

# The Daily Standard

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WEATHER—SHOWERY

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## CONSTANTINE ABDICATES; CANADIANS WIN VICTORY

### GOVERNMENT REVEALS SITUATION

Has Made No Announcement  
How It Proposes to Meet  
Expenditures.

### APPARENTLY AFRAID TO RAISE STUMPAGE

Influence of the North Shore  
Counties Strong and Out-  
look Dubious.

Special to The Standard.  
Fredericton, June 12.—What steps are the Carter-Foster government going to take to bring the revenues of the province to an amount to meet the expenditures? That question is uppermost in the minds of every honorable member who has the interests of the province of New Brunswick at heart.

The situation is a most serious one. Although the Carter-Foster government has presented estimated receipts and expenditures on current accounts, not one practical suggestion has emanated from the government as to the manner in which they propose to increase the revenues. Unless the government meets the situation New Brunswick is face to face with appalling financial losses during the regime of the present powers.

Up To Government.  
Mr. Tilley, in the course of his admirable address on the budget last evening put the matter up straight to the new government. "What do you propose to do about it?" asked the senator for St. John, and the government benches sat silent to the appeal of Mr. Tilley for a statement of their policy to surmount the present apparent difficulty. Mr. Tilley did not mince words. He was not playing politics, but came forward with the open and straightforward declaration that he would support any legislation which would serve to increase the stumpage rates of the province. His remarks did find favor with a number of the government supporters, but the front benches were significantly silent. The problem, however, must be met and men like Mr. Tilley who appreciate the seriousness of the situation are demanded that the government take immediate steps in the matter.

Why The Delay.  
Members are naturally asking the cause for the inaction of the government. Perhaps the cause might be attributed to the divergent opinions existing among the supporters of the new administration. Perhaps the government are afraid to act fearing that if they take the necessary steps for the protection of the interests of the people of the province they will incur the wrath of such men as Mr. J. P. Burchill, a leading North Shore lumberman, who came out in the House last evening with the statement that the rates were high enough and that the lumbermen could not reasonably afford to pay more.

No one will deny that the lumbermen have made money through their operations on the crown lands and the general belief is the government should carry out the practical suggestions of men like Mr. Tilley, Hon. Mr. Baxter, Hon. Mr. Robinson and Mr. Michaud and the only practical course which is to advance the stumpage. The people of New Brunswick, who like the members of the House, have awakened to a true realization of the seriousness of the situation, will watch developments with interest. The question resolves itself down to this: "Will the government act for the people's interests, or will they continue to plunge the province into debt in order to save themselves from an open break with their followers in the lumbering sections of the province who unquestionably owe their seats to the support of the lumbering interests."

### REWARDS FOR FUGITIVE.

\$50.00—The Standard.  
10.00—French Consul Emili Gabury (present Fox with tin of Forest and Stream)  
10.00 in trade—F. A. Johnson, women's wear.  
10.00—P. A. Dykeman and Co., dry goods.  
10.00—Imperial Tobacco Co., Murad cigarettes.  
5.00—A. A. McCluskey, cigars.  
10.00—Waterbury and Hising, shoes.

### MESSRS. POTTS AND PINDER SEVERELY CRITICISE THE CARTER-VENIT GOVERNMENT

Addresses of Both Valuable Contributions to Budget Debate—Where is Government to Raise Sufficient Funds?

### MR. FOSTER HAD EYE TO BIG PROFITS ON HIS RAILROAD

Mr. Potts Charges Government Violated Pledges to People that Expenditures Would Be Kept Within Revenue.

Special to The Standard.  
Fredericton, June 12.—Messrs. Potts and Pinder, the two opposition members who participated in the budget debate in the House this afternoon, made exceedingly warm for the Carter-Foster government. Their addresses were most valuable contributions to the budget debate. The old war horse, James K. Pinder, who has had the honor of sitting in the House for such a large number of years, gave facts and figures which showed conclusively the wide range of the late government in constituting the South-  
ampton Railway with Mr. Pinder had undertaken. Although the project involved a total loss to him of \$20,000, Mr. Pinder said his desire was to see the people of the section of the country have the railway facilities they so richly deserved. York's veteran member also had something of importance to say relative to the activities of Hon. W. E. Foster, the nominal leader of the government, whom he charged had purchased the St. Martins Railway for a song and had tried to pawn it off on the Dominion government so as to net him a handsome profit.

Mr. Potts resumed the debate when the order of the day was called about 4 o'clock. He discussed many matters appertaining to the interests of the people and impressed the House with his desire to see the affairs of the province administered along economic, systematic and business-like lines. He said that he heard everything else from this "business man's" government except a suggestion for the ways and means of raising the supply which was the real issue before the House. There had been so much misrepresentation in the government's financial statement that the honorable member for St. John felt that it would be expedient to increase the already cumbersome government with a minister of truth.

Mr. Potts took the government sharply to task for their violation of pledges made to the people that they would keep the expenditures within the revenues. He also called upon the government to take steps to increase revenues, saying that he would support legislation to provide for an increase in the stumpage rates, although he doubted whether it would emanate from the present administration who apparently put party before country and would not take the plunge fearing it would cause dissension in their own ranks.

Much Missing.  
The financial statement of the government, Mr. Potts stated, was unique for what it did not contain. He thought that Hon. Mr. Baxter had replied effectively to the statements of the member for Moncton city which he said were not original with that gentleman, but were put into his mouth by an outsider. He deprecated the fact that the government had not done justice to the province by refraining from presenting the facts in the budget that every dollar of debt incurred under the late administration was represented by tangible assets.

Mr. Potts said the attorney general in the course of his lengthy address had given the impression that Hon. Mr. Baxter had taken fees to which he was not properly entitled. Hon. Mr. Venit interjected to say that no such charges had been made and that Hon. Mr. Byrne contended that Hon. Mr. Baxter had not taken payment of those amounts when he should have taken them. The point was that monies should have been paid in 1916 but they had been carried over until 1917.

### QUITTING JERUSALEM

Washington, June 12.—A telegram reaching the state department today indicated and saying the Turks have partially evacuated Jerusalem for military reasons, but that the threatened massacre was not feared. The telegram came through the Swedish minister at Constantinople.

### VILLAGE OF GASPARD IS CAPTURED

British Forces Advance on Front of Nearly Two Miles Near Messines.

### ANOTHER GAIN MADE ON SOUCHEZ RIVER

French Raid Enemy Trenches and Russians Shell Merishki.

London, June 12.—Another advance of the British forces on a front of nearly two miles east and northeast of Messines and the capture of the village of Gaspard, is reported in the British official communication issued tonight. The communication says: "Our troops gained further ground today east and northeast of Messines on a front of nearly two miles and occupied the village of Gaspard. "We also advanced our line slightly early this morning astride the Souchez river, and captured seventeen prisoners and three machine guns. "The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day northeast of Gouvaucourt and north of the Scarpe, and in the neighborhood of Lens and Ypres. "Our airplanes were active yesterday. Although weather conditions were not favorable much useful work was accomplished. One of our machines is missing."

### French Statement.

Paris, June 12.—The official statement issued by the war office tonight reads: "There was moderate activity by both armies over the greater part of the front. In the course of raids on German trenches near the Butte de Messin and in the region of Haute-Chavanne we effected considerable destruction and brought back ten prisoners. "A German airplane was brought down in Lorraine by our special guns and the two aviators were made prisoners. "Belgian communication: Last night a partial attack on one of our advanced trenches south of Dixmude was completely repulsed. Today the usual artillery actions occurred, especially in the sector of Steenstraete and Hel Sas. "On our pursuit airplanes brought down a German machine near Heers. "Eastern theater: On the right bank of the Vardar we repulsed several enemy surprise attacks. At the Cerna bend there was artillery fighting in the course of which we set fire to an enemy battery. "Aviation: Activity was displayed on both sides. British airplanes bombed several points near Merishki. "Petrograd, via London, June 12.—The official statement issued today by the Russian war department says: "Western front: Our batteries shelled the village of Merishki, three miles north of Tveretch, and caused a big fire. The military staff of the enemy quartered there fled pursued by our artillery fire."

### GEORGE Z. PARLEE, WELL KNOWN KINGS MAN, DEAD

Was Brother-in-Law of Sir George Foster—Resided at Lower Millstream Many Years.

Special to The Standard.  
Millstream, June 12.—George Z. Parlee, a former resident of this place, died at the residence of his brother at Halifax this morning. The funeral will be held at Lower Millstream on Wednesday afternoon. The deceased left Millstream about two years ago and until his death resided in Halifax. Sir George Foster is a brother-in-law.

### ST. PIERRE, MIQ, JUNE 12.—

The burning of the Brig steamship Njord, coal laden, was reported yesterday when her captain, Joseph Turner, and the crew were landed here by the Dutch schooner E. B. Walters. The Njord was bound from Sydney, N.S., for St. Johns, Nfld. She was abandoned forty miles east by north of this island.

### KING CONSTANTINE OF GREECE LEAVES THE THRONE IN FAVOR OF HIS SECOND SON, ALEXANDER

Three of Entente Allies, Britain, France and Russia Compel Sovereign to Abdicate in Interest of His Country.

### REFUSED TO HAVE CROWN PRINCE ASCEND HELLENIC THRONE

Pro-German Attitude of Kaiser's Brother-in-Law Cause of His Downfall—Ex-King and Prince George Will Leave Greece.

Athens, June 12, via Paris.—The fall of Constantine I., King of the Hellenes, has come. In response to the demand of the protecting powers, France, Great Britain and Russia, he abdicated today in favor of his second son, Prince Alexander. This climax in the affairs of Greece was brought about through the agency of the French senator, M. Jonnart, who has held posts in several French cabinets, and who arrived at Athens only a day or two ago on a special mission as the representative of France, Great Britain and Russia. M. Jonnart had previously visited Saloniki and other points, and he lost no time in getting into conference with the Greek premier, Alexander Zaimis. The demands of the powers respecting the abdication of King Constantine also specifically eliminated Crown Prince George as his successor, the crown prince being included among those Greeks in official life who are considered strongly pro-German.

Will Leave Country.  
Both the former king and Prince George, it was announced today by Premier Zaimis, intend to leave the country immediately. It is reported that they will embark on a British warship and proceed to Switzerland, by way of Italy. It is presumed that Prince Alexander will take up his royal duties with full acceptance of the ideas which the protecting powers desire to be put into effect in the government of Greece during the present war. He is 24 years of age, and has been free from anti-Entente proclivities.

Affairs in Greece, which several times since the outbreak of the war have seemed on the verge of a settlement, recently have taken on such an aspect of uncertainty that it became necessary for the powers to act with decision. M. Jonnart was selected to proceed to Athens for the purpose of laying before the premier the aims which France, Great Britain and Russia had with respect to establishing unity of feeling among the Greeks and greater security for the Entente forces engaged in operations in the east. While he informed the premier that troops had been placed at his disposal, he appealed to that official to use his influence towards a peaceful settlement. The troops, according to M. Jonnart's instructions, were not to land until the king had given his answer. For Unity of Greece.

M. Jonnart called upon Premier Zaimis on Monday morning and demanded in the name of the protecting powers the abdication of King Constantine and the nomination of his successor to the exclusion of the Diafogue (Crown Prince). M. Zaimis recognized the distinctness of the powers, whose sole object was to reconstitute the unity of Greece under the constitution, but he pointed out to M. Jonnart that a decision could only be taken by the king after a meeting of the crown council, composed of former premiers. It was not until 9.30 o'clock this morning that the premier communicated to the commissioner of the allied powers the king's answer in the following letter: "The minister and high commissioner of France, Great Britain and Russia: Having demanded by your note of yesterday the abdication of His Majesty, King Constantine, and the nomination of his successor, the undersigned, premier and foreign minister, has the honor to inform your excellency that His Majesty the King, ever solicitous for the interests of Greece, has decided to leave the country with the Prince Royal and nominate Prince Alexander as his successor. (Signed) "ZAIMIS."

Protected Palace.  
Prior to the announcement of the king's decision, many Greeks, loyal to the crown, gathered for the protection of the sovereign. On Monday night 2,000 reservists formed a cordon around the palace in his defense, if that should be necessary. Agitators were still attempting to operate in the streets of Athens tonight, but there were no disorders. King Constantine of Greece was born August 3, 1868, and ascended the Hellenic throne on March 18, 1913, when his father, George I., was assassinated in Saloniki. Brief as was his reign, Constantine, prior to the outbreak of the present war, enjoyed a period of remarkable popularity. Constantine was the son of King George, who ascended the throne of Greece in 1863. George was the second son of King Christian IX, of Denmark and brother of Queen Mother Alexandra of Great Britain. He married Olga, the eldest daughter of Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, for whom the abdicating monarch was named. He married the Princess Sophia, sister of the Emperor of Germany. The retiring queen was born June 14, 1870. Alexander, the new king, is the second son of Constantine. He was born August 1, 1893.

### ALL CALM AT OTTAWA YESTERDAY

But Lively Sessions of House of Commons Are Anticipated.

### CONSCRIPTION DEBATE BEGINS TOMORROW

Liberals Attempt to Get Together on Amendment to Government Bill.

Special to The Standard.  
Ottawa, June 12.—There was a tense quietness in the House of Commons tonight, the lull preceding the storm to come when the military service bill receives its second reading on Thursday. Sir Robert Borden's speech in introducing the measure on Monday was epoch-making in its importance. The Premier wasted no words, did not affect eloquence, simply and plainly delivered a burning message of vital import, told the measure he deemed necessary in order to fill Canada's armies at the front and allowed it to remain at that. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the opposition leader, was brief and pointed in his reply. He stated that his position was full of difficulty but that he felt bound to adhere to his stand that before this bill became law it should be submitted to the people by a referendum. Then the House adjourned and today the members were considering the more prosaic estimates of the agricultural department.

Today the Liberals held a caucus and appointed a committee to frame an amendment to the measure on which it is hoped both wings of the party can unite. The amendment is expected to deal with military service broadly but is expected to ask that the government take steps looking to the conscription of wealth as well as man power. Any such amendment the government will of course oppose but its introduction is expected to be the feature of the debate on the second reading.

### CONSCRIPTION FAVORED BY BOTH ONT. PARTIES

Sir William Hearst and N. W. Rowell Appear on Same Platform.

Toronto, June 12.—A rousing pro-conscription meeting was held last night in Massey Hall, the second within forty-eight hours. Liberals and Conservatives alike passed a resolution for the "conscription of the man power, the material power and the moral power" of the country. N. W. Rowell, Liberal leader in Ontario, was heartily cheered when he declared that "the presence of Sir William Hearst and myself on the platform this evening indicates that, so far as we are concerned, this is not a party issue." Earnestly Mr. Rowell pleaded for "the better organization of the resources and man power of Canada, for more vigorous and efficient prosecution of the war."

### CHURCH HARMONY.

Montreal, June 12.—The Presbyterians settled their differences tonight by deciding to defer the church union question until after the war.

### CONDITIONS FOR CAPTURE OF FOX, THE FUGITIVE, IN CITY OF ST. JOHN.

1st—Lay hands on him. (Women need only to confront him).  
2nd—Present him with copy of The Daily Standard of same date, showing him first page so he can read date lines.  
3rd—Say to him: You are Fox, The Fugitive. Do you deny it?  
N. B.—All non-residents of the city and people employed in newspaper work and their families barred from participation in capture and rewards. Fox the sole arbiter.

## CANADIANS NEAR LENS

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, June 12.—(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent of the Canadian Press)—Another well managed minor operation, this (Tuesday) morning on the Canadian front, resulted in the capture and occupation, with few casualties, of enemy strong points which have been a menace to the security of our left flank ever since the capture of the electric station. The artillery not having been able to smash them, it was decided that the only effective way of putting them out of business was by a night surprise attack with bomb and bayonet. Only a few men were engaged in the enterprise, which succeeded beyond expectation. The post captured this morning is only twenty-seven hundred yards from the center of Lens. It marks the furthest advance toward the city.