## CORRESPONDENCE.

Dear Chmandan.-We remember at the eleverth hour our promise to write something for the November number. Perhapsa short uccount of our visit to six churches in the Province and one in Maine will interest some of your readers.
August 15th I left Cornwallis for st. John, going by way of Annapolis. Theride from Port Williams to Annapolis was pleasnntly occupied in conversation with Sister Wisdom of Dartmouth, from whom we learned something of the state of the chureh in Malifax. The sail across the Bay was quite pleasant; and on landing we found Bro. Capp on the lookout for stray preachers, and ready to take us to his home
We did the preaching for him next morning, and though it was not over done, we leamed that some dimers were, while others grew cold and perhaps indifferent. Iet grood may result even from this, as the brethren had an opportunity of exercising those two Christian graces-patience and temperance.
In the afternoon we attended a mecting of the Salvation Army, in City IIall, Carleton, in company with a good brother whose name we are not authorized to use here. Returning by way of the Falls, we crossed the new cantilever bridge, a deseription of which might interest some of your readers, but space will not permit. In the evening we heard Bro. Capp preach in his usual- But as this scribbling must come under lus notice before going to print, we shall leave our readers to infer the rest.
Monday was agrecably and profitably spent in company with Bro. Capp in calling on as many of the friends as we could. Tuesday we left St John for St. George, going by the Grand Southern Rat way. Alter passing the benutiful village of Musquash the rond passes through a dreary barren country untii you approach St. George, when the eye is again refreshed by the appearance of woodland and vale, and the graceful Magaguadavic River with its numerons islets, disclosing sumny spots of green.

At St. George we met Bro. Samuel Dick, of LeTete, who took us to his home, where good Sister Dick does the part of Martha, combining with the wisdom of Mary, in not neglecting the better part. Here we met our old friend, Bro. J. A. Gates, looking as late and happy as usual. We remained a fortuight with the charches at Le'Tete and Back Bay, preaching several times through the week and on Lord's days to both churches. And though many of the brethren were away from home, we had a full house, except in the morning, as this people have not learued the luxury of early church going.
Truly I felt to rejoice when I entered the pleasant and commodious mecting-house at Back Bay. is I opened the precious Word that morning to orderly, atteative and intelligent hearers, I thought of my first efforts to do good in this place and how things have changed in a few yegrs. I thought of the lators of Bro. and Sister Gates in this place, and the success which crowned them; and as I did I felt assured that though their work of faith und labor of love may not meet with tho approbation due in this world, yet assuredly when "they rest from their labors" "their work will follow them."

Of the kinduess shown us in LeTete we might write a volume. It is ueedless to say I was well received by all the friends here (and I know of no enemies). I expected a cordial reception and my expectations were more than realized.

From LeTete we went to Deer Islaud. I was much disuppointed at not meeting Bro. O. B. Emery, be having left for Milton, N. $S$, the day before my arrival. At Lord's Cove we found the home of Bro. Frank Lambert open, we judge, "as the heart of its owner." We met with the church here the first evening in the prayer-mecting, which was led by Elder James Ward, and was throughout a very lively and intorcsting meeting. Here we made an appoint ment to preach the night fol'owing the next.
Next day we walked to Leonardsville, to attend the prayer-meeting there. Coming back to Lord's Cove, according to appointment, wo preached to a
full house. So you see we had two prayer meetings to one preaching meeting, wheh we drew a good feature in the work. On Lord's day we preached twice at Leonardsville, to good audienees. My visit here at this time when the dumual Mecting of the Disciples was being held in Milton, N. S., brought with it recollections of a year ago when we pet so many of the friends at Leonardsrille. It brought a home-feeling over me to see Bro. and Sister Welsh again, with whom we stayed in company with Bro. M. B. Ryan, at last year's mecting. Some one once said to me not to judge of people by their sociability on such occasions, as they put ou their best appear ance. Well, I had a good opportunity of testing the truth of the remark on this occasion, and fornd it gromuless in this single instance at least.

From Deer Island we visited the church at Lubec, Maine. This church las had its palmy days when it payed its preachers a thousand dollars a year. But it has come through the deep waters of aflic tion, losing many of its members by death and removal.
At one time so singularly was this church visited, death carried off its staunchest pilia s, and some of its ablest supporturs, leaving widows, and a church stripped of its oflicers. But those bave Christian women remembering that their Lord had risen, and that they " need not now seek the living among the dead," instead of repining and losing their interest in an apparently sinking cause, went to work with redoubled energy, and with heart and hand arestill engaged in the good work. My visit to this church shall remain a sumy spot in my memory, and I shall look eagerly for reports from that quater in the column of The Cimisitins.
Returning home I remained one night in St John, and attended the Young People's Prayer Mecting. I was delighted to see so many young persons present. At the close of the meeting one young man and two young ladies came forward and mado the good confession. How it gladdens the hearts of those who love God and their fellow man see the youths of our land enrolling in the army of our Lod. When will the churches in general see the importance of the Sunday srhool and prayer meeting? No wonder that the young people stray away from our charches and our numbers decrease, when many of the older members, and those reckoned in good standing too, are opposed to Sunday-schools, and indifferent with regard to prayer-meetings. Till this spirit dies out or is driven out of the church, it will not answer the description of the fold where the young and tenderare cared for with a shephard's carc.

Your brother and co-laborer,

## Cornwallis, Sept. 23rd 1885.

Dealt Bhotimer Crawfond :-Although we had so far progressed in the work of rebuilding our mill, as to enable me to say in my last that we ex. pected to start in a week from that date, we had still a lot to do. At this date we can only be said to be fairly under way again. It has been a season of hard work in which all have been fully engaged. None of us has worked harder than father, who, though he is now fast approaching the three score years and ten, is still strong and genern!ly in the enjoyment of good health. Mother, too, is better than usual this winter. They, with the rest of the family, resident at 'Jurua, hold regular neetings on Lord's day to attend to the ordinances of the Lord's house.

We duly receive Tine Cmbistran each month, and carefully scan its contents for items of interest, even the names of subscribers have an interest for us. Amongst them we frequently mect the names of those we ouce knew, and whom we still remember with affection. My letters to your paper have had one unexpected result. They have caused friends to write us, who have not before done so during all the years we have been in this far off land. We are always glad to get letters from our friends in Camadn. Indead their letters have more interest for us than ours are likely to have for them. I am always at a loss to know, when I write, what
will be of interest to your readers, and I trust yon will not hesitate to strike out anything you may think unsuitable.
Confederation, combination, or amalgamation, seems to be the order of the day. The Nustralian Colonies are endeavoring to federate for their mutual benefic, and an Act has recently passed the British Parliament to onable them to do so. There are many who advocate a federation of the whole British Empirc, while others talk in a confident way of the early combination for purposes of defence, at least, of all ti:c English-speaking peoples. Such a wion, on a satisfactory basis, would be of infinite advamtare to civilization and progress. Christianity could do much to assist in bringing it about, by closing up and uniting its ranks, and showing in a practical mamer tho benefits of union. I always hail with pleasure every step in this direction, and though 1 am aware that mach yet remains to be done, I believe that every year brings us nearer to the time when Christ's followers will bo one. To those who see a simple and satisfactory plan for accomplishing it, the process has all the appearance of slowness ; yet to attempt to unduly hasten, would almost certainly delay, the much desired end. Even amongst those who have joined themselves together on Seriptural grounds, there is, not unfrequently, a want of aceord and harmony, which is painful to behold. In these colonies we have too much party spirit amongst our brethren, but it is with much satisfaction that I can now chronicle acts which show that a better feelmg is growing. I mentioned some time ago that there were four papers advocating "our plea" in these colonies; now we have only taco. The Puitlful Wiancsshad but a short and not very happy carcer and died in infancy; and the two leading papers, the Watchman and the Witness have united their forces, and now appears as the Australian Christian Sandard. The first number is just to hand and presents a very creditable appearance. I send you a copy as a sample. The little Pioncer published in Queensland still lives, and is not in any way a party organ as some of the others were.
Bro. II. Exley who has been preaching for some years in N. Z., is about to return to America. I regret his departure. We are very short of preachers in New Zealand, but our brother has had a cordial offer from Califoruia and he has not succeeded in placing himself on the best of terms with the more conservative of our Auckland brethren. He has, however, worked earnestly and accomplished much good. We find it dificult to get good prenchers to come and stay in these colonies. Victoria is the premier colony, both for numbers of members, churches and preachers. It is now being considered whether an institution canno: be established in or near Melbourne for training young men for the work of preaching and teaching. They find that though quite a number of young men go to America to fit themselves to preach the word, very few retur:; so the brethren are considering what can be done to train them at home, and by this meaus keep them in the colonies.
Sometimes unpleasant circumstances have arisen in churches in these colonies, through the desire of some tenchers to give a place to "open commumion" practices. The feeling of the brethren generally is strongly adverse to this policy. In South Australia recently quite a sensation was crented on this ques. tion, and a scrious rupture was imminent. But wiser counsels prevailed aud the danger is now past. Speaking of this matter, reminds me of a paragraph I saw a few days ngo, to the effect that for some time a Pedo-baptist preacher occupies the pulpit of Bunyan's Church. The change was effected through admitting the unimmersed to membership. These gradually became more numerous until at last they outvoted the Baptists. So that what was once a Baptist Church is now presided over by a preacher who sprinkles babies.
Bro. Floyd, who recently arrived from Amerien is doing well in Wellington. The church in that town is one of the most energetic in New Zealand. Dunedin is also a progressive district, but Auckland is very slow. We have really mado no progress

