

# TALES OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING COME FROM CAPTURED PRZEMYSL

## HUNGRY THROGS IN VIENNA CLAMOR IN VAIN FOR BREAD

At Many Places Violence is Threatened and the Police are Called Out—Lines Form at Bake Shops at Four O'clock in the Morning.

Venice, via London, March 23.—Owing to the action of the Austrian government in reducing by one-fourth the production of bakeries many districts in Vienna are reported to have been virtually without bread for a week. The order curtailing production has been repealed, but the situation is said to have shown no improvement, bakers being unable to obtain flour.

The working classes in the suburbs of Vienna are reported to be feeling the bread shortage greatly. Hundreds of workmen and women and children are declared to have gathered in front of bake shops at four o'clock Thursday morning and within two hours the entire stocks of the bakers were sold. Late comers searched the city and offered double prices for bread but their efforts were without avail.

At many places crowds threatened violence and the police were called out. The sight of cakes and tarts in the windows is said to have intensified the wrath of the people, the women declaring that flour was being taken to make delicacies for the wealthy instead of being used to provide bread for the poor.

The authorities are organizing a municipal bureau for the distribution of flour among the Vienna bakers, one-fourth of whom already have closed their shops. The bread question is said to be getting acute also in Budapest, where it is almost impossible to obtain flour. The bakers there have raised a fund to buy wheat flour in Roumania.

The bread situation is declared to be causing apprehension in both kingdoms. Although food prices generally have been raised, thus far there has been no actual shortage in supplies anywhere.

Hungary is said to have a cloth scandal of considerable proportions. Twenty persons have been arrested in connection with it and a number of suspects have fled the country. The swindle is said to have been cleverly carried out. Contractors submitted good materials for uniforms to the war office, which sent them to the clothing factories to be made up. During the transit of the cloth to the factories the swindlers contrived to substitute for it such shoddy goods that the uniforms were in rags in a few days.

One Pressburg contractor received orders to cut cloth in certain lengths for uniforms. It is alleged he cut each length one centimetre short, so that on an order of one million metres he defrauded the war office out of ten thousand metres of cloth.

## ROLL OF HONOR

Ottawa, Mar. 23.—The following casualty list was issued tonight from the Militia Department:

**Princess Patricia's**

Dangerously ill—Private Richard George Johnson, No. 14 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with enteric fever. Next of kin, Mrs. Charles Johnson, Carson Quarry, Man.

Dangerously wounded—Private John Gray, No. 13 General Hospital, Boulogne, gunshot wound in chest. Next of kin Mrs. Gray, No. 821 Seventeenth avenue, Calgary.

**Seventh Battalion—Wounded**

Private T. Barker, No. 4 Stationary Hospital, Stomer, wounded in right leg. Next of kin, Mrs. E. Barker, (mother), Aylesbury Road, Ashton, Clinton, Bucks, Eng.

Lt. E. O. C. Martin. Next of kin, Mr. Justice A. Martin (father), No. 1035 Belmont, Ave., Victoria, B. C.

**Tenth Battalion—Seriously Wounded**

Mar. 15—Private A. W. Robinson, bullet wound in chest. Next of kin,

Alice Robinson, General Delivery, Medicine Hat.

Mar. 15—Company Sergt. Major D. Stuart, shell wound in head. Next of kin, Mrs. C. J. Stewart, No. 717-4 A street, N. C., Calgary, Alb.

**Fourth Battalion—Wounded**

Private E. P. Fournival, No. 9 General Hospital, Rouen, gunshot wound in head. Next of kin, C. Fournival (sister), No. 495 Notre Dame street, West, Montreal.

Private G. R. Kelley, admitted to No. 8 General Hospital, Rouen, gunshot wound in scalp. Next of kin, Mrs. Alice M. Kelley (mother), No. 1841 St. Dominique street, Montreal.

Private D. Andrews, gunshot wound in head. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Line, Holden street, Liverpool, Eng.

Private T. Griffiths, gunshot wound in scalp. Next of kin, William Griffiths, Penty Celyn, Rwl Road, Llanelly, Wales.

Private E. J. Coombs, gunshot wound. Next of kin, A. H. Coombs (father), No. 1 Highfield Ghn, Ponty Pridd, Wales.

Lt. Martin, Victoria, mentioned as wounded in the Princess Patricia's, went out with the reinforcements to the regiment.

## SERIOUS FIRE IN U. S. TO LIBEL UNION STREET GERMAN SHIPS

Serious loss to a building at 223 Union street, owned in Kingston, Ontario, and controlled here by Messrs. Allison & Thomas, was occasioned by a fire which was discovered about noon yesterday and extinguished about quarter past one. Before it was found the fire had made great headway, and when the firemen responded to an alarm from box 12 they found the interior of the building a mass of flames. The ground floor was occupied by Isaac Webber as a store and auction room and the upper storey was occupied as a residence by Mrs. Ellen Bayes. Mrs. Bayes lost her furniture, valued at about \$100, and the entire stock of Mr. Webber's store was destroyed. The building was gutted by the flames and will be practically a total loss. It was two and a half storeys in height and built entirely of wood and owned by J. C. Baker, of Kingston, Ont., and was insured for \$2,600. It will be practically a total loss. The origin of the fire was unknown. Only about five minutes before Mr. Webber had left the place, locking the door behind him. When the firemen arrived they broke open the door and found that considerable waste paper and other material was lying about. There had been a fire in a stove in the premises and it is possible that the blaze had its origin there. The flames quickly spread to the upper storey of the building and the occupants were obliged to make a hasty exit. Before the firemen were able to subdue the fire it had practically destroyed the interior of the building. While the neighboring premises sustained slight damage from smoke and water, the principal losses will be Mr. Webber, whose stock is entirely destroyed and only partially insured; Mr. Baker, who owns the building, but is covered by insurance, and Mrs. Bayes, who loses her furniture.

**Grand Sailors' Concert.**

Seaman's Institute tonight at eight o'clock sharp. The "Misanable Masochist" in grand programme. Admission 25 cents.

## OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS FRANCE

Paris, March 23, via London, (Midnight)—The War Office made public the following official statement:

"In Belgium in the region of Nieuport, our artillery has destroyed several observation points and points of support, from which we saw the occupants take flight.

"To the northwest of Arras, at Carency, we captured a German trench which we destroyed, and also took some prisoners.

"At Soissons there was a fresh attempt at a bombardment, which was stopped almost immediately by our artillery.

"In Champagne the enemy bombarded the positions taken by us during the last few days, but did not attack. At Vauquois, near the church, the Germans sprayed one of our trenches with an inflammable liquid. At this point our troops have retreated some fifteen metres.

"At Les Eparges the enemy made two attacks which were completely stopped.

"At Hartmann-Weilerkopf we captured a line of trenches and a blockhouse."

## RUSSIA

Petrograd, March 23, via London, March 24, 105 a. m.—An official communication issued by the Russian war office tonight says:

"Our detachment which reconnoitered Mermel has retired to Russian territory.

"On the left bank of the Niemen, in the region of Mariampol, we have repulsed a German attack, inflicting upon the enemy heavy losses.

"On the road from Kalvaria to Suwalki, near Pilwazki, our cavalry, profiting by the darkness and a snow storm, captured a German convoy with a quantity of provision wagons. The escorts either were killed or made prisoners.

"Our artillery at Osowetz has obtained successful results. The fire from the German batteries has perceptibly weakened.

"On the other sectors, on the left bank of the Vistula and the right bank of the Narew, there has been no important change.

"In the Carpathians our troops continue to successfully progress on the front from the Dukla Pass to the Upper San River, where they have captured, up to the present, 3,500 men, sixteen machine guns and three guns. Attacks by the enemy in the direction of Uzoek were repulsed.

"The commandant at Przemysl General Von Kusmanek, accepted our demands for an unconditional surrender of the garrison. Our troops who entered the fortress have taken possession of the fortifications, and began to prepare lists of the prisoners, and to ascertain the amount of artillery and war material captured."

## AUSTRIA

Vienna, via London, Mar. 23.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"Fighting in the Carpathians, from Uzoek to Koniczna continues. During the last two days violent attacks by the Russians were repulsed and we captured 3,300 prisoners.

"In a fight for a height near Wyszokow we succeeded in driving the enemy from his position and captured eight officers and 685 men.

"There has been no change on the other fields."

## KAISER CANCELS HIS APRIL 1 PROGRAMME

Washington, Mar. 23.—Attorney-General Gregory late today instructed the United States District Attorney of Porto Rico to institute libel proceedings against the German steamship Odenwald, which attempted Sunday to leave San Juan harbor without clearance papers.

Under these proceedings the vessel may be held in the custody of a marshal, pending settlement of the question whether she shall be forfeited to the United States, under the recent joint resolution of Congress, prescribing penalties in such cases. While the Department of Justice was considering the legal phases of the Odenwald case, treasury officials had before them a report from San Juan that fear was felt that both the Odenwald and another Hamburg-American liner, the Praesident, might, under cover of darkness, slip past the guns of Morro Castle and dash for the sea. Secretary Daniels was informed of the situation, and after a conference with the President, Admiral Fletcher, at Guantanamo, was instructed to dispatch two destroyers to San Juan, and the Coast Guard Service ordered the cutter Algonquin, now cruising in the West Indies, to steam at once for that port.

Attorney-General Gregory's action, indicating the purpose of the government to undertake confiscation of the Odenwald by due process of law in the District Court for Porto Rico, attracted much attention in official and diplomatic circles. It is the first definite action taken by the administration under the new congressional authority. It was explained tonight that the owners of the ship might give bond and secure her release from custody pending disposition of the case in the court, although it was not likely that such a course would be followed.

Officials are waiting for further information before taking any action under the criminal sections of the neutrality resolution, for violation of which the owners or master of the Odenwald might be subjected to fine and imprisonment.

## TO GET BRITISH WOMEN AND CHILDREN OUT OF BELGIUM

London, Mar. 23 (8.45 p.m.)—Through the kind offices of the American Minister of Brussels, Brand Whitlock, the British Foreign Office announced this evening, permission has been obtained from the German authorities for British women and children to leave Belgium. A special train will convey them from Brussels to the Dutch frontier.

## CHINA MAKES CERTAIN CONCESSIONS TO JAPAN

Peking, Mar. 23.—Five articles bearing on the Japanese demands upon China were included by the Chinese Foreign Minister, Lu Chang-Hsiang, and Eki Hiroki, the Japanese Minister, at the conference which was held at the Japanese legation yesterday. The Japanese minister recently suffered slight injuries by a fall from a horse and his condition did not permit him to go to the Chinese Foreign Office, and for this reason the meeting was transferred to the legation.

All the articles concern Manchuria. China agreed to the following stipulations:

"First—The Japanese government's consent shall be obtained before a loan is made with a third power, involving the pledging of local taxes in South Manchuria.

"Second—The Japanese government's consent shall be obtained whenever permission is granted to a subject of a third power to build a railway, or when a loan is made with a third power for the building of a railway in South Manchuria.

"Third—If the Chinese government in South Manchuria employs advisers or instructors for political, financial or military purposes, the Japanese government shall first be consulted.

"Fourth—The transfer of the Kirin-Chang Chun Railway to Japanese control for 99 years.

The fifth article was proposed by China and provides for the continu-

## FIRST NIGHT IN TRENCHES

Former Detective William Miller of the Toronto police force, who is now a sergeant in the 48th Highlanders, tells of experiences in the trenches, and events leading up to them, in the following letter received by inspector Kennedy today:

"I am wishing to give you a little account of my first twenty-four hours in the trenches, as I make no doubt yourself and the boys will be glad to hear from the front, but first I will tell you of our trip to France. We left Salsbury Plain on Feb. 11, about 2.30 a. m., and took the train for Almsbury, a village about three miles from camp, to . . . . . where we embarked on the S. S. Mount Temple at noon, our landing place of course is unknown. Guns, horses, wagons, men, everything went together. Non-commissioned officers were the first to get up to the top of the hill. Officers had biscuits. We fed on Bully Beef and biscuits you couldn't break with a sledge hammer.

## Juggled by the Seas

"We struck a severe storm in the Bay of . . . . . and could not stand, sit or lie. We were just thrown from one side of the boat to the other. Several men were hurt. The sergeant had his arm broken. Everybody was sick, even the crew.

"However, we arrived at . . . . . on the morning of Feb. 15th. We remained on deck until six p. m., when we took train and, believe me, it was some joy ride, in small box cars, forty men in each (twenty-five would be overcrowding). Anyway we rode in that manner for forty-eight hours, from practically one end of France to the other. (Still holding hard to our biscuit and bully). We arrived at a small town called Hazlebrook and put up at a church which was still under course of construction, without roof or windows, and remained there until morning, when we marched five miles farther to a village named . . . . . where we were supposed to be put up or billeted as they call it.

"There was not enough room in the school selected for the whole battalion, so one company (including myself) had to go into a barn in the vicinity. It was very cold at night, the rats were almost playing hide and seek in our hair. We remained there for four days and on the 23rd got orders to get ready in heavy marching order, receiving 150 rounds of ammunition. Our full kit weighed roughly 60 pounds.

## Over Cobble Stones.

"We started and walked over a cobble stone for sixteen miles until we arrived at the city of . . . . . just on the border between France and Belgium and about one mile from the trenches. The place has 28,000 population, and as we walked through we could see whole streets with nearly every house roofless, and a terrible amount of poverty. The hard biscuit which we got so tired of eating, seemed to the throng of children that followed us, to be the first bit they had had in days.

"On the night of our arrival at . . . . . we did not go into the trenches. I suppose the authorities thought the sixteen miles over rough roads was enough for one day. We got into school. The roof and walls had already been blown to pieces by the shells. We remained there until the following night (February 24th), when the one half of the battalion went into the trenches. I happened to be detailed with the second half and went to the trenches the following night. We

## Greatest EASTER HAT SALE

Ever Held Here

Bargains Extraordinary in Smart Millinery for Early Spring Wear

These Untrimmed Hats came from Paris, costing \$7.00 to \$15.00 each, and we had them copied in Canada, thus giving employment to our own Canadian workmen.

This is the earliest opportunity you have ever had to buy SPRING HATS at LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

These hats express the very newest Easter styles, all being copied from Paris models and made from the highest grades of Milan, Tegel, Hemp, Hair, etc., in Black and colors. They are worth as high as \$10.00 each, but from now till Saturday night, March 27th, you can have your choice at \$2.00 and \$3.00 each.

Hats made from Best Quality of Chip, in Black and colors, worth \$2.00 and \$3.00 each, sale price \$1.00 each.

CHILDREN'S HATS, 60c., 75c. and \$1.00 each.

GLENGARRY and SAILOR shapes, for misses and young ladies, in silk and satin, and combinations of silk and straw, also satin and straw, sale price \$1.50 each.

**Marr Millinery Company, Limited**  
1-3-5 Charlotte Street

## RUSSIAN GUNS AT VANCOUVER

Seattle, Mar. 23.—Eighteen long-range guns of American make, consigned to the Russian army by way of Vladivostok, are at Vancouver, awaiting shipment, according to advices received here today. At Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver 384 traction automobiles, also for the Russian army, are awaiting ships. The guns are similar to others of American make shipped several months ago which are supposed to have been used in the siege of Przemysl.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that a bill will be presented for enactment at the present session of the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick to incorporate the "Pine Valley Cemetery Company."

The object of the bill is to permit the Company to establish a cemetery in the Parish of Simonds, in the County of Saint John.

Dated this twenty-third day of March A. D. 1915.

G. EARLE LOGAN,  
Solicitor.

## IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Max Figman and Jesse L. Laskey's Company  
IN THE FIVE-ACT COMEDY DRAMA  
"What's-His-Name?"

The Absorbing Narrative of a Small Town Wife Who Left Her Drug Clerk Husband to Go On the Stage. How She Was Disillusioned.

INTENSELY HUMAN NATURAL STORY

VAUDEVILLE NOVELTY  
**HARRY FONDELL—Impersonator**  
In Characterizations of Famous Musicians

PROGRAMS START at 2, 3, 30 7 and 8.40

## UNIQUE MON-TUES.

YOU'LL BE WILD WITH RAGE  
If You Ever Realize What a Good Thing You Missed  
IF YOU DO NOT SEE  
"FORTUNES OF WAR"  
It's Just One Mighty Thrill After Another with Cleverly Constructed and Realistic Battle Scenes  
Dashing Cavalry (2 ACTS) Fighting Soldiers

"A CORNER IN HATS"  
A Conglomeration of Hats, Women, Men and a Bull Dog

SATURDAY MATINEE  
Good Time for the Kiddies  
SPECIAL

## OPERA HOUSE

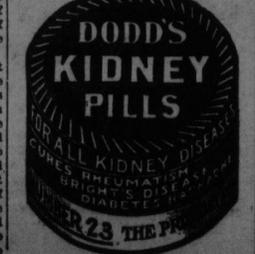
TODAY Matinee 2.30  
Night 8.15  
YOUNG-ADAMS CO.  
"UNDER 2 FLAGS"  
Easter Hat Given Away at the Matinee Today  
Thur., Fri., Sat. "10 Nights in a Bar Room"

## ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

FUNERAL NOTICE.  
Members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at 97 Charlotte street on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late  
ALEXANDER GUNN.  
By order,  
ALEXANDER MACAULAY,  
President.

## MON-TUE. LYRIC

A Side Issue of  
BIG CIRCUS  
THE NELSON TRIO  
Starting Acrobatic Manoeuvres and Comic Tumbling  
THE HORRORS OF WAR  
Faithfully Depicted in the Mutual Weekly  
Unique Poem Play  
"THE OLD MAID"  
Blanche Sweet in New Part  
THURSDAY  
EISKE & FOWLER IN FUNNY FOLICS



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