

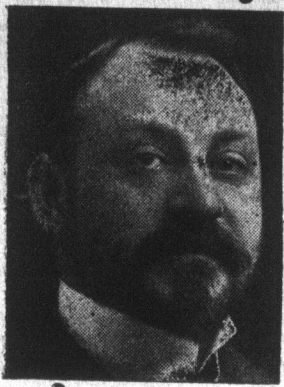
CAN MAKE MEN SOUND AND STRONG

Detroit Specialist Discovers Something Entirely New For the Cure of Men's Diseases in Their Own Homes.

YOU PAY ONLY IF CURED

Expects No Money Unless He Cures You. Method and Full Particulars Sent Free. Write for it. This Very Day.

A Detroit specialist who has 14 certificates and diplomas from colleges and medical boards, has perfected a startling method of curing the diseases of men in their own homes, and so that there may be no doubt in the mind of any man that he has both the method and the ability to do as he



DR. S. GOLDBERG.

The possessor of 14 diplomas and certificates who wants no money that he does not earn.

Dr. Goldberg, the discoverer, will send the method entirely free to all men who send him their names and address. He wants to hear from men who have striven that they have been unable to get cured, prostatic trouble, sexual weakness, varicocele, lost manhood, blood poison, hydrocele, emaciation of parts, impotency, etc. This wonderful method not only cures the condition itself, but likewise all the complications, such as rheumatism, bladder or kidney trouble, heart disease, etc.

The doctor realizes that it is one to make claims and another thing to back them up, so he has made a rule not to ask for money unless he cures you and when you are cured he feels sure that you will willingly pay him a small fee. It would seem therefore that it is to the best interests of every man who suffers in this way to write the doctor confidentially and lay your case before him. He sends the method as well as many booklets on the subject, including the one that contains the 14 diplomas and certificates, entirely free. Address him simply Dr. S. Goldberg, 208 Woodward Avenue, Room P, Detroit, Mich., and it will all immediately be sent you free.

This is something entirely new and well worth knowing more about. Write at once.

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BIG C CURES in 10 to 15 days. Guaranteed not to irritate. Treats Gonorrhea, Syphilis, and all venereal diseases. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

Cedar Posts.

19000 Cedar Posts per Schr. Kathadin, arrived last week.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE in large and small quantities. Lumber, lath, shingles, etc., always on hand at lowest prices. We are agents for the celebrated Chil-liwack B. C. Shingles, and sell them wholesale and retail. Painting, paperhanging and decorating done on short notice.

BLONDE Lumber and Co. Builders and Contractors, Phone 52.

SAND and GRAVEL

Having the tug "Vick" and a sand scow, I am prepared to enter into contracts for the supply of sand and gravel at lowest prices. Apply to, **Capt. V. Robinson.**

AN INDIAN COUNCIL.

HOW THE CHIEFS CONDUCT AFFAIRS OF THE SIX NATIONS.

Conspicuous Contrast With the Line-Fence Disputes of the White Men's Courts of Law Furnished in Their Digitized Treatment of Disputes Among Themselves—A Lesson for the Palefaces—Interesting Deliberations.

Five miles east of Brantford, along the Grand River, lies 52,000 acres of splendid farming land, dotted with the homes of 4,160 descendants of the Six Nations of Indians who for immemorial years have grown maize amid the forests of Ontario. For six miles on either side of the Grand, down to Caledonia, stretch fields of wheat, oats, corn and hay, trimly fenced and interspersed with trees, with regularly recurring and uniformly neat houses and fine barns; all guarded with rich stacks of hay and grain. Here and there a village nestles and dusky children play at baseball as you pass, with merry shouts in an unknown tongue, or go to buy candy or cotton of a Mohawk chief, whose ancestral tomahawk is replaced by the more peaceful yardstick.

Friends of England.

Originally the nations who were the followers of Tecumseh and the friends of England were given in reserve a belt of land six miles wide on both sides of the Grand River from source to mouth. Later, as land was needed for incoming white men, they surrendered all but the present Reserve, in consideration of which the lands so surrendered were sold, and the proceeds held in trust by the Government as a common tribal possession. From this reserve an annual interest of about \$48,000 accrues, which is paid into a Reserve current account. Out of this about \$14,000 is annually paid in salaries to agent, secretary, forest-keepers, grants for funeral expenses, pensions to the old, maintenance of roads and schools. The remaining sum is divided among the Indians, the seventy chiefs receiving a pro rata division of \$3,200 annually, paid quarterly, and the warriors being apportioned the balances standing at the year's end.

It will be seen then that these 4,000 of our fellow-subjects, owners by right of prowess originally of the country we call ours, are very comfortably settled financially, with a communal possession of land and money so extensive, and so well guarded from alienation by a paternal government.

Hold Monthly Council.

Nor are the Indians of the Brant Reserve unappreciative of their peaceful, prosperous lot as 20th century aborigines. Their traditional tribal customs are still extant, and the machinery of their enlightened self-government. For over 800 unbroken years a council of the allied Mohawk, Seneca, Oneida, Onondaga, Cayuga, and Tuscarora nations has been periodically summoned to discuss common interests and policy. This council holds a monthly session, sitting in the same hall circle, and addressed by chiefs chosen as of old—addresses in support of justice as per the King's code. Warrior chiefs whose ancestral peers met in savage array, sitting cross-legged on the ground to smoke as they talked of offence and defence, now occupy comfortable armchairs, wearing the modern working garb of farmer or carpenter, mill-owner or storekeeper; and the ancient duties of the Onondaga "firekeepers" are now deputed to the caretaker of the council house, while those who formerly laid fagots on the central blaze sit motionless now at their traditional post.

The writer spent a day recently at this interesting assembly at the country village of Ohsweken, driving there along a beautiful road, which would beside the river through the crop-laden fields of the Reserve. Impassive faces viewed his arrival before the council house, and watched with grave reserve as he was given the guest-seat beside the superintendent. At his left were the ranged seats of the Mohawks and Seneca chiefs. On the right sat the chiefs of the Oneidas, Tuscaroras, Cayugas and Delawares—a small tribe long ago adopted into the Nations. In the central space the Onondagas were making in all a usual assemblage of 60 out of the 70 chiefs. Behind all, the warriors filled the benches to hear the deliberations of their chiefs on matters of imminent concern to many of their men and women. Close at the side were the secretary and the speaker of the council, and the interpreting chief sat beside the Indian superintendent, Mr. Cameron.

Interesting Deliberations.

The council opened at 10 a.m. An Onondaga chief stretched his huge bulk to its full height, and, with outstretched hand, invoked the Great Spirit in his solemn, dignified native tongue to bless their deliberations, to secure justice therein for all, thanking him for safe arrival of the chiefs and asking a safe return home for all. The superintendent then arose, and, addressing the chief in English, presented the first matter of reserve business under his notice. This being interpreted in the Mohawk language to the chief on the left, they debated like a jury in an English court of law as to the action to be taken by the council in the case—one of a dispute as to title of occupation. Advised by the superintendent as to the law, they gave it the impress of their views in equity, and their "speaker" then gave the chiefs sitting on the right their decision, where the discussion was renewed, and another and differing decision proposed. The fire-keepers in the centre thereupon gave the casting vote after consultation in the same low-toned guttural. So the business proceeded until 1 p.m., the cases propounded, discussed, settled or laid on the table. In some cases rapidly, in others with the delays of reiterated but always dignified and self-unconscious expressions of what differing chiefs held to be just. All

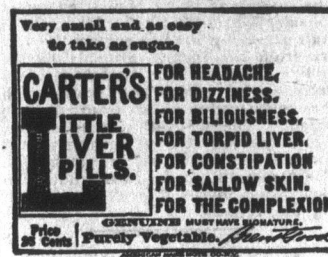
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Genuine **Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

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CURE SICK HEADACHE.

through the day the guidance of the tactful, superintendent, the shrewdness of the chiefs, and above all their unbought sense of justice, gave reason for the evident smooth prosperity of the Six Nations. In conspicuous contrast with the line-fence disputes which disgust the white man's courts of law, was a case of an Indian who had himself built his neighbor's fence for him, the negligent one; and, though building it entirely on his, the builder's land, asked only for payment of the cost of materials and labor from the annual payments due the delinquent, and asked it without passion. At times a rippling smile of a burst of laughter greeted some unconscious humor in the uncouth, aspirate Indian language in which all discussions are held. At others grey-haired dusky-palid faces bowed in taciturn agreement or sought the eye of the speaker in token of contrary views. All was subdued, quiet, an object lesson to the Parliaments of the pale-face.

Question of Education.

One of the most real problems moving the minds of the Brant Indians now and for years is that of the education of their children. The first schools of the Reserve were started, financed and managed by the propagandizing New England Company, a London organization of the Anglican Church. They so continued until 25 years ago, when by their proposal the council joined in their support with \$1,500 per year, and in their governance with three members on the School Board. The company had a like interest. The Indian agent was a member of the board, with a grant from the Indian Reserve Fund of \$450 a year. Then, some years later, the Methodist missionaries put \$250 into the annual fund for schools, and put their missionary on the Board of Trustees. About 15 years since, the New England Company withdrew \$500 per year from their \$1,500, and five years later ceased to contribute anything whatever to the support of the schools, but their appointees remained on the board as "honorary" members.

Now the schools, which number 10, are supported wholly by the Council and Reserve Fund, while they have but three out of seven members on the board. Of the rest, two are clergymen of the New England Company, as is their appointed inspector; one is principal of the Brantford Central School, and the chairman is the Indian agent, Mr. Cameron.

The Council is petitioning the Indian Department to have the reserve placed under the Ontario Department of Education and its regulations, laws and county inspector—G. C. Porter, in Toronto word.

There are 2,754 languages.

Aim at the Heart.

Let it be Grip, Malaria, Fever or what not, always strike at the Heart

to protect it, to strengthen it, to cure it, and you baffle every other ailment.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure puts new vigor into every heart, and ninety-nine out of a hundred need it, for that percentage are sick. Having put that machine in good working order, it has guaranteed the whole system against sickness. Every organ is soon sound. It always relieves in 30 minutes.

Mrs. EZRA DUGANAHAM, Temple, N.B., Canada, writes:—"Have had heart trouble for years; would have it as often as three times a week, sometimes lasting twenty-four hours. Was persuaded to give Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure a trial, which I did, with the greatest results. It surely is a peerless remedy, and would advise any one who has heart trouble to try it."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT. He who would be free from piles and skin eruptions must use this cure, which cures them out at once and for all time. The safest, quickest cure, because compounded on correct principles. Pleasant use of itching skin diseases. Price, 25 cents. Sold by Messrs. Gunn and McLaren, Druggists, Chatham.

FASHION NOTES.

New Turbans—Long, trailing sleeves on Evening Gowns.

Nothing is smarter at French watering places than the new wide turbans trimmed with red and white currants and their own foliage. They also give a lighter effect to the heavy cloths frocks with which they are sometimes worn.

Tussore silk is being revived, but as a rule it is more practical than becoming. It is very popular for dust coats and useful traveling frocks, for it is inexpensive and wears and washes well.

Immensely long floating sleeves are a feature of nearly all the smart even-



TAILOR MADE TOQUE.

ing gowns. A gray mousseline de soie seen recently was trimmed with lines of the palest mauve velvet. The corsage was finished with the long floating sleeves edged with tiny ruffles of chiffon. It is a matter of choice whether these floating appendages come straight from the shoulder or start from a close fitting epaulet and end proportionately short, but however fancy dictates their disposal they are always smart and pretty.

The bolero continues as popular as ever.

Some of the new hats in chip are turned up abruptly at the sides toward the back, where they are simply trimmed with a bow of black velvet and perhaps an ostrich feather. These are smart and at the same time serviceable, for there is nothing on them, if the feather be omitted, to get spoiled by wind or rain. A favorite hat has again come into favor. It is called the "Nell Gwynn." It is very large, takes most becoming lines and is trimmed with beautiful feathers coming out all round from the crown and just overhanging the brim.

The illustration shows a toque of black straw trimmed with two wings.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

USEFUL GOWNS.

Soft Makes of Linen—Tailor Made Check Gowns.

There are a great many soft makes of linen this year, and they are really more serviceable wear because they do not crease so easily and are so much easier to wash and iron even if they do cost a little more at first.

A feature of the early autumn will be checks, red and white, brown and white, green and white and blue and



SPOTTED CANVAS COSTUME.

white. They sometimes do the duty of plain cloth in the between seasons and do duty on chilly days. The Parisienne always has a check dress in her wardrobe.

A dress of this description should be tailor made, decorated perhaps, but at the same time neat and useful, with a skirt neither too short nor too long. A charming model was made with narrow box plaits on the hips, down the front and in the center of the back, with a skirt just to clear the ground. The blouse border was also box plaited with a shoulder piece of very coarse Italian lace and some incrustations of black velvet. The waistband was of turquoise panne, and there was a suspension of turquoise chiffon at the neck. Altogether it was an essentially practical gown suitable for many occasions. The cut shows a costume of spotted canvas, with a box plaited bolero trimmed with embroidery and tassels.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

PARIS 1900. "Superior to Imported Gin because it's old" **A taste of Melchers** **RED CROSS** **Canadian Gin.** Satisfies that it is the Finest Type of Pure Gin, perfectly matured and mellow. It's the Only Gin which is distilled, matured for years and bottled in Bonded Warehouses under Government Supervision, and the Only Gin having its age, quality and purity guaranteed on every bottle, by an official government stamp. **BOYD, WILSON & CO., 529 St. Paul St. Montreal.** DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

...IT PAYS TO USE... **Beaver Flour** (Blended Winter and Spring Wheat.) It is absolutely uniform and reliable and is a triumph in up-to-date milling. It is a trade getter and a trade holder. Its high and uniform quality speaks for itself, and every order sold means another to follow. Chop stuffs, Mill Feeds, Cereals, &c., all at reasonably low price. Highest prices paid for wool, wheat, &c.

BLOOD POISON On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Rheumatism, skin eruptions, or swollen joints, thickening of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sores throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "old fogey" treatments—doctors of mineral poisons—Beware of Quack and Patent Cures. **OUR NEW METHOD OF TREATMENT** is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poisons from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.** Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free. **DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN** Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

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