Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR

TWELVE PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING APRIL 5 1902—TWELVE PAGES

ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room 19may02

KITCHENER'S TRIBUTE TO CANADIANS.

"The Canadian Rifles especially distinguished themselves, one party, commanded by Lieutenant Bruce Carruthers, holding its post till every man was killed or wounded."

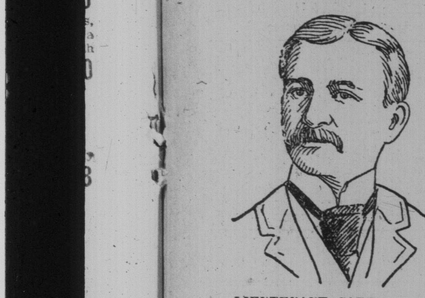
—Extract from Lord Kitchener's official report of British fight with Boers near Kleinhardt's river, March 31.

CANADA'S HONOR VALIANTLY UPHELD CANADIANS FOUGHT TILL THEY FELL

Second Mounted Rifles Especially Distinguished Themselves in an All Day Fight.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BOERS OPPOSED

Whole Company, Headed By Lieut. Carruthers, Held Its Post Till Wiped Out.



LIEUTENANT CARRUTHERS.

London, April 4.—There was severe fighting all day long on March 31 in the neighborhood of Hart's River, in the southwestern extremity of the Transvaal, between part of General Kitchener's force and the forces of Generals Delarey and Kemp, resulting in the repulse of the Boers, after heavy losses on both sides. The Canadian Rifles especially distinguished themselves, one party, commanded by Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, holding its post till every man was killed or wounded.

LORD KITCHENER'S STORY.

Lord Kitchener's official report, dated from Pretoria, yesterday evening, says:

"General Kitchener (Lord Kitchener's brother), sent Colonels Keir and Cookson from Vrickull, Western Transvaal, March 31, to reconnoitre towards Hart's River. They soon struck the track of guns, and carried on a running fight for eight miles, following the track thru the bush. Emerging on a plain, large Boer reinforcements advanced against their flanks, forcing the British troops to take up a defensive position, which they hastily entrenched. Fighting ensued at close quarters until the Boers were repulsed on all sides.

BOERS LOST HEART.

"Delarey, Kemp and other leaders vainly attempted to persuade their men to renew the action. Fifteen hundred Boers participated in the engagement; but they had suffered too heavily, and cleared away to the northwest and south. The British losses were also severe.

"The Canadian Rifles especially distinguished themselves, one party, commanded by Lieut. Bruce Carruthers, holding its post till every man was killed or wounded. Others of the force showed great steadiness, allowing the Boers to advance within two hundred yards of them, and repelling them with a steady rifle fire."

It was in this engagement that nine Canadians were killed and forty wounded, as elsewhere reported.

GOVERNMENT WANTS DETAILS.

Ottawa, April 4.—It is the general impression that the result of the engagement at Kleinhardt's River last Monday, in which the Canadians so distinguished themselves, will be to stimulate enthusiasm for enlistment in the fourth contingent. The incentive is not inopportune either, for if reports are to be at all credited the chiefs of the Militia Department were beginning to be anxious as to the outcome of the appeal, for the reason that the delay in issuing the orders for enlistment led to the supposition that the Imperial authorities were delaying their response to the Canadian offer, in the belief that the result of the negotiations between the Boer leaders would be the early cessation of hostilities.

This, however, does not seem to be a well-founded estimate of the situation. It is two weeks since the Canadian offer went forward to London, but the delay in replying is held in official circles to be due to the leisurely methods of the War Office, rather than to any desire to postpone the raising of another colonial contingent. So soon as the details of the War Office requirements are received the department here will at once issue orders for the enrolment, and under the circumstances there will certainly be a ready response. But it is none the less regrettable that a fortnight has been allowed to slip away without any action being taken, inasmuch as the militia officials believe that in those two weeks at least 500 of the required 2000 men could have been outfitted, mobilized and made ready for embarkation.

Up to midnight, no further details of the casualties at Kleinhardt's River had been received by His Excellency, but the names of the 9 Canadians killed and 40 wounded are expected to be received from the Casualty Department by Saturday evening, in response to the Government's request.

WHERE BOTHA IS.

London, April 5.—From Brussels, a correspondent of The Morning Post wires that Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, has received a despatch from Lorenzo Marquez, saying that the force under General Botha is advancing towards the Natal frontier.

WHAT TORONTO MEN?

Toronto's quota to the third contingent or Second Canadian Mounted Rifles, many of whom are supposed to have participated in the fighting, left this city in two squads, one on Dec. 12 and the other on Dec. 26. The men included the following from this city:

Henry Roland Agassiz.
John W. Anderson.
John Richard Baxter.
John Charles Bond.
Joseph Alexander Brown.
Lever Brooker.
Albert J. Bruce.
Arthur Brunt.
Frank Bushfield.
Charles Arthur Carlisle.
Lorne Clarkson.
John George Cline.
Edward L. D. P. Cook.
Clayton S. Corson.
Thomas B. Day.
Thomas B. Donaghy.
Ernest Eagleson.
Lewis Elliott.
Alexander Ferguson.
Ernest Gurnett.
George J. Harper.
Walker L. Harrison.
John Hartford.
Edwin W. Hodgins.
Maurice B. Howard.
William Kinsley.
Edward Lawyer Knigl...
John W. McArthur.
Roy C. McCall.
Walter Scott McCall.
Archibald McBride.
Edward McCormick.
John A. MacRae.
Duncan Michaud.
John Robert Middleton.
H. Cecil Minett.
Henry D. E. Moody.
Thomas A. G. Moon.
William James Morrison.
George A. Morton.
Henry L. Palmer.
Frederick M. Pellatt.
Lorne James Press.
William Duncan Rodge..
Percy D. Routh.
Frederick H. W. Schuch.
William Spink.
Isaac William Stainsby.
George W. Stephenson.
Charles Soachy.
Benjamin L. Terry.
Robert Ward.
Edward Waudby.
Thomas E. Weller.
Douglas Williamson.
Charles R. Wilkinson
Fred W. Winter.
Ernest Wildey.

TAKES COMMAND JULY 1.

O'Grady-Haly Goes Out June 30 and Lord Dundonald Comes in.

Ottawa, April 4.—Gen. O'Grady-Haly's term will expire on the 30th of June, and Lord Dundonald will take command on July 1. The Dominion government, however, will require to pass an order-in-council before the new general's appointment can said to be complete. Lord Dundonald is said to be a teetotaller and in favor of enforcing temperance principles in the militia.

TREATY IS SATISFACTORY.

Pekin, April 4.—The negotiations concerning the Manchurian treaty between China and Russia have been concluded, and the negotiators are new engaged in framing a text of the agreement in the French language. The terms of the treaty are understood to be satisfactory to the United States, Great Britain and Japan.

Properly erected Iron Fences are permanent. Canada Foundry Co., 14-16 King Street East.

A Satisfied Feeling.

When you have finished a pipeful of Clubb's Dollar Mixture you feel you have enjoyed a delicious smoke. So different from the ordinary package tobaccos commonly used. No nauseating taste—no burnt tongue—but clear enjoment to the last whiff, and the reasonable price should appeal to any smoker: 1-lb. tin, $1; 1-2-lb. tin, 50c; 1-4-lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c, at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 King west. Suppose you take home a supply for to-morrow.

Buy an Iron Fence. No repairs. Canada Foundry Co., Limited. 14-16 King Street East.

Wholesale.

Do not order Crown fruit jars, unless you want best, Toronto made, at the same price as other makes. Do not buy trouble by taking other makes. Do not wait till we get to our new premises, corner Colborne and West Market-streets, to order, as prices are advancing, but see James Wilkins, 134 Howland-avenue, or drop postcard, or telephone North 2374.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $1. 202 and 204 King W.

If Not, Why Not?

Life is uncertain. Have you Accident and Special Sickness Insurance, Elevator Insurance, Employers' Liability? Walter H. Blight, Medical Building. Phone 2770. 139

Clear Havana Cigar La Arrow 10c, for 5c straight. Alive Bollard Yonge St.

Bargain in Central Residence.

$8500 will purchase a pair of elegant 12-roomed residences, corner Pembroke and Wilton-crescent. Will sell separately if desired. Apply to J. L. Troy, 52 Adelaide E.

If you'd have a dozen of Ale in fine condition Tel. Main 13.9. James S. Giles, Church and Carlton.

KILLED COUPLING CARS.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 4.—George F. Armstrong, a brakeman on the Algoma Central Railway, while coupling cars on a work train, was instantly killed by being crushed between cars at the Canadian Soo. His home was in Pembroke, Ont.

Patents—Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Commercial Travelers' Mutual Benefit Association, St. George's Hall, 2 p.m.
Prof. Clark lectures on "Formation of Opinion," Holy Trinity Sunday School, 3 p.m.
Lecture at Varsity, 8 p.m.
Executive Committee of Bruce Old Boys, room 34, Bank of Commerce Building, 2 p.m.
Rev. T. Moran lectures at Association Hall, 8 p.m.
Toronto Typographical Union, election of officers, Old Court House, East Adelaide-street; polls open from 12 to 7 p.m.; Union meets in Richmond Hall 8 p.m.
Open meeting of Bakers and Confectioners, Richmond Hall, 8 p.m.
Princess, "The Strollers," 2 and 8 p.m.
Grand, "Shore Acres," 2 and 8 p.m.
Toronto, "Hearts of the Blue Ridge," 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's, "The Little Minister," 2 and 8 p.m.
Star, "Bohemian Burlesquers," 2 and 8 p.m.
The great Bergeron, Massey Hall, 3 and 8 p.m.

TWELVE BOERS KILLED BY FIVE AUSTRALIANS

Official Statement of the Murdering of Prisoners By the Bushveldt Carbineers.

London, April 4.—The War Office this afternoon issued an official statement of the facts in regard to the Australians sentenced for murdering Boer prisoners as follows:

"The Bushveldt Carbineers, who were recruited in South Africa, but included other colonials, were employed in July and August in the wildest part of the Transvaal, 80 miles northeast of Pietersburg, and took a certain number of prisoners. Grave irregularities on the part of certain officers of the corps came to the knowledge of the military authorities in October, and an exhaustive investigation was ordered by Lord Kitchener. As a result of the enquiry five officers were tried by court-martial at Pietersburg, in January last, and were found guilty as principals or accessories of 12 murders.

"Lieuts. Hancock and Morant were sentenced to death, which was carried out. These officers were also charged with the murder of the Rev. C. Hesse. Altho there was strong suspicion that they committed the murder, the evidence was not considered sufficient to justify their conviction.

"Lieut. Witton was found guilty of murder, and was sentenced to death, but there were mitigating circumstances, and the sentence was commuted to life imprisonment at penal servitude.

"Lieut. Picton was found guilty of manslaughter, and was cashiered.

"Major Lenahan, commanding the Carbineers, who became aware of the crimes subsequent to their committal, was convicted of culpable negligence to report them, and was ordered home to Australia, his dismissal being unnecessary, owing to the disbandment of the corps.

"No doubt exists as to the guilt of the accused, whose plea, in extenuation, that a number of their corps were ill-treated by the Boers, was not sustained by the evidence at the trial. The sentences were such as would have been inflicted on any officers similarly guilty."

FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER.

Officer Told How Gordon Had Confessed His Deed to Him.

Brandon, Man., April 4.—W. Hyndman repeated the confession made by Gordon to him of having killed Smith, and Gordon's father, from Brooklin, Ont., afterwards told of his (the prisoner's) mother, when he was 19 years of age, committing suicide by cutting her throat. He remembered that she acted queerly. He told of his brother George dying in Whitby jail four years ago. He had been insane for some time before. He was in jail but two weeks, awaiting a transfer to the asylum, when he died, having refused to eat. He had had a mania for believing that people were coming away with his money, also thinking that they were trying to poison him. Finally he got violent, and was placed in jail.

Some evidence as to insanity was given, and the jury retired at 1.20. At 3.20 they returned with a verdict of guilty. The prisoner's father is greatly distressed over the verdict.

GRAND TRUNK GUILTY.

Coroner's Jury Finds That Company is Negligent.

Woodstock, April 4.—The jury empanelled here to-day to inquire into the cause of the death of John Warner, the G. T. R. brakesman, whose death occurred yesterday as a result of injuries received from being run over by a train while discharging his duties in the station yards, found that the car from which the deceased fell had a very defective ladder, and that the railway company were guilty of negligence in using such defective cars, thereby endangering the lives of their employes.

If you want to build cheaply and well—we can help you with our line of metal roofing, siding and ceilings. Ask for catalogues and estimates.—The Metal Shingle & Siding Co., Limited, Preston, Ont.

NO FURTHER TITLE.

Sir Wilfrid Will Accept None at Coronation Festivities.

Montreal, Que., April 4.—La Presse, whose chief editor is a personal friend of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, says: "One of the Premier's most intimate friends assures us that the Prime Minster has decided that he will accept no further title during his coming visit to England."

There is a rumor here that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be offered the Governorship of Canada at the expiration of Lord Minto's term of office.

Try the best assorted liquor stores. J. S. Giles, Church and Carlton. Tel. Main 1329. ed-7

ONE THOUSAND PERJURERS.

Winnipeg, April 4.—The vote now stands: For the enforcement of the Liquor Act, 12,814; against enforcement, 19,077; majority against, 6263. Twenty-seven treaty Indians voted at Selkirk twice over for the act. Cases of perjury thruout the Province are estimated at considerably over 1000.

If you'd have fine Port or Sherry try Jas. S. Giles, Carlton and Church.

City Hall Drug Store—Prescriptions.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths Bath and Bed $1. 202 and 204 King. W.

Try the Decanter at Thomas.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

April 4.	At.	From
Lucania	New York	Liverpool
Iberian	London	Boston
Phoenicia	Genoa	New York
Campania	Queenstown	New York

NINE CANADIANS KILLED FORTY OTHERS WOUNDED

Casualty Cablegram of Gallant Stand of Canadian Mounted Rifles Read in the House of Commons.

Members Cheered When the Minister of Militia Paid a Glowing Tribute to Men Who Preferred Death to Surrender.

"PREFER DEATH TO SURRENDER."

Ottawa, April 4.—"They prefer death to surrender," was Hon. Dr. Borden's touching tribute to the gallant Canadians of the Second Mounted Rifles who fell at Kleinhardt's River, in South Africa, in the fierce engagement of Monday last.

It was 6 o'clock, and Mr. Deputy Speaker Macdonald was about to leave the chair, when the Minister of Militia arose in his place in the Commons and read the following cablegram, which, he said, had just been received by His Excellency the Governor-General from the Casualty Department at Cape Town:

"Cape Town, April 4.—Governor, Ottawa:

"Following casualties are reported from Kleinhardt's River, 31st March:

"Second Regiment, Canadian Mounted Rifles: Severely Wounded—Lieut. R. N. Ryan, forearm. Slightly Wounded—Lieut. George Baptiste McKay, in the hand; Lieut. R. F. Markham, in the arm; Lieut. W. P. Loudon, in the shoulder.

"Non-commissioned officers and men—Killed, 9; wounded, 40. Names not yet received.

(Signed), "Casualty."

The Minister of Militia added: "While all this is very sad, indeed, there is this satisfaction to be derived from it—that Canadians are maintaining the reputation that they have already achieved in South Africa, and they prefer death to surrender."

Men drew their breaths hard when the figures were read of the killed and wounded; but as the last words of the Minister's remarks were uttered, the House broke out into a ringing cheer.

LIEUTENANT LOUDON OF C.M.R.,

Toronto Man, Wounded.

MILLIONS IN SCHOLARSHIPS PROMOTING TEUTONIC AMITY

Large Schemes Looking Toward Establishment of Universal Peace Outlined in Bequests Left by Cecil Rhodes to British, German and American Peoples.

London, April 4.—The will of Cecil Rhodes provides for the establishment of colonial scholarships, as previously announced, and two American scholarships to each of the present States and Territories of the United States.

The will of Mr. Rhodes also provides for five scholarships for students of German birth at Oxford, to be nominated by Emperor William, and, commenting on the bequest, Mr. Rhodes, in a codicil telegraphed from South Africa, said:

"For a good understanding between England, Germany and the United States will secure the peace of the world, and educational relations form the strongest tie."

All the Rhodes scholarships, American, Colonial and German, are at Oxford.

Voluminous Document.

Mr. Rhodes' will is a remarkable and voluminous document. It was executed in 1899. There is a codicil attached on the day of the deceased's last departure from England, and another, cabled from Cape Town, leaves £1000 yearly to keep up the spot in the Matoppo Hills, where his body is to be buried. The will further directs that a railroad extension be made into the Matoppo Hills, so that visitors may go there at the week-end to inspect the majesty and glory of their surroundings.

Mr. Rhodes explicitly says he is to be buried in an aperture cut in the solid rock, surmounted by a brass tablet, bearing the words:

"Here lie the remains of Cecil John Rhodes."

No one else is to be buried here who has not deserved well of his country.

Farms for Instruction.

Mr. Rhodes bequeaths all his landed property near Buluwayo and Salisbury (both in Matabeleland) to trustees, whom he directs to cultivate the land for the instruction of the people of Rhodesia. His celebrated country place at Groot Schuur (not far from Cape Town) Mr. Rhodes leaves as a residence for "the Prime Minister of the Federal government of South Africa," with £1000 yearly for its maintenance.

Mr. Rhodes divides the £100,000 bequeathed to Oriel College into several funds, indicating concisely how he wishes them to be applied, and adds this characteristic sentence:

"And, finally, as college authorities live secluded from the world and so are like children as to commercial matters, I would advise them to consult my trustees regarding the investment of these various funds, so far as they would receive great help and assistance from such advice."

American Scholarships.

Regarding the American scholarships, Mr. Rhodes says:

"Whereas I desire to encourage and foster an appreciation of the advantages which I implicitly believe will result from a union of English-speaking peoples thruout the world and to encourage in the students from the United States who will benefit by these scholarships an attachment to the country from which they have sprung; but, without, I hope, withdrawing them or their sympathies from the land of their adoption or birth."

The will provides that the executors may at their discretion delay establishing any territorial scholarships until such time as they may think fit, but it provides also that the territorial scholarships once established shall not lapse upon the admission of the territory to statehood.

Another provision is that no student shall be qualified or disqualified for election to a scholarship on account of race or religious opinion.

Distribute Themselves.

Mr. Rhodes desires that the students

Continued on Page 2.

MEAGRE DETAILS CAUSING ANXIETY DESPATCHES NAME FIVE OFFICERS

LOCAL CAMPAIGN BEGUN BY OPPOSING PARTIES

Conservative Leaders Speak at Port Hope and Liberal Forces at Newmarket.

Port Hope, April 4.—Mr. J. P. Whitney, K. C., and his lieutenant, J. J. Foy, K. C., auspiciously opened their Provincial campaign here to-night, and the electors of East Durham listened to two lucid, terse speeches, brimful of interest and dealing with live political topics. They were both of them splendid expositions of the opposition's policy, and were received with every mark of attention and keen interest that must have been particularly gratifying to the visitors, both of whom met with a warm and cordial welcome. Not only the town, but the countryside, too, sent their quota to the rally, and a large proportion of the audience was composed of Liberals, who were not the least attentive listeners. The meeting was held in the theatre, under the auspices of the Liberal-Conservative Association of the riding, and had for its primary object the furthering of the candidature of Mr. J. J. Preston, whose chances for election are said to be unusually bright. It was a pronounced success from every point of view, and the largest that has been held in East Durham for many a day. The theatre was packed to the doors, and, as one enthusiastic elector said, when leaving, "This looks well for Joe Preston and Mr. Whitney, too."

Mulholland in the Chair.

Mr. R. A. Mulholland of Port Hope, the president of the East Durham Conservative Association, was in the chair, and those on the platform, besides the two visitors, were: H. A. Ward, M.P.; T Dixon Craig, ex-M P; W H Reid, George Spence, Cobourg; J J Preston, the Conservative candidate for East Durham; Fred C Philp, T J O'Neill, A C Beatty, R Grandy, Johnston Beatty, William Beatty, Samuel Purser, James McLean, Fred Armstrong, F. Erwin, Alex Walsh, F Ottram, S O Taylor, J Wright, R B Pringle, Henry S White.

The chairman, in his opening remarks, was a model of brevity. He was more than pleased to have the privilege of presiding at a meeting to be addressed by Mr. Whitney, and his capable lieutenant, Mr. Foy. [Applause.] He was also further pleased to preside at a meeting which marks the opening of the Provincial campaign. The chairman was happy in his reference to J J. Preston, who, the day before, received the unanimous Conservative nomination, under particularly auspicious circumstances.

Candidate Heard.

Without further ado, Mr. Mulholland introduced the candidate, Mr. Preston of Bethany. The meeting warmly greeted him, and he delivered a short, pithy speech that was well received.

"I don't want to be sent to the legislature, simply to say I am a member, but I want to be sent to Toronto and know that I have the full support of this riding, and I am sure I shall have that support," said Mr. Preston, who resumed his seat, amid applause and cries of "You'll get our support, all right."

H. A. Ward, M. P., briefly touched on Provincial questions, alluding particularly to the ballot-box frauds, the perpetration of which, he said, attacked the very liberties of the people. Mr. Ward was confident of the successful return to power of Mr. Whitney, and believed, he said, that, if all the other counties followed the example of East Durham, Mr. Whitney would be the next Premier of the banner Province of the Dominion. [Applause.]

Mr. Foy's Appearance.

J. J. Foy, K.C., Mr. Whitney's lieutenant's first introduction to a Port Hope audience must have been gratifying to him. It was warm in the extreme, and the plaudits of the crowd were only quelled when Secretary W. S. Given of the Conservative Association commenced to read an address of welcome to Mr. Whitney. The address expressed appreciation and confidence in the leadership of Mr. Whitney, and gave to him the assurance that they unhesitatingly pledged their support to him. Applause punctuated the reading of the address.

In commencing, Mr. Foy gained the hearty good will of his hearers, and seemed to meet with their approval when he declared that it was his honest belief that Mr. Whitney would have been returned at the last election, and that if it had not been for the ballot box stuffing frauds, false returns and such like practices, he would have been the guiding spirit of this province and the leader of the government. [Applause.]

Premier Ross' Platform.

Next, Mr. Foy dealt with the platform of the government, as set forth in a pamphlet, entitled "Build Up Ontario and Remember Ross." Some of the planks were unworthy of consideration, some of them had been adopted by the government, simply because they had been compelled to do so by the persistent demands of the opposition, and some of them deserved the strongest condemnation.

There was one plank, said Mr. Foy, advocating the revision, as circumstances may require, of the laws regulating municipal and political institutions and of the improvement of all the laws affecting public morality. The audacity of the government in this connection almost took one's breath away. There was no more important question, as far as municipalities were concerned, than the question of assessment, and yet how had the government dealt with it? Their action on it was still fresh in the minds of the people, and all he would say was he believed they would not forget when the time comes the government's Janus-faced policy. [Applause.]

A Ridiculous Plank.

Another plank that was simply ridiculous, the speaker continued, was the maintenance of the independence of the legislature as the constitutional guardian of the province's rights. "Why," said Mr. Foy, "they might as well say, We will be good." [Laughter.] But what they should do is to go further and say that members of the legislature should not be given positions while they sit in the House or for a certain time after they have ceased to become members. [Applause.]

In his closing remarks, Mr. Foy observed that it was a remarkable thing, but in the voluminous campaign pamphlet there was never a reference to the referendum. What the people would like to know was whether Premier Ross and Mr. Stratton honestly wanted it to carry. It did not seem as if they did. It rather looked as if they were trying to drive two horses at the same time in different directions. [Applause.]

Everybody Shouted.

"Hurrah for Whitney!" cried one enthusiastic elector. "Hurrah for Whitney!" shouted the audience as that gentleman rose to speak, and for several moments there was uproar, while the opposition leader was kept busy bowing acknowledgments to his enthusiastic reception. "I have done what I could," Mr. Whitney modestly said in commencing, "and be it little or be it much, I am willing to leave that for the people's verdict. [Applause.] Proceeding, Mr. Whitney said he appealed to electors of both parties, whether they on principle believed that the Liberals should be in power for 30 years. He hoped to show, he added, why the government had outstayed its welcome and was not deserving of the confidence of the people. It had been said that Whitney had no policy, but on the contrary, said the speaker, there was not a policy enunciated for years and passed by the government that had not been filched or borrowed from the opposition. [Applause.] In his speech some time ago at Whitby, Premier Ross had said he was going to establish a remount station in Ontario, but when he (Mr. Whitney) had asked him what he had done when in England he replied that the answer he received was unsatisfactory. Then Mr. Ross was going to have the British navy use Canadian nickel, but from the day he made that promise to this never a word had been heard about this new adaptation of Ontario's nickel. Mr. Ross had also made lavish promises in connection with the dressed beef industry, but they, too, had gone down into oblivion, or, rather, would have, had not his Minister of Agriculture proclaimed that North Dakota was the place for cattle raising. [Applause.]

Cold Storage Fell Thru.

"There was the cold storage industry, and Mr. Ross had secured the passage of an act empowering municipalities to own them, and, altho aid was voted, only one municipality, as far as he knew, had yet taken advantage of the offer. The elaborate good roads scheme was likewise a failure, and as for the New Ontario policy Mr. Whitney inquired if it was right that the older portions of the province should be neglected and all the government's energies directed to building up New Ontario, to their disadvantage." It was the opposition's policy, he maintained, to build up New Ontario, and that policy had been theirs long before the government had availed itself of it.

In alluding to the volunteer land grants, Mr. Whitney was emphatic in his declarations that they were of no earthly advantage whatever to those entitled to them.

The referendum was referred to by the opposition leader as a contemptible and wretched thing, which had no more to do in the British Constitution than the whip of the slave-driver.

Practised Deception.

Mr. Ross was also accused of deception when he introduced his bill, inasmuch as he had declared that when a

Continued on Page 6.

Monuments.

The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street. Tel. 4249. Terminal Yonge-street car route. 146

An American Beauty.

All the charm of form and fragrance possible to a rose is found in Dunlop's famous American Beauty. These and his other glorious flowers are well worth going to see; 5 West King-street and 445 Yonge-street, Toronto.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

BIRTHS.

McKELLAR—On April 3, at 148 Dunn-avenue, the wife of Mr. Alexander McKellar of the Toronto Carpet Co. of a son.

MARRIAGES.

McKAY—DREW—At Westminster Presbyterian Church, Toronto, on Friday, April 4, by Rev. John Neil, B.A., Alice Adella (Dell) Drew, daughter of the late Mr. Lewis H. Drew, of Oshawa, to T. W. G. McKay, M.D., Oshawa.

MIDDLETON—AGAR—On March 12, at the parsonage, Wolseley, by the Rev. A. J. Tufts, George Middleton to Nellie Agar, late of Victoria Square.

BRENNEN—STOUT—At Toronto, on April 2, by the Rev. James Thompson, B.A., of Ingersoll, at the residence of the bride's father, No. 75 Lowther-avenue, Herbert Scott Brennen, B.A., of the M. Brennen & Sons Manufacturing Company, Hamilton, to Lucy Eunice Stout of Toronto, daughter of Walter Scott Stout, general manager and vice-president Dominion Express Company.

DEATHS.

DEFRIES—At Trinity Lodge, Broadview-avenue, on Friday, April 4, 1902, to Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Defries, a son.

WHYTE—On April 3, 1902, at 477 Ontario-street, the wife of Frank Whyte, of a son.

EMPRINGHAM—At his son's residence, Empringham Hotel, Little York, April 4, William Empringham, sr., in his 88th year.

Funeral Sunday at 2 p.m. to St. Jude's Cemetery, Town Line.

GORDON—At San Francisco, Cal., on Sunday, March 30, Edward Payson Gordon, M.D., son of William Gordon, 26 Southdrive, Toronto, aged 35 years 3 months.

Funeral private, this afternoon (Saturday), at 3.30 o'clock, from his father's residence, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

MACDONALD—On the 5th of April, Helen Mar Macdonald, youngest and beloved daughter of the late John Macdonald, Esq.

Funeral notice later.

MATTHEWS—In memoriam, George Eyre regretted.

Matthews, late 10 Denison-avenue, deeply

SIMPSON—At the residence of her father, 14 Soho-street, on Friday, April 4, 1902, Bertha Florinda, youngest and dearly beloved daughter of William and Margaret Simpson, in her 16th year.

Funeral Saturday at 3.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

Lieut. Carruthers is a Graduate of R. M. C. and Has Seen Service Before.

TORONTO MAN AMONG THE WOUNDED

Lieut. Loudon, Slightly Injured in Shoulder, is a Son of J. S. Loudon of Standard Bank.

Intense as was the interest thruout the city when the news of the spirited action from the seat of war in South Africa was bulletined, and the conspicuous part played by the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles referred to, anxiety was deepened by the paucity of details, and the fact that the gallant little band of Canadians that held their position against the fierce attack of numbers was unnamed, except as to their commander, Lieut. Bruce Carruthers and the other officers, Lieuts. Loudon, Lieut. Ryan, Lieut. McKay and Lieut. Markham.

A knowledge of the indomitable pluck of Lieut. Carruthers by the many who knew him has not tended to lessen the anxiety of the friends and relatives of the members of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles. Thoro soldier he was—but more—a Canadian, who would die in defence of a position before the white flag of surrender would be raised on South African soil by Canadian hands. The reports, however, are meagre, and the Canadian troop, which contributed so bravely to the defeat of two of the most renowned of Boer generals, may not have suffered more than the ordinary casualties of a general engagement.

SHOULD LESSEN ANXIETY.

The fact that not only is Lieut. Carruthers a thoroly trained soldier, but one who has seen service already in South Africa and is familiar with Boer guerilla tactics, should mitigate any anxiety as to an overwhelming disaster having been met with by the troop he commanded. A son of the late Mr. John Carruthers of Kingston, Ont., a wealthy merchant of wide repute, he received his preliminary military training at the Royal Military College, and upon his graduation succeeded in winning one of the commissions offered by the imperial government in the British army. Gazetted to the 21st Hussars, he obtained a practical knowledge of the duties of a cavalry officer at various military stations thruout England and Ireland. Returning to Canada, he became Captain in the Prince of Wales' Own Rifles in Kingston, and, upon the enrolment of the Royal Canadian Regiment at the outset of hostilities in South Africa, resigned his commission, and, eager for active service, enlisted as a private. His worth was immediately recognized by Col. Otter, and he was made a sergeant.

With Lieut. Clyde Caldwell, a fellow-graduate of the Royal Military College, he organized the signalling corps of the regiment, which, particularly at Paardeberg, did such excellent work thruout the campaign. Returning with his regiment to Canada, he read before the Military Association in Kingston, a valuable paper upon "Signalling," which attracted wide attention in military circles thruout Canada from its practical character and the experience of the writer. When the third Canadian contingent, the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, was raised, Lieut. Carruthers was offered, and accepted, a commission on its strength, and was attached to "E" squadron.

ROMANCE IN HIS LIFE.

Tho little has been heard of or from the 2nd Mounted Rifles since their arrival at the seat of war, those who know the soldierly qualities of Lieut. Carruthers on the first contingent know that those qualities which made him an invaluable sergeant were those that would make an officer whose initiative his men would fearlessly follow. Widely known thruout Canada from his military and social connections, his interest in manly sport, at one time being commodore of the Royal Yacht Club, the interest in his safety

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The Hats That Won in Gotham.

There are a good many styles in ladies' spring hats that the ordinary shopper doesn't know of—hasn't seen. They can't be found in the milliner's, but in the latter's—in Dineen's. Dineen has on view some exclusive New York hats, specially selected by their representative in Gotham, being sold to-day by the Fifth-avenue ladies' hatters. They are ultra-stylish, in good taste and finish. Store open until 10 o'clock to-night.

FAIR AND MILDER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, April 4.—(8 p.m.)—The weather to-day has been fine thruout the Dominion, with a little higher temperature than yesterday. Present indications appear favorable for a period of much milder weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 38—59; Calgary, 26—56; Edmonton, 28—58; Prince Albert, 14—44; Qu'Appelle, 22—42; Winnipeg, 26—42; Port Arthur, 20—40; Parry Sound, 22—46; Toronto, 31—43; Ottawa, 26—48; Montreal, 22—42; Quebec, 26—44; Halifax, 34—56.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fair and milder.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and milder.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fair and milder.

Maritime—Easterly winds; weather becoming showery.

Lake Superior and Manitoba—Fair and quite mild.

Pembers Turkish and Russian Baths are the best. 127-129 Yonge.