

SHOULD NOT SPEAK TO LIQUOR DEALERS SAYS DR. MCLEOD

Contents that Every Saloon Keeper in St. John is Violating License Act—A Spirited Address.

SUSSEX, Nov. 5.—Rev. Dr. McLeod addressed a mass temperance meeting in the Methodist church here last evening at the close of the regular services. The meeting was held under the auspices of the O. G. T. Lodge. The church was crowded to the doors and many failed to gain admittance. Mayor Murray presided and, seated on his right were Rev. Dr. McLeod, Councilors J. E. McAulay, N. W. Ewald and G. H. Dyson. To the left were Rev. Dr. Rodgers, Rev. F. Baird and Rev. G. Kennedy.

Rev. Dr. McLeod spoke for an hour and a half. His speech was a strong and vigorous denunciation of the liquor traffic, and was the subject of much favorable comment. Many characterized it as the ablest effort ever heard from a Sussex preacher. Dr. McLeod dealt with the question in a general manner, and pointed out that the temperance people of Canada had much to encourage them, as public temperance sentiment was never so strong as it is today. He claimed that the Scott Act was the best law in the statute books of Canada to suppress the liquor traffic. Many argued that under high license the work of the committee on ways and means, the kindergarten has closed the year with a credit balance.

Miss Burditt read a paper on the reasons why we need a kindergarten. The kindergarten is of great value as an influence for the mental, moral and physical development of the children. An average day in the school, telling of their many varied and interesting activities in which the children engage. She urged the desirability of the schools not only for the benefit of the children but for the benefit of the city in the future.

T. B. KIDNER'S ADDRESS. T. B. Kidner was then called on and delivered a very interesting address on the subject of the evening. A prominent educator has said that in the kindergarten are found the solution of many of the most pressing educational problems, and the speaker spoke with him. Even now we use these methods in spots throughout our school system, although they are not acknowledged as such. Education means the development of all the powers of the child. Physical culture is a necessary part of a complete education. Further, no system is complete that does not touch the moral and spiritual life. A popular idea is that the kindergarten is a system of harmless amusements for the children.

Three more fly to the tall hemlocks. Chain Gang Trio Bolted Yesterday and Eluded Re-capture. While the chain gang was at work yesterday afternoon between three and four o'clock in the park, three prisoners bolted simultaneously and, though pursued by the guards, J. J. Collins and W. A. Beckett, managed to elude capture. The reason why they did not leave was probably that they remembered the cold weather was coming on. The three prisoners who took to the tall hemlocks were Wm. Hawkins, Timothy Garnett and Wm. Lunney. Garnett was the man who was arrested about two weeks ago by Sgt. Baxter in a raid which he made in a disorderly house on Carmarthen street.

Two young women met instant death. AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 5.—A carriage in which were seated Misses Lena Cook and Eva Scott, each about 20 years old, was struck by an electric car at a grade crossing three miles from this city today, and both young women instantly killed. Structural material is supposed to have shut off the women's view of the approaching car.

Shot and killed while playing "wild west". HOULTON, Me., Nov. 5.—Alvin Wiggin, 14 years old, son of Charles Wiggin of Houlton, was shot and killed in that place today. Young Wiggin and Roy Taylor, a companion, were playing "wild west" and were shooting at bottles and tin cans thrown in the air. As Taylor aimed at a can, the other lad ran in front of him and was struck by the bullet. He died shortly afterwards.

Reform club to give banquet to fielding. MONTREAL, Nov. 5.—The Reform Club has decided to tender a banquet to Hon. W. S. Fielding on November 20th. Invitations are being sent to all the members of the government and to the Liberal Premiers of the Provinces of Canada. The affair is expected to be one of the most important of its kind in the history of the city.

KINDERGARTEN OF GREAT VALUE

Its Benefits Pointed Out by T. B. Kidner

Rev. G. M. Campbell and W. F. Hatheway Also Spoke—Secretary's Report Very Satisfactory

The claims of the Free Kindergarten were presented at a public meeting in the High School assembly room last night. There was a rather slim attendance. Mayor Sears presided. In his opening remarks he commended the aims of these engaged in this work. He expressed his faith in the ability of the teachers and was sure that there is room for good work along these lines in St. John.

The third annual report of Free Kindergarten committee was presented by the secretary, H. H. Pickett. The report dealt briefly with the history of the movement, telling that it was started in September in Portland Methodist Church. The three schools have an enrollment of about 115, and are doing very good work. As a result of the work of the committee on ways and means, the kindergarten has closed the year with a credit balance.

Miss Burditt read a paper on the reasons why we need a kindergarten. The kindergarten is of great value as an influence for the mental, moral and physical development of the children. An average day in the school, telling of their many varied and interesting activities in which the children engage. She urged the desirability of the schools not only for the benefit of the children but for the benefit of the city in the future.

T. B. KIDNER'S ADDRESS. T. B. Kidner was then called on and delivered a very interesting address on the subject of the evening. A prominent educator has said that in the kindergarten are found the solution of many of the most pressing educational problems, and the speaker spoke with him. Even now we use these methods in spots throughout our school system, although they are not acknowledged as such. Education means the development of all the powers of the child. Physical culture is a necessary part of a complete education. Further, no system is complete that does not touch the moral and spiritual life. A popular idea is that the kindergarten is a system of harmless amusements for the children.

Rev. G. M. CAMPBELL. Rev. G. M. Campbell was then called on. He said nature has imprinted in children the desire for activity of body and mind, and we are learning to appreciate this and to adopt methods of education which take advantage of it. It has been the custom in the past to plan for children according to adult ideas, but we are learning to regard things from the standpoint of the child. He outlined the various features of kindergarten work and showed that this training has a material effect not only on the children but on the family and social divisions.

W. F. HATHEWAY. W. F. Hatheway was the next speaker. He told his personal knowledge of the satisfaction felt by the parents in being able to send their children to the kindergarten. He compared the advance of education in Canada with conditions in other countries, and expressed regret that in Canada there is not one technical college, though there is one school in Toronto and conducted by the city. He drew attention to the fact that the Dominion government is spending this year between five and six millions on the militia, but not a cent on technical education. Germany through technical training stands foremost among the countries of the world today, and he hoped in a very few years to see Canada spending millions on this. He also pointed out the advantages in the social and spiritual life received through kindergarten work. He congratulated the committee on their success during the past year.

A GLEAM OF COMFORT. Montreal Gazette. The Conservatives scored first in the season's by-elections, and did very well. Their later experience will enable them to understand how the Liberals felt when North River and East Elgin spoke.

CHITTECK AWARDED VERDICT OF \$2500

Judge McLeod Decides City Had Easement, and Not an Absolute Right

Judge McLeod yesterday gave judgment in the matter of Chittek v. the city of St. John in his claim for damages for expropriating his land for purposes connected with the water extension. This is the claim by Robert Chittek, the plaintiff, against the city for the expropriation of a strip of land through some other person. The title of the strip of land in the city and that of the plaintiff, the city, can fence it on either side and prevent him from crossing it at all. The city is not to go on it from time to time as may be necessary to make any needed repairs, but subject to that right the plaintiff can cross it at any time he may wish and use it for farming purposes as usual. In conclusion his honor said that he thought the city did not take the title to the land but only what may be called an easement. The title of the land remains in the plaintiff, who may cross and recross it as he thinks fit. There is, however, he said, other rights which the city claims by the resolution to exercise over the land, that is the right to erect and maintain telegraph and cable works on it. This, he thought, they cannot do, as a part of an easement. The plaintiff is to be made to restrict the plaintiff's right to pass and repass over the land, which after playing in a reasonable manner and at reasonable places. This again he thought the city taking only an easement, could not do.

As to the damages the plaintiff's claim contains a bill so as to cut the house and barn from the larger portion of the road, which after playing in a reasonable manner and at reasonable places. This again he thought the city taking only an easement, could not do.

ALBERT COUNTY SCOTT ACT CASES. RIVERSIDE, A. Co., Nov. 4.—Scott Act Inspector H. A. Smith is keeping up his investigation of the question of alleged illegal liquor selling through the medium of the prescription. The cases were held by the St. John's court. The cases were held by the St. John's court. The cases were held by the St. John's court.

REV. G. M. CAMPBELL. Rev. G. M. Campbell was then called on. He said nature has imprinted in children the desire for activity of body and mind, and we are learning to appreciate this and to adopt methods of education which take advantage of it. It has been the custom in the past to plan for children according to adult ideas, but we are learning to regard things from the standpoint of the child. He outlined the various features of kindergarten work and showed that this training has a material effect not only on the children but on the family and social divisions.

W. F. HATHEWAY. W. F. Hatheway was the next speaker. He told his personal knowledge of the satisfaction felt by the parents in being able to send their children to the kindergarten. He compared the advance of education in Canada with conditions in other countries, and expressed regret that in Canada there is not one technical college, though there is one school in Toronto and conducted by the city. He drew attention to the fact that the Dominion government is spending this year between five and six millions on the militia, but not a cent on technical education. Germany through technical training stands foremost among the countries of the world today, and he hoped in a very few years to see Canada spending millions on this. He also pointed out the advantages in the social and spiritual life received through kindergarten work. He congratulated the committee on their success during the past year.

A GLEAM OF COMFORT. Montreal Gazette. The Conservatives scored first in the season's by-elections, and did very well. Their later experience will enable them to understand how the Liberals felt when North River and East Elgin spoke.

TIME AND PLACE. Miss Acum—"And do you really think it is possible for a man to love two girls at the same time?" Mr. Gaisley—"Sure! Provided it isn't also at the same place."

ORANGEMEN WERE "AT HOME" LAST NIGHT

Eloquent Speeches Were Delivered by Recorder Skinner, Aid. McGoldrick, Robert Maxwell and Others

The County Orange Lodge held a very enjoyable "at home" last night at the York Theatre Assembly Rooms. The speakers consisted of Hon. N. C. Skinner, K. C. Geo. Jenkins, Geo. Day, W. B. Wallace and Aid. Sprout. The speakers consisted of Hon. N. C. Skinner who presided, Aid. McGoldrick, Col. Armstrong and Robert Maxwell. M. P. F. Dixon Sears was to have spoken but another engagement prevented his arrival until late. When he came the dancing was in full swing and from behind the shelter of the orchestra Worslip and a number of prominent Orangemen looked on the proceedings before them. Aid. McGoldrick was a prominent figure on the floor, and would have scored to sit out a dance.

W. S. HARKINS MAY MANAGE OPERA HOUSE

The Well Known Theatrical Manager Has made a Proposition to the Opera House Company

It is understood that W. S. Harkins, the well known theatrical manager, is negotiating for the control of the St. John Opera House. He is the proprietor of the theatre and has been in the city for some time. Harkins if the company owning the theatre agree to his proposal, to remove his headquarters to St. John and reside here permanently. He would still keep a strong stock company on the road, which after playing in a regular circuit, would fill in the dull season at the Opera House.

HURRICANE RAGES ALONG NEWFOUNDLAND COAST

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Nov. 5.—A furious hurricane has been along the coast of Newfoundland for the past two days. An immense amount of damage has been done to the shipping and fishing interests, and the railroad and steamboat services have been suspended. The mail boats Caribgeon and Diamond line and the Louisburg of the Diamond line have been detained in port thirty-six hours. The coast has met with disaster.

PRIEST WHO ELOPED SAID TO BE DEAD

Father O'Handley, Who Was Married to Miss Finch-Noyes, in Toronto, Reported Dead in New York

HAMILTON, Nov. 5.—A report from New York which it was impossible to further confirm this morning, announced the death of Rev. Father Alexander O'Handley, a Roman Catholic priest, who created a big sensation here a year ago last January, when he fled to Toronto with Miss May A. Finch-Noyes, a prominent society girl and daughter of a large clothing manufacturer.

RECENT DEATHS.

MISS MCLEARY. (Special to the Sun.) REXTON, Nov. 5.—Miss Amanda Jane McLeary, daughter of Patrick Branca this morning after a lingering illness of consumption, aged 17 years. The remains will be interred in the Catholic cemetery here Wednesday.

MRS. GEORGE DOBSON. SACKVILLE, Nov. 5.—Mrs. Geo. Dobson of Cape Tormentine passed away on Saturday at the home here. She was 72 years of age. She was a devoted wife and mother. She was a member of the Methodist church. A husband, one son, Peter Dobson of Cape Tormentine, and one daughter, Mrs. Fred Smith, deeply mourn their loss. She also leaves two brothers, Mr. B. Allen and one sister, Mrs. Susan Smith of Port Lawrence, N. S. Deceased was sixty-five years old. The remains were taken to Cape Tormentine today for interment.

SOME ROMANCES OF RYAL RINGS

Mystic Power Attributed to Monarch's Ornaments.

Alfonso Has Deadly Jewel—The Czar Possesses Ring Without Which He Never Moves Out. King Alfonso of Spain is the possessor of a ring of strange and awesome history. It was presented by his predecessor and namesake, King Alfonso XII, to his cousin Queen Mercedes, who died within a month afterward. The fatal ring had taken place the King bestowed on the royal heiress, Maria, says London T. B. M., and she was dead in a few days. The fatal ring then coming again into his possession, he presented it to his sister-in-law, Princess Christina, who only survived for three months. The Queen then resolved to wear the ring herself, and in a short time she, too, had passed away. The Queen Regent was not disposed to run any risk, and she refused to accept such a deadly possession. Instead she had attached to a golden chain, which she hung around the neck of the statue of the Virgin of Alameda of Madrid. Spaniards believe this ring to be possessed of mystic powers by which unworthy wearers of it are slain. To a worthy sovereign they claim it will assure prosperity and a long life, and to his magic influence they attribute the young King's escape from Italy in the bomb explosion on his wedding day.

MELBOURNE BOYS TAUGHT TO SHOOT

Compulsory Drill in Schools of Australia's Capital.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 5.—Australians realizing that the only alternative to conscription in a democracy is a citizen army, with a great reserve, have been reported to be teaching a little elementary drill, are steadily proceeding with plans which have as their aim compulsory drill in all schools for boys over a certain age. These plans are quite independent of the cadet corps attached to the schools, elementary and secondary, and of the various flourishing rifle clubs which now cover the civilized centres in the Commonwealth.

NOT EASILY CRUSHED.

In a suit recently tried in a Victoria town a young lawyer of limited experience was addressing the jury on a point of law, when, good-naturedly, he turned to opposing counsel, a man of much more experience than himself, and asked: "That's right, I believe, Colonel Hopkins?" Whereupon, Hopkins, with a smile of conscious superiority, replied: "Sir, I have an office in Richmond where I shall be delighted to enlighten you on any point of law for a consideration."

DIED IN THE WOODS.

CANTERBURY, N. B., Nov. 4.—John Bunting went out deer hunting on Thursday morning. Not returning, a large party started out in search of him. After searching all day Friday and Saturday his body was found two miles from home. His faithful dog was lying on his breast, and it was with some difficulty that he could be got away. Mr. Bunting had evidently got his bearings and was on his way home. He had cut a cane, and the cracks in the snow showed he was exhausted when he came back, and he apparently folded his arms on his breast and made no further effort to rise. Two of his boys started out with him, but seeing a storm coming up, they sent them back home. He leaves a wife and several children.

FRANCE AND JAPAN BACKED BRITAIN

Loyal Support at the Wireless Conference.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 5.—In the International Wireless Telegraph Conference, which finished its work yesterday, Great Britain succeeded in making the system used for unrestricted exchanges of messages between ship and ship and shore, regardless of the system used in a separate article. Throughout the conference Great Britain was loyally backed by France, Italy and Japan. The French delegates against their own convictions, Italy, from the first, confessed herself extremely hampered by her contracts with the Marconi Company. The motion of the United States to make international communication by ship and ship compulsory came as a complete surprise to the conference, and was described as a regular bombshell. The German Government was not particularly pleased with it, but accepted the motion after some hesitation. Great Britain opposed it, out of consideration for the demands of France, Italy and Japan, which the powers signing the convention need not necessarily adhere to, was passed. A further motion by the United States to make the motion binding on all the signatory powers, which was also opposed by Great Britain, was rejected by the conference, and a British proposal to make the American motion a separate article, to which the powers signing the convention need not necessarily adhere, was passed. It is understood that with regard to Article XVII of the draft, the conclusion is that the only way of settling the question of imposing the convention upon private wireless telegraph communication will be by the introduction of special legislation by each state.

MELBOURNE BOYS TAUGHT TO SHOOT

Compulsory Drill in Schools of Australia's Capital.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 5.—Australians realizing that the only alternative to conscription in a democracy is a citizen army, with a great reserve, have been reported to be teaching a little elementary drill, are steadily proceeding with plans which have as their aim compulsory drill in all schools for boys over a certain age. These plans are quite independent of the cadet corps attached to the schools, elementary and secondary, and of the various flourishing rifle clubs which now cover the civilized centres in the Commonwealth.

WANT GOOD GENERALS.

"There were no signs of disturbance or disorder during my journey, beyond vague inflammatory talk. Most Russian soldiers who served chief clerk and purchaser of supplies to his regiment, claimed to have made 90,000 roubles (about \$2,400). I bought cattle for 35 roubles each; he said, 'They were charged in the accounts at 100 roubles. Being on a common soldier, I could keep no more than ten roubles for myself. The colonel kept 25 roubles, and the remainder twenty-five went among others. I bought other things in the same way.'"

WOMAN CAUGHT ; LOOT IS MISSING

Russian Jewess Accomplish of Treasury Robbery—Money Was Distributed

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg today says that the woman who escaped with the \$188,828 stolen from the Treasury wagon, Oct. 27, has been arrested, but the money has not been recovered.

The woman was arrested last night in old St. Petersburg, a district inhabited by the working classes. She has been fully identified as a Jewess of the name of Taisa. She is about two months in the care of the town with Rosenber, the leader of the band. It has been ascertained that she handed over all the money stolen to another confederate in the course of her flight. She had a false passport in the name of Bogoyavlensky. It is understood that the money was distributed among the Maximilian branches.

SIBERIA WILL RIVAL CANADA

Tremendous Period of Growth to Take Place Like That in the North-West.

Journalist Says the Evacuation is Genuine Chinese Talk of "Tiger Occupying the Bear's Cave."

LONDON, Nov. 5.—"I have travelled from Port Arthur to Moscow, overland the journey taking twenty-four days," Mr. F. A. McKenzie said, on returning from a daily Mail office after his tour of investigation in the Far East. "The railway is open for regular traffic the whole way, except for a gap of 148 miles between Chang-iu and the Russian military boundary at Chang-chung-fu, in Central Manchuria. 'Harbin is overflowing with money. The great days of the war, when two opera, six theatres, and a hundred music halls and circuses were in full blast in the city are over, but war prices continue. A fifty room in the best Russian hotel cost me 12s. a night, without food, and I paid between 5s. and 10s. for a bath. Mechanics demanded 25 roubles, about £2.18s. for repairing a broken spring in my typewriter, more than ten times the proper price. Large numbers of miners could be seen in the town, all apparently with much money to spend.

REALLY CLEARING OUT.

"The Russians are seemingly genuine in their withdrawal from Manchuria. I was informed that there are now only two divisions, 32,000 men, and 18,000 railway guards left in the country, one of the divisions being in Harbin. All that I saw and heard confirmed this statement. Various high Russian officials with whom I discussed matters expressed their sincere desire to hurry out of Manchuria. The place has been a curse to us," they said. "It has cost us untold millions, crippled our strength, and has benefited me but Jewish contractors."

STORIES OF CORRUPTION.

"The most amazing stories of corruption are told freely on the Russian side. Men boast of their success in making fortunes out of the war. One soldier who served chief clerk and purchaser of supplies to his regiment, claimed to have made 90,000 roubles (about \$2,400). I bought cattle for 35 roubles each; he said, 'They were charged in the accounts at 100 roubles. Being on a common soldier, I could keep no more than ten roubles for myself. The colonel kept 25 roubles, and the remainder twenty-five went among others. I bought other things in the same way.'"

TO RIVAL NORTHWEST.

"Siberia is clearly entering on a period of great prosperity. The country from Irkutsk to Trepoff during its richest and most fertile I have ever seen. The peasant settlers are sturdy, prosperous, and independent. They fear of officials seen in European Russia. 'All along the line of route I found evidence which convinces me that even Siberia from having within the next few years, a period of rapid growth and prosperity rivaling that of Western America.'"