- - Abdomen with second and third segments black, with separated yellow spots; metanotum and head mostly black......lecontei Cress.
- S. flavicostalis Cress. is probably the male of S. lecontei; S. inconstans Cress. runs to S. lecontei but has no spot on the second segment; S. amæna may be only a variety of S. consors.

Trielis hermione, n. sp.-Black, densely clothed with long white hair; that on the posterior margin of segments three to five black, on sixth and seventh segments all black hair. Clypeus white, with a median black spot reaching to the front margin; a small spot each side above clypeus near the eyes, and sometimes a median one below the antennæ, white; pronotum with white band above reaching back to the tegulæ, but each side is excised below before tip; band or spot on scutellum, and the post-scutellum whitish. Abdomen segments one to four with a white subapical band, narrowed in middle, the first sometimes interrupted; on fifth segment a median transverse spot, and a dot on each side; venter usually with narrow apical bands on third to fifth segments, and spots on the second, sometimes some or all bands absent. Femora black except white apical spots, hind tibiæ mostly blackish, and front tibiæ with black behind; rest of legs pale yellowish; all densely white haired. Wings nearly hyaline, stigma and venation brownish yellow; third submarginal cell ends at about middle of lower edge of marginal cell. It is higher than broad and nearly twice as broad above as below.

Length 12 to 14 mm.

From Southern Pines, N. Car., June (Manee).

Dielis fulvopilosa, n. sp.—Black, densely clothed with long fulvous hair; the ocellar region, posterior slope of metanotum, most of pleura, and inner posterior side of femora mostly free of hairs. Abdomen with fulvous hair at tip of segments, very dense near tip; rest of surface with pale