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GERMANS CONTINUE TO ATTACK VIOLENTLY BUT ALLIES MAKE PROGRESS

British and French Are Within Four Miles of Ostend—Also Push Forward North and East of Lille—Reported Message from Kaiser Intercepted

Paris, Nov. 2.—The French official announcement given out in Paris this afternoon says that yesterday the German attack on the French left wing, particularly between Dixmude and the Lys, continued with great violence. In spite of the counter attacks of the enemy in this region, the French made slight progress.

The text of the communication follows:— "On our left wing the German offensive continued yesterday with the same violence in Belgium and in the north of France, particularly between Dixmude and the Lys. In this region in spite of attacks and counter attacks on the part of the Germans we made slight progress on almost the entire front, excepting at the village of Messines, a part of which was again lost by the allied troops.

"The enemy undertook an important movement against the suburbs of Arras. This resulted in failure, as did other movements against Litons and Lesquesy and Santerre.

"On this centre, in the region of the Aisne we made slight progress in the direction of Tracy-Les-Val to the north of the forest of Aiguas as well as at certain points on the right bank of the Aisne between this forest and Soissons.

"In the region of Rheims, between the Argonne and the Meuse, and on the heights of the Meuse there was noticed yesterday a recrudescence of activity on the part of the enemy's heavy artillery. The bombardment of the spires, however, did not show any appreciable result.

"On our right wing an offensive movement of reconnaissance by the enemy on Nomeny was repulsed.

"In the Vosges in addition to the fact that we have recaptured the heights which dominate Mount Sainte Barbe, we have made progress in the region of Ban de Sapt, where we occupy the position from which the artillery of the enemy has been bombarding the town of St. Die."

ALLIES NEAR OSTEND London, Nov. 2.—The Times' correspondent in Northern France, telegraphing under date of Sunday, sums the situation on the battle front by stating that the allies are daily creeping on toward Ostend which is now hardly occupied still in a military sense. The number of Germans holding it is so small that the allies tried they could gain it with little resistance.

He telegraphs that the allies have penetrated to the north and east of Lille, which he says, "certainly has been evacuated by the Germans and there is good reason to believe that it has been occupied by the allies."

REPORTED MESSAGE FROM THE KAISER London, Nov. 2.—Despatches to the Daily Mail, from various correspondents in the field of operations in Northern France, report the continued success of the allies. They have reached within four miles of Ostend, and are at Leffinghe and Thye.

Three thousand Germans left Ostend for Zebrugge on Friday, and the reports persist that the Germans have left Ostend. It is said that the allies have intercepted a message from Emperor William to the King of Wurttemberg, telling him it was absolutely imperative to capture Ypres before November 1, otherwise, it would be necessary for the Germans to withdraw beyond the Eftias.

A skillful German general, Von Meyer, was killed at Dixmude on Friday.

EYES TURNED FROM CALAIS Rotterdam, Nov. 2.—Advices from Belgian coast towns are that the exchange of artillery fire between the Germans and the warships has wrecked most of these towns. Westende, Westkerke and Middelerke are all in ruins.

There has been no resumption of the German march on Calais and present appearances point to an abandonment of the movement.

BULGARIA NEUTRAL London, Nov. 2.—The Sofia correspondent of the Times says he is informed on the highest authority that Bulgaria will maintain the strictest neutrality.

French Bar Road to Verdun London, Nov. 2.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Paris says that notwithstanding the German statement that the town of Verdun had been destroyed, the fact is never has been struck by a single shell. The French army still bars the road to Verdun. Reports of a German victory in the forest of Argonne also are absolutely false.

Avalanche Overwhelms Berne, Switzerland, via Paris, Nov. 2.—A huge avalanche yesterday overwhelmed a detachment of Swiss soldiers near St. Maurice. Four were killed and two seriously injured. Eleven others were dug out alive.

Orders to French Paris, Nov. 2.—Alexandre Millerand, minister of war, has issued an order that all men of the armed service, employed or detached, be immediately integrated into their corps. Commanders are also required to make monthly reports on certain requirements, which are made part of the order.

Phelix and Ferdinand WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis—The area of low pressure which was north of Manitoba on Saturday has passed across the Great Lakes to the St. Lawrence Valley and caused local thunder storms in Ontario on Sunday. The weather is now somewhat unsettled in all the provinces.

Colder. Maritime—Southwest winds increasing to moderate gales and shifting to north-west, showery tonight; Tuesday, much cooler, frost at night.

New England Forecasts—Fair and colder tonight and Tuesday; moderate southwest winds.

No Orders Yet To Recruit Here; No Armory Contracts

Another week has gone by, and still no orders to recruit have been given in St. John. Few appreciate the delay more than the militia officers who realize that it is going to be no easy task to enlist 1,025 men without a recruiting campaign. This should by now be well under way.

The contracts for the refitting of the armory have not yet been awarded. This is said to be the reason why the recruiting is being held back. It was known nearly a month ago that it would be necessary to make alterations to the armory before volunteers could be accommodated. From present indications it will be a close of this week, or perhaps early next week before orders to recruit are given.

LEASH AW IN PIGEON HOLE FOR WINTER

Dogs Need Not Be Under Restraint When With Owners

THIRTY IN THE POUND

A Large Inaathering For The Close of Session—One Taken From Prominent Citizen's Door Step—A Letter on The Subject

With the arrival of November the by-law requiring a leash to be used on all dogs allowed in the streets, goes into retirement for the winter. This will make it possible for owners to take well behaved dogs in the street with them without the leash which has been necessary all summer. It does not make it permissible, however, to turn the dogs out to run wild in the streets.

Section eight of the by-law says:—"Any dog not registered or any dog found running at large not accompanied by any person in charge thereof or any dog not provided with collar and tagged, as hereinafter provided, may be captured and impounded, as hereinafter provided."

The dog catchers have been active lately and last week there were about thirty animals in the pound and fifteen were destroyed. Of the dogs caught only about one in fifteen has been found with a collar.

Some complaints have been made regarding the dog catchers, the catchers in raiding residential streets and carrying off unoffending animals, an instance of this being the arrest of Emerson's dog from his own door step. It is reported that a meeting of dog owners is to be called to discuss the advisability of seeking some amendments to the present law.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 30, 1914.

To the Editor of the Times, Sir,—Will you kindly allow me valued space in your paper to place a few facts before the dog owners of this city. In view of the statement recently made to me by the commissioner of public works licensed as well as unlicensed is to be kept up all winter, and having taken his advice in regard to reading the city laws respecting dogs, as to power to enforce same, I find that while section 7 in regard to dogs running at large is repealed by the new amendment from May to November, section 8 might be construed to mean the same as section 7, so while most dog owners are beginning to feel they may have peace and security for the next six months it is not so.

Now where the only protection afforded us by the license we pay for is in the winter months, does it not seem that the city should keep to the letter of its obligation as well as force of dollars have been paid into the city treasury by the dog owners for what? Might it not be expected that a suitable dog pound could be provided with out using the isolation stall of the city stables, (to the menace of valuable city property should contagious disease break out amongst the city horses, and from which people need not be excluded on the ground that it is the public works department.)

As I read the law and as common sense would tell me, there should be a pound keeper to receive the dogs and see that they are reasonably provided for. Now on the two occasions on which (Continued on page 2, seventh column)

THE SOLDIER KING OF THE BRAVE BELGIANS

Amsterdam, via London, Nov. 2.—"The Belgian King's bearing when he is under fire is splendid," says the Times' Dunkirk correspondent.

"While the wounded were being withdrawn on one occasion, he stood calmly smoking a cigarette and awaiting the arrival of ambulances, his peripatetic operations with projectiles bursting all around.

"The king is a great comrade to the soldiers. Frequently, he takes his meals at the soldiers' mess, discussing with the men the conduct of the campaign and the likelihood of an early peace. He has been greatly amused at a visitor's account of the huge volume of gunfire with which the German Emperor is surrounded."

ALL SAINTS DAY PRAYERS FOR SOLDIERS London, Nov. 2.—All Saints' Day was observed in France as usual by decorating graves, but a new departure was the decoration of the tombs of fallen soldiers buried in the environs of Paris. Many British soldiers are buried in the suburban cemeteries of Izy and Bagman. Prayers were said over the graves of Protestants, as well as Catholics.

German merchants are reported to be regularly providing coal and provisions to the German cruisers in the Pacific. They get out of Chilean ports by making false declarations.

TURKEY AS A MILITARY POWER

TURKISH PEACE STRENGTH 375,000 RESERVES 350,000 OTHERS AVAILABLE 2,000,000 TOTAL WAR STRENGTH 2,725,000



THE GURKHAS FOR FIRST TIME UNDER FIRE OF SHELLS

London, Nov. 2.—The Morning Post prints an extract from a letter of a cavalry officer giving an account of how the Indian troops behaved in their first encounter with shell fire. In his letter, dated October 24, and written from Belgium, he said:

"Night before last we were told that the regiment was going to be relieved by the Indians. It was the most we could expect. I have never seen them before. There were six bars and a windmill blazing, all set alight by shell fire, when these fellows, with turbans and with flashing eyes and teeth, came up to the darkness. The undisciplined dragoons, of course, became firm friends with them at once. French, Belgian, Indians, they make pals with them all.

"Well, these natives had hardly got into the trenches on either side of me when the Germans opened fire. It was the worst half hour I have ever spent. As, of course, I could not make them understand and as they had never seen shells before, I did not know what they would do. They behaved splendidly and I think they thought the shells were fireworks let off for their benefit.

"The officer in charge of them told me that morning that he was most anxious as to how they would do but they shouted with glee when they saw a German and let him know what good shots they are. In the middle of the attack one native hurled himself into my trench and spoke excitedly to me. Of course, I could not make out what he wanted, but thought he wanted a doctor or some one as he kept pointing at a cartridge, and I sent down for the doctor, but when he arrived I discovered it was more ammunition they wanted and not a doctor."

ARMORED TRAIN PUTS GERMANS TO ROUT

Sturdy British Defence Against Attack By Enemy's Hordes Becomes Victory

London, Nov. 2.—The Daily Mail correspondent in northeastern France, telegraphing under date of Saturday, relates how a force of 10,000 Germans was completely routed and scattered by an armored train.

"The Germans had almost surrounded a British regiment, which fought on doggedly, though so vastly outnumbered. Suddenly an armored train shot up on the railway line which the British were holding. The British were holding the line on each side was covered with heaps of German dead. The rest fled precipitately and the British pursued."

CAPTAIN HEMMING AND MISS GRANT MARRIED TODAY IN HALIFAX

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 1.—This afternoon Annie (Nan) Corriemoney, daughter of Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Grant, A. D., and Mrs. Grant, and Captain H. Hemming, R. C. E., a son of Lieutenant Colonel Hemming, officer commanding the third division, Kingston, Ontario, were married by one of the best of friends.

WESUVIUS IS ANGRY AGAIN

Naples, via Rome, Nov. 2.—Mount Vesuvius is again in eruption. In Sunday special prayers were made and processions of people went to favored shrines as a repetition of the disaster of 1906 is feared.

SERVIANS AND AUSTRIANS SAY ALL GOES WELL

Nish, Serbia, Nov. 2.—A semi-official note issued here says: "The enemy operating on October 29 in the direction of Gutchevo, bombarded our positions at Embova and Banja, from seven o'clock in the morning until noon. At this hour they attacked but were repulsed by our troops. Our counter attack developed into violent bayonet combats in which the enemy, sustaining heavy losses, was forced to fall back in disorder, leaving three officers and about 800 men on the field.

GERMANS DEMAND A GREAT SUM FROM BRUSSELS

Amsterdam, Nov. 2.—A telegram from Berlin announces that after protracted negotiations the war indemnity to be paid by the City of Brussels has been fixed at \$8,000,000, payable \$500,000 weekly.

GENERAL CHAFFEE DEAD

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 2.—Lieut.-General Chaffee (retired), former chief of staff of the United States army, died yesterday of typhoid pneumonia. After his retirement he was appointed head of the Los Angeles water board.

"HOLY WAR" IS PLAN OF ALLIES' ENEMIES

Ambassadors Leave Constantinople, Though no Formal Declaration Yet

Turkey Already Active on Sea and in Expedition Into Egypt—Bombardment at Sebastopol and Other Places

London, Nov. 2.—Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to Great Britain, was handed his passports today.

London, Nov. 2.—War has not yet been formally declared on Turkey, but the withdrawal of the ambassadors of the triple entente powers from Constantinople is regarded in London as being equivalent to a signal of hostilities, which Turkey has anticipated by a naval raid in the Black Sea, and by a reported land expedition which is said to have penetrated into Egypt.

Evidence that Turkey intends to proclaim a holy war, accumulated. Ample measures, however, it is asserted, have been taken by Great Britain and Russia against this probability, and it is evident that the first trouble is expected to arise in Egypt where, it is said, the Khedive intends to ask Great Britain for an explanation of his attitude towards Turkey.

Berlin contends that Turkey was forced to throw in her lot with Germany, because the Porte recognized that an entente victory would mean the disruption of the Turkish Empire with Constantinople, Armenia and Turkestan going to Russia; Arabia to England and Syria to France. On the other hand, in the event of the defeat of the triple entente nations, Turkey was to be guaranteed territorially, to be given aid in reconquering the Caucasus and Egypt and be given perhaps something more.

The usual charges and denials are being made as to the responsibility for the first attack in the Black Sea, but these are issued chiefly for consumption by the neutral countries, since the inevitability of the conflict was recognized by both sides. The principal actors are not greatly concerned which nation fired the opening shot.

Petrograd, Nov. 1.—(Via London, Nov. 2)—The newspapers report that the Russian shore batteries replied. The warships disappeared along the Crimean shore to the eastward after inflicting trivial damage.

Theodosia, on the Crimean coast, 100 miles northwest of Sebastopol, also suffered a bombardment on Saturday, when a Turkish cruiser sailed close enough to throw thirty shells into the city.

News has been received at the foreign office to the effect that the Russian ambassador has left Constantinople, but the Turkish ambassador here has not yet received his passports or instructions from Constantinople.

London, Nov. 2.—A Rome despatch to the Central News asserts that Turkish gunboats are reported at the entrance to the Gulf of Suez. Numerous detachments of Turkish cavalry, according to the same despatch, have reached Alexandria, a fortified village of Arabia on the gulf of the same name.

MURDER CHARGE FOLLOWS 'ON HALLOWE'EN PRANKS

Meaford, Ont. Nov. 2.—G. H. Knoles, of Griesville on Saturday night shot Joseph Perry, seventeen years of age, who was one of a party annoying Knoles by Halloween pranks. Perry died and Knoles was arrested, charged with murder.

SEVENTY LIVES LOST AND 146 ARE SAVED

Whitby, via London, Nov. 2.—In all seventy were lost in the wreck of the hospital ship Heliola. These saved 146.

HALLOWE'EN ACTIVITIES

As a rule the usual round of Halloween pranks and the results following thereon are looked upon in the light of the spirit of the day, but there is a man in East St. John who cannot make himself believe that the trick played on him was intended for a joke. While he and his family slumbered on Saturday night a slight flurry was heard in his chicken coop, but thinking that the "boys" were perhaps stowing away one of his gates, or other such pranks, he slept on. In the morning, however, an inventory of his poultry stock showed a shortage of ten hens. There may be complications.

STATE OF BELGIANS IS TRAGEDY OF THIS WAR

London, Nov. 2.—The Daily Mail correspondent in Northern France, dealing with the enormous sacrifices and the devoted courage of the Belgians, says: "Over 10,000 have been killed or wounded, which is a quarter of their whole force operating in the coast battle. They have been defending a strip of territory from Dixmude to Neuport, a region hardly bigger than a big German farm.

"Nearly all of their injured have been wounded in the back but never were wounds more honorable as the bullets and shrapnel hit them as they lay prone under the hail of the steel volcano. Their fate is the tragedy of this war."

GERMANS BEGIN TO SUFFER IN WINTER CAMPAIGN

Berlin, Nov. 2.—The effects of the approaching winter on the campaign already are evident. Heavy frosts are reported in East Prussia, and the campaign in Poland has been waged for some time under most disagreeable conditions, caused by rain and snowstorms.

PEACE PRIZE MONEY TO HELP BELGIANS

The Hague, Nov. 2.—It is reported that the managers of the Nobel Institute have decided to give this year's peace prize, about \$40,000, to the Netherlands government to be applied toward the support of Belgian refugees in Holland.

RUSSIA DENIES THE GERMAN ALLEGATIONS OF PERSECUTION OF JEWS

Petrograd, Nov. 2.—German allegations that Jews are being persecuted in Poland are denied. "Unfortunately, in contravention of article 44, of the Hague convention," says a semi-official note, "the enemy's troops operating in Russian territory, are exacting from the Jewish population information concerning our army and means of defence, thus making the population liable to inevitable responsibilities."

INVESTIGATING CHARGES THAT CITY GUARDS HAVE BEEN DRINKING

Commissioner Russell is conducting an inquiry into charges which have been made that some of the guards employed around the city wharves and warehouses at West St. John have been drinking while on duty.

LOST ONLY A SAIL

The report circulated about the city to the effect that the schooner Roger Drury had been lost somewhere on the American coast happily was exaggerated. A telegram to her agents, R. C. Eldin this morning announced that the schooner had been delayed on account of a sail being blown away. She suffered no material damage.