Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

READ
The Visits of Elizabeth
By ELINOR GLYN.
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TWENTY-SECOND YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 12—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

COMING OF PALMA TROPHY

Will Be a Great Stimulant to Rifle Shooting in Canada and United States.

DOMINION ASSOCIATION TO HOLD IT.

Lee-Enfield Equal to the American Rifle, But Sights Not as Good.

Montreal, Sept. 11.—Major J. K. J. Mason of the 13th Regiment, Hamilton, who commanded the victorious Canadian team at Sea Girt, N.J., has returned here and states that the coming of the centennial Palma trophy to Canada will be a great stimulant to rifle shooting in Canada and in the United States. The latter country will have to send a team to compete in the Dominion. This will mean that the match has to take place in the country protecting the trophy.

Major Mason says it is a mistake to suppose that the Canadians went to Sea Girt under the auspices of the Dominion Rifle Association, but that the visit was prompted by leading riflemen in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. He is of the opinion that the meet next year will take place at Ottawa during the meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association. The trophy will most likely be presented to the Dominion Association, and the latter will institute its defence.

The men who defeated the Irishmen in the special match were: Capt W H Davidson of Quebec, Capt Stuart of British Columbia, Sergt-Major Higgins of the 13th, Hamilton; Col-Sergt Skedden of the 13th, and Pte Flemming of British Columbia.

The major also said: "My opinion is that our rifle, the Lee-Enfield, is fully equal to the American military rifle, but the American sights are superior. The locker side of their rifle has a sliding bar attachment, with an aperture sight.

WANTED TO BE AN ANARCHIST.

Toronto Socialist Tells a Somewhat Peculiar Experience.

A Toronto Socialist was the centre of a little group in a down-town office yesterday afternoon, when the talk drifted to the attempted assassination of President McKinley and the despised class known as Anarchists.

"Do you know," he said, "I was once taken for an Anarchist by a young man who wanted to be my disciple. It happened this way:

"At a meeting of Socialists held right here in this town, I happened to be one of those who were having something to say (Socialists will say things if they can find anybody to say them to), and a young seeker after wisdom happened to be one of my auditors. I don't know what it was I said that attracted the attention of the young man, but at any rate he went home and began to think it over.

"The next day my wife told me that there had been some one at the house to see me. He would not leave his name nor say what he wanted me for, and, being low in funds just at that time, and in bad shape generally in a business way, I concluded that the caller was a bailiff or some one of that description. Next day the fellow called again, and again I was not at home. He made four visits to see me, and finally my wife told him when to come and find me in.

"Sure enough, the young man called the next morning and I was in. He said he had come to learn about Anarchy, and that he knew me to be an Anarchist from something I had said at the Socialist meeting.

"I told him I was not an Anarchist, and knew nothing of the principles of Anarchy. It was painful to watch the effect of my statement on that young man. He was bitterly disappointed and showed it plainly.

"That young man wanted to be an Anarchist; in fact he was an Anarchist at heart, and he expected to find in me one with whom he could pour out his soul. He went way grieved and disappointed.

"Where did he develop his Anarchistic tendencies? Not at our gatherings, for we were the mildest set of men you could imagine."

"Are there any Anarchists in Toronto?" was asked.

"No doubt there are," was his reply.

OPHIR EXPECTED TO-DAY.

North Sydney, C.B., Sept. 11.—L. E. Morin and J. Y. Gordeaux, who have been selected to pilot the Ophir to Quebec, left this afternoon on H.M.S. Indefatigable, which, with the Intrepid and the torpedo destroyer Quail, is to meet the Ophir at an appointed rendezvous between Cape North and the Magdalen Islands. Mr. Morin will pilot the Ophir and Mr. Gordeaux the Niobe. They expect to meet the royal fleet about noon to-morrow.

I.C.R. STRIKE SETTLED.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 11.—The I. C. R. strike was settled to-day, the section foreman, White, to whom the men objected, being sent back to Sussex. The men have resumed work.

Temple Cafe, Temple Building, corner Bay and Richmond Sts., city, acknowledged by all the finest restaurant in the Dominion. No place in Toronto can you secure the same service. Everything in season. Why? We have our own cold storage plant. Our charges are just as cheap as any of our competitors. A pleasure to show you through our dining rooms at all times. Open from 6:30 a.m. until midnight.—T. G. Davey, Manager.

Are You Ruptured?
The Lindman Truss is the only one on the market which can be made to fit any case. You never hear anyone who has worn it complain. Come and see the testimonials from physicians and others, which prove "that the Lindman Truss is the best in the world." Satisfaction guaranteed. Ontario Agency, 89 Carlton-street, Toronto. 246

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed, $1. 202 and 204 King W.

GUELPH'S NEW ARMORY.

Guelph, Sept. 11.—Lieut.-Col. Peters of London has ordered that steps be taken at once to select a site for the proposed central armory in this city.

Perfection smoking mixture, cool and fragrant. Try it.—Alive Bollard.

For women and children, there is nothing more nourishing and healthful than the free use of new milk, with the Saugeen Mineral Water. Add a little sugar before pouring in the Saugeen. They will find great benefit when suffering from a weak stomach. Give it a trial. Cary & Craighton, Southampton.

Delicious Ice Cream Soda and all non-inebriating fancy drinks at Binghams Palm Garden, 100 Yonge St. ed

Pember's Baths and Sleeping Accommodation. 129 Yonge.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths Bath and bed, $1. 202 and 204 King W.

All Quiet at 1.30 a.m.

Buffalo, Sept. 12.—(1.30 a.m.)—Everything is quiet at the Milburn house. The lights are burning very low and no one is stirring.

SIX MOST NOTORIOUS ASSASSINS OF THE LAST FORTY YEARS.

Senate Reading Room
1JAN02
SENATE FO

JOHN WILKES BOOTH — Assassinated President Lincoln.
CHARLES JULES GUITEAU — Killed President Garfield.
LUCHENI — Stabbed Empress Elizabeth of Austria.
PIETRO CÆSARIO — Stabbed President Carnot of France.
GÆTANO BRESCI — Murdered King Humbert of Italy.
LEON CZOLGOSZ — Shot President McKinley.

NOTHING BUT GOOD NEWS TO GIVE OUT
PRESIDENT McKINLEY STILL IMPROVES

Doctors All Say the Distinguished Patient is On the Road to Recovery—Stomach Performs Its Functions and There is No Sign of Inflammation or Other Trouble—Takes Freely of Nourishment and Relishes It—Change of Bed.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The following bulletin was issued by the President's physicians at 9 a.m.:

The President rested comfortably during the night. Decided benefit has followed the dressing of the wound made last night. His stomach tolerates the beef juice well and it is taken with great satisfaction. His condition this morning is excellent. Pulse 116, temperature 100.2.

The following bulletin was issued at 3.30 p.m.:

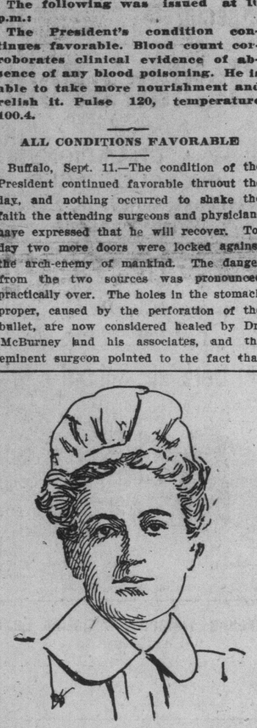
The President continues to gain and the wound is becoming more healthy. The nourishment taken into the stomach is being gradually increased. Pulse 120, temperature 100.2.

The following was issued at 10 p.m.:

The President's condition continues favorable. Blood count corroborates clinical evidence of absence of any blood poisoning. He is able to take more nourishment and relish it. Pulse 120, temperature 100.4.

ALL CONDITIONS FAVORABLE

Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The condition of the President continued favorable thruout the day, and nothing occurred to shake the faith the attending surgeons and physicians have expressed that he will recover. To-day two more doors were locked against the arch-enemy of mankind. The danger from the two sources was pronounced practically over. The holes in the stomach proper, caused by the perforation of the bullet, are now considered healed by Dr. McBurney and his associates, and the eminent surgeon pointed to the fact that



MISS MAUD MOHAN.
The Brockville, Ont., Girl Who Nurses President McKinley.

the beef juice, fed to the patient last night thru the mouth, was readily digested, as proof of this. Sufficient time has also elapsed to warrant the doctors in asserting that the danger of inflammation where the bullet lodged has disappeared. It is believed that the ball has now become encysted in the muscles of the back, and unless its location should prove troublesome later on there will never be any necessity for removing it. Dr. Mann, in speaking in regard to this to-day, said he knew a man who lived for years with a bullet in the muscles in his head.

Dressing the New Wound.

The attention of the physicians is now, therefore, mainly directed to the care and treatment of the wound caused by the incision made in the abdomen above the navel, when the operation was performed. This is progressing satisfactorily. "Decided benefit followed the dressing of the wound last night," is the way the doctors put it officially. The slight scare which followed the announcement at midnight last night of the opening of the wound did not have a leg to stand on to-day, when fuller details of its significance, character and importance were obtained. "The incident," it is termed, would not have been mentioned in the history of an ordinary hospital case, and the physicians last night debated for some time upon the propriety of making it public. As they had promised to take the public into their confidence they finally concluded that the redemption of that pledge compelled them to announce it. Their frankness has already had one excellent effect. It has convinced all who may still have harbored doubts as to whether the public was getting the whole truth from the sick room that their skepticism was unfounded. The country generally will probably also take this view.

Another milestone passed on the road to recovery was the discontinuance to-day by the doctors of the figures showing respiration variations in their official bulletins.

Breathing is Now Normal.

The President now breathes deeply and normally, and the addition of the respiration record to the bulletin was considered valueless. The President's pulse was slightly accelerated in the afternoon, but the change was not deemed material, and his temperature remained practically stationary at 100.2 from daylight until dark.

The evidence of improvement was the President's keen relish of the beef juice given him during the night, and the increase in his allowance from 1 to 3 teaspoonfuls, and the fact that the wound is becoming "more healthy." These two words of the afternoon's bulletin furnished the only vague note in the official record for the day. But even the possibility that there was anything serious behind this disturbing hint faded away when Dr. McBurney subsequently explained that the slight irritation of the wound still remaining should pass away within the next 24 hours.

Getting Lonesome.

The President continues in excellent spirits, but he confessed to one of the attendants to-day that he was getting lonesome. He requested that he be placed in another bed. A depression had formed in the mattress in which he has lain since he was taken to the Milburn house, and had caused some discomfort. Another bed was provided, and he was carefully moved to it without difficulty. He has asked several times if there was any news which he should know, but inquiries, especially about public matters, are discouraged, and the rigid inhibition against the admission of anyone except his wife and faithful secretary has not been relaxed. It is now virtually decided that no attempt will be made to remove the President to Washington until he has completely recovered, and in a general way it can be said that there is no likelihood that this will be until October. The physicians are all agreed that no attempt should be made to take the President to Washington while the probability of an oppressive hot spell in the Capital City remained.

Mrs. McKinley still displays the same brave fortitude she has shown since the tragedy occurred. She went out for a drive again to-day, and appeared bright and cheerful.

Cabinet Conferred.

The five members of the Cabinet who are here talked over pending public questions for over an hour to-day at the Glenny House, adjoining the Milburn residence, but it is understood that no action resulted.

The South American situation was gone over, and there was no exchange of opinion regarding the legal phases of the case against the would-be assassin.

No Conflict of Authority.

It can be stated again in the most positive manner that there is no conflict of authority between the State and Federal authorities for the possession of the prisoner. The members of the Cabinet, Attorney-General Knox and Secretary Gage, as well as those who are here, are unanimously of the opinion that Czolgosz's offence is against the State of New York and Erie County, and that there is no Federal statute to cover the case. District-Attorney Penney consulted Secretary Root to-day as to procedure. He did not seek Mr. Root's opinion as Secretary of War, but as one of the ablest lawyers in New York State. It is understood that the local authorities are only awaiting the result of the shot to formulate their charge against the assailant of the President.

After the afternoon bulletin Secretary Hay announced that he felt warranted in leaving for Washington, and he left to-night for the Capitol.

NOTHING BUT GOOD NEWS.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 11.—At the conclusion of the night conference of the physicians, the doctors gave another extremely gratifying report of their patient's progress. The physicians did not begin to leave the Milburn residence until shortly before 11 o'clock. The reports which they had to communicate could hardly have been more gratifying than they were. Dr. Wasdin and Dr. Mynter came out together. The latter was hemmed in on all sides by the eager newspapermen.

"Good news, good news," he cried, "nothing but good news. We have washed and fed the patient and moved him to another bed."

"Is he still improving?"

"He is, and to prove it, I desire to say that a count of his blood shows that it is in a normal condition, and we feel that we can announce definitely that there is not the least indication of blood poisoning."

Testing the Blood.

He referred the reporters to Dr. Wasdin of the Marine Hospital service, who was standing at his side, for a scientific interpretation. The latter explained that a count of the blood was a microscopic determination of the relative number of white and red corpuscles in the blood, to determine whether inflammation of any sort existed. An increase of white corpuscles, relatively speaking, would show inflammation and deterioration of the blood that might indicate peritonitis or blood poisoning.

He said that this morning a few drops of blood were taken from the lobe of the ear and microscopically tested under his direction. "We found," said he, "that the number of white corpuscles was just about normal, while the red cells were slightly below normal, due to insufficient nutrition since the operation.

To Remove Doubt.

"The count was not made," continued Dr. Wasdin, "to verify the fact that blood poisoning did not exist, of which he felt certain, but to remove every shade of doubt. The result is that we feel safe in announcing that not a trace of blood poisoning, peritonitis or inflammation exists. The test could not have been more satisfactory."

THE PROGRESS DURING THE DAY.

Most Unmistakable Evidences of Improvement and Recovery.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—President McKinley continues to show the most unmistakable evidences of improvement and recovery, and the uneasiness caused by the news last night of the dressing of the abdominal wound has given way to more pronounced confidence than has existed at any time since the shooting. The incident of last night never had any significance to the doctors, and such as it had given rise to in the lay mind was quickly dispelled when the physicians arrived this morning. Their 9 o'clock bulletin pronounced the President in excellent condition, and made known that he had slept well and had experienced decided benefits from the dressing of the outer wound.

But the doctors did not confine themselves to the brief official bulletin. They were ready to discuss the case frankly and fully. This gave a body of authoritative information on the circumstantial details of the President's condition, all showing a most highly satisfactory condition. Mrs. McKinley was allowed to see the President after the morning visit of the doctors.

Dr. McBurney Was Surprised.

Dr. McBurney expressed surprise when informed that alarmist stories had followed the issuance of last night's bulletin. "I think the bulletin was perfectly frank," said he to an Associated Press representative. "We all united in the assurance that no complications could follow."

Dr. McBurney then explained the character of the irritation which had made the re-opening of the incision necessary. "It was caused," said he, "just as we stated, by the fact that a piece of the President's coat was carried into the body by the bullet—not far, not over an inch. The bullet then slipped on thru the fat. The fragment of the coat was, of course, removed when the operation was performed, but every surgeon understands that, even tho every foreign particle is removed, tissues exposed to contamination are apt to show irritation.

"That was so in this case. When the stitches were taken out, the wound opened of itself. It was not sewn up again; it will close by granulation."

No Suggestion of Pus.

"Was any pus found?"

"No, not a suggestion of pus. A thin fluid exuded as a result of the inflammation, as was to be expected."

Dr. McBurney said he had not decided just when he would return home. "If I remain over to-night," said he, "it will be because of my intense interest in the case."

Dr. McBurney said that the interior wounds had healed. That, he said, had been proved by the manner in which he had digested the beef juice given to him last night. He said the President had relished the nourishment, and to-morrow would be given white of egg, and, perhaps, something else.

What Dr. Mann Said.

Dr. Mann, who performed the original operation last Friday, concurred in the expression of confidence which the other doctors had given.

"What was done last night," said Dr. Mann, "was merely the usual dressing of the incision of the abdomen requisite to keep it in proper condition. The incision is about five inches in length, just above the navel, horizontal, and in line with the body. There is no cross incision. This cut was laid open carefully, and some antiseptic gauze inserted. The results were entirely satisfactory, and the President's condition this morning showed the benefit of what was done. He is cheerful and confident. As to just when he can be moved, that is not being considered, for the reason that he is much better off here—at least until October—than he would be, in Washington. There the weather is intolerable in September, but here it is cool and bracing, which will count much in the stages of convalescence.

"There is no need of extracting the bullet. I have known a man who carried a bullet in the muscles of his heart. In this case the bullet is encysted by this time, and it is not a feature of the case to give further concern.

Wound Decidedly Better.

Dr. McBurney remained at the house for some time after the consultation. When he came out, he said:

"The abdominal wound is decidedly improved. The irritation has largely disappeared, and it will all be gone in 24 hours.

Continued on Page 2.

DATES OF MILITIA INSPECTIONS.

Ottawa, Spt. 11.—The chief engineer of the Militia Department will make his annual inspection at Toronto on Oct. 19; London, Oct. 22, and Kingston, Oct. 28.

Go to James Harris, manufacturing furrier. First-class work at moderate prices. Refitting a specialty. 71 King West, first flat. ed

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Executive Committee Canadian Manufacturers' Association 2 p.m.
Ordination Council, Western Baptist Church.
International Association of Ticket Agents, Pavilion, all day.
Public meeting, Euclid-avenue Hall, re Bathurst-street School, 8 p.m.
Trades and Labor Council, Richmond Hall, 8 p.m.
Royal Grenadiers parade Armouries 8 p.m.
Grand Opera House, "Quo Vadis," 8 p.m.
Toronto Opera House, "Limited Mail," 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's Theatre, vaudeville, 3 and 8 p.m.
Munro Park, vaudeville, 3 and 8 p.m.
Baseball, Diamond Park, Toronto v. Rochester, 4 p.m.

EMMA GOLDMAN, QUEEN OF ANARCHISTS, HAS A GLOOMY PROSPECT BEFORE HER

Network of Evidence Being Woven About Her Which Seems Likely to Connect Her With the Attempt on the President's Life—Nests of the Anarchists in Various Cities Unearthed by Detectives —Miss Isaak Tells of Emma's Visit to Chicago.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 11.—The police have taken the preliminary steps necessary to secure the extradition of Emma Goldman, the Anarchist leader, under arrest at Chicago for alleged complicity in the plot to kill President McKinley, and it is understood an application for her will go forward to the Illinois authorities just as quickly as the formalities can be complied with. Other than signifying their intention the police keep silent as to the course they plan to follow, and the exact nature of the charge to be made against the Goldman woman has not yet been disclosed. There is no doubt as to the manner in which it will be made. Superintendent of Police Bull takes the ground that an indictment is not necessary to secure the Chicago prisoner, and altho there is a grand jury in session here now it may not be asked to indict the woman. It is generally believed that Emma Goldman is to be tried under the laws of this State for conspiracy, but it is admitted that much depends upon the nature of the showing that can be made against her in court.

Doubt is expressed that the police have so far been able to secure any satisfactory evidence connecting her with the crime committed by Czolgosz, and the ability of the police to secure a conviction upon the information they now have is seriously questioned in some quarters. The police continue to withhold all information about their work, but say that they will not proceed against Emma Goldman unless they

Superintendent Bull and District Attorney Penney held a number of consultations on the case to-day and the district attorney also called upon Secretary Root and discussed the legal features of it. The latter conference was not an official one, but was sought by the district attorney, who wanted some opinions from the secretary as a lawyer. Both were seen after their meeting, but they declined to say what particular propositions had been considered. The local authorities feel certain that Emma Goldman will put up a fight for liberation at Chicago on habeas corpus proceedings, but they feel quite confident that a showing sufficient to hold her can be made. The admission of Czolgosz and the Goldman woman relative to their meetings at Chicago with Abraham Isaak, their connection with Anarchistic circles and the confession of Czolgosz to the inspiration drawn by him from the teachings and speeches of the woman are deemed sufficient to satisfy the courts on that point.

Can't Hold Her After Friday.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—The Chicago police to-night have sent urgent messages to the authorities at Buffalo, asking them to take action, which will enable the police here to hold the Anarchists now in custody. Demand after demand has been made that either proof or complicity in the attempted assassination of the President, or requisition papers be forwarded. The Chicago police say that they will not be able to hold the Anarchists after Friday morning unless the Buffalo authorities take some steps in the matter.

BLUE OUTLOOK FOR EMMA.

Will Have to Languish in Jail for Some Time to Come.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The Department of Justice has not decided upon any steps to secure possession of Emma Goldman for the purpose of taking action against her in the Federal courts. She was arrested by the Chicago police on the request of the Buffalo authorities, and it is supposed by the Department of Justice that she will be taken to New York State. The belief is that the government of Illinois will honor any requisition the Governor of New York may make for the prisoner. There is no reason for the Federal authorities to desire possession of Miss Goldman now. They have plenty of time while she languishes in the hands of State authorities to discuss their plans and to act later if they see fit. The Secret Service authorities state that she was not arrested at their request, and that they have no idea of proceeding against her, unless directed by the Department of Justice to do so, or unless they secure testimony showing that she was involved in the shooting of the President.

Chief Wilkie said to-day that so far he has not secured any evidence tending to show that the Anarchist bodies at Paterson, N.J., had anything to do with the shooting of the President.

Chief Wilkie denied in most positive terms the report that his office had received warning that the President's life would be attempted at Buffalo. "Usually we get a large number of letters from cranks every time the President goes to a place," said Chief Wilkie, "but we did not get even any crank letters just before the President went to Buffalo. We investigate practically all the warnings and intimations that come here, no matter how convinced we may be that they are from irresponsible persons, and we would have made an investigation this time had anything been received."

Miss Isaak's Confession.

Of the important developments yesterday following the arrest of Emma Goldman, was the statement, purporting to be a confession, secured by the authorities from Miss Marie Isaak, the pretty 16-year-old daughter of Abraham Isaak, who is the head and front of the Free Society. A definite statement regarding this confession was brought to Buffalo thru the medium of The Chicago Arbeiter-Zeitung, which, in its issue of Monday, scathingly commented upon the conduct of the officers of the law in gathering in all available members of the Free Society and the staff of the journal of that name.

Connecting Links.

The statement of Miss Isaak is to the effect that, early in July, Emma Goldman visited the Free Society in Chicago, making her dwelling while there with the Isaak family. That on or about July 13 Czolgosz called at the Isaak house and talked with Emma Goldman and deponent's father. The interview was renewed the following day between the three principals. The next day the deponent, Marie Isaak, accompanied by Emma Goldman, started for Buffalo. According to the statement, Marie and Emma were merely bound hither to see the Pan-American Exposition. Miss Isaak says they spent a day or two at the Exposition, but refuses to give the address of the house at which they lodged. After visiting the Exposition, Miss Isaak states that Emma Goldman went to Rochester and stayed at the house of her sister, Mrs. H. Hochstein, not at the home of her mother, as was stated in yesterday afternoon's dispatches. After remaining in Rochester awhile, Emma Goldman went to Pittsburg, Pa., where she remained five days. As Allegheny is but across the river from Pittsburg, it is presumed that the Goldman woman passed her time there with Carl Nold, who was taken into custody on Monday. From Pittsburg, Emma Goldman went to Cincinnati, thence to St. Louis, thence to Chicago. Incidentally, the Arbeiter-Zeitung of Monday states that Marie Isaak declared that herself and Emma Goldman were in the Temple of Music, and viewed the very spot where, some days later, the President was shot. This statement the paper ridicules as being the invention of the officers who talked with her. Miss Isaak closes her statement by saying that her father was confident that Czolgosz was either a spy or a detective, tho she admitted that when she and Emma Goldman started for Buffalo Czolgosz walked to the station with them.

Commenting on this confession, The Arbeiter-Zeitung admits that if the prosecution can establish what is purported to be contained in the girl's statement, it will go hard with the entire Free Society. This comment is made in the following words:

"Should that confession of Marie Isaak be found correct; should Czolgosz have been here in the beginning of July, and Emma Goldman, as well as other Anarchists, met, in fact, in the house of Isaak, then things will be uncomfortable for the local Anarchists."

Confirmatory Evidence.

It will be seen that this trip about the country gave Emma Goldman an opportunity to visit all the leading groups of Anarchists in the United States, Paterson and Chicago being the two main points. Since a deposition has been taken from Miss Marie Isaak, it is stated that five of the Anarchists now under arrest in Chicago have made statements to the effect that they saw Czolgosz while he was in Chicago consulting with Emma Goldman and Abraham Isaak. This renders the case against the Free Society so complete that it is likely that on or before Sept. 10 Gov. Odell will be asked to requisition the prisoners from the Governor of Illinois. The procedure is simple. The prisoners may fight extradition from the Commonwealth of Illinois, but as such a contest would be bootless it is likely that no such opposition to interstate extradition will be made. At least, the local authorities do not apprehend any such opposition, and it is expected that, on or before Sept. 20, all the prisoners now under arrest for complicity in the plot will be in Buffalo, together with others who are not yet arrested.

Chain is Complete Now.

It is now known that while Emma Goldman was in Buffalo in July and August, she became known to John Nowack, the proprietor of the hotel at which Czolgosz stopped, at No. 1078 Broadway. This makes the chain complete, as far as associations go, for it can now be proved that Czolgosz, Isaak and Emma Goldman were together in Chicago during the second week in July and during the third week in August; that Czolgosz and Emma Goldman were together in Buffalo during the latter part of July; that both were known at the John Nowack Hotel, at No. 1078 Broadway, where, it is believed, they stopped during their first visit to Buffalo in connection with the conspiracy. The fact that John Nowack of Broadway, Buffalo, went to Chicago to assist at the identification of Emma Goldman, and also assisted at the identification of Czolgosz, shows the perfect sequence of the proof in the possession of the authorities.

Anarchist Literature Seized.

The inflammatory Anarchical propaganda circulated by Isaak is also in possession of the police, and will tend, on the trial, to show the evil design of the defendants concerned in the conspiracy.

SKETCH OF EMMA GOLDMAN.

A Firebrand of the Dangerous Type —Rather Go to Hell Than Heaven.

Emma Goldman first came into prominence in New York during the bread riots of the spring and summer of 1893, growing out of the cloakmakers' strike.

Since then she has been the most reckless of all the incendiary speechmakers in the ranks of the Anarchists in this country. The character of the woman and her doctrines are best shown by her speeches. In these she has repeatedly said:

"I do not believe in God."

"When I die I would rather go to hell than to Heaven. All tyrants go to Heaven."

"I am against all laws."

"The marriage relation is a sham."

When the Anarchist Michael Angelo Golli assassinated Prime Minister Canovas of Spain, New York Anarchists held a meeting in Clarendon Hall, Aug. 16, 1899, to applaud the murder, and Emma Goldman was the chief speaker. In part, she said:

"President McKinley and Mark Hanna are shedding crocodile tears over the killing of Canovas del Castillo. In their own hearts they are saying, 'Perhaps I shall be the next.'"

"I do not advise anybody to kill, but whether I advise it or you advise it, fortunately, it makes no difference. Heroes like Golli do not ask permission of me or of anybody else to do their duty as they see it. So long as tyrants oppress mankind Gollis will be found to execute them.

Gloried in the Murder.

"I glory in the death of Canovas. I glorify the killing of Canovas by the hero Golli because it removes an obstacle from the path of progress."

Emma Goldman spent ten months in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island for a speech she made in Union-square on Aug. 21, 1893, during the bread riots. She was convicted of inciting to riot. The part of her speech which led to her conviction was as follows:

"You want bread. No one will give it to you. If you do not get it on your own demand, take it by force. Prepare yourselves. The capitalists have prepared themselves with the police, who are armed with pistols and clubs. You can defend yourself with sticks and stones if attacked. If you take bread alone it will not help you much. Take everything.

"March to the palaces of the capitalists and demand your rights, and if they are not given to you take them by force. You will be attacked by the militia and the police. You must be prepared to defend yourselves.

"The law will not fill your empty stomachs. The laws were made for the rich and not for the poor."

Loved a Murderer.

It was her lover, Henry Berkman, who shot Henry C. Frick of the Carnegie mills. After her fashion of marriage she had been his wife and publicly gloried in Berkman's act, which she inspired. The woman's strange power has made her the high priestess of the most rabid and fanatical of the Anarchists.

On the east side she is known as the "Little Firebrand." Her views are extreme and revolutionary even for the average run of Anarchists. Beside her Herr Most is almost conservative. Between Emma Goldman and Most there has been a long feud. It is said that at one time they were married. She attempted to cowhide him at an Anarchist meeting on the east side upon one occasion.

Not of Attractive Appearance.

Emma Goldman is 33 years old, short, pudgy of figure, hard featured and frowsy in appearance. Her voice is shrill and unpleasant. Her hair is light brown and her eyes bluish gray. Her chin shows determination.

She is a remarkably fluent talker, and never fails to excite her Anarchist hearers to a high pitch. She speaks Russian, German, English and French and writes Spanish and Italian. She was born in Russia, but educated in Germany. She was married when she was 17, and, according to report, had had several husbands since. She married a tailor in this city several years ago, but quit him. She is said to have lived with Charles Timmerman, a New York Anarchist, who was sent to prison for six months for inciting riot.

When she is here the Goldman woman makes her home on the east side. She spends much of her time in back rooms of saloons where Anarchists gather. A crowd of admirers constantly surrounds her. She hates women, and her life has been passed mostly among men. Her features are almost masculine. She formerly worked in the sweat-shop, and is said to have been a trained nurse. Of late her time has been principally spent in Cleveland, St. Louis, Chicago, at all of which places are groups of Anarchists. Her parents live near Rochester. They are not Anarchists, but sympathize with the work.

A Tumultuous Career.

Emma Goldman's career since her return from Europe in December last has been tumultuous. Anarchists from various countries had arranged to hold an International Anarchist congress at Paris, but the Parisian authorities discovered their secret meeting place and compelled them to disband. Emma told of this in forcible language at a meeting in Everett Hall, in East Fourth-street, at which Police Captain Thompson was present.

Thompson told her before she spoke that if her remarks were incendiary he would turn out the lights. Several times during the evening there was great danger of the lights being turned out, as the woman's language was violent to an extreme. She openly praised the assassination of King Humbert, and wished that there were more such heroes as Bresci.

During January the woman spoke twice at a meeting place in Third-avenue, near Eighty-Third-street. Her last appearance was on March 9, when she spoke at the Manhattan Liberal Club, at No. 220 East Fifteenth-street. She justified free love, and so disgusted many of her audience that she was hissed. In April she went on a lecturing tour thru the West.

METHUEN'S DOUBLE VICTORY.

Defeated Boers in Two Fights Within a Week and Scattered Them.

London, Sept. 11.—Lord Kitchener reports to the War Office from Pretoria as follows:

Methuen engaged Vautonder and Delarey in Great Maries Valley, Sept. 6 and Sept. 8, driving them from a strong position Sept. 8. The Boers left six dead Sept. 6 and 12 on Sept. 8. Forty-one prisoners were captured.

Patents — Fetherstonhaugh & Co., King-street West, Toronto, also Montreal, Ottawa and Washington. ed

SERIOUS BUSH FIRES.

White River, Sept. 11.—Bush fires have been raging in this vicinity lately, and on several occasions the fate of this village has been in jeopardy.

Gibbons' Toothache Gum, sold by all druggists or sent on receipt of 10c. J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto.

The Quinn Waist, in flannel, exclusive designs, finest quality. Ready-to-wear and made to measure. Up-to-the-minute style. 93 Yonge-street.

Monuments.

The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street Tel. 4249. Terminal Yonge-street car route 149

BIRTHS.

BAXTER—At 27½ Coxwell-avenue, to Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Baxter, a daughter.

DEATHS.

DENNE—Frederick Denne, accidentally killed, at Princeton, on G.T.R., on 10th inst., in the 38th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, at East Toronto Village, on Thursday, 12th inst., at 2.30 p.m., to Norway Cemetery.

WINTERBOTTOM—At 12 Nassau-street, Toronto, on Sept. 10th, Mrs. Rose Winterbottom, aged 61 years.

Funeral private.

Visitors to Toronto will not see the city without they visit the Temple Building, the finest Cafe in America. Everything in season.

PLOT TO KILL CHAMBERLAIN

Story Came Out in Trial of a Frenchman For Murder of a Socialist.

WAS GUARANTEED A FORTUNE,

But He Declined to "Remove" the Statesman and a Deadly Encounter Ensued.

London, Sept. 11.—Martial Faugeron, a Frenchman, who was charged to-day at Clerkenwell Police Court with the murder of Herman Jung, an old jeweler of Clerkenwell, about ten days ago, told a remarkable story of a plot to kill Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary.

Faugeron said he had been the recipient of small loans from Jung. The day of the murder Jung summoned him to his shop, where they discussed the misery caused by the South African war, which Jung declared Mr. Chamberlain was responsible for, and told Faugeron that if he could kill Mr. Chamberlain he, Jung, thru intermediaries, would guarantee him a fortune, tendering him a ten-pound note to buy good clothes to enable him to approach his victim. Faugeron says when he refused Jung declared he should not leave his shop alive, and that the latter picked up a heavy iron, rushed at Faugeron, and felled him to the ground. Faugeron thereupon drew a knife and stabbed his assailant in the neck.

The prisoner, who signed the foregoing statement, was committed for trial.

Jung was a noted Socialist, the last survivor of a group of which Carl Marx was the leader. They formed the Red International in London in 1884. In spite of Jung's reputation of earlier years of being a violent and desperate Red, personally he was a quiet and skilful organizer, and was never specially connected with any of the acts of violence in which his reputed disciples were involved.

READY FOR THE DUKE.

Train On Which He Will Travel Given a Trial Run.

The train which will convey the ducal party across the continent was given a trial run yesterday. It was in charge of Conductor Lucy. It left Montreal in the morning and came as far west as Peterboro on the C.P.R.

The train consisted of eight cars, including the Duke's car, which was ordered in the States by the Canadian government. As the train sped on its way yesterday workmen were busy getting the fixtures in shape. A telephone service was being installed by a force of Bell Company men. Altho it ran smoothly, it will be given a number of trials before it is ready for the royal party.

MR. DUNCAN'S CONDITION SERIOUS.

Mr. Henry Duncan, Reeve of York Township, who is seriously ill as the result of a kick from his horse, received on Monday, was a little easier last night. Dr. Phillips, brother-in-law of Mr. Duncan, and former Medical Officer of Winnipeg, was in consultation yesterday with Dr. S. R. Richardson, the attending physician, and there are grave fears of internal injury. The real crisis will be to-day.

BIG JEWEL ROBBERY.

London, Sept. 11.—The Marquis of Anglesey was robbed last night of jewels valued at £30,000, which were taken from a room at Walsingham House while he was at the theatre. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of a Frenchman named Gault on suspicion of being the thief. Gault, who disappeared to-day, had been in the service of the Marquis of Anglesey only three weeks.

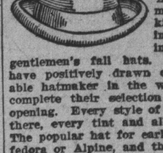
KILLED AT PORT BURWELL.

Port Burwell, Sept. 11.—John Ball, whose home is at King Lake, was killed on the harbor works yesterday morning by being struck on the head by a block of stone. He was standing on the deck of a scow, when one of the workmen, thinking that all was clear below, let the block drop. Mr. Ball's skull was fractured.

DRAGOONS AT OTTAWA.

Quebec, Sept. 11.—Twenty-four non-commissioned officers and men of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, Toronto, arrived here this morning, and will, while here, look after the horses provided for the use of the royal party.

The Third Day.



It is the third day of the biggest fall hat opening Toronto ever knew. And it has made the smallest kind of a puncture in the Dineen Co.'s immense stock of gentlemen's fall hats. That company have positively drawn on every reputable hatmaker in the world, in order to complete their selection for this great opening. Every style of hat can be found there, every tint and all weights of felt. The popular hat for early fall is the grey fedora or Alpine, and there are any number in the Dineen Co.'s showrooms—starting at $1.95, English or American fashions. Call to-day and satisfy yourself.

UNSETTLED AND SHOWERY.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Sept. 11.—(8 p.m.)—Local showers have occurred to-day in Manitoba and the St. Lawrence Valley and rain is falling to-night over the western portion of the Maritime Provinces. Another rain area is approaching the lake region, indicating generally unsettled conditions, except in Manitoba and the Territories.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46—62; Calgary, 40—56; Qu'Appelle, 34—70; Winnipeg, 54—70; Port Arthur, 56—66; Parry Sound, 54—74; Toronto, 62—72; Ottawa, 54—64; Montreal, 50—68; Quebec, 48—68; Halifax, 48—72.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fresh to strong southeasterly to southwesterly winds; unsettled and showery; local thunderstorms.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair to cloudy, becoming showery at night.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate winds; mostly fair, but some scattered showers likely; not much change in temperature.

Maritime, West and East—Moderate winds; unsettled with showers.

Lake Superior—Fresh to strong winds; rain.

Manitoba—Fair and moderately warm.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered