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EVERY INCH OF BATTLE GROUND IS DANGER SPOT

Press Correspondents are Compelled to Take Shelter in Dug-Outs—As French Attacked Enemy Positions One Portion Surrendered in a Body—Every Inch Was a Danger Spot

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY ON THE SOMME FRONT (via Chantilly) Nov. 6 (From the Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press).—The battle to-day in the district between Saillist and St. Pierre Vaast Wood was fought without the assistance of aeroplanes. The wind was blowing eighty miles an hour, and prevented the planes from ascending, consequently the artillery fire from 100 German batteries as well as from French and British, was uncontrolled aurally. Every inch of the battle ground was a danger spot. The correspondent of the Associated Press and other correspondents were compelled to take shelter in dug-outs. When the French infantry attacked a powerfully defended series of trenches with trench mortars and grenades, they found a strong garrison, of which one portion surrendered in a body. With officers and more than 500 men running at racing pace in the trench lines for two miles and a half with the rear accompanied by only half a dozen French guards, it was a strange sight as they ran the gauntlet of the German barrage fire. St. Pierre Vaast wood, which is more than two kilometres square, with many positions enfolding each other, proved a more difficult problem for the French, but the French infantry finally rushed the place and held it with slight losses. The battle continued into the night.

Shakleton Off For Australia

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—Sir Ernest Shackleton, Antarctic explorer, arrived here yesterday, whence he will take passage on Wednesday for Australia.

Dreadnought Is Torpedoed

British Submarine Gets a Hit on German Warships Operating in North Sea.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A British submarine, operating in the North Sea, reports she fired a torpedo at a German battleship of the Dreadnought type, yesterday, making a hit. The amount of damage inflicted is not known, the Admiralty announced. The official announcement follows: "One of our submarines operating in the North Sea reports she fired a torpedo at a German battleship of the Dreadnought type near the Danish coast, yesterday. The vessel was hit, but the amount of damage is unknown." The British announcement gives no intimation whether any considerable portion of the German High Seas Fleet was in the North Sea yesterday. It was off the Danish coast that the main German and British fleets engaged in battle last May. On several occasions the German fleet has left its base for a short cruise in the North Sea. Ordinarily a Dreadnought would not be employed merely for reconnoitering.

Return Trip To Start Friday

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 6.—Work of re-loading the undersea freighter Deutschland for the return trip to Germany, began in earnest today. It is expected that the cargo of crude rubber and nickel, which she is to carry back, will be on board by Friday, which day it has been indicated the submarine will start back for Bremen.

Roumanians Retire In Vicinity of Predeal

PETROGRAD, Nov. 6.—The Roumanian troops in the vicinity of Predeal were compelled to retire yesterday before the invading Austrian and German forces, the war office announced today. In the Dobruja the Russians have carried out successful operations.

SEES TRAP FOR POLAND IN NEW PROCLAMATION

Times Says Germany's Proclamation Granting "Polish" Independence Only a Trap to Secure Polish Regiment to Fight Russia—Project an Outrage Against First Elements International Rights

LONDON, Nov. 6.—To-day's "Times" comments as follows on the Teutonic proclamation of independence of Poland, under the heading of "Trap for Poles": "Russia held out to the Poles as a reward for the sacrifices of exceptional danger she had called upon them to face the abolition of the boundaries which have served as the living body of the nation since 1772, the national freedom under the sceptre of the Czar for the freedom of faith and self-government. The Central Powers made no such offer. They propose to form an independent state, with an hereditary monarchy, not out of all the territories of the old Polish Republic, but only out of the Polish district they have seized from Russia. Russian Poland's national development, which implies the necessity of a re-union of the Polish Provinces of Austrian and Prussian Poland, is arrested and paralyzed. From the first curious stress has been laid on the proclamation of the military department in the projected kingdom. There in the ranks of the Central Powers are dangerously thinned. New Poland is to have a new army of her own; indeed, there is reason to believe that the whole scheme is merely a device to force the Polish subjects of Russia in the occupied districts, into the military service of Germany. Hindenburg has insisted upon this new source of cannon-futtre, and he has called for 700,000 recruits from this source. The first service of the independent Polish State will be to supply them. The Kingdom has been created in order to lend a show legally to the conscription of Russian subjects for war against Russia. Such a project is a flagrant outrage against the first elements of international rights, but in accordance with Frederick the Great's practice of making prisoners fight their own countrymen."

German Submarine Runs Aground

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—The destruction of the German submarine U-20, by her crew, after she had gone aground on the west coast of Jutland, is reported by the German Admiralty today. The official announcement reads: "On the evening of Nov. 4th the submarine U-20, in consequence of fog, ran aground at Bulbjerg, on the west Jutland coast, all attempts to float the vessel being futile. She called for assistance, but efforts made by torpedo boats to drag her away were without success. The submarine at noon of November 5th was therefore blown up. Her crew were taken off by a torpedo boat."

Enemy Trenches Are Successfully Bombarded

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A war office statement issued this evening says: "On the front between the Ancre and the Somme we were heavily shelled in the neighbourhood of Les Boeufs and Le Sars. On our right we continued consolidation of the ground occupied yesterday. Our artillery and trench mortars successfully bombarded hostile trenches south of Arrimontieres. Yesterday, in spite of a gale, our air-craft did useful work in observing for our artillery. One machine was in the air for more than three hours."

Greek Officers and Men Join Allies

PARIS, Nov. 7.—A Havas despatch from Athens says Colonel Colomenopoulos, commanding the Fifty-Third Regiment at Volo, with numerous officers and virtually all the soldiers have joined the National Government. He will report to General Sarrail, the French commander of the Allied forces, and make an effort to regain the Greek forts which were turned over to the Bulgarians.

OFFICIAL BRITISH

LONDON, Nov. 6th.—The French have taken Fort Vaux and the villages of Vaux and Damloup. On the Somme bad weather and only minor operations.

The Italians have made important progress east of Gorizia and Carso, capturing nine thousand prisoners. No change on the Roumanian and Russian fronts.

In East Africa a strong enemy column has been defeated on the Rufiji river.

A British submarine torpedoed an enemy battleship in the North Sea yesterday. The extent of the damage is unknown.

BOTH PARTIES SEE VICTORY IN TO-DAY'S BATTLE

Both Democratic and Republican Party Leaders see Victory—Women Voters May Hold the Balance of Power—Betting is Even and Changes Seem on Side of Wilson

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Political headquarters still presented scenes of activity to-day. The last reports received from the political battlefield, containing final instructions, sent by both chairmen, contained little to add to the previous forecast. Republican Chairman Wilcox predicted that Hughes would receive 100 majority in the Electoral College, while Democratic Chairman McCormack gave Wilson 364 votes in that body. The necessary elective vote at the College for either candidate is 266. The larger participation of women as voters in the Presidential campaign and Congressional elections are of keen interest to politicians generally. Returns from States in which women will vote, it is admitted, will be closely and anxiously scanned. So far as Congress is concerned, a full House of Representatives will be elected. The total members of the House is 435. The necessary majority is 218. In the Senate the present membership is 96, and the necessary majority 49. In all 35 new Senators will take seats next March. Of these the Republicans elected two at the September elections in Maine. Forty-two of the States will elect the same officials to-day in addition to the National and Congressional candidates. Of these States, 35 will elect Governors. Fair weather and a moderate temperature is the forecast generally for election day. If this prediction holds true, virtually a full vote is expected to be cast throughout the country to-day.

Bishop of Worcester On American Ideals

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Speaking at a luncheon given in his honor here today by the Pilgrim States, the Right Rev. Hugh Wolcott Yeatman Biggs, Bishop of Worcester, England, asserted that the role which the English people believe most thoughtful Americans desire to play was that their nation shall be hailed by all the world, even by those who have been at war, as the herald of true peace and of progress, in which every nation, big or little, shall have a place in God's sun. Later in his address the Bishop said, "I doubt whether the temper of the Allies would ever suffer any suggestion of peace intervention until the cause for which we are ready to give our all is accomplished. When peace comes, it would be indeed helpful if neutral countries lent a hand in the adjustment of all our furniture, an adjustment to these aerial conditions which will make for a lasting Commonwealth; that is what we aim at when we are tired of the word 'Empire.' I do not think we want any longer to talk of the British Empire; we want to talk of the British Brotherhood and British Commonwealth."

Austrian Submarine and Italian Destroyer Sunk

ROME, Nov. 7.—An Austrian submarine and an Italian destroyer were sunk in a duel on the night of October 16th, according to an official statement. The submarine had attacked a transport, which escaped.

ROUMANIAN OFFENSIVE IN DOBRUDJA

Aided Probably by Russian Forces Rumanians Now Take Offensive and Force Troops of the Central Powers to Retreat at Several Points—Roumanians Checked in Jul Valley

LONDON, Nov. 7.—After a week or more of doubt concerning operations in the Dobruja-region of Roumania, where the forces of the Teutonic Allies had been marching almost unimpeded from the Black Sea to the Danube, comes a report that the Roumanians have now taken the offensive, probably aided by the Russians, and compelled the Teutons to retreat at several points. On the Transylvanian front, however, the Roumanians in the Jul Valley, who for some time have been holding the upper hand over the Austro-Germans and forcing them to give ground, have now been stopped, the Teutons having brought up reinforcements. In the Predal region, after heavy fighting, the Roumanians also have met with a reverse, being compelled to retreat after long and stubborn battles.

Illinois Vote 2,000,000

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—By far the largest vote in the history of Illinois election is expected to be cast to-day by reason of the fact that women for the first time vote for president and vice-president.

Violent Attack Nets German Gains

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A violent attack by German troops was made last night on the position captured by the French between Saillist and the St. Pierre-Vaast Wood. The war office announced to-day that this assault was repulsed with heavy loss to the Germans. Some ground was gained by the Germans in the Wood and in the village of Saillist. On the Verdun sector there has been active cannonading in Damloup region, but in infantry engagements occurred. Elsewhere along the front the night was calm.

Interesting Gossip

LONDON, Nov. 6.—In many quarters here an interesting bit of gossip is afloat. It is to the effect that Sir Robert Borden, Canadian Premier, will assume the duties of Canadian High Commissioner in Britain, relieving Sir Geo. Perly, on the latter's appointment as Canadian Minister of Militia Overseas.

Practice Makes Perfect

Oh what a tangled web we weave, When first we practice to deceive. But constant practice, sad to tell, Makes some of us do pretty well.

Story of Lanao's Loss is Told by Ship's Officers

17 of Our Regiment Reach Quebec

QUEBEC, Nov. 7.—One hundred odd men of all ranks in the Canadians, due to receive their discharge or an furlough, returned to Canada to-day on board the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service steamer "Scandinavian."

Only One American Was on Board

CARDIFF, Nov. 7.—The steamer "Lanao" which was sunk by a submarine on Oct. 28th, was under Philippine registry, and was flying the American ensign, when destroyed, according to a statement made here by Captain Denny Mainland. Only one American was on board.

Austrians Bringing Up Reinforcements

ROME, Nov. 7.—Reports state that the Austrians are bringing up heavy reinforcements on the battle-front north of Trieste. Here the Austrians have apparently taken the offensive, but nowhere have they been able to regain any of their lost positions, according to Rome.

Daring Feat of Italian Torpedo Boat

ROME, Nov. 7.—An official regarding the activity by the Italian forces was issued to-day: "An Italian torpedo-boat daringly penetrated the anchorage of the Austrian fleet at Pola and ineffectively fired two torpedoes at a large warship. She returned unscathed, after making a comprehensive reconnaissance under the guns of the fortress. Italian torpedo boats sank a large enemy steamer moored under the shelter of the defences at Durazzo, Albania, on the night of Nov. 3rd.

COAL MINERS STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

MONTREAL, Nov. 7.—The Star has received the following special cable:—Sydney, Australia, Nov. 7.—The latest return from the referendum on conscription reduces the majority for the antis to 68,000. There are still over hundred thousand votes to be counted.

German Ship Will be Interned

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says the German steamer Atto, which has been lying up in Antwerp Harbor since the outbreak of war, has arrived at Flushing with the purpose of continuing her voyage to Rotterdam to-day. A military guard has been placed on board the Atto. The ship will probably be interned.

French Flag Hoisted On Greek Lightship

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Reuter's Athens correspondent says it is reported from Patras that the French flag was hoisted yesterday on the Greek light floatilla at Keratsin. The Greek Government last week refused to permit the Entente Allies to use this floatilla for patrol purposes on the ground that it would be equivalent to a departure from neutrality.

London Papers Give Great Prominence to Sinking of Ship off the Portuguese Coast—Captain of Submarine Told Ship Officer he Had Imperative Instruction to Sink all Ships Carrying Contraband for the Allies—Sub Attacked a British Steamer but Was Driven off by the Latter's Guns—Raiding Crew Took Everything They Could Find of Value on the "Lanao"

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The morning papers give great prominence to the report that the steamer Lanao, sunk by a German submarine, was an American ship. Lloyds report that the vessel was no longer of American registry, but this has not been published here.

The Lanao was hailed in the darkness 25 miles off the Portuguese coast by a German submarine on November 2nd. The Chief Officer, who is a Chinaman, took the crew aboard the submarine, which sank the Lanao by a bomb placed in the engine room. Members of the crew say that while they were aboard the submarine a British steamer was unsuccessfully attacked.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A "Daily Chronicle" despatch from Barry, Wales, says:

"The officers and crew of the United States steamer Lanao were landed by the Norwegian vessel Tromp at Barry on Saturday night. The Lanao was bound from Manila to Hayre with a cargo of rice. Captain Mainland, the Commander, G. Godinez, Chief Officer and William Minsen, Chief Engineer, of the Lanao, were seen by me and told me the story of their adventures: "On the evening of October 28th," said Mainland, "we were passing St. Vincent, on the Portuguese coast, when we encountered a German submarine. When we sighted her she was engaged in sinking a Norwegian vessel. She afterwards endeavored to sink a British ship, but was driven off by the guns of the latter. We slackened speed and stood by the Norwegian steamer in case it should be possible to save any of the crew. The submarine fired three warning shots across our bow. This we understood as a signal that they wanted us to stand by and communicate with them. The Chief Officer and four of the crew rowed over in one of the boats and went aboard the submarine. The Commander of the submarine, who spoke excellent English, said he had orders to sink all ships of whatever nationality, carrying contraband for the Allies. He regretted that he was compelled to do this, but he informed us his orders were imperative. He sent an officer and four sailors from the submarine, who ordered us to get into the ship's boats, and so aboard the submarine. Then he placed a bomb in the engine-room of my ship. A terrible explosion followed after we left the ship. I didn't see what her sinking was like. The Germans took away every article of value belonging to the ship, including the picture of my wife. They carried off the sextant and the barometers. The submarine cruised about for some time and finally the Commander put us aboard the Norwegian steamer "Tromp," which brought us to Barry. We saw no more of the German vessel after we left."

Men Refuse to Accept Compromise Offered by Employers and all Coal Miners are Idle—Prolonged Strike Seems Probable—Conscription Returns Still Incomplete—Antis Lead by 68,000

MONTREAL, Nov. 7.—The Star has received the following special cable:—Sydney, Australia, Nov. 7.—The latest return from the referendum on conscription reduces the majority for the antis to 68,000. There are still over hundred thousand votes to be counted.

Silver Bullion For Germany

NEW LONDON, CONN., Nov. 7.—Six and a half tons of silver bullion from the mint at San Francisco, valued at \$150,000, was unloaded here to-day at the railway station and transferred to the German merchant submarine Deutschland for shipment across the ocean.



A SMART SUIT

is what you are looking for, and you will get one here. Our made-to-order suits are guaranteed perfect, in style, and finish, and are made of first class material. All the newest weaves and patterns in the finest fabrics, that will look stunning, when made to fit you. The cut, and fit, will without doubt, be better than any you have had before. We know our business, and strive to satisfy everyone. That's why we have so many permanent customers. Why not be one yourself?

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