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TENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 3, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

AT CLAN-NA-GAEL'S DOOR.

STILL ANOTHER MURDER ATTRIBUTED TO THE TRIANGLE.

Was Lomasney Also Removed?—Assassinations which Have Marked the Irish Agitation—The Burke Extradition Trial at Winnipeg—Martensen Fully Identifies the Fugitive.

WINNIPEG, July 2.—At the Burke extradition trial to-day the evidence taken before the Chicago Grand Jury was produced. It was objected to by prisoner's counsel, but the objections were overruled. It told the story already known, with many additional particulars which connected Burke with the crime.

Martinsen, the expressman, gave evidence identifying Burke as the person who employed him to cart furniture to the Carlson cottage, where the murder was committed. The witness denied that he was coached for the occasion by any of the officers.

The case will be continued to-morrow.

LOMASNEY TOO.

John F. Scanlan Charges the Triangle With Another Murder.

CHICAGO, July 2.—"Dr. Cronin and Dr. McInerny are not the only enemies of the 'Triangle' who have been removed because they held damning proofs of dishonesty and treachery on the part of that body," were the startling words spoken by John F. Scanlan to a correspondent to-day. "You remember that Capt. Lomasney of Detroit was supposed to have been killed while engaged in blowing up part of London Bridge. It was given out that he was in a boat under the bridge at the time of the alleged premature explosion. But his body was never found. There was another Cronin conspiracy back of poor Lomasney's death. I have it from an Irish-American living here that no such explosion occurred at the time Lomasney was reported to have been killed.

"My informant was at Swansea, Wales, when he read the false reports circulated in this country by the 'Triangle' that Lomasney had been killed by an explosion at London Bridge. He went at once to London and found that no explosion had occurred there and that Lomasney had not been seen in London by any of the revolutionists, who would have met him had he been there. I believe that Lomasney never left Detroit alive, because the Triangle had stolen the money which they afterwards charged to the mythical mission of Lomasney, and his death would bury the proof of their guilt forever. A Detroit saloon-keeper, who was an Irish-American committee of Lomasney, disappeared at the same time, and I have no doubt that he met the same fate as the zealous Captain. Nothing has ever been heard of him since."

"I have ordered an inquiry in the McInerny matter," said Chief Hubbard to-day, "but so far no reports have reached me on the case. It seems strange that if McInerny left New York April 21, his friends have not made his disappearance public until now. We are trying to find the 'Murphy brothers,' who rented the house at No. 18 Nixon-street about the time McInerny disappeared. Their movements, actions and sudden departure were of a suspicious character, but we found nothing to hold them on in the Cronin case and let them go. This may be another Carlson cottage conspiracy, and McInerny may have been the victim, but an investigation will soon settle the question."

Chief Hubbard reluctantly admitted to-night that John Kunze is behind the bars and had been under arrest for two weeks. The Chicago-avenue Police Station is believed to be Kunze's present abiding place. The fact that he has not yet been removed to the county jail along with the other indicted conspirators indicates that the authorities are trying to "sweat" a confession out of him before mixing him up with the more guilty ones. No other reason can be assigned for keeping him in a police cell on a Grand Jury indictment.

The State Attorney claims to have sufficient evidence to convict all the indicted men. The main object in working to get a confession out of Beggs, Kunze or Sullivan is to use one of them as a State witness, so that direct evidence may be secured against Alexander Sullivan. The authorities believe, and so did the Coroner's jury and Grand Jury, that Sullivan instigated the murder, that it was arranged in Camp 20 by his tools, Coughlin and Beggs under the pretence that Cronin was a spy, and was executed by fanatical members of the camp, Woodruff and Kunze playing minor parts. Police Officer Moore, who testified at the coroner's inquest against Alexander Sullivan, has received a letter signed "Clan-na-Gael," threatening his life unless he leaves the police force.

SECRET SOCIETY MURDERS.

Death Decreed by Unknown Tribunals—A Leaf of Clan-na-Gael History.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The revelations in the murder case of Dr. Cronin have surprised many people, probably most people who have read the story from day to day. They should not have been surprised, however, for if they had run back in their memories to the notorious assassinations of the past ten years connected with the cause of Irish freedom, they would have seen that in every case they were directed by a secret society—whether in Ireland or in this country, some unseen power decreed the death of traitor or spy, and in every case at least an attempt was made to obey. This secret society spread over both America, England and Ireland, for the agents of one country were always made welcome and given assistance in the others. Is this secret society the Clan-na-Gael? Who can tell? The minor branches have taken many names, such as the Irish Invincible Club, which ordered the Phœnix Park murders in 1882. The refugees from the other side of the water have always got a living here without much effort.

Here are some of the "executions" decreed by this powerful secret society which, whatever its name, for at least one year threw Ireland into chaos. In the Cronin case for the first time a murder has been traced to a large, well organized society with what is called an "open name," for the secret name of the Clan-na-Gael is the United Brotherhood, and this is still secretly indicated by the letters V. C. When the crimes in Ireland were traced to secret organizations the latter were generally small affairs, evidently mere camps of one large army. It is compact, well-drilled and well officered, and disobedience means death.

The question arises, did the men of Camp 20 in Chicago have to obey orders under pain of death? Look at this list given below and see how the orders given in secret have always been carried out even when certain death seemed to threaten the execution of them.

The Bad Earl of Leitrim.

The first murders that caused deep feeling through Great Britain were those of the Earl of Leitrim in 1878 and of Viscount Mountmorres in 1880. The latter was purely an agrarian crime. The first was due as much, perhaps, to the notorious libertinism of the victim as to his quarrels with his tenants. They are included in this list as they were both evidently decreed by a secret tribunal and were bloody in the extreme, as have been nearly all those so ordered. No trace of the murderers was every found although large rewards were offered.

A Bloody Year.

The year 1882 was indeed a bloody year in Ireland. Lord Frederick Cavendish, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, and the Under Secretary, Thomas Burke, were knifed to death one evening in May while Phœnix Park was crowded with people. There were several other murders ordered by secret societies in 1882.

The first of the victims were the Joyce family, five in number, who were shot down at their own house on the evening of Aug. 18, near Cong, in the County Galway. This assassination was probably the most horrible in the history of Ireland. It was very similar to the Cronin murder in the evident determination that it should be sure and bloody. The crowd stood around the house, and the five avengers shot everyone within. It was a lonely spot, and the shrieks of the victims could be heard far and wide, but there was no pity for any of them. All died but one of the boys and he was fearfully wounded. When the slaughter was over the assassins entered the house and with hammers beat the brains out of those still living. In the morning when the troops arrived they looked upon a slaughter-house.

Three days later, near the beautiful Killarney, the most carefully plotted of all the secret society executions was carried out without a hitch. A farmer named Leahy had given information about some crime that had been committed in his neighborhood. During the night he was dragged from his bed and shot by a party of masked men.

Assassination of Informers.

James Carey, through whose evidence five men died for the Phœnix Park murders, on July 30, 1883, was shot dead while leaving the steamer Melrose at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, by Patrick O'Donnell. This avenger had dogged Carey's steps. He had followed the informer from London to the port of Dartmouth, had sailed in the same steamer with him, and at last had killed him. When this news reached Ireland there was great rejoicing. In Dublin a mob gathered in front of Carey's house and cheered and yelled and built bonfires. Many said the news was too good to be true. In this city it was not generally believed, for there was an impression here that Carey had gone to Montreal, although in the light of later events it became evident that this false news was purposely circulated here.

The scene now shifts to this city. On July 21, 1883, "Red Jim" McDermott, who had given information about some dynamite plots in Ireland, was attacked by James Gaynor, who drew a pistol and shot Red Jim in the head, saying:

"McDermott, you traitor, I've followed you 3000 miles to kill you, and I'll do it now."

The last and most brutal attempt of the secret society to do a murder before that of Dr. Cronin was the celebrated attack on Capt. Phelan of Kansas City by Dick Short, Jan. 9, 1885, in O'Donovan Rossa's office, at No. 12 Chambers-street. That day two men rolled into Chambers-street; one was covered with blood and soon fell gasping while a crowd gathered round him. That was Phelan. In a moment or two the police parted the crowd and led in the stabber. This was Dick Short, who, two years before, under the name of Gaynor, had tried to kill McDermott. Phelan was suspected of being a spy in the employ of the British Government.

Next the people of this country were startled by the revelations in the Cronin case, but it must not be forgotten that when the body of Richard Piggott was found in Madrid there were not wanting large numbers of Irishmen who denied the story that he had committed suicide, and averred that he had met the fate of all informers. It was asserted that he had been followed by an agent of the secret society and shot to death in his hotel. Later on the facts in the Cronin case are brought to light men begin to see some of the secret machinery which may have caused the death of so many traitors to the cause of Ireland or spies in the service of Great Britain.

FROM ONE WHO KNOWS.

Michael Davitt Testifies Touching Crime and the Clan-na-Gael—What "Pen" Means.

LONDON, July 2.—Michael Davitt was examined before the Parnell Commission to-day. He declared there was no truth in the account given by LeCaron before the Commission concerning the proposals of John Devoy being submitted to Mr. Parnell. Mr. Parnell had nothing to do with witness' visit to America in 1878. Witness had intended to make another visit to America on a lecturing tour in order to raise money to help the agrarian movement. Mr. Davitt stated that while in America he had frequently addressed the Clan-na-Gael to win support for Parnell and the Land League. The Clan-na-Gael, he said, included some of the best men in America and was not a murder club. He could not believe Alexander Sullivan of Chicago guilty of a dishonorable act.

With reference to the Phœnix Park murders Davitt said: Mr. Parnell came to me on the Sunday following the day of the murders utterly broken down at the news. He said: "Davitt, I shall send my resignation to Cork to-night. I refuse to stay in the movement when irresponsible men of whom we know nothing can come behind our backs and perpetrate such deeds." It took all my influence, said witness, to dissuade him from resigning. We immediately had circulated throughout Ireland a manifesto condemning the murderers. There was absolutely no ground for the suggestion that I or any of my colleagues were in any way privy to the crimes.

Mr. Davitt continued: "Beyond stating publicly in New York in July, 1882, that I had severed my connection with the revolutionary body I expressed no dissent from the Fenians. I did not attend any meetings of the Clan-na-Gael after 1880. I believe that murders were committed by members of the Clan-na-Gael, but the perpetrators certainly did not have the sanction of the governing body nor the approval of the leaders. When I was organizing secretary I communicated with the member of the supreme court for my district."

Attorney-General Webster: "Who was he?"

Mr. Davitt: "I can not tell you. It would be a gross breach of trust to divulge his name. If he is still in business in England he might be ruined if the fact of his connection with the council became known."

Witness said that in a letter which he wrote he had used the word "pen," meaning revolver. He declined to say to whom the letter was addressed.

The Attorney-General: "Was it Arthur Forrester?"

Mr. Davitt: "I can't say without possibly injuring a man who greatly wronged me."

Presiding Justice Hannen said the court respected the motive for witness' reticence, but could not recognise it as an excuse for not answering.

Mr. Davitt thereupon explained that the man to whom the letter was written had conceived a hatred of another member of the League and wished to murder him. Witness wrote to him offering to sanction the act he meditated but really to gain time until he could write to two superior officers and ask them to dissuade the man from carrying out his purpose. The expression used in the letter was: "whoever is employed do not let him use the pen we have been using." Witness wrote to the two superior officers about the matter. He could not tell their names. He believed both men were now in America. Mr. Davitt said the dear friend to whom he had addressed the letter in which the word "pen" appeared was not in America and he now publicly appealed to him to allow him to divulge his name.

IS THIS COONEY?

The Tragedy at Clappison's Corners—A Verdict of Suicide.

HAMILTON, July 2.—Last night Coroner McGregor of Waterdown held an inquest upon the body of the man whose death at Clappison's Corners, either by suicide or murder, was reported yesterday. The inquest was rushed through, and the jury at 1 o'clock this morning brought in a verdict of suicide. Dr. Courtenay of Waterdown made the post-mortem examination and found the body to be that of a well-developed man who had evidently lived well. The brain was one of the most healthy he had ever examined, and he does not think the man was crazy. Death resulted from the severing of the artery on the right side of the neck, and he thought the wound was inflicted by a penknife held in the right hand of the deceased. The handkerchiefs in the man's valise were marked with a "C." Scattered about the room was $27 in United States bills. The man had evidently destroyed every means of establishing his identity.

The deceased was a man about 5 feet 8 inches in height, 35 or 40 years of age, light-colored hair, inclined to be bald, red mustache, slim built, about 150 lbs., well dressed, tweed suit, small dark check.

Dr. McGregor thinks it is a very strange case. "I don't know what to make of it," he said. "I don't take much stock in the murder theory, and yet it is strange that a sane man, as he apparently was, should make an assertion like that when he knew he was dying. I was the first person to enter the room after the man died, and his money was lying all about the room covered with blood. Some of the bills were torn and others crumpled up in lumps. From all the circumstances that I have learned, however, I believe that the man was suffering from remorse for some crime committed, and that he determined to end his life and conceal his identity. I will have the body kept as long as possible."

By some it is thought the man may be W. J. Coster, the missing cashier of the city club of Buffalo, who disappeared the other day about $100 short in his accounts. A good many of those who saw the body, however, believe that it is that of the man Cooney who is wanted in Chicago for the murder of Dr. Cronin. The Chicago police have been searching for Cooney, but have not been able to find him. He is not in Chicago and the belief is that he fled to Canada.

Patrick Cooney was supposed to have attempted suicide in Arkansas City last week and is also reported as having committed suicide in Belvidere. It is scarcely likely that the Clappison's Corners man is Cooney. The description of Cooney telegraphed from Chicago is as follows: About 35 years old, 5 feet 6½ inches tall, weight 155 pounds, full chested (40-inch girt), round face, sallow complexion, slightly pock-marked and freckled, light blue or gray eyes, brown hair and reddish horseshoe mustache, intelligent and smooth talker, has slight English accent, quick and precise movements and acts as if he had a military training.

AMBITIOUS CITY NEWS.

The Losses Caused by Monday's Storm—A Tough Gang Arrested.

HAMILTON, July 2.—The damage by the storm of yesterday morning proves to be greater than was at first supposed. As Patterson's mills the loss is estimated at $2500. The cellar of Wanzer's factory was also flooded and considerable damage done. In the southeast end of the city a number of chimneys were struck. The 80-foot chimney of Morton's soap factory was so badly wrecked that a good part of it may have to come down. Mr. W. Gillespie's house, in the same vicinity, was also deprived of its chimney. The lightning also struck the chimney of Mr. Potter's house, corner Main-street and Ontario-avenue, split the wall down to the base, leaving a big hole in the ground.

Shortly after 12 o'clock last night, when Constable Campaign was making inquiries about an infant that was deserted in Aikman-avenue, he visited the residence of Ellen Milmine on Nightingale-street. There he found three women—Ellen Milmine, Ellen Landers and Catharine Higgins—little helplessly drunk on the floor. The furniture, what little there was, was scattered about the room, the women were cut and bleeding, having had a fight, and the floor was covered with blood. The Higgins woman claimed that she had been beaten by Ellen Milmine. The police took the trio into custody. Mrs. Milmine has frequently been arrested. On one occasion she tried to commit suicide in the cells. Her youngest daughter committed suicide by taking a large dose of rough on rats. The trio were assessed $4 each by Magistrate Cahill this morning.

The receipts at the Island Revenue office here during June were $30,826, a decrease of $3864 from the same month last year. The total receipts for the fiscal year were $429,619, an increase of $42,929.

Soft and healing for your hands and the best washer in the world—Everyday Soap.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Session of the Grand Lodge of Ontario at Chatham.

CHATHAM, July 2.—The Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of Ontario opened the 18th annual convention here at 9.30 this morning. In the absence of Grand Chancellor P. H. Drayton of Toronto, the chair was taken by Grand Vice-Chancellor L. S. Tate of Owen Sound. Among past grand officers present were G. H. Mitchell, Dr. John S. King of Toronto, D. J. Peace of Hamilton, James Smith, Alex. Gardner of London, and P. D. McKellar of Chatham. After the report of the Committee on Credentials new representatives were introduced and received the usual grand lodge rank.

The reports of grand officers were submitted at the morning session. There has been a slight net increase in membership, one new lodge instituted, one death of a Grand Lodge officer—James Bradley, G. I. G. of Georgetown—is reported. The financial and numerical statements are satisfactory. This session is constituted by two representatives from each subordinate lodge instead of three as formerly and the plan is working well.

Mayor Malcolmson visited the Grand Lodge and gave an address of welcome to the town. Dr. King, P.G.C., replied on behalf of Grand Lodge.

The delegates and their friends excursted down the Thames to Lake St. Clair in the afternoon.

Everyday Soap is the best for all purposes.

The "Canadian" Convention.

NEW YORK, July 2.—At the Canadian convention yesterday the question of state conventions was discussed. Rev. E. X. Chapman of Rochester favored such conventions, Rev. J. B. St. Onge of Troy also spoke. These officers were elected: Leon Bosseadit Lyonnais of New York, president; L. A. Lawrencelle, secretary; L. L. L. Ecuyer, treasurer; Rev. R. A. C. Notebert of Rochester, chaplain.

The convention was continued to-day. The greater part of the morning session was taken up with discussion of the parochial school question.

The afternoon was devoted to discussing the way to protect the interests of French-Canadians in the States. A number of speakers favored naturalization to further this end.

Always use the best Everyday Soap.

A Murderer Apotheosized.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A Charleston, S.C., dispatch says: "Dr. McDow, the murderer of Col. Dawson, is the hero of the hour. His parlors are crowded with people offering him congratulations. They are fragrant with flowers presented to him, but it would be nothing surprising if within a week or two McDow should meet his end. Dawson's friends were legion. There was a murmur in the air all day Saturday and Sunday that McDow would be taken from his home and lynched. Thus far he has only been feted, but his head is in danger."

Storage for merchandise, furniture, etc. Warehouse receipts issued. Frederic Nicholls, 65 to 69 Front-street west.

A Day of Rejoicing.

Dineen rejoices to see our nation built up. Dominion Day, 1889, will be a red letter day in the history of our Confederation. The great procession with its army of loyal sons showed the great future we have before us. All our citizens were of one mind yesterday in celebrating our great national holiday. Let our banners wave in the breeze from ocean to ocean.

Storage for merchandise, furniture, etc. Warehouse receipts issued. Frederic Nicholls, 65 to 69 Front-street west.

The Doctrine of Comfort.

The flannel shirt as an article of comfort has no worthier eulogy than the appended rhapsody by quinn the shirtmaker, the great expounder of the doctrine of comfort:

Now that the bears in the shade of the Pole
Look piqued and put their tongues out and roll,
Now that humidity's having its day,
Don quinn's flannel and put the biled shirt away.

To let—small offices suitable for commission agents, etc. Storage if required. Frederic Nicholls. Permanent Exhibition

Flatt Estate.

Maps giving full particulars of the terms for tenders are now being circulated by Messrs. Thomson & Dunstan, real estate brokers. It is reported that already two syndicates are being formed to tender for the whole property. This will be without doubt the largest sale ever made "Over the Don".

LABBY SAYS HE'LL OBJECT.

TO ROYAL WEDDING GRANTS ASKED BY THE QUEEN.

The Pope to Leave Rome for Most Christian Spain—Portugal Agrees to Submit the Delagoa Bay Trouble to Arbitration—General Cable News.

LONDON, July 2.—In the House of Commons this evening Sir James Fergusson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, said that the statement that England had agreed to retire from her position as one of the three protecting powers at Samoa and act only as an umpire between the United States and Germany was unfounded.

The Speaker read messages from the Queen recommending the granting of an extra provision to Prince Albert Victor of Wales and Princess Victoria of Prussia on the occasion of their marriage.

Mr. Smith, the Government leader, intimated that he would call up the message for consideration Thursday.

Mr. Labouchere gave notice that he would oppose any votes of money for the Prince and Princess if they were proposed before a commission on royal grants.

A Lucky Scotchman.

LONDON, July 2.—The engagement of the Princess Louise of Wales to the Earl of Fife is the topic of the day in London. The match, which is undeniably popular, is said to be of the Prince of Wales' own making. The prospective bridegroom, Alexander William George Duff, sixth Earl of Fife and K.T.P.C., was born on Nov. 10, 1849, and is therefore 40 years old. His other titles are Baron Skene of Skene, in the United Kingdom, Viscount Macduff and Baron Braco of Kilbryde, County Cavan, in Ireland. He succeeded his father on Aug. 7, 1879. He was educated at Eton, is Lord Lieutenant of Elginshire, a D.L. of Counties Aberdeen and Banff, Hon. Col. Banffshire (Artillery Volunteers), a member of Council of the Duchy of Lancaster and a member in the metropolitan banking firm of Sir Samuel Scott & Co. He sat as Liberal M.P. for Elgin and Nairn during 1874-9. He was Captain and Gold Stick of Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms from 1880 to 1885.

The family seats are at Duff House, Banff; Balvenie Castle, Duff Town, Auchintoul House, Aberdeenshire, and Rothemay House, Huntley, Banffshire; Innes House, Elgin; Westerton House, Morayshire; Mar Lodge, Braemar; Skene House, near Richmond, Surrey. The town residence is at Cavendish-square, W. The family dates from 1404, when David Duff and Agnes Chalmers, his wife (representatives of the family of Muldavit, of that ilk), had a charter of Muldavit, Co. Banff.

The Pope to Quit Rome.

ROME, July 2.—At the secret consistory yesterday the Pope referred to the speech in which Premier Crispi dwelt on the hopelessness of the attempts to reconcile the Vatican. After discussion the consistory decided upon grave steps. It is reported that the Pope expressed his firm intention to quit Rome shortly.

To Seek a Refuge in Spain.

LONDON, July 2.—The Rome correspondent of The Chronicle says: "In receiving the Spanish ambassador the Pope alluded to his possible departure from Rome. It is certain that arrangements for his refuge in Spain have been completed."

Sympathy for the Pope.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A Rome despatch to The Catholic News says that the Pope has received almost 60,000 telegrams expressing sympathy for the sentiment the Bruno affair. These will be collected in a volume and a copy will be presented to all Catholic Bishops and all the Cabinets of Europe.

Salisbury's Proposal Accepted.

LISBON, July 2.—In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Senor Vaz, the leader of the Opposition, protested against foreign interference in Delagoa Bay. Senor Garcia replied that false and exaggerated statements of the matter had been published. The Government would perform its duty and safeguard all its rights and interests.

The Government has agreed to Lord Salisbury's proposal to submit the Delagoa Bay question to arbitration.

A Slight Difficulty in Lorne's Way.

LONDON, July 2.—The Marquis of Lorne is quite likely to get the Victoria governorship. The only difficulty in the way is the Princess Louise, who does not want to exile herself in the antipodes.

His Nibs of Persia.

LONDON, July 2.—The Shah's arrival was made the occasion of an imposing display of troops—at least for England—and vast throngs of people stood for hours in the broiling sun to catch a glimpse of the Shah, who rode in a carriage with the Prince of Wales and kept his fuzzefinger to his black lambskin fez in recognition of the salutes of the few people along the line. His gloomy, grave face, with his hair and his big mustache still as black as ink, looks wrinkled and old, and his spectacles give him the air of a professor. Nobody cheered him to speak of and the street boys irreverently guyed his suite of Persians in the rear carriage.

The Shah, after receiving Lord Salisbury and the other members of the Cabinet and the members of the diplomatic corps to-day, departed for Windsor Castle.

Upon his arrival at Windsor Castle the Shah was received by the Queen at the state entrance.

Gladstone and Balfour.

LONDON, July 2.—In the debate in the House of Commons yesterday on the suppression of the Nationalist meeting at Cork Mr. Gladstone said the Government had failed to reply to serious allegations which required the fullest explanation. Mr. Balfour said that there was not the slightest prima facie case against the Government. He said the Government were anxious to avoid such scenes, but members had shown they were not willing to surrender when summoned by the courts, and they tried to render the work of the police as difficult and dangerous as possible. The leaders of the mob were primarily responsible. The police were bound to do their duty.

Another French Cabinet Crisis.

PARIS, July 2.—The belief exists in political circles that a cabinet crisis will result from the charge made by M. de Cassagnac in the Chamber of Deputies last Saturday that M. Thebenot, Minister of Justice, was the accomplice of M. Meyer in the Credit Mobilier frauds, for connection with which Meyer has been sent to prison. It is rumored that Thebenot and Rouvier, Minister of Finance, are determined to resign.

M. Secretan's Art Sale.

PARIS, July 2.—The sale of M. Secretan's collection of paintings was begun here yesterday. There was a large attendance. After spirited bidding, in which Americans took a prominent part, Millet's famous The Angelus (Evening Prayer) was knocked down to the Musee de France for 553,000 francs. The day's sale realized 3,051,000 francs.

Fatal Fireworks Explosion.

PARIS, July 2.—Ruggiorie's fireworks factory at Auberviliers, five miles from Paris, was destroyed to-day by an explosion. Seven persons were killed.

Long Live the King.

BELGRADE, July 2.—The young King Alexander was anointed to-day by the Metropolitan Michael assisted by the Chief Ecclesiastics of Servia. The King afterwards reviewed the troops. The Russian Minister was present at the ceremonies.

The Anti-Boodlers' Bill.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The Times' London correspondent says: "No credence is attached to the New York rumor that the Imperial Government will veto the Weldon extradition law. An official in the Canadian office assured me to-day that there was no likelihood of such action whatever, since the new law is precisely on the lines of the report of the parliamentary commission of 1878, which has always been regarded with favor here."

The World's Sunday School Convention.

LONDON, July 2.—The World's Sunday School Convention opened its session here today. There are 900 foreign delegates present, including over 300 from the United States. Lord Kinnaird delivered an address of welcome and Couns Bernstorff of Berlin and Rev. Mr. Cuyler of Brooklyn responded.

TO CONTEST WEST MIDDLESEX.

James L. Hughes Chosen as the Conservative Standard Bearer for the Local.

MT. BRYDGES, July 2.—A largely-attended Liberal-Conservative convention was held here to-day for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest West Middlesex for the Legislative Assembly with the Minister of Education. Mayor Alex. Johnston of Strathroy presiding. Among those present were Dr. Rooms, M.P.; W. Swaisland, Glencoe; Robt. Brown, John Morgan, reeve of Adelaide; Dr. Lindsay, Strathroy; P. H. Bartlett, Toronto; W. Stanley, Lucan; Dr. McLaren, Delaware; Alex. Cameron, Napier; J. R. Letch, Glencoe; Dougald Letch, Caradoc; Chas. Grist, Strathroy; Dr. Thomas Baker, Mount Brydges; J. F. McRault, Strathroy; Rev. Mr. Hughson, Delaware; Robt. Birmingham, Toronto.

Nine nominations were made, but all withdrew in favor of James L. Hughes of Toronto, who was, amid cheers, declared the unanimous choice of the convention. Speeches were made by many of those present.

THE DURANGO FIRE.

Supposed to be the Work of Incendiaries—A Loss of $300,000.

DURANGO, Col., July 2.—The fire here yesterday was extinguished after a total destruction of eight business blocks, which include all the principal business houses and three churches. A portion of the residence part of the town was also destroyed. The loss is estimated at $300,000, with but light insurance. The fire is supposed to be incendiary.

Firemen Killed and Injured.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 2.—Miller & Co., furniture; Cohen, drygoods; Steinberg, jewelry; and Byck & Son, drygoods, were burned last night. Total loss, $150,000. J. T. Webers was killed and eight other firemen were injured by a falling wall.

A $300,000 Loss.

HALLEY, Idaho, July 2.—Four business blocks were burned here this morning, loss 500,000.

Try the new pure curd soap Everyday.

KEELER COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Suicide at Ormstown—Villard's Project to Parallel the C.P.R.

MONTREAL, July 2.—Charles E. Keeler, the New York forger, who imitated Mr. J. J. Curran's name on two checks, was brought before Judge Dugas this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery, but said in extenuation that he had intended to give back the money as soon as he could do so. He was committed to the Court of Queen's Bench.

Joseph Tembiati, for 45 years Chief of the Caughnawaga Indians, was buried at Caughnawaga yesterday. Deceased had reached the age of 84 and leaves a widow but no children.

James Carley, a farmer living three miles from Ormstown, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a table knife. He was suffering from insanity.

In connection with the project in which Henry Villard and a number of other Northern Pacific magnates are interested to parallel the Canadian Pacific by the Northern Pacific through its recently acquired Manitoba branches, Mr. Shaughnessy, Assistant General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, said to-day: "We have known for some time that the Northern Pacific was buying in that direction, but I think the country is large enough to support any number of railways. As far as the Canadian Pacific is concerned that will always be able to take care of itself under all circumstances."

Wash your flannels and cotton goods with Everyday Soap.

The U.S. Alien Labor Laws.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Secretary Windom has rejected the offer to compromise the judgment against Holy Trinity Church of New York City for violation of the contract labor law in engaging a foreign pastor, and the case will go to the Supreme Court. The Secretary's action is based on the advice of the Attorney-General.

Weishman and friends hear the sermon, Shaftesbury Hall, to-morrow, 3 p.m.

Two Girls Killed by Lightning.

LOCKPORT, July 2.—During a thunder shower this afternoon Lizzie Hawkes, the 14-year-old daughter of Mrs. Fred. Hawkes, and Mamie Hawkes, the 3-year-old daughter of George Hawkes, were killed by lightning while in a swing on the farm of John Hawkes about 3 miles from this city.

Try a sample package of Savona. All grocers keep it.

The G. G. F. G.'s Colonelcy.

OTTAWA, July 2.—An order-in-council has been passed forbidding deputy heads of departments from assuming the command of military corps. As a result Col. Tilton, Deputy Minister of Fisheries, will be obliged to resign the command of the Governor-General's Foot Guards. It is said that Major Todd will succeed to the colonelcy.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

A Big Payment.

WINNIPEG, July 2.—The Northern Pacific & Manitoba Railway have paid $960,000 to the Local Government, being the purchase money of the Red River Valley and Portage extension.

Bad Jersey Negroes.

KEYPORT, N. Y., July 2.—Within the past six weeks three old women have been assaulted by negroes in this vicinity. Mary Gavin, aged 70, is the latest victim. She is in a critical condition.

To let—small offices suitable for commission agents, etc. Storage if required. Frederic Nicholls, Permanent Exhibition.

Uncle Sam's Big Pension List.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day issued warrants in payment of $16,000,000 on account of pensions, being the first payment for the fiscal year.

Encourage home manufactures and buy Savona.

Duluth Laborers on Strike.

DULUTH, July 2.—All the laborers in the city, about 2000 in number, struck to-day for $1.75 a day, an increase of 25 cents. There is no trouble. It is expected the contractors will concede the raise.

The Funeral of Mother Teresa.

The funeral of the late Mother Teresa, Lady Superior of Loretto Abbey, takes place this morning. High mass will be celebrated at 8.30 by Very Rev. Father Rooney, assisted by other priests of the diocese, and at 11.30 the body will be removed from Loretto Abbey to Union Station, leaving by the 12.20 express for Niagara Falls. A draped car will be attached to the regular train, in which the casket bearing the remains of the deceased nun will be deposited. Any gentlemen desiring to attend the funeral may travel in this draped car. The interment takes place tomorrow morning, solemn high mass being celebrated at 9 o'clock, after which the remains will be laid in their last resting place in the cemetery adjoining Loretto Convent at Niagara Falls.

ANOTHER RAILWAY HORROR

THIS TIME ON THE NORFOLK AND WESTERN ROAD.

A Train Running 30 Miles an Hour Plunges Into a Gulch near Lynchburg, Va.—Thirty Killed and Many Wounded—Roasted to Death in the Wreck.

LYNCHBURG, Va., July 2.—An accident involving great loss of life occurred on the Norfolk and Western Railway, at 2.30 o'clock this morning, one mile above Flaxton's switch and 31 miles above this city.

Rain had been falling almost continuously for 24 hours swelling the mountain streams. Several trains passed over the road during the night and it was thought the line was safe. At the place of the accident, however, the water undermined the roadbed, and caused a washout 80 feet long and 50 deep.

Into this gulch the engine leaped while running 30 miles an hour, carrying with it the tender and eight cars. As the engine struck bottom the water rushed into the locomotive and exploded the boiler. Debris was thrown in every direction by the explosion, injuring some of those on the train by flying fragments and scattering firebrands which ignited the coaches. The flames destroyed a large amount of mail and express matter, besides spreading panic among the passengers.

It is supposed that some of the passengers, unable to extricate themselves from the wreck, were consumed but it is difficult to get accurate information, as the employes of the railway are reticent.

The most reasonable estimates place the number of killed at 25 to 30.

Thirty wounded have been taken to Roanoke, 13 to Buforderville and 50 to Liberty.

There is no telegraphic communication near the wreck than Liberty. A relief train left here this afternoon and a number of physicians went down on it.

A special despatch received about 11 o'clock by way of Liberty says: Six dead bodies have been recovered. The bodies of P. Donovan, engineer, and Postal Clerk Bryant were recognized. The others are not known. The railway company has taken a large corps of physicians to the scene from Roanoke, Liberty and other points. It is thought a large number of the dead were burned.

A PULLMAN CONDUCTOR KILLED.

William McWood Falls From His Train in an Unknown Manner.

William McWood, Pullman car conductor on the Grand Trunk Railway between Toronto and Montreal, was killed at Lancaster on his way to this city late Monday night. Just how he managed to meet his death is not known. He left Montreal Monday evening on the express for Toronto. On the road up he sat in the smoking compartment for a considerable time, and among those with whom he conversed were Mr. James Harris of Toronto, Mr. David Hogg of Stratford and Mr. Malcolm Morrison of Montreal. He apparently was very tired and at times seemed drowsy. Before reaching Lancaster he said that he would have to take the Toronto Lacrosse Club on at Cornwall and engaged himself seeing that their berths were all in order. Mr. Morrison was the last person he spoke to on the train. After this he passed to another car and was never seen alive again. Whether he fell off in passing from one coach to the other or was blown off cannot, of course, be stated.

The down train from Toronto was met at Brockville and the train hands were told to keep a lookout, with the result of finding his mangled remains at Lancaster.

Deceased was about 30 years of age, and had been on the Toronto-Montreal run for about six months. Formerly he ran from Montreal to Chicago. He was well known to travelers on the Grand Trunk and was very popular. He was the son of Superintendent McWood of the Grand Trunk car shops at Point St. Charles, where he resided with his wife and family. His remains were sent to Montreal for interment.

TWO SUDDEN DEATHS.

Mr. Frank Reynolds, the Well-known Baker, Called Away.

Mr. Frank Reynolds, the well-known baker of Queen-street west, died very suddenly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his residence near the avenue. Deceased was well-known in the city and for a number of yers he has supplied many of the steamers that came to Toronto with bread. At 2 o'clock he was at the Yonge-street wharf delivering the staff of life. He went home and was dead at 4 o'clock, having passed away in a fit. Deceased was aged about 50. For a number of years he was organist of Zion Congregational Church and at the time of his death filled a similar position at the New Richmond Methodist Church, in McDonald-street.

Mr. William Finn of the well-known West End plumbers of that name died suddenly yesterday. He was an old resident, having lived more than 30 years in the district. He was 59 years of age and was highly esteemed. A funeral service will take place to-day at St. Mary's Church.

Families leaving town for the summer can have their furniture carefully stored with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

Music at Exhibition Park.

The band of the Governor-General's Body Guard will play this program in Exhibition Park this evening (Sergt. T. Williams, director):

March—The Big 4 ..... Ripley
Overture Agrenquiles ..... Southwell
Selection—Lucia di Lammermoor ..... Ripley
My Dream waltzes ..... Waldteufel
Serenade—Surprise ..... Bowman
Selection—Trial by Jury ..... J. Gordon
Clarionet Solo (Ed. James) ..... G. H. Rowe
Potpourri ..... Harman
Galop—Hurry ..... Miller

Tutti Frutti Gum improves the appetite

Weary Ones at Rest.

The interments for June were below Toronto's average for that balmy month. This indicates satisfactory sanitary surroundings in the more populous districts. There were only 107 interments within the city limits.

In St. James' cemetery the number of dead laid to rest was 80, of