

distally; that on the tarsi chiefly on the basal joint and on the posterior and dorsal margin. Length 2.2 mm.; of wings, 2.75 mm.

A single male specimen from Watkins Glen, N. Y. Mrs. A. T. Slosson.

A female specimen collected with this male differs so much that I at first thought it represented a distinct species, and it is not at all unlikely that it does. The hair on the wings is not as long; there are no white spots at the tips of the longitudinal veins; the hair of the body is white throughout; the basal joints of the antennæ are but little dilated and have white hair; the legs are wanting.

***Psychoda alternata* Say.**

This species is easily recognizable. I have specimens from Connecticut, Michigan, Dakota, Tennessee and Kansas. I am not sure but that specimens from the West Indies are of the same species.

I HAVE lately discovered that *Meromacrus* Rondani (Esam. di. var. sp. d'Ins. Bras. p. 10, 1848) is quite identical with *Pteroptila* Loew (1845).⁶ There is no excuse, either for the proposal of the name by Loew, or the failure to recognize the identity by myself, sooner. Our species should be known as *Meromacrus* in the future.—S. W. WILLISTON, Lawrence, Kans.