YONGE ST. STORE FOR RENT

Near Bloor; first-class show window; beautifully lighted; steam heating; $35 month.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
26 Victoria Street, Toronto.

The Toronto World

FOR SALE

One hundred dollars cash will secure you one of the neatest homes, containing seven rooms, furnace, sink, detached, lot 32x170, handy to cars, on Gerrard (near Main Street). Price $1100. Easy payments.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
26 Victoria Street, Toronto.

Senate Reading Room
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SENATE P O

PROBS: Moderate east to south winds; warm; showers during night.

TWELVE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 13 1909— TWELVE PAGES

51 29TH YEAR

FUNERAL OF HARRIMAN IS MARKED BY PRIVACY AND EXTREME SIMPLICITY

Few Persons Outside of Those Connected With the Estate Admitted to Any Participation or Sight of the Obsequies.

ARDEN, N.Y., Sept. 12.—Thru the quiet aisles of the Ramapo Woods, the body of Edward H. Harriman was carried to-day from the great house he never lived to see finished and laid in its resting place on the Arden hillside.

The rulers of Wall Street came from New York to pay their last ribute, but the most prominent part in the funeral ceremonies was taken by the men who knew him best as a country squire, master of the great estate which covers 43,000 acres of hill and valley in this, the most rugged part of Orange County.

His general superintendent, his master carpenter, his master mason and the managers and assistant managers of his dairies, his farms, and his trotting stables, were the men who bore his coffin, and the services were led by his own chaplain.

The funeral was private and only friends of the family who had received invitations from Mrs. Harriman were admitted. Those present included: Hon. B. B. Odell, Jr., and wife; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Perkins, Maxwell Evarts, Jas. Stillman, Jacob H. Schiff, F. D. Underwood, W. V. S. Thorne and Robert S. Lovett.

The first service was holy communion celebrated at 10 a.m. by the Rev. J. Holmes McGuinness for Mrs. Harriman and children at their home on Tower Hill.

At 11 o'clock came a public memorial service at St. John's Church for the em ployes of the estate and parishioners of the church. The Harriman family pews were left vacant.

Guarded by Police.

Elaborate precautions were taken to preserve the privacy of the afternoon service. Several scores of employes, aided by a number of uniformed police from Tuxedo, guarded all roads over which the funeral procession passed from the house to the church and kept watch at intervals of twenty yards around the patch of woods, which includes the Harriman burial plot.

Eight carriages followed the hearse from Arden House. The first, a large station wagon, carried Mrs. Harriman with her two unmarried daughters, Mary and Carol, and her sons, Walter Averill and Roland. Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, the married daughter, drove in the next carriage. Mr. Gerry came to the church earlier to superintend arrangements. Two carriages in the rear brought eight of the oldest and most trusted family servants, some of whom have been in the Harriman employ since the family came to Arden 22 years ago. These were given seats in the church nearer their dead master's coffin than any of the millionaires and captains of industry from New York.

The casket, one mas sof lilies of the valley and with one bunch of crimson roses on top, was carried to the altar by eight bearers clad in black and wearing black skull caps. The regular funeral service of the Episcopal Church was conducted by Dr. McGuinness assisted by the Rev. G. Nelson, archdeacon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York. A male quartet and the choir of Grace Church, New York, sang "Abide With Me" and "There is a Land of Pure Delight," Mr. Harriman's favorite hymns.

Buried in Secluded Nook.

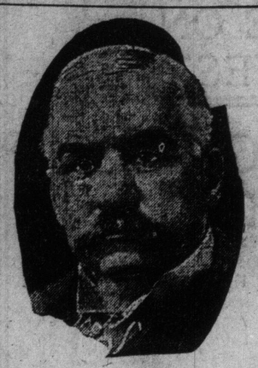
The service lasted but twenty minutes. Then the stalwart bearers carried the casket to the burial plot 100 yards up the road.

Mr. Harriman lies in a little clearing not ten feet from the roadway. His grave, hewn from the rock of the steep hillside, will always be fragrant with the balsam and hemlock that hem it on every side except that toward the road. One of his own gardeners could not have chosen a less ostentatious place for his last sleep.

There was room inside the burial ground for only fifteen or twenty besides the mourners, and the two officiating clergymen. Others stood in the road outside and looked over the high stone wall. The surpliced choir, hidden from view, sang the hymns that accompanied the burial.

It was 5 o'clock when Archdeacon

Continued on Page 7.



J. P. MORGAN.
With whom Mr. Harriman had a long interview early last week, in preparation for the events to come.

CANADIAN FARMERS ARE SIXTY MILLIONS RICHER

The Western Wheat Crop Alone Will Exceed Last Year's by 45,000,000 Bushels.

OTTAWA, Sept. 12.—(Special)—A supplementary crop bulletin issued by the census and statistics, and branch shows that as compared with last year, Canada's crop yield shows a remarkable increase.

Of wheat, it is estimated that Canadian farmers will have for sale 168,000,000 bushels, over forty-three million bushels more than last year.

The oat crop is estimated at 354,919,000, an increase of over eighty-four million bushels.

There is also an increase of over seven million bushels in the production of barley.

The only province which does not show a substantial increase in the yield of wheat, oats and barley is Ontario.

It is estimated that the wheat crop of the west will exceed last year's crop by forty-five million bushels. There is a big increase in the production of hay and clover.

The crop should be worth from fifty to sixty million dollars more to the Canadian farmers than that harvested in 1908.

Sir Edward Clouston's Estimate of Wealth.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Sir Edward Clouston, Bart., who returned to-day from the west, says that there will be at least one hundred millions of new money as the result of the crop, which he places at from 105,000,000 to 115,000,000 bushels of wheat, and altho a good deal of this will have to go back to the ground for seeding purposes the other grains will make up a value of a round hundred millions.

Sir Edward also announces that the building which the Bank of Montreal is about to erect in Winnipeg will be the finest structure in the west.

20,000 OUNCE ORE FOUND

Another Strike on Waldman's Mine That Proves Its Worth.

COBALT, Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Your special commissioner has just returned from visiting Waldman's mine and finds that the facts hitherto published are in no way beside the mark. Waldman's mine is one of the wonders of the camp.

This week, on a fissure veing 80 feet from the main shaft, showing no surface values, but indicating a mineralized area of at least a foot wide, rich ore was struck. At the 35-foot level ore carrying 20,000 ounces of silver to the ton was encountered. This vein at the bottom of the shaft was from 14 inches to 20 inches wide, including stringers and branch veins.

Development goes on apace and every day proves the possibilities of Waldman's mine.

It was reported in camp to-day that the company will issue 300,000 shares of treasury stock. The first 100,000 shares will be issued at $1 and the rest at not less than $2 a share.

CEMENT MERGER GROWS

The Lehigh Portland Cement Company is Now Included.

MONTREAL, Sept. 12.—(Special.)—The announcement that the Lehigh Portland Cement Company of Belleville, Ont., had been included in the new big cement merger was followed to-day by the statement that a close working agreement had been effected with the big Lehigh Portland Cement Company of the United States.

The payment for the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, it is understood, was made very largely in the securities of the new corporation. With this big company included the merger will now have control of practically every cement concern that is regarded as a factor in the industry in Canada.

WM. LLOYD GARRISON DEAD.

LEXINGTON, Mass., Sept. 12.—Wm. Lloyd Garrison, son of the great abolitionist, and widely known himself as a publicist and reformer, died at his home here to-day at the age of 71 years.

MOVES TORPEDO BY "WIRELESS"

Remarkable Demonstration By French Inventor—Control Over Weapon Is Absolute.

PARIS, Sept. 12.—M. Gabet, inventor of the radio-automatic torpedo, made several tests of the torpedo in the Seine last week near Maisons Lafitte, preparatory to the official test at Havre next month in the open sea. The new torpedo when put in the water has the appearence of two torpedoes, one above the other, about six feet apart.

The upper section is about 12 feet long. It is merely a floater. The lower section is about 18 feet in length and is much larger in circumference than the upper one. It contains a motor battery of accumulators, an apparatus for the reception of Hertzian waves and at the nose an explosive charge weighing 1800 pounds, as compared with 200 pounds in the ordinary torpedo.

When in the water the apparatus weighs five tons. It sinks to the upper floater. This carries two masts four feet high, connected by wires, which receive the Hertzian waves. They are fitted with electric lamps, which light up when the waves reach them, thus showing to the operator that they have been received. The lights are directed aft so as to be invisible from the object toward which the torpedo is moving.

When the torpedo was placed in the Seine Gabet went out in a motor boat, in which was an apparatus for emitting the Hertzian waves, which resembled a miniature piano with ten notes. Gabet touched one of the keys and immediately the motor on the torpedo, which was about 20 yards away, started.

By sending a varying number of waves he moved the rudder to right or left. He turned the torpedo sharply around in its own length and made it come toward him. In fact, the control was absolute. The waves caused by passing tugs and steamers did not seem to affect the machine.

M. Gabut said that he had been working on the invention for seven years. The cost of each torpedo would be $8000, but he would not sell them under $11,000. A speed of 20 knots can be obtained. He calculated at one to 30 the chances of interference by Hertzian waves from a warship.

When the test is made at Havre a war vessel will be present to test this point. M. Gabut placed the torpedo's range of action at about five miles. He is building a small tower at Havre, from which the Hertzian waves will be sent out.

NEW ANTARCTIC VOYAGE

British Expedition Will Set Out Next July.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Captain R. W. Scott, who commanded the discovery expedition in 1901, will start next July on his new Antarctic expedition. He will have two bases, one at MacMurdo Sound, and the other if he is able to reach the objective point, in King Edward VII. land, where he hopes to accomplish geographical research in addition to making an attempt to reach the pole.

Captain Scott says that the main object of the expedition is to secure for the British Empire the honor of reaching the south pole. The plan includes the use of three methods, sledge, traction by ponies and dogs and motor sledges. The latter is a new development. rd

STRATHCONA NOT RETIRING

Or, If He is, His Lordship is Not Confessing It.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Lord Strathcona, who reached here to-day from the west, declined to discuss the rumor of his alleged coming retirement from the high commissionership. He said he did not generally discuss such matters, but acted whenever the opportune moment arrived. His lordship did say, however, that he had held the office up to the present time at the earnest solicitation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who had maintained that the public interest required his presence in London.

LEMIEUX GOING TO EUROPE

Will Attend the Postal Convention at Berne, Switzerland.

OTTAWA, Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, postmaster general will leave for Europe on Monday, Sept. 20, to attend the international postal conference to be held at Berne, Switzerland.

Mr. Lemieux while in England will probably renew the negotiations with the British government, looking to the establishment of cheaper cable service across the Atlantic.

IS EDITOR IN CONTEMPT?

Ottawa Journal Published Peary's Story and "Citizen" Objects.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 12—(Special.)—Proceedings for contempt of court were inaugurated here on Saturday against the proprietors of The Evening Journal, because that paper, in the face of an injunction issued on Friday morning, restraining it from using Peary's story of the north pole discovery, came out with detailed reports.

Action for contempt is taken at the instance of The Ottawa Citizen, which bought exclusive rights of publication for the City of Ottawa. Case will be heard this week.

BUDGET DOOMED ELECTION LIKELY

Aftermath of Lord Rosebery's Speech—Has Become a Chamberlain Unionist.

LONDON JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

The interest in what Lord Rosebery had to say Friday night was so widespread that one enterprising London newspaper received reports of his speech by telephone from Glasgow to Londond, a distance of more than four hundred miles, and had verbatim eight columns of what he said on the street a few minutes after the speech was completed.

The New York Tribune's London correspondent cables:

Lord Rosebery's Glasgow speech increases the probability that the budget will be thrown out and a general election brought on.

Its two most striking passages are those in which he declares that the ministers want the lords to reject it, and that tariff reform is preferable to free trade if the present budget be the only alternative for it. The first statement implies that the government is rushing headlong into a conflict with the lords, and is convinced that the country i with it, while the second extricates him from the prime minister's obvious taunt that h ehas no substitute for the budget, since there is a reluctant confession that when forced to choose between socialism and free trade he is prepared to accept tariff reform.

The general comment among Liberal politicians is that Lord Rosebery has abandoned his defence of free trade and has become a Chamberlain Unionist, and certainly he does not appear to have left any other line of retreat open.

Rumors that Lord Rosebery will move the rejection of the finance bill on second reading are premature, altho the Unionist press will lay great stress on the importance of the Glasgow speech. A better forecast is that Lord Lansdowne himself will lead the lords in opposing the budget, being influenced by Lord Rosebery's unequivocal repudiation of the financial policy of the party formerly led by him.

Lord Rosebery's speech, while not a closely reasoned argument against the government, will help the really moderate men of both parties against it, yet the ministers seem confident of success at a general election and anxious to obtain a decisive judgment of the country against the house of lords.

Resigned First.

Lord Rosebery authorizes the announcement that he resigned the presidency of the Liberal League before the delivery of his speech at Glasgow.

Lord Rosebery was not only the president, but the founder of the league.

DIRECT WIRELESS FROM ENGLAND TO S. AFRICA

Experiments to be Made—Penny a Word Messages May be the Result.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—(C.A.P.)—Experiments are about to be made with a view to establishing a direct wireless telegraphic service between England and South Africa.

It is proposed to elevate kites 11,000 feet, and if these are unsuccessful, to erect a station at Gibraltar. A subsidy of £10,000 yearly will make penny a word cable messages possible.

LACK OF RAIN IS COSTLY

Mexican L., H. & P. Co. Have to Pay for Coal.

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Manager Saunders of the Bank of Montreal in Mexico, who is now in the city, makes the announcement that no rain has fallen in the Necaska Valley, and that the Mexican Light, Heat and Power Company have been paying at the rate of ten thousand dollars (Mexican), per day for coal.

Generally the rainy months are June, July and August, but when the banker left for the north on the 31st of August, no rain whatever had fallen in the valley, and the outlook was not at all promising.

H. H. DRAYTON AT $10,000

Controller Hocken Believes Board of Control Will Support Proposal.

Crown Attorney H. L. Drayton to to become corporation counsel at $10,000 a year.

This is the probable solution of the difficulty in appointing a successor to Jas. Fullerton, K.C., according to Controller Hocken, who says he believes a majority of the board of control will back him in recommending the appointment at the salary named, which is $4000 more than Mr. Fullerton received. It is understood Mr. Drayton would accept suc han offer.

SYMPATHY FROM THE KING.

Prof. Goldwin Smith on Saturday morning received a cable message expressing sympathy for his old Oxford tutor in the death of his wife.

DR. FRED'K A. COOK'S

Complete Story of His Discovery of

THE NORTH POLE

Written Exclusively for THE NEW YORK HERALD Will Be Published Simultaneously by Special Arrangement in

The Toronto World

It Will Be Specially Cabled for Publication the First Chapter

On Wednesday Next, Sept. 15

Continuing Thereafter on Alternate Days

ORDER COPIES NOW FROM NEWSDEALERS

How Peary Annexed Dr. Cook's Supplies

Left Provision House in Charge of Whitney, But Big Bo'sun Was Summarily Placed in Possession.

Wireless despatches last night told of Dr. Cook's homeward journey on the steamer Oscar II., gaily decorated in his honor. He mingled freely with the passengers, and at luncheon related more of his experiences. The Oscar II. is due in New York Sept. 21.

Commander Peary is still in the vicinity of Battle Harbor, Labrador, where the Roosevelt is being repaired before her trip to Sydney, N.S.

Despatches from Paris indicate that France would not be averse to acting as mediator in the dispute, being peculiarly fitted for this task as an unprejudiced nation.

A cable from Peary to certain newspapers saying that "Cook has simply handed the public a gold brick," and claiming proof for the statement, has added fuel to the personal warfare.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 12.—A remarkable letter, giving Dr. Frederick A. Cook's version of the trouble with Commander Peary over supplies, appears in the newspaper Politiken. The letter was written by Dr. Norman Hansen, a prominent Danish physician, who several times visited Greenland to study eye diseases.

Dr. Cook told practically the same story to one of his closest American friends just a week ago, before Commander Peary re-appeared on the scene

Dr. Hansen was with Cook for some time in Greenland, and returned with him on the Danish government steamer Hans Eged. In his letter he says:

"Now that Dr. Cook is gone, I am no longer under any obligation to keep silence, and I will air my right to publish the story about the house in Annatok, a story which Dr. Cook himself had too much delicacy to relate to the world. I write it according to my memory, in the same manner that Dr. Cook in Egedesminde told it to me, and I am fully convinced that in no details are my recollections wrong.

"Dr. Cook had built his house for stores in Annatook, north of Etah and it was this depot which he started to reach in February, 1909, crossing Smith Sound. It was a pretty large house, the walls being built of heavily filled provision boxes, so that Dr. Cook knew that when this important point was reached everything was safe. He had, before the start, arranged with a young friend named Whitne ythat he have the right to use the house while hunting musk oven for sport, in the winter of 1908-09.

Said Cook Was Dead.

"When Dr. Cook and his two Eskimos, exhausted and half starved, came within a shot's distance of the house in Annatok, young Whitney came out to bid him welcome, but inside the house was a stranger, giant Newfoundland boatswain, on watch. This man had been placed in Dr. Cook's house by Peary, when the latter passed Etah with his ship bound north, Peary had given the boatswain a written order, which commenced with the following words:

"This house belongs to Dr. Frederick A. Cook, but Dr. Cook is long ago dead, and t here is no use to search after him, therefore, I, Commander Robert E Peary, instal my boatswain in this deserted house."

This paper the boatswain, who could neither read nor write, exhibited to Dr. Cook, and the latter took a copy of this wonderful document. Dr. Cook gave me a lively account of how the young millionaire, Mr. Whitney, during the whole winter, was treater like a dog by the giant boatswain, and how he had calmly witnessed the sailor bartering Dr. Cook's provisions for fox and bear skins for himself.

"Dr. Cook also had to put a good face on the unpleasant situatoin. He had to beg into his own house and had to make a compromise with the boatswain with strong fists.

Present to Eskimos.

"Dr. Cook made a present of the house with all it's contents to his two faithful Eskimos, with the proviso that Whitney was to have the use of the house as long as his hunting trip lasted, but he was compelled to let the Newfoundland boatswain continue his watch.

"Now, I suppose the sailor will celebrate his triumphal entrance into New York harbor aboard Peary's ship, while Whitney is, where? Aboard his own yacht Jeanne?, or perhaps he has not waited to wait for his own boat and has gone aboard Peary's ship.

"To Mr. Whitney, Dr. Cook gave his instruments and his observations, as he thought these precious things were safer there than on the long sled trip in the spring across Melville Bay, but all his note books and greasy and soiled record books, which have been so closely written upon, he kept and carried with him.

"But what is t he record to us? The two men, Peary and Cook, their character, their conduct, that is what interests us, and every little item throwing aside light upon their nature is valuable."

What is the Matter With Peary?

Whatever prestige Peary gained by his first anouncement that he had reached the north pole, he has sadly diminished by his subsequent messages from his Labrador refuge. Even those who accept without question the commander's declaration of success are disappointed in his behavior towards his rival, Cook. The following editorial from The Buffalo Courier is typical of many press comments:

"Until very recently the public had the greatest respect for Commander Robert E. Peary, presuming he possessed the qualities of an American officer and gentleman. What is the matter with him? He has been acting within the past week as if intense disappointment had turned his head. Even tho Dr. Cook's claims should be false—and at present, he seems fully as entitled to credence as his rival—Peary should have presented his charges in a more dignified manner, to say the least. Instead, he has cried "liar," has raved about "gold bricking," and about "nailing" the doctor—using more of the language of the gutters that that of polite society. All this has afforded the strongest possible contrast to the calmness and courtesy of Dr. Cook's attitude. Then, again, Peary's flamboyant style of making his announcements has plainly indicated a condition of mental disturbance. He has "nailed the flag to the pole;" he has presented the pole to President Taft, to that official's evident amusement and slight embarrasscent as to what he can do with the interesting chattel; and he has notified the state department that he has annexed the north pole and all contiguous territory in the name of the American Republic—regarding which the state department prudently refrains from any expression of opinion. Further, the navy department has been informed by the industrious commander that he hoisted the naval ensign on the pole, which with all this adornment of bunting must be fairly flapping red and white and blue in the face of the aurora borealis."

Peary's Plans

SYDNEY, N.S., Sept. 12.—Commander Peary in all probability will remain here two days and then go with his family to his home in Eagle Island, in Casco Bay, Maine, where he will rest for a day or two, proceeding thence to Washington to make his official report to the government.

"Commander Peary will have with him incontestible proof to support every statement he has made in connection with Dr. Cook's trip into the Arctic," said H. L. Bridgman, secretary of the Peary Club, to-night. "When Dr. Cook has made his statement over his own signature, the proof will be forthcoming. Quite agree with President Hubbar of the ePary Arctic Club that Dr. Cook might have learned weeks ago in Greenland of Commander Peary's discovery."

Commander Peary has planned to organize an expedition to search for the south pole, but Mr. Bridgman said to-night that Peary would not lead it,

Continued on Page 7.

MILLION MARK SET FOR FAIR OF 1910

Tho This Year's Exhibition Broke All Records, There Is Room for Many Changes in Character of the Big Show.

	1908.	1909.
Attendance	664,000	750,000
Increase—18 per cent.		
Gross receipts	$234,000	$275,000
Increase—17 1-2 per cent.		
Expenses	$194,000	$199,000
Surplus	40,000	76,000
Increase—90 per cent.		

Since 1883 the increase in gross receipts has been:

1883	$ 56,911
1893	87,247
1903	162,065
1909	275,000

Even altho the Canadian National Exhibition of 1909 didn't reach the attendance of 800,000, it had the distinction of making a record of three quarters of a million people, and with an eastern car ling entrance there is reason to believe that 1910 will see the attainment of the coveted million mark.

Lest visitors to Toronto should have the idea that the exhibition is a direct money-making institution, drawing a yearly toll from their pockets, it may be pointed out that the surplus is purely nominal. It simply represents the excess of receipts over actual running expenses, and takes no account of interest on debentures issued to pay for buildings and other improvements, not does it consider depreciation of property nor maintenance of Exhibition Park. The buildings are valued at about $2,500,000, but the amount of debentures actually outstanding is $817,000. For the six preceding years the surplus received by the city amounted to $293,000.

Probably more than one-half of the 750,000 people who visited the exhibition come from outside points. If 400,000 visitors expended on an average $5 each in Toronto, the meaning is that the merchants benefited to the extent of two millions of dollars.

Advance All Round.

Every department of this year's exhibition shared in the advance movement. The manufacturers and merchants in general, with exhibits on the grounds, reported booking heavier orders. The receipts of the Midway were $78,000, or $8000 more than last year, the exhibition's shares of $27,000 being $2500 larger. The cash gate receipts were $20,000 larger, and from concession privileges $3000.

No less than one and one-half millions of tickets, admission, grand stand and Midway, were issued by the exhibition, but so perfect is the system that Dr. Orr states every one has been accounted for.

A fitting climax was that of Saturday, when, with 57,000 people on the grounds, a gain of 10,000 for the day was established. The fair has been memorable for lack of serious accidents and general orderliness. Arrests have been few. Two, however, occurred Saturday night. William King, 224 Sumach-street, being charged with theft of cutlery from Nasmith's restaurant, and Clarence Wilson with purloining on the Midway.

The keen rivalry between the Royal Canadian Dragoons and R.C.H.A., Kingston, broke out into a demonstration Saturday night, when the former were given the decision in the Balaclava melee event. There were shouts of dissent and cries of "dirty umpir-

Continued on Page 7.

MAROONED IN NIAGARA A LITTLE ABOVE FALLS

Quartet, for 13 Hours, Live in Agony of Doubt—Absence of Wind Saves Their Lives.

NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., Sept. 12.—For thirteen hours, George Felz and Harry Porter with two companions, were marooned in a small launch on a bar out in the river less than a mile from the point where the river breaks into the turbulent upper rapids.

The boat went around about 7 o'clock last night, and it was not until 8 o'clock this morning that it was released and the party, half dead from cold and fright, taken off.

The absence of a wind was all that saved the boat, and its four passengers from being swept over the falls.

Just off the spot where the boat grounded the water is deep and the current very swift. There was a dense fog over the river all night, and even if the launch had lifted off the reef, the men would have been in a worse plight than before, for it would have been a hard matter to make shore with the lights obscured and a margin of only a quarter of a mile between them and the rapids.

All thru the night the men kept calling for help, but their voices fatied to reach any ear along the shore.

When John W. Broderick, a riverman, went out early to-day and pulled the craft off the men were in a state of collapse.

Several years ago the Ella H. went aground on the same reef and pounded to pieces.

A Real Optimist

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer.)

At last we have an answer to the old, old question. "What is an optimist? An optimist is one who believes everything said by both Cook and Peary

...ny, ... Saturday, ... Sept. 12, 1909

...thing

...great test of the ... School time once ... and new suits for ... want to talk about ...nd our Boys' Store. ...u. Won't you come ...or yourself?

...stions as to prices:

...Suits, made from a strong ...a mixed grey ground, ...at made with loose box ...e pants; sizes 25 to 28,

...Tweed Suits, in a rich ...at fancy colored stripes; ...style, with belt; pants ...28, $4.00.

...ilor Blouse Suits, in a ...owing a neat pin dot ...ar, with fancy black and ...detachable white serge ...Sizes 3 to 9 years,

...grey and black mixed ...t is made to button up ...double row of fancy ...r style; sizes 3 to 7 years.

...erwear

...partment for Men ...of wardrobe with ...e, and our prices ...choice than ever ...—because we have

...SPECIAL.

...Wool Sweaters, roll col...rists and skirts, in red or ...id wearing, good quality, ...suitable for boys 4 to 14 ...le Monday 50c.

...ARGAINS FOR BOYS.

...0c Underwear, 12½c. ...d 65c Shirts, 37c. ...$1.00 Jerseys, 59c.

...Balbriggan Drawers, dou...ality, cream shade. Regu... 30c garment. Monday

...ancy Neglige Shirts, in ..., checks, etc., splendid ...erials. Regular 50c and ...37c.

...All-wool, Worsted and ...rseys, medium weight, 2 ...bed wrists, in blue, red, ...22 to 32. Regular $1.00 ...nday 59c.

...aps

...Girls' Varsity Caps, navy ...Monday special 10c.

...Men's Hats and Caps, in ...en, odds and ends. Mon...c.

...Footwear

...f Travellers' Sam...mpany, of Aylmer, ...ots, regular prices ...ay, $2.59.

...box calf, ...colt and ...7½ only. ...y..... } 2.59

...wear Factories supply ...ich will mean consider...

...Rubbers, made from ...bber,' with heavy corru...s; all sizes. Our special ...y: Men's 69c, women's ...youths' 49c, misses' 39c,

...is the best time to buy ...ootwear.

...OOTS.

...000 pairs of these new ...Try them on.

...tent colt ...er tops, ...fortable, ... } 2.49

...Mantle, regular ..... 2 for .25

...Monday.... 2 for .25

...Genuine Lindsay Upright Lights, complete with globe and mantle. Monday..... .69

...Genuine Lindsay Inverted Lights, complete with colored globe and mantle; regular $1.50. Monday..... .98

...Simplex Inverted Lights, complete with globe and mantle; regular $1.00. Monday..... .65

...Cotton covered Gas Tubing. Monday, per foot..... .5

...Steel Gas Tubing. Monday, per foot..... .9

...s, consisting of bread ...knife; regular 25c. .15

...Carving Knives and celluloid handles; Monday ..... .98

...Handsaws, 26 in.; Monday ..... .75

...Solid Steel Hatchets and ...ar up to 60c. Mon... .25

...atches, brass bolt, com...utcheons, screws. Monday..... .33