TINEINA FROM TEXAS.

BY V. T. CHAMBERS, COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

(Continued from page 249, vol. vi.)

Since the preceding portion of this paper, as well as much of that which follows in this and some following numbers, were placed in the hands of the Editor of the CAN. ENT., I have received from Mr. Belfrage another collection of Tineina from Basque County, Texas, containing additional specimens of species found in the first collection, and several new species. The only species contained in this last collection which has been previously described from more Western localities, and were not contained in the former collection, are Gelechia solaniella? Cham. and Strobisia iridipennella Clem. and Theisoa bifasciella. The specimens of the first named differ somewhat from bred specimens from Kentucky and Missouri, so that I mark them doubtfully as of this species; I however believe them to be the same. Strobisia venustella Cham., I am now satisfied, is a synonym for S. iridipennella Clem. Because of the presence of several brilliant blue spots on the wings of my specimens, not mentioned in Dr. Clemens' description, I was led to believe that they belonged to a different species. But the individuals vary in this respect. Stainton, in his edition of the Clemens' papers, has corrected Dr. Clemens' description so far as it differed from specimens in his collection. Dr. Clemens' description was probably correct of the specimens observed by him. The single Texas specimen in this collection has a less number of the blue spots than any other that I have seen. I insert here a few descriptions of species contained in Mr. Belfrage's last collection, which are new, reserving for a future paper other new species and notes on those described in papers already in the hands of the Editor. The second collection was made in Basque County, Texas.

HYPONOMEUTA.

H. 5-punctella. N. sp.

Snowy white. On the forewings are five distinct, circular, black spots, three of them forming a line along the middle of the wing, the other two being in the dorsal half of the wing, one of them opposite the space between the first and second, and the other opposite the space between the second and third spots. The first spot is placed about the basal