London Concrete Machinery Company Limited

Sell Direct to Manufacturer

The London Concrete Machinery Co., of 19 Marmora street, London, Ont., has recently been incorporated with a capital of \$100,000.00 for the purpose of extending the business, which is now a large one. The private company was organized by the present President, Mr.

Henry Pocock, and has been in existence for the last three years, being brought up to its present size under his management.

The new Company, Mr. Pocock President, is composed of several citizens of London, Ont., all of whom are well known business men, and needless to say, that a body of men of this type will not be satisfied to manufacture anything but the highest type of machines and



H. POCOCK, President

moulds possible. An hour spent in their new Offices, Showrooms and Factories, on Marmora street, London, will convince any observer that this concern is in a position to supply the Public with any requirement in the Concrete Machinery line.

Their machines and moulds are now well known throughout Canada and there are very few municipalities which hase not some of one type or another.

JOHN DORDGE

The best seller to the municipalities in the last season was the Culbert and Sewer Pipe Moulds. Many Municipalities are now purchasing their own moulds and making the cement tile on the ground. In this manner the tiles can be produced at about one-half the cost at which they could be purchased from regular manufacturers, and also can be laid in their place in a better condition than it is sometimes possible to do when they are to be shipped any distance.

There are several distinctive features about the Tile and Sewer Pipe Moulds manufactured by this concern which have done much for the success of their goods upon the market. One very important feature is that the thickness of walls in the tile is uniform. The greatest of care has been taken in figuring the required



LONDON TILE & SEWER PIPE MOULD

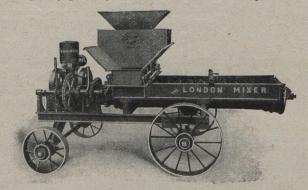
strength for different classes of work and the thickness of walls in the tile have been designed accordingly. This has been approved by many Engineers. The bevels of the telescopic joints are also uniform. The moulds are made from cold rolled steel and are made very heavy. On account of this material being used these moulds are sure to keep in perfect form and good working order, while those made from ordinary heavy galvanized iron or common iron soon become warped or twisted and almost useless.

The moulds manufactured by this Company cost very little more than cheaper grades that are being placed on the market, but many Canadian Municipalities have learned that the matter of a small difference in price is not to be considered when better results can be obtained.

All sizes of moulds are stocked from 4 inches to 48 inches. Special forms or moulds with special thickness of walls will be furnished by this firm upon the shortest notice, in fact, they claim that they are in a position to meet every Engineering requirement.

The London Concrete Mixer.

The London Concrete Mixer was only placed on the market within the last year but is becoming very popular with the Contractors throughout the County and also with the Municipalities. One great difficulty that the Municipalities have had with their concrete work is to obtain men whom they could rely on for measuring the proportions and do thorough mixing. This machine meets the requirement in every case, not only for small jobs, but also for large ones, as it can be set to any desired capacity per day so that it can be used by a small



LONDON AUTOMATIC CONTINUOUS BATCH CONCRETE MIXER

or large gang of men. It also provides against the usual complaint, that of improper measuring. With this machine all there is to do is fill the hoppers, and the machine will do the rest, as the feeding and all other operations are automatic. All that is necessary for the operators to do is to set the machine to give any desired proportion and this proportion will be accurately measured. The machine measures the material in small batches in quick succession, it then drops it into the mixing trough below where it is cut and divided many times, being tossed backward and forward from one side to the other and, at the same time conveyed forward to the depositing point. On its course it passes under a fine spray of water which thoroughly moistens the material after it has been mixed dry. Any consistency of moisture can be given which means that this machine will measure and mix materials meeting every requirement in the concrete line. It will save on ordinary Municipal work from four to six men every day it is used over any other machine on the market, simply because the materials only have to be handled once, no wheeling or scaffolding being required.