

BABY BURIED IN HENHOUSE

Provincial Detective Finds Baby's Body Buried Under Suspicious Circs.

County Crown Attorney Kerr, of Northumberland County, has had his hands full of trouble at Hastings during the past few weeks owing to developments caused by the investigations of Provincial Inspector Miller as to the burial of babies prematurely born and otherwise without burial or birth certificate.

Reeve Fowlds of Hastings made a complaint to the Attorney General's Department about a baby being deserted and left on the door step of a Hastings residence and asked that an investigation be made. Inspector Miller was detailed to look the matter up and a paid a visit to the village of the Trent.

Inquiries led to a series of investigations and as a result the body of a healthy infant was unearthed in a hen house on a farm adjoining the village and an inquest was held at Hastings on Monday, at which the jury viewed the body of the baby. The doctors who had made an examination of the body stated that the baby had been three days old at the time of its death. The man who admitted burying the body stated that the child was still-born. A woman connected with the case made the same statement.

The jury found that they could not come to any conclusion as to the cause of death and left an open verdict.

The concealment of birth and secret burial were all points against both parties and may be prosecuted further.

The baby that was deserted has since been made a ward of the Children's Aid Society.

The inquest at Peterboro on Friday night has considerable bearing on the Hastings investigations as Inspector Miller unearthed the body of the Douglas baby while on his investigations.

Asphodel being in the county of Peterboro, the case came under the jurisdiction of Crown Attorney Hutton.

Just what will be the final outcome of the inquiry it is hard to imagine as it is said that more cases of a similar nature will be brought to light.

BEAR ESCAPED NEAR BURKETON

There was quite a lot of excitement in Durham County on Saturday afternoon when it was discovered that a big black bear was running about at his own free will. He escaped from La Tena's wild animal circus at 4 o'clock on Friday morning in Burketon and wandered from there to a field where Mr. Silas Trewin, a farmer of the village, was drawing in hay. Mr. Trewin caught the bear and he and three other men were unable to hold him. The bear escaped again and went into Mr. Amner's woods. A number of men searched the woods that night, but could not get him. They struck out again on Sunday morning, and were successful in catching him at nine o'clock. He was captured by Messrs. Silas and Sidney Trewin, Will Trewin was along with his gun in case of accidents. The trainer came and took him away unhurt. He was a very valuable animal. When it was known that he was caught there was quite a crowd gathered to see him, and he surely was a large fellow. Exchange.

POLICE BLOTTER

The police had a number of calls to investigate over the week-end.

There was one call to a hotel but no arrest was made.

Behind the Y.M.C.A. building at 11.30 Saturday night some one was noticed to be lighting matches but no one was caught. It is thought somebody was lighting a pipe.

A soldier had some trouble at the Empire Cafe at 9.30 p.m. Saturday, but he went out when ordered.

Another soldier is said to have been drunk and abusing a horse at the fair grounds. He was arrested and locked up, but later went back under guard to Barrie field.

A bicycle belonging to Mr. Ernest Dickens was found in the rear of the armouries. It had been taken by some person from Mr. Dickens's store.

A gentleman's watch chain has been found on the street.

Liver Sluggish?

You are warned by a yellow skin, dull eyes, biliousness, and that grouchy feeling. Act promptly. Stimulate your liver—remove the clogging wastes—make sure your digestive organs are working right—and—when needed—take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

CHARLES GIBSON ARRIVES HOME

Veteran of Many Campaigns Slips Into Belleville Without Friends' Knowledge.

Sergt. Charles Gibson, W.O., a member of the now famous Second Battalion, which fought at Ypres, Festubert, Givenchy, and in many other battles on the west front, arrived home in his modest way on Sunday afternoon by the C.P.R. train. No one knew the time of his arrival and the result was that no opportunity was given for a demonstration in his honor. Had it been known, the hundreds of soldiers and thousands of citizens would have turned out to welcome home the hero of more campaigns than any other son of Belleville. Charley fought in the Spanish American war, in South Africa, where he was wounded and in the Philippine war. He was among the first to enlist in August, 1914. He saw fighting in the fiercest days on the west front and was wounded in the head with shrapnel, June 16, 1915. He was invalided to England, where after recovery he was engaged in duty. Now he returns to take a commission in the 155th Battalion.

He states that he is in good health although a little nervous after his long trip.

Sergt. Gibson wishes to express through the newspapers his appreciation of the work of all the women's organizations that have been laboring to make the burdens and distresses of a soldier's life more bearable.

If Sergt. Gibson did not get the greeting of his townsmen by thousands yesterday, he is getting the handshake today which tells him that he is again at home.

SOLDIERS' STAY IN BELLEVILLE

155th Battalion Created Fine Impression on Their Visit.

The 155th Battalion's stay in Belleville was a most pleasant holiday. The men behaved in a manner to do themselves credit. The band concert at the armouries, given by the 155th brass band, showed the great improvement in the playing of the band after two months in camp.

Many soldiers went to their nearby homes in the surrounding country and returned late in the afternoon yesterday.

The battalion paraded at 6 o'clock last evening and marched up Pine street and down Front. Thousands followed them to the C.N.O.R. station and the send-off given the boys was a royal one which they will never forget. Belleville will always have a high regard for Col. Adams and his battalion.

ENORMOUS CROP IN MANITOBA

Belleville Visitor Finds Promise of Phenomenal Yield.

A Belleville man who has just returned from a two weeks' visit to Manitoba has given to a representative of The Ontario some interesting facts in regard to the crop situation in the oldest settled part of the oldest prairie province.

He went west via the new line of the Canadian Northern and was well pleased with the train service but was not very favorably impressed with the agricultural possibilities along the route in New Ontario.

After arrival at Winnipeg he proceeded southward in the Red River Valley for a distance of sixty miles. This part was settled over thirty years ago and it is now an old-established farming community. Mixed farming, dairying and stock-raising are staple industries in this fertile valley.

Our informant was greatly surprised to see the magnificent fields of fodder corn, far more luxuriant and better advanced than any he had seen this season in Ontario.

There were also splendid meadows of mixed timothy and red clover and an occasional field of alfalfa. These were not quite so good as Ontario ones show in the present abnormal season, but fully equal to the best here in average years.

Wheat will give a magnificent yield where the land was thoroughly cultivated. Conservative estimates placed the probable turnout at 40 bushels to the acre. But the average will equal if not surpass last year's record crop.

Weeds are becoming a scourge in this province. The worst with which the farmers have to contend is the perennial sow thistle. Where cultivation is slack the fields are practically overrun with it. Ragweed, quack

and wild mustard are also there in pestiferous quantities.

Stock-raising is already becoming an important industry. Many herds of thoroughbreds are to be found in the valley. Horses and cattle are being bred in large numbers and lately sheep are being introduced and seem to thrive wonderfully. Hogs are not so much of a success, partly owing to the lack of suitable houses for the severe winter, and partly owing to the spread of a contagious disease.

The heat which has prevailed out there as well as in Ontario is just what is needed to push forward the crops which were somewhat late owing to the wet seeding season.

INTERCESSORY SERVICE HELD

Rev. A. S. Kerr's Address at Union Meeting Last Evening.

The call to prayer for the Empire after two years of war which the Belleville Ministerial Association had made, resulted in a fair number of citizens braving last night's intense heat and attending Victoria Avenue Baptist Church. Rev. Chas. Geo. Smith presided and associated with him in the service were Rev. S. C. Moore, Rev. A. S. Kerr, Rev. Bishop Browning, Toronto and Rev. A. M. Hubby. The hymns were "God Save the People," "Our God, Our Help in Ages Past," "God Save the King," and an anthem by the choir. Rev. Mr. Moore read the 46th Psalm. Bishop Browning made a powerful prayer for a world torn by misapprehension, that the church's eyes might be stayed on God and His Salvation. "We thank God for the men at the front. May the Great White Companion speak into the hearts of the men in the trenches and grant them the faith that leads to victory; may He speak to the broken hearts for friends who have died in a way somewhat similar to His death. May those staying at home be encouraged and strengthened."

"We reaffirm our belief in the righteousness of the cause of our armies," said Rev. A. S. Kerr, who delivered the address. "It is a good thing to be able to confess that we have not been deluded in this great conflict. We see more clearly today than two years ago that this is a conflict of right against might, freedom against oppression and brotherhood against tyranny; that Germany is the culprit, has slain innocent people, that we are glad Britain two years ago declared war against Germany. It behooves us to reassert our inflexible determination to see this war through to a successful conclusion."

The challenge of the present situation is for sacrifice of our nearest and dearest today as in the past. We may be called upon to sacrifice more than ever before. May we be ready for the call. Patience is demanded. We long for peace but it is impossible now, until Germany is willing to make reparation. It is a war of endurance and we must realize that the call is to be patient and wait God's time, the accomplishment of His purposes and the realization of His destiny. Another need is prayer. Its purpose is not to alter divine will but to see to it that our will is God's. Do we trust God? We realize the need of men and nations, but of far greater importance is the exercise of wholehearted confidence in God. The strongest armies have not always won, and God is on the side of righteousness. In the final analysis if we are to win, it must be because God grants the victory. The elements of our prayer should be thankfulness for God's goodness in the past two years. We wonder how the first 100,000 men stood their ground and turned back the tide. Shall we not say it was through the assistance of God? Let us be grateful that Britain entered the struggle.

How the men at the front need our prayers! How forgetful of their sacrifice we are! Let us pray for those left behind and those mourning the loss of friends. Humility and repentance before God, we must manifest. Have conditions improved under the heavy discipline of the past two years? We must humble ourselves in the dust for our individual and national sins. If victory came tomorrow would we be ready for it? Would we sink into indifference; forget God and the higher interests. When victory comes, may we show ourselves worthy of it and establish God's kingdom in our land and exert a leavening influence upon all the nations of the earth.

The meeting was closed with prayer by Rev. A. M. Hubby, the Lord's Prayer and the National Anthem.

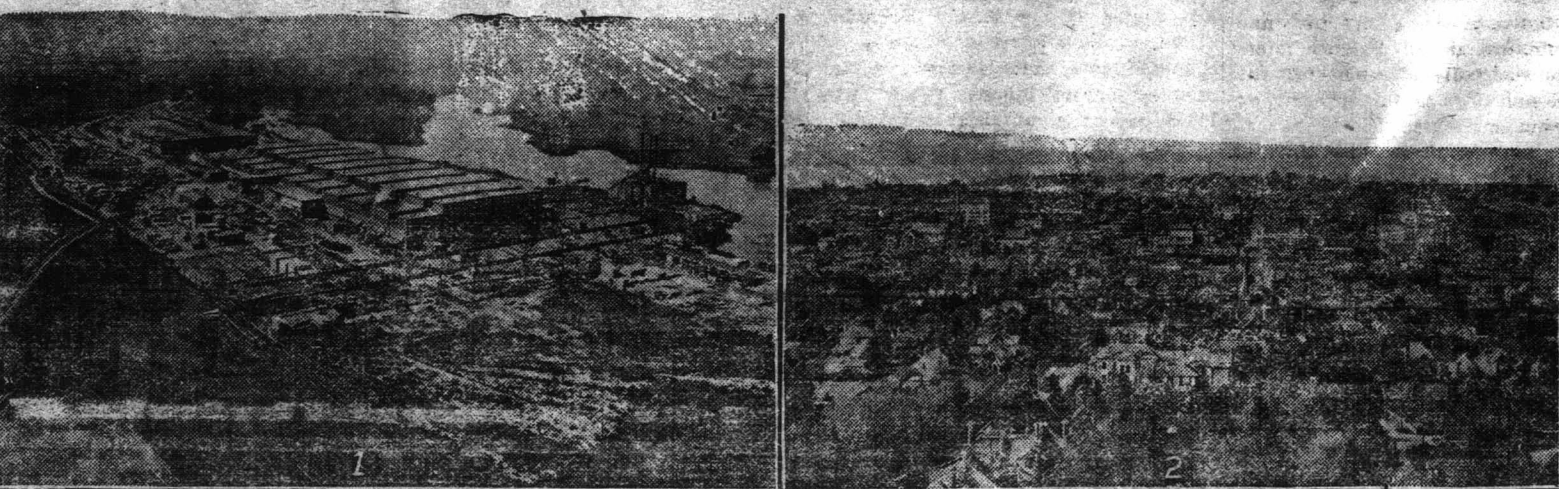
ADMITTED ASSAULT.

James Alexander pleaded guilty to assaulting his wife and was remanded a week by Magistrate Massey this morning.

—Make a Note of This— SINCLAIR'S Summer Sale is Now On!

We Plan to Make
**Monday, July 31st, to Saturday,
August 5th**
The Banner Summer Sale Week in the
History of Our Store.
**Every Day Will Be Bargain Day
It Will Pay You to Come Often**
Sinclair's | MID-SUMMER SALE | Sinclair's

NEW CANADIAN INDUSTRIES



- (1) National Steel Car Co., Hamilton, Ont.
- (2) Central Portion of Hamilton, Ont.
- (3) Canadian Connecticut Cotton Mills, Sherbrooke, Que.
- (4) Blast Furnaces, Steel Co. of Canada, Hamilton, Ont.

THE process of the establishment of branches of American industrial concerns within the borders of the Dominion of Canada has been going on for a good many years. It became apparent that no political party was likely to modify very seriously the "protective" character of the country's fiscal policy. It might reasonably have been expected that the shock of war would put a stop temporarily at least, to this process of peaceful penetration; but the opposite has been the case. Even since the recovery of capital from its paralysis, eight months or so after the war began, the establishment of American branches in Canada has been going on with greater energy and determination than before, and investigation has shown that the war, instead of discouraging such adventure, has afforded new reasons to justify it.

Speaking broadly, the American firms which have established themselves in Canada during the past twelve or fifteen months have been actuated by one or both of two main considerations. Either they have had an eye on the Canadian domestic market, and have regarded the present as a favorable opportunity for a campaign to increase their own abnormal cash reserves, and the exceptional prosperity and activity of the Dominion; or (this is the explanation in the majority of cases) they have had an eye not only to the Canadian market but also to the vast territory of the Entente Allies, and are convinced that in the fiscal arrangements which will follow the conclusion of peace, no neutral country will receive "most-favored-nation" treatment from any of the Allied countries.

Canada, combining the economic advantages of the American continent, with its wealth of raw material and of skilled labor, with the market advantages of a member of the belligerent Entente, is the natural basis of operations for an American concern with designs upon European markets. This, according to the industrial commissioners of various Canadian cities, and of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is the main motive in inducing most of the recent American branch establishments in Canada, and is likely to bring to Canada within the next few years industrial capital running to many hundreds of millions.

American concerns which have established plants in Canada since the beginning of 1915, is an imposing evidence of the attractive power of the Canadian market and of Canadian export possibilities. It should be added that all of the establishments are substantial plants, built for meeting a large business and for carrying on not merely a sales agency or an assembling process, but practically the entire process of production from the purchased raw material to the finished article. The famous packing house of Procter & Gamble Company, the proprietors of Ivory Soap and of sundry other soap and cottonseed oil products, who have commenced the erection of Libbey, McNeill & Libby has established itself in Hamilton, Ontario (which city, it will be noted, is a favorite with American industries owing to its Quebec, Ontario The Maple Leaf Condensing Company, a Detroit concern, is at Cheshamville, Ontario.

The number of concerns establishing in the Province of Quebec has been small compared with those of Ontario, but the present labor situation, which is much more favourable in Quebec is likely to correct that tendency to some extent. An important asset to the industries of Sherbrooke, Quebec, is that of Kayser & Company, the famous manufacturers of silk gloves, stockings, and other articles. The Aetha Explosive Company, at Drummondville, Quebec, has been improperly regarded as a war industry; it is so for the time being, but its immense plant has been designed so as to be applicable to the manufacture of dyes when the explosive business falls off. A rumor, which appears to have good foundation, though not officially confirmed, asserts that one of the great American chemical and explosives concerns has made all preparations for the establishment of a plant for the production of nitrates from atmospheric nitrogen at one of the hitherto undeveloped powers of Quebec Province.

Several American concerns already operating in Canada have found that their existing plants are not equal to the demands which they anticipate. The Dominion Sugar Company, which is largely financed by American sugar-refining capital, is adding a big plant at Chatham, Ontario, to its existing buildings at Wallaceburg in the same province. The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company is removing from small premises at Bowmanville, Ontario, to an immense property which it has bought at New Toronto, Ontario. These examples, all of them being enterprises undertaken long after Canada's participation in the war and her financial sacrifices for that cause were known and allowed for, are convincing evidence that the progressive manufacturers of the United States have perfect confidence in Canada as a field for industrial investment. As most of them are looking for an export trade, it would appear that they are satisfied that production costs in Canada will not be materially altered after the war, either as regards labor supply, cost of living, or burdens of taxation. Mr. Graham W. Curtis, Industrial Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, stated recently that he had found American business men greatly impressed by the showing of financial American confidence in, and comprehension of, Canada, was greater than strength made by the Dominion since the war, and that undoubtedly at any other previous date.

The people of A. ity were shocked ing, to hear that J been found dead half a mile from Friday evening Mr. Evan's about five tees with the Evan unusual was noted at that time. The about a mile from o'clock Mr. Burn home with the live ky he had procured 1900. For some never be known, road about half a m the horse being th one of the driving Saturday morning with Mr. Burns sit seen by Mr. Brashu along the road th 5.30 Miss Greatrix travel along the s saw the horse and fence and Mr. Burn ground apparently were summoned a Greatrix's report v John was dead. T Kindred and Dr. were called and body and surround best to have an in Mather performed a the body on Saturd reported having fou the stomach, a suff cause death. A co called and sworn in the body adjourned at 2 p.m. Deceased ten children, also a mourn his death. the whole commu the family and rel The worst autom has happened in t district occurred S at a crossing four North of Markdale line before 5 o'clo were Mr. W. J. M ronto, killed inste W. L. McFarland, a niece of the latte erton, daughter of J. Robertson of F broken and was bac only one in the car 12 year old daught Farland. Mr. and Mrs. W ren of Belleville, m in his new Chevrol visited friends ther visited Miss Clapp town.

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