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Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

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"TYRIAN."

25th JULY, 1874.

FIFTEEN PACKAGES.

1 Bale BLUE GREY BLANKETS;
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GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the

GREY COTTON

We are now making. This article is manufactured out of AMERICAN COTTON, WHICH IS

MUCH SUPERIOR

to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER than any other Cotton in the market.

For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

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THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER.

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

Sample Copies Mailed Free

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 25.

Carlist Cruelty and Boasting—The People the Source of Power.

The Carlists are getting an unenviable reputation for cruelty to prisoners of war. The accounts of their killing prisoners in cold blood are now too well authenticated to be doubted—indeed, neither they nor their apologists deny them. I am the rightful ruler of this people, reasons Don Carlos, and those who prefer to govern themselves are traitors whose lives are forfeited. It is hardly possible that the Carlist butcheries of Spaniards will render the nation anxious to accept the rule of the pretender, and he is no nearer the goal of his hopes than he was months ago. There is nothing like boasting, however, and promising, so he has issued a manifesto guaranteeing religious toleration, engaging not to disturb the sales of church property at present completed, promising a representative but not a revolutionary government, undertaking to restore the finances of the country, and insuring liberty so far as it is consistent with order. The manifesto concludes as follows: "If the rebellion continues we shall stifle it with cannon. Those who reject our proffers of conciliation to-day will be compelled to submit to the law of the conqueror to-morrow." These may be brave words, but deeds in keeping with them are wanting. Spain now has all things, so far as it is possible for such a country to have them, that Don Carlos promises. Every despot grants his subjects as much liberty as he deems to be consistent with order, and the Spanish people will not be very much tempted by that promise. Not many financiers will be found to put much confidence in the ability of Don Carlos to restore the finances to a healthy condition. The only thing he can do to aid the finances is to get himself and his horde out of the country, so that his country may be saved the expense of keeping up an army to prevent him from cutting her throat. "If the rebellion continues" indeed. The coolness of the fellow is refreshing. He overruns Spain with a horde of cutthroats, claims to be the God-sent and Pope-ordained ruler of the country, because one of his ancestors ruled over it, and talks about the military operations undertaken by the Government of the country to drive him out as a "rebellion"! Well, well, we have people, one or two at least, even in this country, who think just as Don Carlos does about this matter. The people of Spain elected a Cortes, that body chooses rulers, and its choice is the only legitimate government of the country. No man inherited the country, as men inherit estates, and no man has any claim to a position that is not accorded to him by the majority of the representative body of the nation. The representatives of the people of England, centuries ago, agreed that the government should be an hereditary monarchy, and that a certain man and his heirs should sit on the throne. They have asserted their right, more than once, to drive rulers from the throne who had broken their coronation oaths, and place the crown on other heads. If the representatives of the people should declare to-morrow that the government should no longer be monarchical, or that the dynasty must be changed, the crown would dissolve the House, a new election would be held on the issue thus raised, and, if the new House of Commons should confirm the vote of its predecessor, the Queen would have to step quietly down from her high position and surrender the authority with which she was invested when she succeeded to the throne. She and her children would have, of course, an equitable claim on the public treasury for a large sum of money, because their ancestors handed over a vast amount of private property to the nation, but this is all the claim that enlightened Englishmen would recognize. The idea of the Prince of Wales raising an army and attempting to make himself King, after the people had voted that they would not have him, would be absolutely absurd, and he would only provoke ridicule by claiming that the throne was his by right of inheritance after the power that created the throne and placed his family on it had decreed that the throne should be torn down or his family excluded. There is no law that the people cannot repeal, no dynasty that the people cannot banish, no form of government that the people cannot change. Happy the country that recognizes this right and possesses machinery for its peaceful assertion. In Spain the people asserted the right by revolution and have maintained it by arms.

Mrs. Tilton's Statement.

The latest phase of the Tilton-Beecher scandal is the statement of Mrs. Tilton. She solemnly denies every statement in her husband's affidavit, and paints him as a bad, designing man who has sworn to crush Beecher. The letters from her that seem to make confession of criminality with Beecher were written by Tilton and signed by her when she was too ill to know what she did, Tilton alleging that they were necessary in order that he might force Bowen to restore him to the editorship of *The Independent* and *Union*. She declares her readiness to swear to all her statements. She has been too long, she says, a mere puppet of her husband's, allowing her good name to be traduced for the furtherance of her husband's schemes, and now, having been foully branded by the husband she has loved and obeyed for long years, she asserts her womanhood, her motherhood, and tears the mask from the husband who has forfeited all claim to her love and respect. Everybody who has had anything to say about the Tilton family has had nothing but good to say of Mrs. Tilton, her own husband's last utterance only excepted, while charges of many kinds are mingled with the history of Theodore's prayer-meeting, Sunday-school and religious-newspaper labors. The great New York journals, with access to all the facts obtainable, and eager only to anticipate the result of the investigation, just as ready to publish Beecher's condemnation as his justification, have abstained, with most suggestive caution, from endorsing or seeming to endorse anything that has been stated or sworn to by Theodore Tilton. They know the man, just as they know the Count Joannes and George Francis Train, and give his story for what it is worth. It is safe to say that Mr. Beecher will come out of the investigation exonerated from every charge, and that Theodore Tilton's name will become the synonym of baseness, folly, or insanity.

The celebrated mill-dam case, which has occupied the Westmorland Circuit Court for some days, was brought to a close last evening and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff of $3,000, no points being reserved. W. J. Gilbert, Esq., Att'y, and A. L. Palmer, Esq., Q. C., counsel for plaintiff, and C. W. Weldon, Esq., Q. C., counsel for defendant. The previous trial of this case resulted in a verdict of $2,030, which was upset.

Mr. Howland at the Institute—Canada First—The New National Party—The Maritime National Club Endorsed.

A large audience, some six or seven hundred gentlemen, gathered in the Mechanics' Institute last evening to hear Mr. Howland's exposition of the principles of the new National party with which his name is associated. There never was a more respectable and thoughtful audience in the hall. Everybody was struck with the presence of almost everybody who could be expected to be interested in the subject to be discussed, and the absence of mere idlers and sightseers. Sheriff Harding occupied the chair, supported by C. H. Fairweather, Esq.

The Chairman, on behalf of the National Maritime Club, introduced Mr. Howland as a distinguished Canadian of progressive ideas. He spoke of the Maritime Club as a body of loyal gentlemen who sought to educate the people politically, for the time may come—be it long distant (cheers)—when we shall have to take on ourselves the burden of a separate nationality. The Club seeks to establish a party having for its object the good of the whole country. There would always be two parties. He did not believe that when a man went into public life he became debased, but he deemed a political career honorable. Years ago some young men here formed themselves into a Reform Club, and the party in power tried to turn them into ridicule; but the effort did not succeed, for members of that club rose to the highest places in the country. This Club also proposes to encourage immigration. All must commend this. Every man must subscribe to the doctrine that revenue tariffs must be so adjusted as to promote native industry. The Sheriff went over the other planks of the platform that has been put forth by the Club and commended them. Mr. Howland, he said, belonged to a new party that had a common political interest with this, although both might not advocate exactly the same measures and proclaim precisely the same doctrines. He closed by introducing William H. Howland.

Mr. Howland was received with cheers. He had looked forward with much pleasure to the advocacy, on this occasion, of Canadianism in Canada. The great mistake in the carrying of Confederation was the failure to have the question submitted to the people at the polls (cheers). Then we should have had strict party lines drawn in each Province. But there was an amalgamation of party leaders that destroyed the old organizations. An effort has been making to restore the old party lines, but it failed. Men changed every day. In Nova Scotia the transformations have been miraculous. (Laughter.) There is no such thing now as political principle. The people in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, he had found, were ready to form a new political party. As it is now the men who get the support of certain organizations — such as Orangmen, Catholics, etc.,—get into office, no matter whether they are Tories or Liberals. The party leaders had formed policies and forced them down the throats of the people. The political history of the country could be read in the history of George Brown and Sir John Macdonald for the last twenty years. The people had not been consulted—the party had not been consulted, as the ruling party is in the United States and England. The party leaders are autocrats. If we are to permit this to continue we might as well abolish the absurdity of a Parliament. We see this autocratic rule in the history of two treaties, one of which had been forced on the country and the prospect was that the other would be forced on it also. We must have a great party, extending over the whole country, for breaking down Provincial lines (applause), putting down sectionalism, abolishing sectarian prejudices, and making Canada really one country, a united country, instead of being like a bundle of sticks tied loosely together. (Cheers.) The sooner we elect men as Canadians, and not as representatives of this or that religious denomination, the better. (Applause.) We are entitled to have the same national sentiment for our country as an Englishman or Scotchman has for his. He quoted from D'Arcy McGee, the first man who died for Canadian nationality (cheers), to illustrate what he said. The term Canada First, which had been applied like a nickname to the new movement, was not to be taken in any sense disloyal to the Empire. (Applause.) The party is in no sense a Know nothing party, numbering as many of foreign as of native birth. The principle on which the Toronto Club acted was that the platform and principles of the National party could only be decided by a convention of delegates from all the Provinces. The National party had been objected to on the ground of loyalty. Look at the separated state of the Provinces, and consider if a party that wants to bind them closer together is not more likely to oppose and prevent Annexation than the party that keeps the Provinces as they are. It was for the interest of office-holders to keep up the present state of things. When this movement got fairly launched there would be only two parties—the National and the unnaturally Unnational (laughter). As soon as the platform is formed, there will be plenty to leap on it. Here, where there are no party lines, a rare chance is offered for the organization of a powerful party on a new basis. There should be a Maritime union, doing away with these little Parliaments, and making these Lower Provinces more influential. We should consider that we are Canadians first, instead of mere New Brunswickers or Ontarians (applause), and when Canadians can do this and stand shoulder to shoulder the country will take the position to which it is entitled. (Cheers.)

Mr. I. Allen Jack, after a brief and witty speech, moved the following, which was carried unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be tendered to Mr. Howland for the able exposition of the views of his party, and

Further Resolved, That in the view of this meeting, it is most desirable that the Maritime National Club should be encouraged in its efforts to cultivate a national and patriotic spirit throughout the Dominion.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Acadamy of Music— Nannary & McDowall, Claude DeHaven

Grey Blankets— Everitt & Butler
New Goods— Barnes, Kerr & Co
Great Clearance Sale— McCausland, Wills & Co
Summer Reading— J & A McMillan
Coal— R P McGivern
Starr Edgar Stuart— E Lunt & Sons
McGinley's Royal Circus—
Lost—

AUCTIONS.

Clothing, &c— E H Lester

If you want a fine-flavored, prime Havana Cigar, give Lawton Bros. a call. 2 King Square. tf

Sunday Services.

Rev. Mr. Spencer will preach on board the steamship Tyrian at 11 a. m.

St. Stephen's Church—The Rev. Wm. Caven, of Ontario, will preach at 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

Rev. David Tully, Oswego, N. Y., will preach in Calvin Church at 11 a. m., and 3 p. m.

Duke Street Chapel—Preaching by Elder Garraty at 11 o'clock. Theme—Exposition of 2nd Tim., 4th chap. Evening—Is the head of the Church in London, Rome or Jerusalem?

Rev. Dr. Sheldon, of Waterville, Me., a Unitarian, will preach at Salem Church, Sand Cove, at 3 p. m.

Reformed Presbyterian Church—Public worship may be expected to-morrow at the usual hours—11 and 6 o'clock.

Brevities.

Those who went to Digby yesterday are loud in their praises of the Festival, the cherries, and the cherry-checked maidens they saw there. The Empress excursions are becoming more popular than ever.

A Pullman car for the Intercolonial, one of those which we told our readers about some time ago, arrived at Carleton last evening.

At a teachers' meeting of the Germain street Wesleyan Sunday school, Thursday evening, it was agreed to hold the picnic of that school at Westfield on the 6th of August.

Messrs. Hall & Hanington held a clearance sale of plants and flowdrs this forenoon and entire gardens were knocked down to bidders at remarkably low rates.

The Academy of Music Theatre.

The "Corsican Brothers" and "The Brigands" were played last evening to a large and appreciative audience. The music was most exquisite. Some of the scenes were of a highly thrilling character—artistically sensational—and the applause was loud and frequent. Nothing like this bill has been previously produced at the Academy, and those who saw it last night, and those who failed to see it, will be glad to know that "The Corsican Brothers" and "The Brigands" will be repeated to-night.

The costumes used in "The Brigands" were imported from New York expressly for the characters, while all the groupings, tableaux, &c., were copied from Kinglake's series of paintings of the Brigands. The picture at the end of the first act was the most picturesque and beautiful we have witnessed on the stage. Had theatre-goers known what "The Brigands" was like, they would have crowded the Academy last evening.

Consolidated E. & N. A. Railway.

The Express train for Bangor and Boston will leave St. John, 9.30 a. m., and for Fredericton, 4.15 p. m. The express train from Bangor is due to arrive at 6.00 p. m. tf

Cunard Steamers.

China, Samaria, Calabria, Hecla, Marathon, Batavia, Scotia, Saragossa. These first-class steamers of this popular line will leave Boston and New York for Liverpool during the next two weeks Hall & Hanington, agents.

Cast Upon the Waters and Returning after a Few Days.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Hevenor started for England, a few weeks ago, in the ship Eliza S. Milligan, and a letter was received from them Thursday night, conveying the information that the following document had been sealed up in a bottle and cast upon the waters:

8th June, 1874, on board the Eliza S. Milligan, 66 by 21, off Cape Sable, all well, a good breeze ahead, foggy, 6 days out, still hoping for a change. If this reaches you mindyour father's scheme envelope. H. H. to Gilbert Hevenor, 64 Charlotte street, St. John, N. B., N.A.

The same mail that brought this letter from England brought the following note from Maine, with the above message, on a torn envelope, enclosed:

MT. DESERT ROCK, July 3, 1874.

SIR: The within paper was picked up in a bottle on Mt. Desert Rock by the subscriber on the afternoon of July 2, 1874, while picking up drift wood.

WM. P. SAWYER,
2d Ass't. Keeper Light, Mt. Desert Rock.

City Police Court.

John Hamilton and Thomas Gallagher, two of the sportive youths who harmlessly amuse themselves in the vicinity of York Point, were in the dock charged with abusing and stoning Michael Nyhan, Mrs. Chipman's gardener. When Mr. Nyhan entered the witness box Mrs. Hamilton opened on the Court in defence of her boy, and Nyhan said she was as bad as the boy. As she would not keep still a policeman removed her. Michael said: "I live on the corner of North and Georges streets, in a nest of the worst neighbors God Almighty ever put life into. Hamilton and Gallagher, with others, kicked and kicked at my door and called —'Nut, Nut, come out here.' Then I started for a policeman, as I often have to—sorry I am to trouble yer honor so often—and Gallagher struck me with an edging right over the small of the back of me, as I was going." Gallagher—"Will yer swear to that?" Nyhan—"I do swear to it." Then they fired stones—these stones (producing a dozen of two or three pounds weight each). Hamilton—"His girl picked them up in the gutter for him to bring here—nobody fired them at him." Nyhan—"Hamilton and others of the gang around him fired them. Pat Welsh was one of them—yer honor knows Pat Welsh, for often enough he's been here, troubling you. They dared me to fight, called me 'Nuts,' and one of them struck me with a scantling. After I went in the house they kept in front of it till after one o'clock, abusing me. I hope yer honor will give them the full benefit of the law." Mrs. Hamilton was then heard, but could say nothing to disprove the charge. Henry McNamee was called as a witness by the boys, and swore that he, and not either of the prisoners, fired the stick. The Magistrate concluded the trial by sentencing Hamilton and Gallagher to twenty days' hard labor in jail, and they grinned at each other as though they enjoyed the joke immensely. "I'll make you laugh on the other side of your mouth next time—send you to penitentiary where I ought to send you now," said the Magistrate. As they were going out of the door, Mr. Nyhan gazing on them with an air of stern triumph, Hamilton, who seems to be one of those street arabs whose teasing propensities are irresistible, looked up in his enemy's face and whispered "Nuts." Mr. Nyhan fairly danced with wrath, and cried: "Did ye hear that, men? Did ye hear that, yer Honor? He calls me Nuts now." So Hamilton was brought back and sentenced to pay a fine of $6 or remain in jail two months after the expiration of the twenty days. "Now try it again," remarked the magistrate, "and see what I'll give you."

Joseph Bridge denied the charge of drunkenness. He was standing on the corner, talking to a shipmate, when "this ere fellow" (the officer) arrested him. Officer Moore swore that the fellow was knocking about the street, between 11 and 12, and when told to go home about his business gave some impudence. "But I wasn't drunk," said Bridge. "Just drunk enough to be saucy and impudent," suggested the magistrate; "you should remember that these men are the guardians of the public peace, and not insult them when they direct you to go to your boarding house. I fine you $4." Bridge was then committed to jail to await the sailing of his ship, the Belmont, from which he was absent without leave, being told that the $6 fine, $2 costs, and the jail fees, would be paid by the Captain and deducted from his pay. Kelly, another deserter, had been taken back and forgiven, and a warrant is out for another of the crew.

Paul McDevitt, Peter J. Cougle, Geo. Watson, and Mary Morgan, of Carleton, were reported for unlicensed liquor selling, and McDevitt alone appeared. "What do you say to this charge?" "I have been ill, sir." "But did you sell liquor without license?" "I did sir. I couldn't get over for a license, as I was laid on the broad of my back." "Not well enough before to-day?" "Hardly; and I couldn't—raise—the funds, to tell the truth." "Oh, that's it, is it? Well, as you've been sick I'll only fine you $8, the smallest sum the law allows."

Mrs. Mary O'Doherty complained that her step-son, James O'Doherty, did, on the 24th day of July, use abusive and insulting language towards her, calling her a liar, telling her to go to hell, thereby tending to provoke a breach of the peace contrary to the Act of Assembly provided, and James was fined $6.

A Great Sale.

The enterprising firm of McCausland, Wills & Co., No. 2 King street, commence to-day to sell off a large stock of seasonable dry goods at greatly reduced prices. Mr. Wills will sail for England, by steamer from Halifax, on Tuesday next. As he goes to select and purchase for the fall trade it is important that the present stock should be cleared out in time to make room for the new, and for this purpose goods have been marked down to lowest possible figures. Since commencing business this firm have made themselves highly popular, and the present sale will, no doubt, be a grand success. See advt.

A Caricature.

Over the entrance to Knowles' Trunk Factory, Germain street, has been placed a caricature of some of our Civic reformers. The drawing exhibits a pair of familiar looking awning posts, with cross bars, as they appeared before the slaughter. Over the top is the legend "Lawless men laid us low." A mortar and pestle represent the Mayor, following which are the words "Some of our Civic reformers for 1874." On the left appears the drawing of a dog standing on his nose while his tail points heavenward, and in order that no doubt may exist as to the kind of animal it is intended to represent, the letters "kur" are printed on his ribs, while beneath is written the classic quotation, "Alas! poor Shyster!" In the centre sits "Our Carleton Hartist" before his easel, on which is printed the ominous word "Signs." There is a ship with sails set and "Consignments solicited" written above; a lock, heart, auctioneer's hammer and spectacles with the legend, "Going, gone." The execution and design are pretty clever, and entitle the artist to a seat in the new Council for 1875.

The Lordly-Hatt Case.

The trial of Mrs. Hatt, who is charged with adultery, was resumed at the Portland Police Court at noon to-day. Mrs. Lordly was nearly as demonstrative as before. Four women were called as witnesses to prove that Mr. Lordly ill-treated his wife and made love to Mrs. Hatt, while the latter was their servant. Miss Roxey Wood had seen Lordly raise a hammer to strike his wife. Miss Sarah Cassidy had seen Lordly and Hatt sitting on the side of a bed together. Mrs. Ann Jerred had seen love-making between the two. Once when Lordly attempted to strike his wife witness interfered with a broomstick. If she had Lordly for a husband she'd hammer the life out of him. Her evidence was very humorous. Mrs. Lordly asked permission of the Court to rattan Mrs. Hatt, and the request was not granted. Mr. Lordly wanted to know if he could have his wife summoned for abusive language used in Court. The case was adjourned until Friday morning.

Russia Leather Albums, edged in oxydized silver, with lock and key, at Notman's.

The National Club Dinner.

The supper in honor of Mr. Howland, at the Victoria last evening, was an exceedingly pleasant affair. The Sheriff presided, and Mr. W. E. Everett and Mr. Collins Lloyd occupied the Vice Chairs. Z. Chipman, Esq., of St. Stephen, was present. The supper and the wines were excellent. Mr. D. S. Kerr spoke to the toast of "The Governor General;" Mr. Howland, Mr. John Gillespie and Mr. Keays spoke to "Our Guest;" Hon. T. R. Jones, "Lt. Governor;" Mayor Smith and Alderman Ferguson, "Mayor and Corporation;" Messrs. W. Elder and J. V. Ellis, "House of Commons"; Messrs. D. S. Kerr, W. E. Everitt and T. R. Jones, "Our Manufacturing Interests"; Mr. J. Collins Lloyd, "Our Mercantile Interests"; Messrs. C. N. Skinner, S. Alward, I. A. Jack, D. S. Kerr, W. Pugsley, G. R. Pugsley, and C. McDonald, "The Bar": Mr. J. L. Stewart "The Press"; Sheriff Harding, "The Chairman"; Mr. W. E. Everett, "The Maritime National Club"; Dr. Jas. Christie and G. Stewart, Jr., "The Ladies."

THE DAILY TRIBUNE and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street. au 8

Portland Police Court.

Charles Johnston, drunk, fined $4, which was allowed to stand, he promising to do better in future.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC has arrived, and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by our druggists, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet, which has become so much a favorite in our section, has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages, and scattered through many nations, as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our own vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them, and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an AYER'S ALMANAC, and when got, keep it.

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On Policies that have been 5 years in continuous existence, without causing claim, the Sixth Year's Assurance will be Granted

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THIS IS THE FIRST AND ONLY

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aue 27 For New Brunswick and P. E. Island.