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WHOLESALE ONLY.
GRAIN AND SEEDS.

WHOLESALE FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

The high price of potatoes was accounted for at the Yonge street fruit market yesterday by the statement that southern potatoes were practically exhausted, and that the Ontario crop is practically a failure. Under these circumstances, $8.50 and $9 are not surprising figures for a barrel of the popular tuber.

White & Co. had a car of peaches at $5 a crate; a car of bushel apples at from $4 to $4.50; potatoes at from $7 to $8.50 per bbl.; cabbage at $3.50 a case; red currants at $1.50 to $1.75 per basket; black currants at $2.50 to $3 a basket; blueberries at $2.50 per 11-quart, $1.25 per six-quart; apples at 50c to 65c a basket; lemons at $6.50 a case; oranges at $6.00 a case; cherries at $1.50 to $1.65 a basket; cucumbers at 30c to 40c a basket; eggplant at $1.75 to $2; blueberries at $2.50 to $3; thimbleberries at 25c to 28c a box; tomatoes at 60c to $1 per basket; celery at 45c to 50c; corn at 20c to 30c a dozen; green peppers at 65c to 75c a basket.

The Longo Fruit Co. had oranges at $5 to $6 a case; lemons at $6.50 per case; pears at $4 to $4.50 a box; plums at $2.75; California peaches at $2 a basket; tomatoes at $1 per basket; melons at 75c each.

The Ontario Produce Co. had oranges at $7.50 per 100 lbs.; Red Fox brand oranges at $6.25 a case; Jim Dandy brand at $6; a car of Bartlett pears at $4.50 a box; a car of No. 2 potatoes at $5.50 per bbl.; lawton berries at 23c to 25c a box; red raspberries at 30c a box.

Stronach & Sons had thimbleberries, selling at 25c to 27c a box; raspberries at 28c to 32c a box; apples at 50c to 75c per 11-quart, and 40c to 65c per six-quart basket; cantaloupes, 20's at $1 to $1.25, and 11's at 50c to 75c; black currants at $1.40 to $1.60 per six-quart and $2.75 to $3.25 per 11-quart; cherries at 65c to 75c per six-quart, and $1.40 to $1.65 per 11-quart; red currants at 18c to 20c a box; and $1.50 to $2.25 a basket; pears, $4.50 a box; California peaches, $2 to $2.25; plums at $2.40 to $3.50; lettuce, $1 to $1.25 a case; cucumbers at 34c to 40c a basket; carrots, 30c to 35c a dozen; tomatoes at $1 to $1.25 a basket; beans at 30c to 40c; marrows at $1 to $1.25 a case.

Peters-Duncan had black currants at $1.50 per six-quart and $2.75 per 11-qt.; tomatoes at 90c to $1 a basket; cherries at $1.40 to $1.65 a basket; apples at 40c to 75c a basket; cucumbers at 30c to 40c; plums at $1 to $1.25 per 11-quart, and 65c to 80c per six-quart; a car of hamper apples, the red variety, selling at from $4 to $4.50 a hamper.

H. J. Ash had tomatoes, selling at $1.15 to $1.25; plums at $1.50 per 11-quart, and 75c to 85c per six-quart; cucumbers at 40c to 50c per 11-quart basket; black currants at $1.50 per six-quart and $2.75 per 11-quart; plums at $4.25 to $5 a case; cantaloupes at $2.25 to $2.50; watermelons at 65c to 85c each; potatoes, No. 1 at $9, No. 2 at $7 per bbl.; California plums at $3 to $3.50 a flat box; corn at 25c to 35c a dozen.

Manser-Webb had raspberries at 27c to 32c a box; lawton berries at 22c to 25c a box; black currants at $1.50 per six-qt., and $2.75 to $3 per 11-quart; blueberries at $2.25 to $2.75 a basket; tomatoes at 75c to $1.25; plums at 75c to $1; lemons at $7, and oranges at $6.50 a case; Red Star potatoes, No. 1 at $9, No. 2 at $7 per bbl.

Lawson-Elliott Co. had raspberries at 28c to 32c a box; thimbleberries at 25c to 28c; tomatoes at 75c to $1.10 a basket; cucumbers at 30c to 40c a basket; cherries at $1.35 to $1.60; beans at 30c to 40c a basket; cabbage at $4 a case; plums at $1.20 to $1.50 a basket of 11 quarts, 50c to 75c a basket of six quarts.

McWilliam & Everist, Ltd., had turnips at 30c to 40c a basket; carrots at 30c to 35c a dozen; leeks at 25c to 30c a dozen; pears at $4.50 per box; peaches at $2 to $2.50 a basket; California plums at $2.50 to $4 a crate; lemons at $7 a case; tomatoes at 75c per six-quart and $1.75 per 11-quart; cantaloupes at $5.50 to $6.

W. J. McCart & Co. had apples at $4.50 a hamper; a car of Sunkist oranges at $6 to $6.50 a case; a car of Leamington tomatoes at $1.25 for No. 1's and $1 for No. 2's; a car of Bartlett pears at $4.50 a box; No. 2 potatoes at $7 per bbl.; lemons at $7.50 a case; plums at $3 a crate.

D. Spence had tomatoes at $1 per 11-quart, and 50c per six-quart; cherries at $1.40 to $1.65 a basket; beans at 30c to 40c a basket; cucumbers at 40c to 50c a basket; lawton berries at 25c to 27c per box; black currants at from $2.75 to $3 a basket.

Joe. Bamford had lawton berries at 20c to 25c a box; black currants at $2.50 to $3 a basket; beans at 35c to 50c; huckleberries at $2.25 to $3 a basket; potatoes at $6.50 per bbl.; onions at $7.50 per 100 lbs.

Chas. S. Simpson had a car of Bartlett pears at $4.50 a box; a car of Georgia peaches at $5 a case; a shipment of Leamington corn, Golden Bantam brand, at 30c a dozen.

A. A. McKinnon had bushel apples at $3.50 to $4; Elberta peaches at $5.50 per bushel hamper; No. 1 potatoes at $9, and No. 2 at $6.50 per bbl.

The Union Fruit & Produce, Limited, had eggplant at $1.60 to $1.65 a basket; a car of Bert Johnson potatoes at $5.50 to $6 a bbl.; cherries at $1.50 a basket; red currants at 20c a box; a car of cantaloupes at 50c to 80c per 11-quart basket, and 80c to $1 per 16-quart basket; corn at 20c to 25c a dozen; Red Star potatoes at $9 per bbl.; tomatoes at 80c to $1 a basket; lawton berries at 25c a box.

Meats.

Hindquarters of beef were selling at 25c to 28c per lb.; front quarters at from 14c to 16c per lb. Choice cattle went at from 19c to 21c, and middle-class at from 17c to 11c per lb. Veal, No. 1, was selling at 23c to 26c per lb.; lamb at 24c to 26c per lb.

Hay and Straw.

New hay was selling at from $19 to $20; old hay at from $24 to $25; new straw was at $14 to $15, bundle straw at $17 to $18; rye straw, $25.

Poultry.

Prices in poultry remain steady, as follows: Spring chickens, live weight, 40c per lb.; dressed, 50c. Fowl under 4½ lbs. brought 27c per lb.; over 4½ lbs., 30c, dressed and live. Live ducklings, 30c per lb.; dressed, 35c. Old ducks sold at 15c per lb. Old turkeys at 25c per lb. alive, 30c dressed. Young turkeys, 35c per lb., alive; 40c per lb., dressed.

Eggs—New-laid, 56c to 60c per dozen; straight stock, 52c to 55c.

Cheese—Old cheese sold at 37c per lb., and the new brand at 32c per lb.

Butter—Creamery butter was selling at from 55c to 56c per lb.; solids at 55c. Dairy brought from 50c to 52c per lb.

TRY TO REBUILD ECONOMIC SYSTEM

Dr. Renner Says German-Austria Will Pursue League of Nations' Policy.

Copenhagen, July 30.—A despatch from Vienna says that Dr. Karl Renner, in a letter to President Seitz, of German Austria, outlining his policy on acceptance of the foreign ministry, says that German Austria's struggle for future existence is proving more difficult than even pessimists expected. Austria, he asserts, can hardly live in its present position and can only surrender itself trustfully to the league of nations.

German Austria will not mix in the politics of the great powers nor share in the rivalries of its neighbors, Dr. Renner continues, but will pursue exclusively a league of nations policy, and try to rebuild its national economic system and create a new social order.

"Its hopes will not be in vain," Dr. Renner declares, "unless the league of nations fails to be true to itself, or refuses recognition of German Austria's right to existence."

FRICTION IN UNIVERSITY.

Halifax, July 30.—It has been known for some time here that there was friction in the University of Saskatchewan and that certain of the professors had been involved in an agitation regarding policy or management. President Murray is at Mahone Bay, N. S., some forty miles from Halifax, and could not be reached last night. Professor Ira MacKay, whose name is mentioned in the despatch from Saskatoon, is a Nova Scotian and a graduate of Dalhousie University.

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RAIN DESCENDS, LIKEWISE CORN

Condition of Crop is Materially Improved by Widespread Moisture.

Chicago, July 30.—Many showers and a prospect of numerous others, did much today to bring about lower prices in the corn market. Except for July, which showed a net gain of 1⅝, the market finished weak at 1½ to 2⅝ net decline, with September $1.95⅛ to $1.95⅝, and December $1.68⅞ to $1.69. Oats lost a quarter to a half. In provisions, the outcome ranged from a setback of 45c to a 5c advance.

Fresh moisture supplied to parts of Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and the northwest, tended materially to relieve the condition of the corn crop. Selling of corn was thus from the outset given considerable impetus, which was soon added to by an official forecast of further showers, scattered over a wide territory. Later the government crop report received a generally bearish construction. Houses with country connections did most of the selling. The only pronounced rally was confined to the July delivery, and was due to month-end covering by shorts.

Oats eased down, mainly in sympathy with corn. Both cereals continued to be depressed in some degree by the race riots and car strike here.

Provisions were dull and irregular. Renewal of strength in the hog market counterbalanced somewhat the weakness of grain.

ON CHICAGO MARKET

Hughes, Harcourt & Co., 307 Royal Bank Building, received the following wire at the close of the Chicago market yesterday: Corn ranged lower on scattered showers over part of the southwest and northwest, and some sections of Iowa and Illinois. The trade was not large, on account of the uncertainty of the weather, and bulls, as well as bears, are inclined to go slow. Undoubtedly corn has suffered to some extent in some sections, and unless copious rains are received in the near future further deterioration is imminent.

Trade in oats was rather light, and the market opened lower in sympathy with corn.

The car shortage is still in evidence, and its effect is felt in the movement. European requirements are known to be large, and this, combined with the domestic enquiry, works against any sustained decline.

FIRST OF NEW WHEAT.

Winnipeg, July 30.—A local milling company has received the first sample of 1919 wheat. It grades No. 1 Northern and was cut in a field at Rathwell, Man.

Edmonton, July 30.—Barley cutting was started yesterday at Tawatinaw and Rochester, on the C. N. R. between Clyde and Athabasca Landing.

BOARD OF TRADE

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Ft. William).
No. 1 northern, $2.24½.
No. 2 northern, $2.21½.
No. 3 northern, $2.17½.
No. 4 wheat, $2.11.
Manitoba Oats (in Store Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 93⅝c.
No. 3 C.W., 90½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 90⅝c.
No. 1 feed, 88⅝c.
No. 2 feed, 85⅝c.
Manitoba Barley (in Store Fort William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.42½.
No. 4, C.W., $1.38½.
Rejected, $1.32.
Feed, $1.32.
American Corn (Track, Toronto).
No. 3 yellow, nominal.
No. 4 yellow, nominal.
Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 92c to 95c.
Ontario Wheat (F.o.b., Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, nominal.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $2.03 to $2.08.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, nominal.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, nominal.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, nominal.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, nominal.
Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.31 to $1.35.
Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.
Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.
Manitoba Flour.
Government standard, $11, Toronto.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment, in Jute Bags).
Government standard, $10.25 to $10.50, Montreal; $10.25 to $10.50, Toronto.
Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $42 to $45.
Shorts, per ton, $44 to $49.
Good feed flour, per bag, $3.25 to $3.35.
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $22 to $24.
Mixed, per ton, $10 to $19.
Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $10 to $11.
Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 2, per bushel, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Goose wheat—No. 3, nominal.
Barley—Feed, $1.35 per bushel.
Oats—97c to 98c per bushel.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Rye—According to sample, nominal.
Hay—Timothy, old, $25 to $30 per ton; new, $18 to $21 per ton; mixed and clover, $22 to $26 per ton.

TREATY WILL BRING HAPPINESS TO POLAND

London, July 30 — Premier Paderewski of Poland presented the peace treaty to the ratification committee of Sajm and recommended its ratification. He said that the treaty should bring happiness to Poland. The Poles had protested against providing for German educational rights in Poland when the Poles were not similarly provided for in Germany. The allies, however, assured the Poles that when Germany applied for admission into the league of nations, these rights would be conditions of Germany's admission.

TO PROTECT INTERESTS OF LOYAL RUSSIANS

Berlin, July 30.—Representatives of Admiral Kolchak, head of the all-Russian government at Omsk, have arrived in Berlin to protect the interests of non-Bolshevik Russians.

The so-called Russian committee is not to be regarded as an exactly diplomatic mission, but the German minister of the interior is co-operating with the committee with regard to passports for Russian citizens.

FAVOR RATIFICATION

Brussels, Tuesday, July 29.—The foreign affairs committee of the Belgian chamber of deputies today passed favorably upon the question of the ratification of the peace treaty with Germany.

ONTARIO BUREAU OF MINES ERRS OFTEN AND SERIOUSLY

Pessimism or Carelessness on Part of Officials Has Resulted in Injustice to Fields Which Have Had Merits Well Demonstrated by Other Means.

The average value of gold and silver recovered from 10,584,777 tons of ore treated in the United States in 1912 was $7.40. The 27,000,000 tons sent to the mills in the Rand every year run about $6.40 per ton. The New Modderfontem, which a few years ago was pronounced by T. A. Rickard the greatest gold mine in the world, yields $8.25 per ton. When handling 100,000 tons of ore per month it is estimated that tenors at the Hollinger Consolidated, Porcupine, will be $7.75 per ton. In view of the lower mining and treatment costs, the ore at Porcupine must be considered of much higher grade than that of the Rand, certainly by far the greatest gold field in the world in point of actual production.

In August, 1911, the Ontario Bureau of Mines gave out the statement that the mines of Porcupine would yield only a trifling profit. Nothing was said as to the tenor of the ore, except that it was low-grade. The statement was never formally withdrawn, tho quietly dropped from the third report, ready for distribution in 1916. No excuse can be made on the ground of insufficient time to study these deposits. Evidently the bureau was satisfied in 1911, for the bald statement was made without any reservation or qualification. It was grossly unfair and entirely erroneous. The best excuse that can be offered for the bureau is that it did not understand the deposits of the deep vein of ore. The large regular tabular bodies which predominate in deposits near the surface are not numerous at Porcupine. Some of the deposits are irregular in shape. Lenses are never over 1000 feet long, but they overlap succeeding ore bodies, while sheeted zones and stock works occur. They, in fact, represent a type which, when understood, does not present any serious mining problem. But the important feature of the Porcupine deposits is that they are very large. This the bureau entirely failed to point out, while it placed stress on irregularity, tho this becomes practically negligible if the ore body is large.

Small Veins Implied.

The bureau's version implied that the ore bodies were small; in fact, not up even to stoping width, because in their view much country rock had to be mined. All this is perfect balderdash. The mystery is how it ever obtained currency in an official report.

Emmons, one of the authors who has adopted it, was formerly geologist for the section of metalliferous deposits, United States geological survey. He is now professor and head of the department of geology and mineralogy, University of Minnesota. While on the geological survey of the United States he prepared bulletin 625, on the "Enrichment of Ore Deposits." He is, in fact, one of the highest authorities in the United States.

The pessimism or carelessness of the bureau of mines has now been a serious matter in several cases. Gowganda has been neglected, Shining Tree has been misrepresented, just as much as Porcupine and the report on Matachewan contrasts very strongly with that of the department of mines, Ottawa. The latter deals very fully with the nature of the deposits and their modes of occurrence, and will be of great service to mining men.

Even if the deposits at Porcupine had been barely payable, the figures should have been given with all other important details. To call them low-grade was practically a warning to capitalists to keep out of the camp, and it has been received as such in many parts of the world.

It is unfortunate that Dr. Willet G. Miller has taken no active part in the affairs of the bureau of mines for several years. His work at Cobalt was of great value. The field geologists, Messrs. Burrows and Hopkins, have apparently no control over the affairs of the bureau. It seems, in fact, to be without any directing head and is just dawdling along without any real objective or any scheme for the advancement of the mining interests of the province.

S. R. Clarke.

MISS CHANCE FOR MORAL STIMULUS

Robert Bickerdike Disappointed Over Prisoners Not Being Set at Liberty.

Montreal, July 30.—At the time of the armistice being proclaimed, Robert Bickerdike, honorary president of the Canadian Prisoners' Welfare Association, addressed a communication to the minister of justice on behalf of that organization, suggesting that the advent of peace might well be marked by a general amnesty for prisoners who, at the time were undergoing sentences in prison of not more than thirty days. The reply of the department of justice at that time was that the recommendation had better be made when peace was proclaimed. A fortnight ago a further communication was sent forward by Mr. Bickerdike, suggesting that Saturday, July 19, which was to be observed as official peace day, would be a fitting occasion on which to give effect to his proposal.

Mr. Bickerdike has now received a reply from the acting deputy minister of justice, Stewart Edwards, stating that the council, to whom the minister had submitted the proposal, did not consider it would be practicable or desirable to proclaim a general amnesty on the occasion of the advent of peace. In expressing his disappointment at this negative result, Mr. Bickerdike stated that in his opinion the government had missed an opportunity of giving a moral stimulus to hundreds of minor offenders, which would have been a good start for the new era of peace.

FOR CONFERENCE ON VICTORY LOAN

Members of the Former Dominion Executive Will Meet at Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 30.—The members of last year's Victory loan Dominion executive committee, consisting of prominent citizens and financial experts from all parts of Canada, have been invited to a conference to be held here on Friday for the purpose of considering the organization of the next Dominion loan, which will be made about the end of October.

The requirements of the government for demobilization expenses, including the existing war service gratuity to soldiers, loans for soldiers' land settlement, important public works of a capital nature, shipbuilding and credits for the purchase of Canadian wheat and other foodstuffs and manufactured articles are very large and the loan is regarded as most important from the national standpoint. The response to the invitation of the minister of finance is stated to have been most gratifying.

Notwithstanding the termination of the war, it is realized fully that this is, financially speaking, a war year and that the demobilization and reconstruction period calls for heavy expenditures.

Terms of the loan, which will undoubtedly be attractive, will probably not be made known till early autumn.

WOMAN ELECTED TO SASKATCHEWAN HOUSE

Kamsack, Sask., July 30.—Mrs. M. O. Ramsland, the government candidate, was elected to the provincial legislature from the electoral district of Pelly yesterday by a majority of 282, with ten polls to hear from, which it is claimed, will increase her majority. She is the first woman to be elected to this legislature, and the second to contest a seat. Her opponent, Mr. Whelan, was a returned soldier, who ran as an independent. The contest was a by-election caused by the death of Mr. M. O. Ramsland, late husband of the successful candidate.

MINING STOCKS REMAIN STEADY

Confidence in Future of Mining Industry Has Undergone Little Impairment.

Mining stocks remained yesterday in the groove to which patient traders have become accustomed, minor losses here and there being offset by small gains. The point to be emphasized, however, is that the market is giving an excellent account of itself in the face of prolonged adverse conditions, and that the small volume of liquidation in recent weeks, despite labor troubles at Kirkland Lake and Cobalt, is solid evidence of the confidence generally felt that better things are in store for the northern mining industry, and for mining stocks also. It must be borne in mind, also, that the market has a regular tendency to languish during what Boston folk speak of as the "heated term," and that it is customary for dealings to revive with the coming of the fall. The summer is waning, and, with the approach of September, there should be a noticeable fillip to the market in general. Much will, of course, depend upon the labor situation at that time, but the present outlook is for an adjustment at both the affected camps in the near future. In this connection, the remarks of President F. L. Culver yesterday at the annual meeting of the Kirkland Lake Gold Mines, a report of which appears elsewhere, will be found of interest.

The process of backing and filling which has marked the Porcupine stocks for some weeks was not departed from yesterday. McIntyre, which has long been swinging within extremely narrow limits, declined a point, to $1.79, and Hollinger, which sold again at $6.55, showed no symptoms of being roused from its log-like slumber. Holders of these issues, and also of Dome, can, however, take comfort in the thought that a semi-comatose condition is preferable to one of weakness. Stocks to finish the day without any net change whatever included Kirkland Lake at 35, Lake Shore at 98½, Porcupine Crown at 28, Schumacher at 24½, Teck-Hughes at 20, and Wasapika at 81. The firmness which the last-named issue continues to display week after week, after the attainment of the highest point in its career, is the subject of favorable comment. Davidson lost one point of its recent sharp advance, selling back to 65; but, as the price is still 11 points above the level of a year ago, shareholders have little cause for disquietude. A small lot of Atlas came out at 20, a nominal decline of 3½ points, with no more stock on offer under 23.

The Cobalts were either motionless or inclined in a slightly upward direction. Adanac was not traded in to the usual extent, fewer than 20,000 shares coming out. The range was narrow, 10 to 10¼, with the closing at the higher figure, unchanged from that of Tuesday. Hopes are entertained that Adanac has at last found bottom at 10, and that the persistent decline from 27 has been definitely arrested. McKinley-Darragh and Crown Reserve were distinctly firmer, each showing the gain of a point, at 61 and 32, respectively, while Beaver, at 35, and Timiskaming, at 37, were each up half a point. Nipissing at $10.50, Chambers-Ferland at 61, Ophir at 3½, and Peterson Lake at 12, were stationary. Trethewey at 33 was firm.

STORM DOES DAMAGE IN NEW BRUNSWICK

Fredericton, N.B., July 30.—Considerable damage has been done by the electrical and wind storm which swept over New Brunswick and reached the proportions of a tornado. In Carleton county, between Florenceville and Centreville, eleven barns were razed by the tornado, while at East Florenceville, the warehouse of B. F. Smith and Company, Limited, a building about 100 feet in length, was smashed and blown to bits.

Fifteen or twenty trees in its path in East Florenceville were uprooted, and telegraph, telephone and electric light poles were bowled over by the tornado which swept over a territory about quarter of a mile in width and carried everything before it. In a number of cases it is declared that loaded hay wagons which had been left standing in barns with the doors open, were lifted bodily and carried along by the tornado, the wagons being smashed and the hay scattered about.

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MERGER TALK HOVERS AROUND SHINING TREE

Negotiations to Effect Consolidation Are Said to Be Progressing Favorably.

Rumors of a big merger to take place in West Shining Tree persist, and, altho no more is known than a few days ago relative to the identity of the properties concerned, it is reported in usually well-informed quarters that negotiations to effect the consolidation are progressing very favorably, and that mining circles may be startled in the near future by the announcement of the consummation of the project.

In the meantime the growing number of properties under development in the camp are aggressively working, unaffected by the labor strikes in Cobalt and Kirkland Lake.

The camp is fairly humming with activity. Every train into West Tree, the jumping-off point, is taking in prospectors and mining men, not to mention big quantities of supplies and equipment for the properties. More capital is flowing in than at any time previously, and it is reported that American and English capitalists are becoming increasingly interested in the district.

It is a significant fact that the more money spent in development work in West Shining Tree the higher the spirits of the men engaged in the work soar. To say that mine operators in this district are optimistic as to the future of the camp is putting it too mildly. It is promised that before the end of the present year there will be upwards of twenty-five properties being actively developed and explored.

PRICE OF SILVER.

London, July 30.—Bar silver, 1-16d higher at 55 5-16d per ounce.

New York, July 30.—Bar silver, 107, a decline of ½c.

JUDGE ROBSON LIKELY.

Ottawa, July 30.—It is understood that Judge Robson, of Winnipeg, has not yet formally accepted the post of chairman of the board of commerce, for which provision was made in a bill passed at the recent session of parliament. It is thought here, however, that Judge Robson is likely to indicate his acceptance of the chairmanship shortly when the apointment will be made and the organization of the board proceeded with.

HELPED THEMSELVES TO GOODS

Havre, July 30.—Groups of buyers imposed their own prices at the public markets and some unscrupulous persons seized the opportunity to help themselves to goods without paying for them. The horses were taken out of a truck gardener's cart and the contents of the vehicle seized. Pickpockets were busy in the crowds during the excitement.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
FRANCE
The Agency of the Royal Bank of Canada in Paris is now open for business at 28 Rue du Quatre-Septembre.
Manager—William Warren.
Assistant Manager—N. G. Hart, late of New York Agency.
Banking business with France of every description is solicited through the Branches of the Bank.