former strike:

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Chicago, April 23.

W. L. Stahl, Esq., Chairman:

SIR—If all the switchmen of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company in Chicago or Cook County return to work at once, I will personally guarantee that within sixty days from this date the eight objectionable switchmen will be furnished other employment and permanently removed from their present positions.

(Signed) SETH F. HANCHETT, Sheriff.

During the day notice was given the switchmen that unless they reported for duty to-morrow they are to consider themselves discharged. It is asserted by leading strikers that before nightfall to-morrow Toledo, Buffalo, Detroit and Cleveland will be involved in the strike, and that a general tie-up in other departments of the company's works is not improbable.

M. de Lesseps' Lottery Scheme.

PARIS, June 24.—The Chamber of Deputies has appointed a special commission of eleven members to inquire into and report upon the merits of the proposed bill to enable the Panama Canal Company to raise $120,000,000 by means of a "lottery loan." Eight of the eleven members are known to be hostile to the measure.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

It is expected that the Hon. Wm. McDougall will oppose Sir John in Carlton county.

George Philabert, painter, of Ottawa, yesterday fell off a train near Papineauville, had both his legs cut off and died shortly afterwards.

George Whitaker, a stranger aged 65, committed suicide yesterday by hanging himself to a beam in the barn of James Karn, hotel-keeper, at Beachville, Ont.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Large crowds continue to patronize the Yonge-street Opera House. The performance is good.

The Parkdale magistrates yesterday committed Richard Clayton and Henry Gray to jail for vagrancy.

The propeller Ocean, with passengers and freight, arrived in the city last night from Montreal.

A charge of adulterating coffee with chickory has been preferred against W. A. Pollock and will be heard next week.

The argument in the cattle market injunction case was continued before Justice Ferguson at Osgoode Hall yesterday.

John Nagle was yesterday committed for trial on a charge of having stolen a horse and buggy belonging to Thomas Crouch.

Edith Pretty, a little girl living at 98 Esther-street, is suffering severely from the effects of a runaway accident on Queen-street.

The ferry Ada Alice is suffering from a hole in her hull, received by running into an old sunken crib out from the Brock-street Wharf.

The police commissioners yesterday dismissed Policeman John Hinds for failing to do his duty in connection with the Parliament-street corpse case.

The Mayor has issued a proclamation calling a public meeting for Monday night next at St. Lawrence Hall to discuss the early closing movement.

Rev. Alex. Gilroy lectured to working girls and women at the Girls' Industrial Institute last night, his subject being Italy, or a Visit to the Eternal City.

Patrick O'Donohue's body was picked up in the bay by the Jessie Edwards yesterday. O'Donohue, it will be remembered, was drowned Sunday, May 23.

George Stratton was a prisoner at No. 2 station last night, having been arrested on a charge of being implicated in the theft of three kegs of native wine from McCormack's store, Yonge and Anne streets, Monday.

The Emerald band serenaded Mr Charles Burns Wednesday night, the occasion being his departure for the Old Country. Mr. Burns, who was presented with an illuminated address, entertained the band handsomely.

Mr. James M. Strathern, the well-known Yonge-street house-furnisher, was united in marriage Tuesday night to Miss Lydia Parker, niece of Mr. Harry Webb. The ceremony took place at Mr. Webb's residence, where the young couple received many presents and congratulations.

Miss Rose Braniff, soprano; Miss Carrie Braniff, contralto; Miss Coffee, harpist, and Mr. C. E. M. Dodswell, pianist, who will furnish the musical entertainment at Dr. Burns' Land League lecture next Monday evening, arrived in the city yesterday. They are the guests of the League at the Rossin House.

RACING AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

The Dwyers Capture the Emporium with Winfred—The Stockbridge Meeting.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 24.—First race, 1⅛ miles—Strathspey won, Una B. second, Brambleton third; time 2.01. Second race, ¾-mile—Tremont won, Brynwood second, La Juive third; time 1.18½. Third race, 1½ miles—Favor won, Maumee second, Ernest third; time 2.42. Fourth race, the Emporium, a sweepstakes for 3-year-olds, 1¼ miles—Dwyer Bros. ch. c. Winifred won, with Mr. Kelso's br. c. The Bard second, and Appleby & Johnson's ch. c. Beverly third; time 2.43. Fifth race, ⅝-mile—Lune D'Or won, with Maggie Mitchell second, and Young Luke third; time 1.07. Sixth race, 1 3-16 miles—Pasha won, Drake Carter second, Aretino third; time 2.11½. On Tuesday, June 29, a 1¼ mile race will be run for a stake of $3000 between Dwyer's Miss Woodford, Sam Brown's Troubadour and H. J. Woodford's Barnum.

Racing in England.

LONDON, June 24.—This was the second day of the Stockbridge meeting. The race for the Hurstbourne stakes was won by T. Jennings' Jr's bay fillie Mamia by Speculum—Mayfly, Mr. Abington's bay colt Jack O'Lantern by See Saw—Mystery second; Gen. Owen Williams' chestnut colt Vatican by Peter—Bella, third.

Griffin and Enright.

Editor World: I hereby challenge C. T. Enright, of Toronto, to row me a three-mile "shell" race with a turn, best and best boats, for $500 a side. Time and place subject to future agreement. JAMES GRIFFIN.

Buffalo, June 22, 1886.

Editor World: Relative to the above challenge, I hereby express my willingness to accept, but would add that as in the first race Mr. Griffin had the selection of the course I think that now I should have something to say in the matter. I, therefore, propose that the race shall be three miles with turn, in best and best boats, for $500 a side, all the money to be posted at the signing of articles, on Toronto Bay one or two weeks from date. As I have never rowed a single-scull race on these waters, I am anxious to show my friends and townspeople what I can do. Hence my reason for suggesting Toronto Bay. I will allow Mr. Griffin $75 for expenses, the same as I received for going to Chautauqua. Hoping to receive an answer at once, I am, sir, yours, etc.,

Toronto, June 24, 1886. C. T. ENRIGHT.

The Bankers' Athletic Sports.

Nearly 100 entries, including all the crack amateurs of Canada, have been made for the Bankers' Athletic sports at Rosedale on Saturday next. There are eleven in the hundred-yard dash that opens the ball, three in the mile run for the Stock Exchange cup, four in the open mile walk, four in the bank hundred yards, five in the open mile bicycle race, six in the running high jump, ten in the open mile run, six in the quarter mile run, six in the hundred-yard sack race, six in the 220-yards dash, thirteen in the open quarter mile run, six in the 120-yard hurdle race and five in the half-mile run.

Well-to-do Baseballists.

Capt. Anson of the Chicagos is worth $50,000, Harry Wright boasts of $35,000; Frank Bancroft can cash a check for a cool $20,000, Jim White is worth $25,000, Dalrymple $15,000, Jim Mutrie $15,000, Comisky $12,000, O'Rourke $15,000, Sutton $13,000, Keefe $12,000, Will White $15,000, Stovey $10,000, Farrar $10,000, Snyder $10,000, McCormick $8000, Brouthers $10,000, Hanlon $7500, Morrill $10,000, Richardson $7500, Dunlap $10,000, Wood $7500, Irwin $7500, Andrews $7500, Fogarty $7500, Ward $6500, Bushong $6000, Connor $5000, Hines $5000, Glasscock $5000, Casey $5000.

General Notes.

The Capitals of Ottawa beat the Caughnawagas three straight games at lacrosse yesterday.

The largest athletic association in the world is the Cyclists' Touring Club, an organization of English origin, possessing over 20,000 members.

The Columbia crew won the race at New London, Conn., with the University of Pennsylvania yesterday. Time: Columbia, 20.41; University of Pennsylvania, 21.21.

Messrs. Moffatt, McTaggart, Robertson and Thompson, all well-known runners of Montreal, have left to take part in the athletic games of the New York Athletic club.

The Connecticut Bicycle club, the oldest club in the State, with a membership of 1400, voted last night to abandon the league of American wheelmen and to join the Cicylists' Union.

A Miss Dod of Rockferry, only 15 years of age, has carried off the West of England championship for lawn tennis for ladies, beating Miss Watson, who is the champion of All England.

The Hamilton and Guelph Cricket Clubs played a game on the Exhibition Ground at Guelph yesterday. Both sides put in strong elevens. Only one innings was played, Hamilton winning by 138 to 43.

The following horses arrived at Leslieville yesterday morning per steamer Corinthian from Montreal: Mr. Hendrie's Wild Bruce and Inspector, W. E. Owens' Spectacle and Felix, John Forbes' Maggie Bruce and George L.

July 3 next, in the cricket match with Toronto, the following Buffalo men will play: McLachlan, Cronyn, Collins, Hutchings, Harris, McCrea, Michel, Norley, Redmond, Murphy and Scott. The spare men will be Morris, Secard and Marshland. The bowlers include Norley, Cronyn, Michel and Harris.

TELEGRAPHIC KNIGHTS.

Spread of the Order in New York—Policy of the Telegraphers' Union.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Thomas O'Reilly, president of the Telegraphers' Union, says that since the union joined the Knights of Labor, two weeks ago, he has issued dispensations for ten local assemblies. In New York, where it was supposed there was a strong feeling against the Knights, the membership has been rapidly increasing and O'Reilly expects to enlist 15,000 railroad and commercial operators in the ranks before the first of next year. A strike, he says, will be resorted to, only when all efforts at arbitration have failed. The Union will have nothing to do with boycotts.

Storing Grain in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 24.—It is understood that after July 1 the elevator charges for storing grain in this city will be reduced ⅜ of a cent for the first ten days, and ⅛c for each additional ten days thereafter. The charge for switching and trimming will be abolishod.

Installation of St. Johns' Officers.

At the annual meeting of St. John's Lodge No. 75, G. R. C., held last night on the festival of St. John the Baptist, these officers were installed by W. Bro. Seymour Porter, assisted by W. Bro. W. R. Smallpiece: Bro. R. McKim, W. M.; W. Bro. Smallpiece, I. P. M.; Bro. J. L. Kerr, S. W.; Bro. T. Hills, I. W.; Bro. Rev. W. E. Smith, Chaplain; Bro. Metcalfe Thwaite, Treasurer; Bro. R. W. Harcourt, Secretary; Bro. F. B. Lockwood, S. D.; Bro. G. G. Kerr, I. D.; Bro. G. B. Fraser, D. of C.; Bro. T. R. Bain, S. S.; Bro. Jos. King, J. S.; Bro. John Ewan, I. G.; Bro. John Alexander, Organist.

W. Bro. Smallpiece was presented with a pastmaster's jewel. St. John's Lodge, always to the front in acts of charity, voted $50 to distressed Masons in the destroyed City of Vancouver, $25 to the General Hospital and $25 to the Lakeside Home.

London the Less' Loss.

From the Advertiser, June 24.

A crisis is now reached in the question of the Great Western car shops. Their removal from London is no longer a matter of rumor. The work of dismantling has begun. Of course if the Grand Trunk is irrevocably bound to remove the shops, that settles it. But are they so bound? Is it yet too late for the Mayor and Board of Aldermen to negotiate for the retention of the car shops?

If Mayor Hodgens is alive to the gravity of the situation, he will at once call a special meeting of the Council and resurrect the motion of Alderman Heaman that was so summarily buried a short time ago. This is the time to look alive.

ENGLISH CHURCH MUSIC.

THE QUESTION DISCUSSED BY THE TORONTO SYNOD.

More Congregational and Less Choir Singing Wanted—The Permutation Scheme Defeated—The Rectory Lands.

The Synod of Toronto Diocese resumed business yesterday morning. A deputation from the Synod of Niagara consisting of Canon Worrell and Messrs. Adam Brown and Wm. Elliott waited upon the synod in regard to the refunding of money collected for missions to the Diocese of Niagara. Bishop Sweetman assured them that the Toronto Synod would not be backward in helping the matter to a satisfactory ending. A memorial from the congregation of St. James' Cathedral in regard to the Langtry v. Dumoulin suit was received, but was not allowed to be read as the case is now in the courts.

The lay delegates elected to the Provincial Synod are: Hon. G. W. Allan, Toronto; Wm. Ince, Toronto; C. J. Campbell, Toronto; John H. Carter, Bond Head; Col. Boulton, Cobourg; Judge Benson, Port Hope; Edmond Foster, Davenport; Clarkson Jones, Toronto; A. H. Campbell, Toronto; Marcellus Crombie, Toronto; Capt. Blain, Brampton; J. A. Worrell, Toronto.

In the afternoon the report of the committee on the permutation of missionaries caused an interesting discussion. The whole report hinged on the first clause, which with the preamble is as follows: "Whereas in the practical administration of the missions of the diocese, great difficulties have been experienced in making such changes as were necessary and desired by the missionary clergy or their people, owing to the irregular and unsystematic manner in which vacancies occur, and whereas this committee has been directed by the synod to prepare a scheme of permutation to meet such difficulty, they beg to report the following scheme for the consideration of the members of the synod. Resolved, 1. That the appointment of each missionary on the pay list of the missionary board be for a period of four (4) years, except in the case of newly ordained men whose appointment shall be for a period of two years. Provided that appointments made to vacancies occurring during the transpiration of any such period shall be for the unexpired portion of the period, subject to a renewal at the discretion of the bishop and the mission board."

Rev. T. W. Patterson, of Deer Park, said that permutation had proved a success among the Methodists. This assertion was met with the exclamations, "Question, question;" "Hear, hear." He was thinking that the rule should be made applicable to the whole diocese.

Rev. E. H. Musson wanted to hear the missionaries speak, as they were more directly interested.

Rural Dean Allen said the scheme could not affect the rectors, but there was no reason why it should not apply to the city clergy. He denied that the scheme was a success among the Methodists. Then why make the period four years? If a man was not successful why not remove him at once? If the scheme was good for the missionaries, why not for the clergy? If they took one piece of machinery from the Methodists and another from the Presbyterians they would have to go a great deal farther to make the whole consistent. Change was not reform. This was the thin edge of the wedge. And the time would come when the clergy would feel its effects.

Rev. Mr. Langtry: "I'm prepared now."

Rev. Septimus Jones had spoken to a number of Methodist clergymen, and they stated emphatically that itinerancy was a success, and they had no wish to change it. Rev. Dr. Roy and Canon O'Meara concurred with Mr. Jones, as they had had similar conversations with Methodist clergymen.

A. R. Boswell said he was a conservative, and deprecated any change.

When the vote was taken it was about 2 to 1 against the report and in favor of the present system. Rev. John Langtry begged leave to withdraw his report and the request was granted.

At the request of the Bishop, Canon O'Meara took the chair and the report of the See House Committee was taken up. It stated that the erection of the episcopal residence had been proceeded with, and it would be ready for occupation in September. The total amount received was $11,280. A large number of subscriptions have still to be paid.

The evening session was chiefly taken up with the report of the Committee on Churchwardens and Sidesmen. A clause requiring wardens to deposit the church money in a chartered bank was amended so as to include loan companies and savings banks. About 10 o'clock an informal discussion took place on Music in the Church. The opinion was expressed that organists often had too much to say in regard to the musical service. Hon. G. W. Allan said that in many cases choirs sang for their own glory and not for the glory of God. Mr. A. H. Campbell brought forward a resolution to the effect that no music be used in the service in which the congregation cannot join. He afterwards altered it so as to read, "due care shall be taken that in the ordinary services such music be used as shall promote congregational worship." The resolution was lost, and the matter was dropped on the understanding that clergymen would ascertain the wishes of their people, and take action accordingly.

Mr. J. R. Roaf gave notice that he would move that a special committee of the synod be appointed to look after the interests and position of the synod in regard to the St. James' Rectory lands question, with instructions to obtain a final settlement, if possible, of all matters relating to the same, and that the memorial of the churchwardens of St. James' Cathedral be referred to the said committee. The committee to consist of Wm. Ince, Judge Benson, Barlow Cumberland, George M. Evans, J. A. Worrell, Harry Symons and J. Herbert Mason.

The synod sits again to-day.

Denison's Cavalry.

The parade of Denison's cavalry, otherwise known as the Governor-General's Body Guard, through the streets yesterday was witnessed by thousands of admiring citizens. The men looked fine and all were well mounted. Col. G. T. Denison made a warlike and proud commander, and Col. F. C. Denison has not appeared to better advantage since he returned covered with glory from the Soudan. The band lead off the parade. The corps will break up camp to-morrow.

Fire in a Teraulay-street Grocery.

A fire broke out last night at 6.10 in Patterson's grocery store at Albert and Teraulay streets. The back part of the house was destroyed, and about $300 damage done. The fire is supposed to have originated in the water closet. When box 91 was rung the door was left open, and some person gave a second alarm. This caused considerable confusion, as a number of the firemen started off for box 61, thinking there was another fire.

The Holmans Coming.

These old operatic favorites are coming shortly and will give performances in a floating theatre that will stand out from Hanlan's Point. The structure will be known as the Island Ship Theatre and have a seating capacity of 5000. Stage Manager J. T. Dalton will be here in a few days to complete arrangements.

Goldwin Smith Takes the Stump.

Prof. Goldwin Smith writes to the Week: For some weeks to come I shall probably be pretty well occupied in fulfilling to the utmost of my limited power the commission given me, when I was leaving Toronto, by the members of our Loyal and Patriotic Union to represent their sympathy with the Unionists here in the hour of the national peril.

Committed for Bigamy.

James Pierce, accused of bigamy, was committed for trial yesterday. He was married to Lizzie Carener at the residence of his mother, Lewis-street, Riverside, March 15, 1878. Rev. George Taylor gave evidence to that effect. Rev. Mr. Hansen of Detroit swore that he married the prisoner and one Ella Amie at his residence, Detroit, Oct. 5, 1885.

A DEFAULTING BANKER.

Sued for the Amount of a Deposit—Other Cases at the Assizes.

At the Civil Assizes yesterday the following cases were adjourned till next court: Vickers v. Toronto, Temperance Colonization Company v. McHardy, and Temperance Colonization Company v. Dickinson.

Curry v. White was an action to recover money deposited by a farmer living near Ridgetown with the defendant a banker living there. No defence was entered. The amount of deposit was $7550, the interest on which was $4305. The jury returned a verdict for plaintiff for $11,855.

Ross v. Toronto was an action for $2000 damages entered by John Ross and Mrs. Eliza Jane Chambers, administrators and only surviving children of the late Catharine Ross, the cause of whose death plaintiffs alleged was a fall on the icy sidewalk on Jarvis-street, February 24 last. Plaintiffs claimed that they were put to great medical and nursing expense and in consequence claimed $2000. Chief Justice Cameron described the action as monstrous. No negligence had been shown on the part of the city, and plaintiffs instead of suffering pecuniary loss by the death of their mother, came into a property of about $2000. His Lordship entered a non suit.

The case of Adams v. Barber was a libel suit brought by Adams, a builder, in consequence of a letter written by Barber to J. D. Irwin of the American Express Company. Mr. Irwin had a house on Jarvis-street improved, the work being done by Barber, with Adams as superintendent. This was nearly two years ago. The alleged libellous letter asserted that Adams had taken stone from the building, for which he should have been arrested. It was contended for the defence that the words were not libellous, because they had not been used with malicious intent, and had not injured the plaintiff in any material way. The jury were unable to agree.

Redway v. Gooderham was an action to recover $1500 for work and material on the new yacht Oriel, being built for George Gooderham by W. E. Redway, architect. The case arose out of a dispute between plaintiff and Mr. Gooderham's inspector. It will be continued to-day.

THE REVISING BARRISTERS.

The County Judges Discuss the Franchise Act of 1886.

Judge McDougall of York, Judges Wood and Bell of Kent, Judge Scott of Peel, Judge Horne of Essex, Judge Jones of Brant, Judge Toms of Huron, Judge Reynolds of Leeds-Grenville, Judge Wilkinson of Lennox and Addington, Judge Benson of Northumberland and Durham, Judge Deane of Victoria, and Judge Miller of Halton were present at the concluding meeting of the County Judges of Ontario at Osgoode Hall yesterday. Judge Jones was in the chair and Judge McDougall acted as Secretary.

The principal subject discussed was the Franchise Act of 1886. The various clauses of the act were carefully gone into, with a view of securing harmony of action among the County Judges as revising barristers. One important point decided upon was that no declaration or affidavit evidence ought to be received at the final sitting of the court. Only oral testimony, which would admit of cross examination, should be heard at this sitting.

Another meeting of the judges will be held in Toronto, November 24, when notes will be compared and disputed points of law and procedure harmonized as much as possible.

VOICES OF THE NIGHT.

Unseemly Rows That Disturb the Quiet of Teraulay-street Residents.

The residents on the east side of Teraulay-street, north of Louisa, have been kept awake o' nights lately by the antics of some people who reside in a lane in the rear. In one of these cottages drunken brawls are of almost every night occurrence. Drunken men and women defile the quiet of the night with angry shouts and blasphemies, while through the din can occasionally be heard the feeble wail of an infant, for, sad to relate, an infant is sheltered under the same roof where these nightly orgies occur. Occasionally a policeman strides to the door and in a loud voice commands the inmates to "stop your noise there and don't be keeping the neighbors awake," and for a few minutes after his departure perfect quiet reigns. The rear windows of the boarding house in the vicinity are nightly packed with the boarders, who seem to take a deep interest in the proceedings, and who not infrequently come in for a share of the abusive language of inmates of the cottage. It may be asked, how do the next-door neighbors stand all the racket? The answer is an easy one: the occupants are a man and wife, both deaf mutes.

ACQUITTALS AT THE ASSIZES.

Thomas Scannell and H. A. Bateman Not Guilty—T. D. King Convicted.

Before Judge Rose yesterday David Haynes, charged with the larceny of a number of chickens from Robert Rosebrugh, was let out till to-day on his own bail on account of some informality. Thomas Scannell, charged with the larceny of a pair of boots from Edward Vivian, was found not guilty.

The Queen v. Thomas D. King was a case in which the keeper of the Manchester Hotel on York-street was charged with having received a stolen horse and buggy belonging to John Ashton of Aurora. The evidence showed that Ashton had hired a horse and buggy to a stranger last April, and neither had been returned. Later, the rig was found at defendant's place. The horse's tail was cut and the maker's name had been taken off the buggy. Defendant showed a receipt purporting to be signed by James Seward and witnessed by one Plumber, in which Seward acknowledged that he had given the horse and buggy to King for a gold watch and chain. The jury found King guilty of felonious receiving, but strongly recommended him to mercy.

H. A. Bateman, the dry goods clerk charged with larceny of dry goods from T. Eaton & Co., was acquitted.

An Old Landmark Going.

Everybody knows the Black Bull Hotel building at Queen and Soho streets, just west of the commencing point of the jog. It was erected when that section of Little York was a wilderness. Many and many a horse has slaked its thirst at the old water trough, and many and many a pioneer has "taken something" at the bar on his way to and from market. Well, the old pile is now in process of demolition to make room for a modern structure. Mr. Alliss, of Messrs. Alliss & Curtis, the proprietors, regrets to part with this venerable landmark, but he must keep up with the times.

Strawberries at Bond-Street.

A bazar and strawberry festival under the auspices of the Ladies' Committee of the Bond-street Congregational church was held last night in the school room of the church. Tea was served from 5 till 8, and besides a goodly representation of Dr. Wild's congregation, there was abundance of strawberries and ice cream in attendance. A tidy sum was realized by sales at the different tables.

A Boom for Early Closing.

The sensation of the streets yesterday was four placarded white horses sent out by the Dry Goods Clerks' Association to boom their early closing movement. The animals were led by uniformed grooms, who blew tin horns, and the placards told the public not to patronize stores which did not close at 2 o'clock Saturday.

Who is He?

Ald. Piper says there is a big elephant coming to the Zoo next week.

Why Don't You Get One?

—If you are a business man you should have one. If you are a bank or insurance director you should certainly wear one. If you are a clergyman you should always have one on hand to doff to the ladies of your congregation when you meet them. If you are a man at all you will wear one of Dineen's white hats. Corner King and Yonge-streets. x

OPPOSED TO ABATTOIRS.

TWENTY BUTCHERS CONFER WITH THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Mayor Howland's Views—Does Blood Congeal?—Suggestions that the Act should be Suspended.

Over twenty city butchers, wholesale and retail, filed into the City Council chamber yesterday afternoon to give the Local Board of Health their views on the slaughter-house question. Of the Board there were present Chairman Drayton, Alds. Lamb, Verral and Johnston; and Mayor Howland. His Worship reminded the deputation that the act was explicit. No slaughter-house could be maintained within a certain distance of a dwelling. Even if the act did not exist it would be the city's duty to see that some such precautions as it demanded should be taken. Blood did not run through the sewers; it deposited itself in a jelly-like mass and emitted most dangerous gases. His Worship again called attention to the existence of the act and invited discussion along this line alone.

Mr. Granville said it was unjust to force a man who had a clean and properly equipped slaughter-house to go to an abattoir to kill. If the Act were passed a test case would be made. Mr. Blong combatted the Mayor's statement that blood congeals. If properly watered, it ran off readily. Mr. John Mallon was convinced that a city of Toronto's size should have a public abattoir as well as a good cattle market. If the Western Cattle Market were in proper condition the abattoir should be adjacent, but at present there should be three abattoirs, one each in the east, west and north.

Mr. Chapman Symons energetically announced that he was a retail butcher, and that the interests of retail and wholesale butchers strongly conflicted. He claimed that in the present deputation the former class was insufficiently represented. He was in favor of a public abattoir, and claimed that every retail butcher in the city was of the same opinion. The abattoirs should be surrounded by shedding, and should belong to the city. The killing should be done by men employed by the city. Blood congealed, in spite of all that might be said to the contrary, and it was a good thing it did, because it could be placed in large tanks and periodically shovelled out and carried away. "See here," said he, "as an example of how things are done under the present system, I have known cattle taken out of the Cattle Market on a blazing hot afternoon, dragged across the Don about five miles, knocked on the head and served over the counter next morning. What sort of meat is that to eat?"

Messrs. Hynes and Granger spoke against an abattoir; one Mr. Walter Collard for it. Mr. John Hallam advised the board to petition the legislature to suspend the act until public provision for killing had been made. Deputy-Reeve Frankland of York Township, son of the burly alderman, stated that the Township Council had repealed the objectionable clause. He advised the city to do likewise.

On the questions being put by Mayor Howland the deputation declared strongly against abattoirs and, in the event of the Board of Health securing the temporary suspension of the act, in favor of putting their floors in such condition that blood as well as offal could be carried off to the city crematories.

THE STONE THROWING INQUEST.

Medical Evidence—Cause of Death—Willie McKechie Discharged.

A post mortem examination was held yesterday by Dr. Spencer and Dr. Pickering on the body of Sarah Bowness. They found a dark clot of blood on the surface of the brain. The immediate cause of death was compression of the brain, caused by a concussion. This was the gist of the medical evidence given at the continuation of the inquest last night. Coroner Johnson in charging the jury spoke strongly of the danger of stone throwing and reminded the jurors that there were cases on record where children under 14 and over 7 years of age convicted of murder had been executed. The jury retired for half an hour and returned the following verdict: "That the said Sarah Bowness came to her death by being struck on the head with a stone thrown by one William McKechie, and that the said William McKechie did not know that he was doing wrong when he threw the stone." The little prisoner was discharged, and taken home by his father

A Blaze in the West End.

At 3 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box 12, at Front and Bathurst streets. This was followed by a general alarm.

The whole brigade turned out and when The World went to press the whole western sky was brilliantly illuminated.

The fire was in Essery's planing mill at Niagara and Front streets. It was almast totally destroyed.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

From the Philadelphia Call.

Dilly-dallying Lover—Look at those two birds, Maria. What a chattering they keep up around the door of that rustic bird house It is charmingly rural, isn't it?

Disheartened Maria (crisply)—Yes.

"What can they be saying to each other dear?"

"Saying: 'Let us get married and keep house.'"

PERSONAL.

The Utica Baseball Club is booked at the Rossin.

Mr. W. Kerns, M.P.P., Milton, is registered at the Walker.

Sheriff Scarfe of Brant is registered at the Rossin House.

Mr. A. Broder, M.P.P., Dundas, is a guest at the Walker House.

Oliver Wendell Holmes left London for Edinburgh yesterday.

Mr. S. Barker, general manager of the Northerns, is at the Queen's.

Sir John Macdonald will speak at a Catholic picnic at Carlton Place on Tuesday next.

Mr. Howard Chandler, the well-known bicyclist of Newcastle, is at the Rossin. Mr. Chandler has just returned from England.

Mr. M. H. Vamburg arrived in the city last night from Australia and is the guest of Mr. S. Hamburger of Gloucester-street. Mr. Vamburg visited his old home at Rochester before coming to Toronto.

Mr. John Laidlaw is in New York, en route for the Old Country. He will spend his time at London, Edinburgh and Liverpool, and is determined to boom Canada in general and Toronto in particular.

The Millennium is Dawning.

For everyone is to have shorter hours,
Higher wages,
A Saturday half-holiday,
Servant girls are to play the piano,
Farm laborers are to quit the harvest field at five,
Strawberries and cream at every meal,
Free baseball matches are to be provided,
Free busses to run on all the streets,
And everything is to be got for the asking,—
The "bloated capitalist" is to be "squeezed" for it all.

About Patti's Salaries.

The largest salary paid Patti per night by any manager in this country was $5500. She sang in Montreal last with the Mapleson Opera Company about Christmas, 1884. Patti never received a salary in excess of $5500 from a regular impressario except on one or two occasions in New York and Boston when sharing in the gross receipts. The gross receipts for the largest house in Montreal were about $7000. F. T.

Fine This Afternoon.

Toronto and vicinity: Moderate winds, shifting to north and northwest; local showers or thunder storms in the early part of the day, followed by warm weather.

Steamship Arrivals.

At Plymouth: Bohemia from New York.

At New York: Pennland from Antwerp; Ems from Southampton; City of Berlin from Liverpool.

At Father Point: Nestorian from London; Lake Superior from Liverpool.