JULY | 1909

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5.55 and 9.20 p.m. or rains to Philadelphi

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am as follows :

Monday, Tuesday, steamships at Owen

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ber 3, 1909

LPHIA

GER TRAFFIC.

THURSDAY MORNING

Sold at Good Figures.

DOUBLE MORAL STANDARD IS THE NATION'S PERIL

Marriage and Divorce and Laws For Women Discussed at Last Congress Sessions.

The Congress of Women was brought to a close yesterday afternoon. In the section on social and moral reform Kate Waller Barrett, M.D., Ph.D., form Kate Waller Barrett, M.D., Ph.D., spoke on "The Nation's Peril, a Dou-ble Standard of Morals." A double standard, she said, was unjust to the man. "I would rather be a member of the sex to-day who, when she sins against the law of God and her nature,

The danger of the scarlet man was The danger of the scarlet man was greater than that of the scarlet woman. The latter stays with her kind, but the former went everywhere. It was only half a family where the man and wo-man hadn't the same ideal for the boy and for the girl. Family pride and pride of lineage was one of the best safeguards to give a boy or girl. Marriage and Divorce. Marriage and divorce laws occupied

the attention of the section on laws that concern women and children, and some remarkably plain talk was indulged in. The excitement at times ran dulged in. The excitement at times tan high, several speakers clamoring for a hearing at once, the applause often being deafening. Mrs. E. B. Grannis of the United States read one paper, in which she said: "Every man who pleads for the increase of large families extolling wo-

increase of large families, extolling womanhood only in the office of wifehood and motherhood, is probably rendering the best service for woman suffrage. "Collusion between husband and wife in order to get a divorce is one of the most shameful things."

Dr. Augusta Stowe-Gullen declared that the law of divorce as it now ex-

that the law of divorce as it now ex-ists in Canada was "wofully lacking, discriminating and defective." It dis-criminated against the woman, while the man was more often the offending party. Neither should our legislation exist merely for for the rich. The cost of a divorce at Ottawa, at least \$1000,

was in most cases prohibitive. "Whom God hath joined together, men cannot put asunder. Whom nature hath put asunder, let not man manacle together. It is time to honestly and fairly look truth in the face and seek

ommencing June 28. G JUNE 30, JULY 1 gent, or write R. I

has to walk the streets, than be a mem-ber of the sex who holds his head high and feels that he has done no harm." Women were often driven into a life of sin by necessity. No man ever made that excuse.

It is easy to decide that

made bread. Just taste it once and you'll understand why thousands of families use it every day. It is a good loaf, never varies in quality. Suits

> the most exacting taste. 5 cents the loaf.

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States wanted divorce more than in Canada. Women Doctors.

Dr. Murdoch, Toronto, commended women surgeons as usually most pro-ficient, and best adapted for that im-

"HOME OF THE HAT BEAUTIFUL."

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"The quality goes in be-

fore the name goes on."

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portant career. Dr. Tiburtino, one of the first lady doctors in Germany, said that great opportunities were now presented there for women in the medical profession.

Other speakers advocated work as librarians and as bank clerks as apan adequate solution, not in favor of one sex or class, but in the interests of home and the nation." propriate for wome

Technical Education. Mrs. Flora McD. Denison said that it The director of the mammoth Carwas not true that people in the United

negie Technical Schools at Pittsburg, addressed the education section. Lady Aberdeen presided. D. Hamerschlag said: "Learning is the ghost of dead men's thoughts and deeds. It is of great value in keeping alive the spirit of doing things so that dreams may become realities. That is what by the generosity of one man is being sought in Pittsburg. "The time is past when learning it-self satisfies the great number of peo-ple who have made a demand on the world's happiness.

pie who have made a demand of the world's happiness. "Learning is a fixed thing, but is giving way to technical science. "On this continent technical educa-tion has a history half a century old. This includes Toronto and MoGill. It was introduced in the old City of Troy. was introduced in the old City of Troy. N.Y., and a quick succession of institu-tions were established, which depicted a new hope,—an education which would serve a progressive and economic peo-ple. "What is the end of technical edu-cation? It is the same as that of the old classical education of a quarter of

a century ago, the production of use-

ful citizens. In conclusion he said: "Our ideal of

J. L. Hughes endorsed the views of the Pittsburg educationist.

the Pittsburg educationst. Miss Van Rensselair, New York, gave an account of the efforts of the New York state board federation to afford inspiring and practical technical knowledge to the women of the rural parts of the state. The lecturer de-clared that education was making greater strides in the country than in the cities. the cities.

Mme. Bernogoe, Italy, said that with in the past few years colleges to in-struct girls and women in the lighter branches of scientific agriculture had been established in Milan, Florence and Naples. The services of the grad-uates are in great demand uates are in great demand.

Hot Shot For Editors.

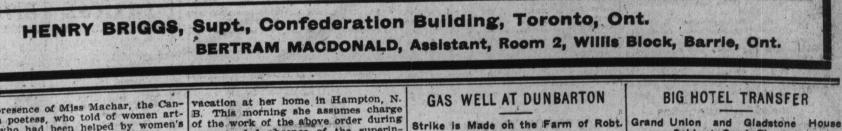
feel very strongly on the duty of the press to the public, while others dwelt yesterday on the duty of the public

to the press. "I feel that newspapers have created whatever vicious feeling there is, and then feed the taste. "The papers must, of course, make a living, but have they any more right to encourage vicious tastes than a to encourage vicious tastes than a man has to run a gambling house or a

disorderly saloon?" Miss Agnes Laut would throw the responsibilities for what newspapers are on the people. "The editor," she said, "stands for the ideal, but he is hampered and controlled by the busi-ness office."

The art section was brightened by

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. JOHN R. HEGEMAN. President **GREAT REDUCTION OF EXPENSES--INCREASED BENEFITS--LOWER RATES** INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT. In January, 1907, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company largely increased the benefits in its Industrial policies by reason of a heavy reduction in expenses and improvement in mortality experience. During the past three years the Company has steadily reduced its expenses, so that it is enabled to make a further increase in benefits. Industrial insurance policies have a unit of weekly premium—three cents, five cents and multiples thereof—and the amount of insurance varies with the age. All Industrial Life policies (premiums cease after age 74). Endowment policies at age 80 and Adult Twenty-year Endowment. Policies issued since Jan. 1, 1907, will be increased in benefits about ten per cent., according to a new table of benefits adopted for policies issued after July 1, 1909. In other words, not only does, the Company issue a new table for policies hereafter issued, but it makes the increase retroactive since the present form of Limited Payment and Endowment at age 30 policies were adopted. Upon the OLD INDUSTRIAL POLICIES the Company is paying out TWO AND A HALF MILLIONS OF DOL-LARS IN BONUSES THIS YEAR, bringing up the total Bonuses' and Concessions' upon Industrial policies to EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN SIXTEEN YEARS. This is OVER AND ABOVE ANY AND ALL OBLI-GATIONS expressed or implied in the policies. The Metropolitan in its Industrial Department has the lowest Ratio of Expense of all the Industrial Insur-Companies in the world which pay immediate benefits. In FIVE YEARS its Ratio of Expense to Premium Income Has Been Reduced Annual Saving of Three and a Half Millions of Dollars The new Convertible policy issued by the Company is a novel form of insurance which becomes fully paid-up life insurance in a few years, and automatically converted into endowment insurance, the maturity of which is periodically shortened as payment of premiums continues. automatically converted into endowment insufance, the institutely of which is periodically shortened as payment of premiums continues. The Company is abreast of the public demand for combination of term insurance and annuities, and serves the public better than any other is then automa INDUSTRIAL POLICIES IN FORCE; NEARLY 9,500,000, INSURING NEARLY \$1,500,000,000. agency. ORDINARY DEPARTMENT. The Company has reduced expenses six per cent, in this Department in the last FIVE 'years-representing an ANNUAL SAVING OF OVER A MILLION AND A QUARTER OF DOLLARS IN THE ORDINARY DEPARTMENT. The Company issues policies in the Ordinary Department in amounts from \$500 to \$1,000,000 upon all approved plans at the lowest rates. IN 1908 IT WROTE MORE PAID-FOR BUSINESS IN ITS ORDINARY OLD LINE INSURANCE (exclusive of Industrial), in the United States and Canada, THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY, ANY OTHER COMPANY. All of its policies in the Ordinary as well as the Industrial Department are written on the non-participating plan. The Metropolitan pays its divi-dends at the start—that is to say, it cuts down the premiums. It believes the plain, common-sense men who make up the bulk of policyholders look for a plain business contract. By plain business contracts we mean those which tell their whole story upon their face; which leave nothing to the imagina-tion, borrow nothing from hope, require definite conditions and make definite promises in dollars and cents. In both Departments combined the Company has, in each of the past fifteen years, written more paid-for insurance than any other company in the world. The Company upon Its Total Business Has in the Last Ten Years Reduced Its Ratio of Expenses to Premium Income 15 Per Cent.



Woods.

A Sensational Sacrifice of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats the presence of Miss Machar, the Can-adian poetess, who told of women art-ists who had been helped by women's art clubs. The Home and theSchool. In the education section discussion In the education section discussion

woman is motherhood to strengthen mankind in its upward struggles. I know of no leader in art or science who did not owe 90 per cent. of it, to his

Dr. George Parmelee, Quebec, spoke on the importance of efficient rural schools in Canada.

Another volley was hurled at the newspapers by speakers at the litera-ture section. Miss Constance Boulton declared: "I

