

Tight Binding

The Journal. Thursday, July 26, 1860. POSSIBILITIES AND ACTUALITIES.

Strangers who visit this portion of the country.—Woodstock and its vicinity,—almost invariably express strongly to those whom they may meet their appreciation of the beauty of our rural scenery, and the agricultural richness of our country.

From that conclusion not one intelligent New Brunswicker, who has given the matter thoughtful study, will, we think, dissent. If there is one who does, let him come to Woodstock, and we will undertake to make plain to his own eyes and ears, that he labours under a mistake.

The advantages are chiefly: cheap lands, a highly fertile and easily worked soil, no rent and very light taxes, a healthy climate, and fair markets.

TOWN TALK AND COUNTRY TOPICS.

Recently we have been visited by frequent and heavy falls of rain, which have had the treble effect of promoting vegetation, cooling the air, and raising the River.

Last week we were so much pressed for room that we could not find space to notice the appearance of the Brass Band in the Sheriff's field on the evening of the 13th.

Speaking of the Band suggests to us the question of how Woodstock is to be represented at the reception of the Prince of Wales.

OBSTRUCTING THE SIDE-WALKS.

No person shall lead, ride, or drive any horse, ox, cow, or other animal, or draw, wheel or drive any cart, carriage, sled, drag, truck or barrow, upon any side-walk, or plank foot-path, within the said Town, except for the purpose of crossing the same.

SUMPTUARY LAWS.—By reading the notice in our advertising columns our readers will see on what conditions, as far as respects the habiliments, those of them who visit Fredericton to aid in the reception of the Prince of Wales, can gain admittance to the Ball proposed to be then and there given in his honor.

SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.—We have much pleasure in placing this paper, published in New York, on our exchange list. The Spirit is the leading sporting paper on this side the water, and bears a high reputation.

The Ottawa Citizen says the lumbermen in that section of Canada are preparing to welcome the arrival of the Prince of Wales.

The German population in the United States is estimated at 2,600,000.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE "VANDERBILT."

New York July 15.—Steamship Vanderbilt, from Havre, via Southampton, 4th inst., arrived at her dock early this morning.

Among the passengers on the Vanderbilt are L. L. White, late U. S. Consul at Lyons, and J. C. Cipriani.

The Vanderbilt passed the Arago on the 5th instant. Steamship Africa, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 2nd.

Heenan, the champion prize fighter of the world, is passenger on board of the Vanderbilt, with Jack McDonald his second in the late encounter with Sayers.

Numerous failures among leather merchants had occurred in England, liabilities amounting to over a million and a half sterling.

The Neapolitan Minister at Paris had resigned since the Baden Conference.

The Prussian Minister had several conferences with Count Richbourg, having for his object the bringing about a more perfect understanding between the governments of Austria and Prussia.

There had been fresh disturbances at Naples. The police stations had been sacked and pillaged, and many persons killed in the skirmish.

Prince Napoleon will succeed Jerome as President of the Privy Council. He will occupy the Palace Royal as Marshal of France, and receive Jerome's donations.

The Federal Council of Switzerland will submit the following question for the coming European conference of the great powers:—

"Is it in the interest of Europe to leave the Simplon Pass perfectly accessible to France, without demanding that an understanding be brought about between the Kings of Sardinia and Naples, relative to the common interests of their crowns in Italy?"

An ambassador from Naples was soon to arrive at Turin, with a proposition from the King of the former for an alliance with Sardinia.

The ministry lately appointed by Garibaldi was a popular in Sicily, and fresh massacres had occurred.

A despatch from Naples, dated the 1st inst., says that the concessions of the Neapolitan government have determined Garibaldi to precipitate annexation.

Palermo, June 25.—Fresh disturbances having occurred, Garibaldi has sent troops to reestablish order.

The London Herald and Standard, and all the weeklies, were confiscated on the 24th.

The Paris Monitor announces a project of law laid before the Legislature demanding its approval of a submarine telegraph between the United States and France.

Marseilles, July 3.—It is stated that a skirmish took place on the 20th ult. near Messina, between some detachments of Garibaldi and a portion of the Royal troops.

Genoa, July 4.—Advices from Palermo give the names of the new ministers appointed by Garibaldi.

Madrid, July 3.—Morocco has paid the first instalment of the indemnity to Spain.

LATER BY THE CITY OF BALTIMORE. NEW YORK, July 16.—The steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool July 4, with telegraphic advices via Queenstown of the 5th, had arrived.

The trade of London is very dull. Three firms connected with the Manchester trade have failed.

Garibaldi remains quiet. It is reported that concessions by the King of Naples had determined him to precipitate annexation with Sardinia.

sia had assented to the proposed European Conference. The Parliamentary contract Committee had made a supplementary report very damaging to the Galway Mail Steamship Company contract.

ARRIVAL OF THE CONNAUGHT.

The Connaught arrived at St. John's New Foundland, on the 19th. General news important.

The transfer of the contract of the Galway line to the Canadian Company, has been concluded.

The North Briton leaving Liverpool on the 11th, would call at Galway 12th for mails and proceed to Quebec, via St. John's N. F., this service to be fortnightly, alternate Canadian steamers touching at Londonderry as at present.

The Prince of Wales embarked at Plymouth on the 9th for Canada. Proposed Conference by all powers, considered certain, it will be held at Paris in October, the different powers being represented by their ambassadors.

FRANCE.—Nothing further as to Garibaldi's movement against Messina. Reports of fighting near Messina lacks confirmation.

Proclamation of the new constitution was received at Naples with indifference. Royalist forces for the defence of Messina, computed to be 20,000.

Sicilian ambassador to France had reached Turin.

Papal government will release political prisoners in the Romagna. France notified Turkish government of intention jointly with other powers to stop massacres in Syria.

Bombay Mail of June 7th reached England. Elgin and Baron Gross, quitted Gallie for China.

Ninety Boxes of Spice saved from the wreck of the Malabar. Bombay markets stagnant. Freights lower, Calcutta 1st—Freights unchanged.

Melbourne Mail, May 17th arrived. Commercial crisis at Sydney abated. New Zealand insurrection unsatisfactory sign of spending.

LIVERPOOL, Monday evening.—No Ship News transpired since the departure of the Africa.—No arrivals.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.—Consols for money 93 1/2 92 1/2. Paris Monteur announces English Session prorogued to 22nd July.

Prince of Wales in the Hero accompanied by the Ariadne, sailed from Plymouth on the morning of the 20th. Channel fleet would accompany them to Cape Clear.

MARKETS.—Breadstuffs dull. Sales unimportant. Corn steady. Weather had been favourable for crops. Provisions dull, but steady. Potash dull, all qualities slightly advanced. Coffee quiet, Rice, do.

LONDON MONDAY AFTERNOON.—Consols, 93 1/2 a 23 1/2 for money, 93 1/2 for account. Sugar firm, little enquiry, quotation unchanged. Breadstuffs do. Coffee firm. Rice dull, Tallow quiet.

TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1860. Canada Cape Race yesterday.

Despatch from Cagliari says Neapolitan Corvette Valace gone over to Garibaldi. Garibaldi declines to assist Neapolitans unless they give similar proofs of confidence as Sicilians by sustained insurrections.

Garibaldi ministry resigned. Several Steamers purchased for him in Liverpool, two sailed. Reported Naples notified England and France of her intention to offer constitution 1812 to Sicily.

France as sealed. England hesitates. Sir Robert Peel called on Government to assent to annexation of Sicily to Piedmont.

Russell replied Government could not depart from great principle that the people had the right to choose their own Government without interference.

Further by North Briton:—British Government announced had ordered squadron to coast Syria with instructions to stop outrages against Christians. France did same. Reported Austria engaged in quadrilateral making it impregnable.

Canton Telegram states Rebels making progress against Imperials. Chusan in charge of allied Commissioners. Erection of extensive forts at Tangier confirmed.

Markets by Canada. Breadstuffs steady but dull. Consols 93 1/2 95 1/2. St Johns N. E. July 23d. Hero and Ariadne anchored at 7 this evening. The Prince lands in the morning. A Royal salute was fired from batteries. There were great crowds on wharves.

Be sure to pay the printer.

The following is the correspondence between the President and the Queen: PRESIDENT BUCHANAN TO QUEEN VICTORIA.

To Her Majesty Queen Victoria: I have learned from the public journals that the Prince of Wales is about to visit your Majesty's North American dominions.

Should it be the intention of His Royal Highness to extend his visit to the United States, I need not say how happy I should be to give him a cordial welcome to Washington.

You may be well assured that everywhere in this country he will be greeted by the American people in such a manner as cannot fail to prove gratifying to your Majesty.

In this they will manifest their deep sense of your domestic virtues as well their convictions of your merits as a wise, patriotic, and constitutional sovereign.

Your Majesty's most obedient servant. JAMES BUCHANAN. Washington, June 4, 1860. QUEEN VICTORIA TO PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.

Buckingham Palace, June 22, 1860. My Good Friend:—I have been much gratified at the feelings which prompted you to write to me, inviting the Prince of Wales to return from Canada through the United States, and it will give me great pleasure to have an opportunity of testifying to you in person that these feelings are fully reciprocated by him.

He will thus be able, at the same time, to mark the respect which he entertains for the Chief Magistrate of a great and friendly State and kindred nation.

The Prince of Wales will drop all royal state on leaving my dominions, and travel under the name of Lord Renfrew, as he has done when travelling on the continent of Europe.

The Prince Consort wishes to be kindly remembered to you. I remain ever your good friend, VICTORIA R.

THE DREADFUL FLOOD AT AUSTRIA.—The following is an extract of a letter:—

"One little girl was found alive in the region of Bell's creek, who had lost father, mother, five brothers and sisters and home. All she possessed and loved in the world were swept away.

In one night this poor unfortunate was dashed down to poverty and orphanage. The face of the country is so changed that she cannot point out the place where their house stood.

Near the source of the Shoal Haven river, at one point, the water was seen to come rushing down upon the plains like a vast pyramid.

The river rose in a few hours one hundred feet. The upland flats were like great lakes, and on and on swept the avalanche of waters in its desolating path.

An immense belt of richly cultivated lands, smiling with plenty, has been left like a ruined desert, filled or covered with sand and rocks.

Houses, gardens, crops, cattle, horses, fences, trees, soft men, women and children were swept over precipices, down through valleys, and on into the surging sea, and thrown back upon the coast in indescribable confusion.

For many miles the shore was covered with the awful wreck. Boats were rowed and steamed over where a town had stood, in endeavours to save some of the drowning people, who had gone up to the tops of the highest buildings.

In this way some were rescued just before the houses were swept away. Some of these boats now stand high and dry in the midst of where the town once stood.

The Shoal Haven river bed has been filled up. The waters have found another channel.

An island at the mouth of the Shoal Haven was inhabited by about ninety families, probably nearly 400 persons. The people seeing the water rising up suddenly all around them, fled to the highest hills.

Soon all they had was gone, and the water kept creeping up after them. The people were wonderfully preserved. A vessel at sea saw them, and sailed to their relief. They were saved just before the island was submerged.

We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from the western part of the province, that on two nights last week immense quantities of shad were taken at French Bay—30,000 on one night and 15,000 on the other.

Fishing for Shad is decidedly more profitable than digging for gold.—Halifax paper.

THE TURF.—New York, July 12.—The race between Ethan Allen and Princess, on the Union Park to-day, was won by the former, easily.—Time 2:28 1/2, 2:29 1/2.

OPENING OF THE day the iron horse time over the who this city to Mon gentlemen, num hundred persons Contractors, em tendered them b proceeded in the Vale. Here anot ing for them, an the company st the Petticoatc from Sussex, the der that the lat there, and in the ted. This dete anticipated, as were the identifi finish the road, cars might pas, pause of three accordingly c men, and the After a very p and a half hou drew up at M large and ent gathered to ro of the first St. John and ing partaken and exchange the good po friends again and at 4.49 p home. A r them to Sul miles, and 7. six Station, about 35 mil Sussex an b arrive the sp at 8.39 p. m and drew up 10 p. m, m trip, distan minutes, run The subst with its ma general top gentlemen v ures of the tied M. D. Dumeau B Worship the Bayard, C Revs. Mes ton, Swab tonial Pre

DEATH TON.—W Judges i higher in colonists learning, for strict ility thav ton. The de will occa of the Su This we the Ho The i will r issue of a new County he now granted of Jul will soo County

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