receiving calls, and occupied with details of every rainisters are the busiest of men. From Monday morning till Sunday night the bustle goes on continually.

Our life is in danger of becoming all outside. We are called upon to express ourselves before conviction has time to ripen. Our spirits get too hot and unsettled to allow the dew to fall on them. We are compelled to speak what is merely the recollection of conviction which we had some time ago, and to use past feeling over again. Many a day you will feel this; you will long with your who'e heart to escape life. away somewhere into obscurity, and be able to keep your mouth quite shut for weeks. You will know the meaning of that great text for ministers, "The talk of the lips tendeth only to penury,"-that is, it shallows the spirit within.

That is what we have to fight against. The people we live among and the hundred details of our calling will steal away our inner life altogether, if they can. And then, what is our outer life worth? It is worth nothing. If the inner life get thin and shallow, the outer life must become a perfunctory discharge of duties. Our preaching will be empty, and our conversation and intercourse unspiritual, unenriching, and flavourless. We may please our people for a time by doing all they desire and being at everybody's call; but they will turn round on us in disappointment and anger in the day when by long living merely the outer life we have become empty, shallow, and unprofitable.

Take heed to thyself! If we grow strong and large inwardly, our people will reap the fruit of it in due time: our preaching will have sap and power and unction in it; and our intercourse will have the breath of another world about it.

We must find time for reading, study, meditation, and prayer. We should at least insist on naving a large forenoon, up, say, to two o'clock every day, clear of interruptions. Oh, these hours of quietness are our real life! It is these that make the ministerial life a grand life. When we are shut in alone, and, the spirit having been silenced and collected by prayer, the mind gets slowly down into the heart of a text, like a bee in a flower, it is like heaven upon earth; it is as if the soul were bathing itself in morning dews; the dust and fret are washed off, and the noises recede into the distance; peace comes; we move aloft in another world—the world of ideas and realities; the mind mounts joyfully from one height of truth to another; it sees the common world far beneath, yet clearly, in its true meaning, and size, and relations to other worlds. And then one comes down on Sabbath to speak to the people, calm, strong, and clear, like Moses from the mount, and with a true divine message.

In so doing, my dear brother, thou shalt save thyself. Lose your inner life and you lose yourself, sure enough; for that is yourself. You will often have to tell your people that salvation is not the one act of conversion, nor the one act of passing through the gate of heaven at last; but the renewal, the sanctification, the growth into large and symmetrical stature of the whole character. Tell yourself that often too We take it for granted that you are a regenerated man, or we would not have ordained you to be a minster of the gospel to-day. But it is possible for a man to be regenerate and to be a minister, and yet to remain very worldly, shallow, undeveloped, and unsanctified. We who are your brethren in the ministry could tell sad histories in illustration of that out of our inner life. We could tell you how in keeping the vineyards of others we have often neglected our own; and how now, at the end of years of ministerial activity and incessant toil, we turn round and look with dismay at our shallow characters, our unenriched minds, and our lack of spirituality and Christlikeness. bre ther, take heed to thyself-save thyself!

II TAKE HEED TO THE DOCTRINE.

A very little experience of preaching will convince to systain a louble chara, er that of an interpreter department of human knowledge. Whatever especially range of topics within which we are expected to conof Scripture and that of a propher. makes us acquainted with the mysterious depths of time ourselves. Your congregation will put one utter-

kind. We live in a time when all men are busy, and whatever high-flown notions a man may begin his ministry, yet if he is to stay for years in a place, and keep up a fresh kind of preaching, and build up a congregation, preaching such discourses as Scotchmen like to hear, he will find that he must heartily accept the role of an interpreter of Scripture, and lean on the Bible as his great support.

This is your work; the Book is put into your hands to-day that you may unfold its contents to your people, conveying them into their minds by all possible avenues, and applying them to all parts of their daily

It is a grand task. I cannot help congratulating you on being ordained to the ministry to-day, for this, above everything, that the Bible is henceforth to be continually in your hands, that the study of it is to be the work of your life; that you are to be continually sinking and bathing your mind in its truths; and that you are to have the pleasure of bringing forth what you have discovered in it to feed the minds of men. The ministerial profession is to be envied more for this than anything else. I promise you that if you be true to it, this Book will become dearer to you every day; it will enrich every part of your nature; you will become more and more convinced that it is the Word of God, and contains the only remedy for the woes of

But, oh, be true to it! The Bible will be what I have said to you only if you go deep into it. If you keep to the surface, you will weary of it. There are some ministers who begin their ministry with a certain quantity of religions doctrine in their mind, and what they do all their life afterwards is to pick out texts and make them into vessels to hold so much of it. The vessels are of different shapes and sizes, but they are all filled with the same thing; and, oh, it is poor stuff, however orthodox and evangelical it may seem.

arly-loved friend and an endless To become a nurce of intellectual and spiritual delight, the Bible must be thoroughly studied. We must not pour our ideas into it, but apply our minds to it, and faithfully receive the impressions which it makes on them. One learns thus to trust the Bible as an inexhaustible resource, and lean back upon it with all one's might. It is only such preaching, enriching itself out of the wealth of the Bible, and getting from it freshness, variety, and power, that can build up a congregation, and satisfy the minds of really living Christians.

The intellectual demand on the pulpit is rapidly rising. I should like to draw your earnest attention to a revolution which is silently taking place in Scotland, but is receiving from very few the notice which it deserves. I refer to the changes that are being made by the new system of national education. No one can have travelled much for several years past through this part of the island without his attention being attracted by the new and imposing school buildings rising in almost every parish. These are the index of a revolution; for inside, in their management and in the efficiency of the education, there has also been an immense change. I venture to say that nothing which has taken place in Scotland this century- and I am remembering both the Reform Bill and the Disruption-will be found to have been of more importance. There will be a far more educated Scotland to preach to in a short time, which will demand of the ministry a high intellectual standard. It is a just demand. Our people should go away from the church feeling that they have received new and it is a great trust which is committed to your hands interesting information, that their intellects have been illuminated by fresh and great ideas, and that to hear their minister regularly is a liberal education.

Nothing will meet this demand except thorough technical helps, as well as enriched by the constant reading of the best literature, both on our own and Bible "gives a light to every age; it gives, but boryou that in relation to the truth which you have to rows none." Nothing could be more untrue. The will fearlessly commit ourselves to it and go wherever minister week by week to your people, you will have Bible borrows light from every age and from every it carries us, even though it should be far beyond the

Let me first say something of the former, With human nature is deserving of your attention. Bible and human nature call to sach other the deep unto deep. Every addition to our knowledge of man will be a new key to open the secrets of the Word; and the deeper you go in your preaching into the mysteries of the Word, the more subtle and powerful will be the springs you touch in the minds and hearts of your hearers.

But preparation of this sort for the pulpit is not easy. It requires time, self-conquest, and, hard work. Perhaps the greatest ministerial temptation is idleness in study-not in going about and doing something, but in finding and rightly using precious hours in one's library, avoiding reverie and light or desultory reading, and sticking hard and fast to the Sabbath work. I, for one, must confess that I have had and still have a terrible battle to fight for this. No men have their time so much at their own disposal as we. I often wish we had regular office-hours, like business men; but eyen that would not remedy the evil, for every man shut up alone in a study is not studying. Nothing can remedy it but faithfulness to duty and love of work.

You will find it necessary to be hard at it from Tuesday morning to Saturday night. If you lecture, as I trust you will-for it brings one, far more than sermonizing, into contact with Scripture-you will know your subject at once, and be able to begin to read on it. The text of the other discourse should be got by the middle of the week at latest, and the more elaborate of the two finished on Friday. This makes a hard week; but it has its reward. There are few moods more splendid than a preacher's when, after a hard week's work, during which his mind has been incessantly active on the truth of God, and his spirit exalted by communion with the divine Spirit; he appears before his congregation on Sabbath, knowing he has an honestly-gotten message to lavish on them: iust as there can be no coward and craven more abject than a minister with any conscience who appears in the pulpit after an idle, dishonest week, to cheat his congregation with a diet of fragments seasoned with counterfeit feryour.

But, besides being an interpreter of Scripture, a true minister fills the still higher postion of a prophet. This congregation has asked you to become their spiritual overseer. But a minister is no minister unless he come to his sphere of labour under a far higher sanction; unless he be sent from God, with a message in his heart which he is burning to pour forth upon men. An apostle (that is, a messenger sent from God) and a prophet (that is, a man whose lips are impatient to speak the divine message which his heart is full of) every true minister must be. I trust you have such a message, the substance of which you could at this moment, if called upon, speak out in very few words. There is something wrong if from a man's preaching his hearers do not gather by degrees a scheme of doctrine-a message which the plainest of them could give account of.

What this message should be there exists no doubt at all in the Church of which you have to-day been ordained a minister. It can be nothing else than the evangelical scheme, as it has been understood and expounded by the greatest and most godly minds in all generations of the Church, and preached with fresh power in this country since the beginning of the present century. It has proved itself the power of God, to the revival of the Church and the conversion of souls, wherever it has been faithfully proclaimed; and to-day to be one of its heralds and conservators.

Not that we in this generation are to pledge ourselves to preach nothing except what was preached last generation. That would be a poor way of followstudy of Scripture by minds equipped with all the ing in the footsteps of men who thought so independently and so faithfully fulfilled their own task. The area of topics introduced in the pulpit is widening, I kindred subjects. One of our hymns says that the think. Why should it not? The Bible is far greater and wider than any school or any generation; and we