

Department Given Two Calls To Starr's Sheds For Fires Of Suspicious Origin—Wage Fight Under Difficulties.

There appeared to be little doubt but that a fire bug was at work in the coal sheds of R. P. & W. P. Starr, of Smythe street, last evening, and the fire department was called out at 7.45 o'clock and again about a quarter of an hour after midnight.

The alarm was sent in from box 152 on Mill street and when the apparatus arrived at the first fire they found the Starr coal shed on the front all in a blaze.

The shed is a one storey structure and has lately been only used for the storage of wagons. The flames had started in a portion where the scene office had been located and the owners believe that it could have only been started by an incendiary as the building had been locked up.

The firemen soon had three or four effective streams at work and found the fire a rather stubborn one to handle. While the front of the shed was on fire the flames worked along the beams through the roof and the partition of the adjoining warehouse occupied by Gandy & Allison.

Unpleasant Condition. A heavy snow storm was raging and as fast as the water struck the firemen it froze. The men in the building was for some time very thick and hard to work against. When holes were cut through the Gandy & Allison building roof, the warehouse was found full of smoke and the water men had to be careful to keep the water from reaching a large quantity of line and thus prevent a more serious fire and loss of property.

It was after 10 o'clock when the firemen left the premises and every sign of fire was extinguished. The Starr property was damaged to the extent of \$500 and is fully insured.

The Gandy and Allison warehouse was damaged to the amount of about \$300 and the stock of pipes, cement and other goods is also thought to be damaged considerably. In all the fire caused about \$1,000 damage.

Messrs. Gandy and Allison are insured for about \$1,500.

The second alarm from Box 152 early this morning took the department to another section of the Starr building and a considerable distance from where the first fire was extinguished. This last blaze was in the beams and roof of the shed and a large quantity of coal and close to the large coal sheds which were full of coal. It is a mystery to those in charge how the second fire started and if it had wide headway the result would have been most serious.

The flames were extinguished by chemical No. 2 but the firemen had to work for an hour before they were able to leave the building.

DISCOVER FIRST NIGGER IN WOODPILE

Continued From Page One. It is believed that a change will be made in the language of this section so that it will not be left open to the construction which American paper manufacturers fear. The statement from Secretary Knox today makes it plain that this change can be made without upsetting the rest of the trade agreement between the two countries.

Take No Action. Ottawa, Feb. 7.—Contrary to expectations the Canadian lumbermen's association did not take any action with regard to reciprocity at their annual meeting here this afternoon. It had been reported recently that the western branch of the association had taken a decided stand on the matter, but explanations from the eastern branch showed that some misapprehension had been created by the reports sent out of their meeting. No resolution was passed by the association.

The lumbermen's board of railway commissioners to review their orders relating to export freight rates on lumber. The question has been before the board recently and the lumbermen are not satisfied with the decision.

Reports of the various officers showed that the association has had a very satisfactory year. It now has 81 members, divided among the provinces as follows: Ontario, 47; Quebec, 17; British Columbia, 15; Manitoba, 1; and Saskatchewan, 1. The executive board of directors were all re-elected.

Might Help Immigration. Ottawa, Feb. 7.—W. J. White, chief Canadian immigration agent to the United States, says that a reciprocal trade agreement with the United States will result in a large increase in the American immigration into the Canadian west.

As a result of the discussion of the agreement in the American press and the general impression created that it will result in larger profits for the Canadian farmers, an increased interest has already been aroused in Canada amongst American agriculturists.

At the beginning of the year it was estimated that during the immigration season 130,000 settlers would cross the international boundary line into Canada. Mr. White thinks that the estimate can now safely be increased to 150,000.

Detrimental to Interests. London, Ont., Feb. 7.—The vegetable growers of the district at a meeting tonight passed the following resolution: "That the members of the London branch of the Ontario vegetable growers' association, believe that the proposed reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States is detrimental to our best interests, and also to the interests of vegetable and fruit growers throughout Canada."

Millers in Line. Toronto, Feb. 7.—At a special session today of the Dominion millers' association, a prolonged discussion took place on the reciprocity agreement, after which a resolution strongly disapproving of the proposals so far as they applied to the millers' interests, was unanimously passed.

CEDAR RAPIDS COMMISSIONER ANSWERS MANY QUESTIONS

Continued From Page One. doubly bankrupt, without money and without credit. The city council was unable to bring order out of chaos, so business men in Galveston conceived the idea of a receivership of five men as a temporary expedient. In Galveston three of the first receivers were appointed by the governor of Texas, and the other two elected by the citizens. In this way the name commission came into being.

Later the plan was changed so that all five men were elected. The commissioners were not restricted in any way but were given absolute control of civic affairs.

Had Helped Galveston. The plan had been most successful and Galveston had progressed from a bankrupt city to one of the finest in the state. He believed the commission scheme was rapidly gaining ground. Illinois alone since Jan. 1st, 11 cities had adopted the commission plan and he believed 15 would be the record very soon.

He then detailed what had been done in Galveston under the commission plan. The commissioners were not forced to devote all their time to the work. Houston had also found success in the commission form of government on the same general lines as that of Galveston, with changes only to meet local conditions. Houston commissioners were obliged to devote all their time to the work but were paid slightly higher salaries. The plan then spread into Des Moines and Cedar Rapids where the initiative referendum and recall were added to the former plan. One of the additions made was that the residents of the city could, if they desired, at the expiration of six years, return to the old system. The commission plan was but a modernized version of the old plan of town meetings and selectmen. There was nothing revolutionary about it.

He had no quarrel with men who had an honest opinion against the commission plan. They in time would see the light, but it had been his experience that the men who had been loudest in their opposition were those who stood to lose if it were adopted.

Opposing Arguments. He divided the principal points of arguments against the commission under the following heads: 1.—That it was unconstitutional; 2.—That it was in the experimental stage; 3.—That it was an expensive as a form of government; 4.—That it was not representative government; 5.—That it gave to the commissioners autocratic powers; 6.—That the referendum, the initiative and the recall would tend to keep the city in a constant turmoil by numerous elections; 7.—That undesirable men were as liable to get control of the commission as of the council and that through the centralization of the power they could build up an invincible machine.

Dealing with these arguments, he said that the commission plan had been reviewed by the courts of different states and by the brightest legal minds in the country, and they were unable to find that it had been unconstitutional; that it had been more successful wherever tried and could not be called expensive; that the members of the commission were elected by the city at large and the system was therefore representative in the effect of concentrating responsibility on the shoulders of a few men who were the public servants and that it conferred on them no autocratic powers; that the initiative and recall were but emergency brakes and the record showed that the recall had only been invoked once in the whole United States and that in a city not under the initiative form of government; that if undesirable men got control of the commission it was the fault of the city, as the double election system provided all possible safeguards.

57 in Primaries. In the first election in Cedar Rapids the primary, Mr. Sherman continued, contained the name of fifty-seven candidates, of whom nine were elected by the office of the mayor and 48 for seats on the commission. After the primaries two men were chosen for the final election for mayor and eight for the four commission seats, the men being in all cases those who had received the heaviest vote in the primaries.

As to the class of men selected for the office, the speaker said, that they were among the best business men in the city. The mayor was a man who had worked his way up in the machine trade until at the time of his election he was the proprietor of the largest foundry in the city. The commissioner of finance and accounts was a young lawyer, who was afterwards elected mayor, and who had been in the real estate and loan business. The commissioner of streets and improvements was a printer who had been given much time to the study of municipal affairs, and who had previously been elected city clerk. The commissioner of parks and public highways was a book binder, who was the representative of the labor interests, and the fourth commissioner was the speaker, who was at that time a newspaper editor.

He then detailed the improvements made in Cedar Rapids under the commission plan, which included an improved fire department and police department and the installation of additional sewers and sidewalks, improvements in the lighting service, improved bridges with the city limits, the payment of back bills and the collection of back taxes.

In the police court the change had shown itself in increased honesty due to "installing a little common honesty into the police department." The police court receipts during the last twenty months before the commission system went into effect were \$42,453.91, and for the first twenty months after the commission they grew to \$12,463.38. This was in spite of the fact that there was no noticeable difference in the number of cases and no increase in the schedule of fines struck.

Reduction in Taxes. In reference to the tax levy, he said that the rate under the old system had been 41.60 mills for the last year of the old regime. The first year of

the commission saw a reduction to 40.61 mills, and the second year 40.50, and the third year to 39.25 mills. There was no increase in the assessment value of the city except the natural increase which came through the advancing value of real estate. The commission had put the city on a cash basis. All bills were paid weekly, and the city took the advantage of the cash discounts, as would a merchant in his private business. There had also been a net reduction of \$38,900 in the bonded debt in three years.

In addition to these things the commissioners had accepted a system of showing made was that these had increased from \$452,000 three years ago to \$579,000.

In conclusion Mr. Sherman said that the commission had done more to advertise the city than any other thing which had been done.

Questions Answered. At the close of his address Mr. Sherman was asked a number of questions by people in the audience which he answered as follows: What is the population of Cedar Rapids? 35,000. What is the total tax levy? Approximately \$325,000. Have you a sinking fund? Yes. How is the assessment made up? There is no income tax, the majority of the assessment is levied on real estate, and our income tax is a joke. In assessing real estate the idea is to get as near the real value as possible.

How much time do the commissioners have to devote to their duties? There is no set time, but during the first three years it occupied practically all the time of the men on the commission. Now, however, it does not take so much.

Does the city own the telephone and street railway services? No. They are operated by private utility companies. What remedy would you suggest when the telephone company and the street railway company are authorized to open up the streets for the purpose of making improvements as they have here? Adopt the commission system.

The questioner informed Mr. Sherman that the authority in question had been given by the provincial government of some years ago. Mr. Sherman said no such condition existed in Cedar Rapids. Is your city made up of freehold or leasehold property? We are called the city of homes. Almost all the property is freehold. What is the death rate in Cedar Rapids? I don't know, but I believe it is satisfactory.

Does the commission look after the public health? Yes, one of the first obstacles we had to fight was an epidemic of small pox due in a large degree to the fact that the mayor had refused to quarantine the buildings in which the disease was found, because the occupants said they would not vote for him if he did.

What is the tax on vacant ground or unimproved property? We, as a city endeavor to assess a higher valuation on property which lies a long time undeveloped and to encourage development.

Is there any successful illustration of a city where the commissioners do not devote their whole time to the duties of their offices? Yes. In our city three of the five commissioners have flourishing independent businesses.

What would you do if the commissioners voted a large sum of money to repair a useless ferry boat, as was done here? I am not an authority on ferry boats.

Why would not the grafters get control of the commission as easily as the council and because of the smaller number be able to do more harm? Commissioners are elected at large and I would not insult the intelligence of a city by the thought that grafting could be done by the whole body of the electorate. Besides the double election system acts as a preventive.

Would not eight aldermen elected at large do as well as a commission? That is coming down the pole gracefully. The experience has been that a smaller body of men is more workable. Eight would be too many.

After a vote of thanks to Mr. Sherman for his instructive address the meeting closed.

Luncheon At Noon. At one o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Sherman, delivered a practical address on the merits of the so-called commission plan of civic government to a gathering of about 35 at the luncheon given by the business men's committee on commission government.

An elaborate lunch, daintily served, was disposed of and the speaker was then introduced by W. H. Barnaby, the chairman of the business men's committee. Mr. Sherman said that it seemed peculiarly suitable that this plan should be taken up by business men as it had its genesis in business men's club. He recounted briefly the origin of the commission plan in the city of Galveston, in 1900 when the city was bankrupt and the first commission was formed to act practically as receivers.

Archibald McNaughton. Archibald McNaughton, an old employee of the Intercolonial railway, died in the general public hospital early this morning. He was about 75 years of age and leaves two daughters, Mrs. Forbes and Miss McNaughton, of the city school staff.

Orchestra rendered selections. A G. S. band sang with fine effect, "Man the Lifeboat" and "The Three Fishers" as an encore. J. A. Kelly was heard to advantage in a pretty solo, entitled "I hear you calling me." The well-known song "Mona" was sung by Matthew Morris.

D. J. Gallagher rendered a cornet solo in his usual able manner, and selections were read from Dr. Drummond's poems by L. A. Conlon.

A reading, "Ave Maria," was given by Stephen Hurley. Mr. Campbell sang to the band accompaniment and was greeted with prolonged applause. The concert was brought to a close with the National Anthem, played by the City Cornet Band.

Storm Does Not Prevent Hundreds From Attending Worth of Hugh Campbell—Fine Musical Numbers.

St. Peter's Hall, North End, was crowded last night, when a benefit concert to Hugh Campbell, a well known local vocalist was given. His Worship, Mayor Frink made the opening address, and the programme, which was a selected one, was highly enjoyed.

The City Cornet Band and St. Peter's orchestra rendered selections.

GOOD COLOGIES GIVE OVER

New York, Feb. 7.—The church was packed with a brilliant assemblage representing the best of New York's social and professional life together with a sprinkling of foreign nobility, relatives and friends of the bridegroom. Outside in the slushy streets there pushed and shoved the usual crowd of curious persons, whose persistency makes police arrangements such a necessary part of a fashionable wedding in New York. Yet, notwithstanding the crowd, there was no untoward incident and none of the many cranks who have assailed Lord Deedes in anonymous communications made themselves known. The ceremony was performed by Bishop David H. Greer of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, and the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of St. Bartholomew's, and Miss Edith Gould, the bride's oldest sister was maid of honor. Lord Alastair Graham, R.N., a son of the Duke of Montrose, was best man.

The church was profusely decorated and the color scheme was green and white. At the altar stood the bride, a third year post tall slender lass entwined with asparagus and filled with 100 Easter lilies. From the vaulted roof above hung festoons of feathery asparagus. The six bridesmaids were dressed alternately with Easter lilies and marguerites; the chancel was a mass of spring blossoms and on either side of the altar stood tall palms from each of the six bridesmaids. The brides were white lilac trees, tall calla lilies, apple blossoms and marguerites.

Police Arrive. Long before 4 o'clock more than 100 patrolmen and detectives were on their way to the church. At half past one a long line of motor cars, with a block from the church in all directions and established a zone through which only the chosen might pass. Vehicular traffic was diverted through parallel streets and the street cars which run down Madison Avenue past St. Bartholomew's whizzed through the zone without a stop. Dozens of persons bound for the Grand Central station—all of them in a hurry they said—were bounced off the police lines to scramble through side streets to the station.

The guests began to assemble more than an hour before the wedding. A few were admitted, but through a hitch in the arrangements, more than 100 shivers outside the church door on the sidewalk for a quarter of an hour.

At 3:15 o'clock Lord Deedes arrived, nearly an hour before his bride's car stopped at the curb. He was resplendent in his uniform of the Seventh Hussars, glittering with service medals and gold braid. He carried a plumed helmet in the crook of his arm, and wore a sabre.

He was noticed by most of the crowd he entered the church, flanked by a group of friends who were apparently taking no chances with cranks. He was as calm as a soldier should be, but a bit perturbed lest the crowd should break into the rooms last evening, he should be the first to see the arrival. The police arrangements had been planned carefully, however, the line held and there was no rushing of a fidal party such as occurred when Mrs. Gordon and married Anthony Drexel last year.

A cheer went up as George Gould and his daughter stepped from a big Limousine car and entered the church and the first glimpse of the bride of the day peeped forth a moment later, the notes of the wedding march sounded. This was at 4:13 and Lord Deedes, who was the first to see the bride, the bride's best man appeared at the altar. The six bridesmaids, in blue and white, led the bridal party. They were followed by the little attendants, Baby Gloria Gould, with Master William Beresford and Mrs. Edith Gould as maid of honor came next. Immediately preceding the bride and her father. The bride was given away in 23 minutes and the bride and groom were married by Lord and Lady Deedes. A moment for a battery of cameras, before a car whisked them away to the reception at the Gould mansion on Fifth avenue.

The only unusual incident attendant upon the wedding occurred when a horse drawing Mrs. T. M. Kingdon, the bride's grandmother, sired at the altar, she was already recovering from illness, became greatly excited and had to be carried home by servants.

See Also Page Three. Don't Miss Reading Nickel Advt. The Nickel advertisement in this issue is particularly interesting. It tells us a new programme of motion pictures to be shown on Wednesday and Thursday nights at the Grand Theatre. The programme is excellent and cannot reasonably be bettered. The leading feature is the Reliance Co's production, "The Vows," with Miss Marion Leonard, late of the Biograph, in the title role. It is the Edison story of a sweet old mother lady entitled, "Mother's Thanksgiving Dinner," something in the line of film stories that does one's heart good. The other feature is "The Alps in an Automobile," showing the gorgeous panoramas, tunnels, peaks, etc. Bobby As An Apache is a comedy in which the child-wonder of the Gaumont Co. appears. The title is "The Alps in an Automobile," showing the gorgeous panoramas, tunnels, peaks, etc. Bobby As An Apache is a comedy in which the child-wonder of the Gaumont Co. appears.

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CLEARANCE SALE OF Odd Muffs, Stoles and Scarfs

Several Odd Muffs, Scarfs, Stoles and Fur Pieces remain to be sold—not enough of any one line to make a special sale, but all are special value at the sale price. We've been avoiding carrying odd pieces over from this sale and can only think of one way to ensure getting rid of these articles promptly.

They will be placed on sale Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock at these prices without regard to original cost or selling price. Each article enumerated below will be sold on Wednesday morning. You can save from \$5.00 to \$20.00 on each single piece. If you haven't use for them this season, buy and put them away. The investment will pay you at least 50 per cent, and your money isn't worth more than that to you.

GREY SQUIRREL THROWS, 60 inches long, lined with best Skinner's satin. Regular price \$12.50. SALE PRICE \$7.00

GENUINE PERSIAN LAMB THROW, 60 inches long, lined with fancy brocade. Regular price \$18.00. SALE PRICE \$10.50

PERSIAN LAMB PILLOW MUFF, Regular price \$18.00. SALE PRICE \$10.50

PERSIAN LAMB PAW THROW, 60 inches long. Regular price \$8.50. SALE PRICE \$5.00

PERSIAN LAMB PILLOW MUFF. Regular price \$8.50. SALE PRICE \$5.00

THREE FINE CUB BEAR STOLE. Regular price \$12.00, 15.00 and 28.00. SALE PRICE \$5.00, 7.00 and \$14.00

RED FOX STOLE, Made from two large skins. Regular price \$40.00. SALE PRICE \$20.50

RED FOX RUG MUFF. Regular price \$25.00. SALE PRICE \$15.75

ALASKA SABLE THROWS, double fur. Regular price \$22.50. SALE PRICE \$15.00

ALASKA SABLE PILLOW MUFFS. Regular price \$17.00. SALE PRICE \$10.50

MINK THROW, 60 inches long. Regular price \$42.50. SALE PRICE \$28.00

MINK PILLOW MUFF, good size. Regular price \$55.00. SALE PRICE \$35.00

The Dunlap-Cooke Company, Ltd. Furriers by Royal Warrant to H. R. H. The Princess of Wales 54 King Street, St. John, N. B. BOSTON, MASS., 167 Tremont Street. AMHERST, N. S., Victoria and Havelock Streets. HALIFAX, N. S., 78-80 Barrington Street.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY MEETING

Regret Expressed at Death of Samuel W. Kain and Mrs. D. J. Leavitt—Many Valuable Donations Received.

The regular meeting of the Natural History society of New Brunswick was held at the rooms last evening, with Vice-President Dr. G. F. Matthews in the chair. The following members were elected:—Regular, Wm. J. Parks associate, Mrs. A. M. Rowan, Mrs. Horatio N. Coates, Mrs. R. B. Humphrey, Miss M. H. McCuskey, Miss Alice Rising, Junior, Charles Peters, John Forbes McIntosh.

The following list of donations made to the society were reported:—A beautiful fan, presented by Mrs. C. Hope Grant; an agate ring, from Mrs. E. Gibbs; a moss-gall from the sweet briar rose, by Miss A. M. Hamington, Hampton; two old coins, presented by Capt. W. B. Bennett, one supposed to be nearly coeval with the birth of Christ; a number of shells from the Fiji Islands, by W. F. Hatheway, M. P.; from Mrs. Coates, of Scotland, a few specimens of shells from the Dead Sea and south of France; a book on animalculae from Mrs. G. H. Hamilton; a number of books from Rev. J. Hunter Boyd; a catalogue of minerals from G. U. Hay, with other gifts to the library.

Resolutions were read expressive of the loss the society had sustained in the removal by death of Samuel W. Kain, for a long time its secretary and a valued member in many departments especially in archeology; and Mrs. D. J. Leavitt whose sudden death a few days ago was heard of with keen regret, and whose loss will be sorely missed by the society.

It was directed that copies of these resolutions be sent to the families of the two deceased members.

The paper of the evening, The Ferns About St. John, was read by W. J. S. Myles, principal of the high school. The paper was an interesting contribution to the literature and life history of these plants, some two dozen or more of different kinds of which are found about St. John. In addition to describing these structure and the paper of the evening, The Ferns About St. John, was read by W. J. S. Myles, principal of the high school. The paper was an interesting contribution to the literature and life history of these plants, some two dozen or more of different kinds of which are found about St. John. In addition to describing these structure and the paper of the evening, The Ferns About St. John, was read by W. J. S. Myles, principal of the high school.

Tea and Sale. There was a large attendance at the tea and sale held in the school room of the Queen Square Methodist church last evening under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Mission Circle. Supper was served from 5 until 8 o'clock. There was a candy table also, a Japanese booth, which were most attractive. The affair was a most enjoyable one.

LT. COL. BAXTER AGAIN HEADS COUNTY LODGE

The annual meeting of the St. John County (east) Loyal Orange Lodge was held in the Orange hall, last night.

The reports of the various officers and committees were submitted and adopted. The report of the treasurer showed an increase of receipts and a decrease of expenditures.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Worshipful County Master—J. B. Deputy Master—Ald. James Sproul, re-elected. Secretary—W. M. Campbell, re-elected. Treasurer—N. J. Morrison, re-elected. Chaplain—James Corbett, re-elected. First Lecturer—G. Earle Logan. Director of Ceremonies—James Sullivan.

Deputy-Lecturers—R. F. Anderson and George Corbett. Past Grand Master D. McArthur Sr. conducted the election and Acting Grand Master George E. Day installed the newly elected officers.

County Master Baxter gave the members of the lodge an oyster supper at Wannamaker's after the lodge meeting. In the unavoidable absence of Mr. Baxter, D. McArthur, Sr., presided.

After the toast to The King was honored, N. J. Morrison proposed the toast to the grand lodge, which was responded to by Acting Grand Master Day.

R. A. C. Brown proposed the county lodge, which was responded to by Ald. Sproul, C. M. Lingley proposed the toast to the district lodge which was responded to by James Sullivan. The ladies, proposed by G. Earle Logan, was responded to by Thos. Morrison. The common council, proposed by S. E. Logan and responded to by Ald. Wigmore. D. McArthur, Sr., responded to the toast of County Master Baxter.

HACK. TRIMS ROLLER

Toronto, Feb. 7.—George Hackenschmidt, the Russian wrestler, defeated Dr. Roller, of Seattle, in two straight falls before a big crowd at the Riverside ring tonight. The first fall was secured in 1 hour 16 minutes and the second in 13 minutes 5 seconds.

Hackenschmidt's manager posted \$5,000 forfeit for a match with Frank Gotch and Tom Flanagan of Toronto, posted a similar amount. The offer of \$20,000 made by a Toronto syndicate for a match is still open. Gotch is matched to wrestle here with Giovanni Perelli, champion of Italy, on March 3.

Tea and Sale. There was a large attendance at the tea and sale held in the school room of the Queen Square Methodist church last evening under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Mission Circle. Supper was served from 5 until 8 o'clock. There was a candy table also, a Japanese booth, which were most attractive. The affair was a most enjoyable one.

Obituary. Harold C. Mason, son of Ferris and Minnie Mason of Victoria street, died yesterday after a lingering illness of three months duration. He was in the 23rd year of his age and had been respected by all who knew him. He had been employed as a bookkeeper with the St. John Mission Co. of West End and was a prominent member of Alexandra Temple of Honor. The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon from the residence of his parents.

Mrs. John Flewelling. A long and happy life came to an end last evening, when Caroline, wife of the late Hon. John Flewelling, of Hampton, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. C. S. March, Wright street. Mrs. Flewelling who was in her 88th year, was in her usual good health up to the time of her death on Monday evening, but sudden congestion occurred and she remained unconscious until the end came on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Flewelling was a daughter of the late Capt. Wm. Dudge, and resided all her early life in her home on Queen street, where it is now occupied by Canterbury extension. From 1859 until after the death of her husband she resided at Fredericton, her home was at Hampton, N. B. Her family are all living, three daughters and three sons. Mrs. H. J. Fowler of Hampton Station, Mrs. R. J. Lemont of Southwest Harbor, Maine; Mrs. C. S. March; W. J. Flewelling of Toronto and C. H. and F. E. Flewelling of this city. A large circle of relatives and friends mourn the loss of one whose whole life was devoted to doing good to all who came within her circle.

George Edgar. Hatfield's Point, Kings Co., Feb. 8.—The death occurred here yesterday of George Edgar, an aged and respected resident. The deceased was suffering from paralysis and death was due to heart failure. He was a member of the Baptist church, and was very active in church matters. He is survived by his wife and four daughters. Mrs. Henry Logan of St. John is a sister. The funeral will be held tomorrow from the Baptist church.

Hotels. Victoria. H. W. Prince and wife, Fredericton; C. W. Burpee, Brownville; J. H. Post, Woodstock; Dr. and Mrs. Jenkins, G. A. Recker, Hampstead; G. J. Green, McAdam; J. A. Danforth, St. Hyacinthe; H. Adams, T. P. Jordan, Deep Brook; G. T. O'Donnell, Havana; G. T. Phillips, era Cruz; V. G. Riley, Mrs. G. Riley, Chipman; Dr. Carter, Catala. Royal. E. E. Miller, C. A. Howe, Boston; G. Mermad, Cognac; F. W. Parker, N. Y.; W. H. Chase, Wolfville; J. McMartin, N. Y.; H. M. Wolfe, Halifax; K. J. Anwell, J. D. Palmer and wife, J. Gregor, Fredericton; L. H. Bliss, St. Mary's; F. H. Watt, Sydney; J. F. Fletcher, E. W. Jones, Philadelphia; O. W. H. Kenwick, N. Y.; M. E. Murray, H. B. Kenwick, and child, London, Eng.; P. G. Mahoney, Melrose; L. W. Lebrun, Montreal; J. A. Morrison, Fredericton; Mrs. H. B. Hay, Chipman; V. F. Farrell, Halifax; J. A. Hayden, Woodstock; L. C. Daigle, Moncton; W. H. Snowball, R. A. Lawlor, Chatham; J. A. Fluk, Baltimore; R. F. Paterson, Sheffield, Eng.; W. M. Tiffany, Montreal; W. H. Potter, Annapolis; J. E. Grant, PEI; W. H. Yawer, Montreal; F. Clark, Baltimore.

Valuable Free

I am instructed to sell by public auction, Feb. the 11th inst. the very best and most improved water resistant Three flats recently built in this city. The sale is in case purchase live on premises Monday and Friday. For further particulars apply to the Union street office.

Household Furniture

Contents of the late estate of the late Mr. J. H. Bell, consisting of a large quantity of household furniture, including a large bed room, parlor, dining room, kitchen, and a large quantity of wood and coal.

Potts

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