Friday, July 12, 1907.

Goods

hings Well
priced
and Saturday
cleared comprise the fol-
SHIRTS, SWEATERS,
OR TIES, HANDKER-

t Waists
SHIRT WAISTS with
eg. 50c. Sale price 25¢
VAISTS, light and dark
llar attached. Regular
..... 35¢
LEM SHIRT WAISTS,
s. Regular $75c. Sale
..... 50¢

hirts
with starched collars at-
patterns. Regular 50c.
..... 35¢
collars attached. White
sateen, fancy stitched.
..... 45¢

Sweaters
NGLISH SWEATERS,
00. Sale price.... 50¢

enders
ES, elastic web, leather
ices 20c., 10c. and.. 5¢

ndsor Ties
VINDSOR TIES. Reg.
..... 15¢

kerchiefs
N HANDKERCHIEFS
, 3 for ..... 10¢

rgain Days
d Saturday

e at Special
rices
ACK RIBBED AND
SE, sizes 5 in. to 8 in.
..... 25¢
RBED BLACK COT-
ecial ..... 10¢

hen's Waists
nt Wear
and valuable clearance
ent wear. Special sale
.....25c

Book Dept.
ng Goods
's Days
Albums, Hand Mirrors,
NOTE PAPER AND
lid assortment. Linen
ets, etc., just imported
s and girls, at only per
..... 15¢
S AND BOYS, daintily
ach ..... 20¢
UMS. Regular 25c. and
..... 15¢
AND MIRRORS FOR
o $1.00. Special sale
..... 35¢

for Children
xcel
Tomorrow and
e Big Store

TD.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

VOL. L., NO. 60 — VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1907 — FIFTIETH YEAR

U. S. AND JAPAN WILL REMAIN GOOD FRIENDS

Sentiment of Speeches at Luncheon in Honor of Admiral Yamamoto

WAR TALK FROM IRRESPONSIBLES

Marquis Ito's Newspaper Spokesman Speaks of Contemplated U. S. Naval Demonstration.

New York, July 11.—Admiral Yamamoto, former minister of marine of Japan, who with a staff of Japanese naval men has been inspecting the shipbuilding plants and gunneries of Europe, began his tour of visits to American navy yards and shipbuilding establishments today by visiting the New York navy yard in Brooklyn. Escorted by an aide to Rear Admiral Goodrich, commandant of the yard, Admiral Yamamoto left the hotel in civilian dress, his visit being of an unofficial character. As he departed a small crowd which gathered cheered and applauded him, whereat the visitor smiled and bowed his acknowledgments.

Speeches at Luncheon

The expressions of peace and goodwill between Japan and the United States which have so far characterized the visit of Admiral Yamamoto, continued at a luncheon given him by the Japanese society today. The speakers included Rear Admiral Coghlan, Gen. Aoki and Thos. O'Brien, the newly appointed ambassador to Japan. Admiral Yamamoto in his address said: "It was my intention to pay my respects to the American nation and the worthy president on my way home from England, whither I had been dispatched by his Majesty the Emperor of Japan on a special mission, but as the time at my disposal was limited, I was not in a position to definitely accept the invitation of the Japanese society to luncheon which I received while in England. I was however, appraised of the nature and origin of the society since and I felt it my duty as well as pleasure to attend the gathering of the society, which has done much towards the furthering of friendly feelings between the two countries. It is now over thirty years since America first opend intercourse with Japan, and introduced us to the nations of the west. We especially appreciate the sympathy shown us the Americans during the late war.

"Our interests, commercial and otherwise, are so intimately woven, and the cordial relations between us of 50 years' standing are of so firm a nature, that I can confidentially affirm that they will never be destroyed by mere trifling incidents.

"It is true that lately some darksome clouds did appear in one quarter of the sky, but it is nothing but a local squall, and does not in any way represent the general state of the weather, and even this slight cloud will soon be dispelled."

Rear Admiral Evans, in introducing the Japanese admiral, said that when the newspapers of the United States stopped making war between Japan and the United States the people would come to their senses and a better feeling exist all around.

Rear Admiral Coghlan, retired, made a brief speech in which he said that the friendship between the United States and Japan, formed without bloodshed and so beneficial to both countries, should ever remain fast and firm, and that was the fervent wish of the clear-headed people of both countries.

General Stewart L. Woodford, ex-minister to Spain, declared that a war with Japan would be a crime against the honor and commerce of the United States and against religion.

After the luncheon Admiral Yamamoto and his staff took autos and were driven to a projectile plant in Brooklyn.

Irresponsible Talk.

New York, July 11.—Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, who was in New York today to attend the reception in honor of Admiral Yamamoto, issued through his secretary a reassertion of his previous declaration that there is no "Japanese-American situation," and that all the talk of trouble between the two nations is a phantom creation of irresponsible trouble-makers and trouble-hunters. If there be any cause for anxiety, he said, it is due to the influence of unwarranted press talk.

A Shade of Uneasiness.

Tokio, July 11.—The massing of the American fleet in the Pacific, about which American papers have applied to Marquis Ito for an opinion, is semi-officially discussed by Ito's administration organ today. The paper says: "We cannot help feeling some misgiving with regard to the significance of the intended massing of American battleships in the Pacific, especially in view of the grandoise announcement attributed to President Roosevelt, to the effect that the navy would furnish the world with a startling demonstration of American defensive capacity. It is difficult for us to accept the assurance that the coming manoeuvres do not possess any connection whatever with the Japanese-American situation. We regret that Washington thinks it necessary to take what resembles a precautionary measure. However, we are not disposed to attach serious importance to this matter, and have no inclination to doubt the president's sincerity in assuring the peaceful nature of the proposed manoeuvres. Neither have we the slightest doubt of the pacific and friendly sentiments of the American government; the people toward whom Japan's blame is probably due, are the irresponsible sections of both nations."

Ito declines discussion regarding the sensational agitation of the press. is sole comment on the probability of war is: "There is no feeling in my heart for this."

The Drydock Dewey.

Washington, July 11.—A despatch received at the navy department today declares that there is no foundation for the report that apprehension is felt for the safety of the drydock "Dewey" because of rumors that an attempt would be made to blow it up. General Wood, commander-in-chief of the army in the Philippines, who is responsible for the safety of the drydock, it is stated, has no fear of its being destroyed. The dock is now at Olongapo, guarded by aboue 700 marines, which the officials of the navy department say are adequate to protect it.

Mr. Bryan's Opinion.

Carthage, Mo., July 11.—Japan does not want to make war on the United States, Wm. J. Bryan in an interview here today is quoted as saying. "Of course," he continued, "there is a lot of jingoism in this Japanese war talk and the hurrying of a fleet of warships to the Pacific coast. To my mind, the object is not to repel any expected attack from the Japanese, but that the talk is done by some alleged statesmen at Washington to influence congress to make a big naval appropriation. When I say Japan does not want war I do so advisedly, for when I was in Japan I talked with the leading men of all walks of life, and I found only expressions of friendship for our country."

Oyster Bay, July 12.—An official statement announcing a thoroughly good understanding and fundamental friendliness between the United States and Japan was issued by President Roosevelt today through Secretary Loeb, after the departure of Admiral Yamamoto and Ambassador Aoki from Sagamore Hill.

The statement follows: "The president had a long interview with Admiral Baron Yamamoto, and it was most satisfactory in every way. It simply confirms what had already been made clear by Ambassador Aoki, the thoroughly good understanding between the two governments and the fundamental friendliness between the two nations."

COBALT MINERS LIKELY TO WIN IN STRIKE

Some Mines Grant Scale of Wages Asked—General Settlement Probable

Cobalt, July 11.—The striking miners, though undemonstrative, are exceedingly active in adopting every legitimate means to strengthen their position. They declare that every mine in the district is shut down save the Foster, in which the union scale of wages is being paid. The organization under the Western Federation is such that it involves every conceivable class of labor in connection with the mines, and the men say that if necessary they will prevent the shipment of ore to the smelters by calling out the teamsters. In that event the Foster, Coinages and Larose would be chiefly affected. Organizer Roadhouse said to-night that a week ago the local union had a membership of 1,000 men, while since the strike this number has grown to about 3,000. The men state that so far as they are concerned it will be a fight to a finish, but that in accordance with a resolution adopted on Sunday they would conduct the strike in a thoroughly peaceable manner.

Toronto, July 11.—A. Ferland, reeve of Coleman township, who reached the city to-day from Cobalt, was at the parliament buildings this morning. To newspapermen he stated that practically all the miners in the Cobalt field were now on strike.

Cobalt, Ont., July 11.—The Temiskaming mine settled on the miners' basis this morning, and fifty men returned to work. Prospects of a settlement are good. The men are not demanding recognition of the union, but a fair wage. Several mines promise to settle individually. They and the committee are getting together, and the outlook is good.

Six People Drowned.

Jamestown, N. Y., July 13.—Six people were drowned late yesterday afternoon near Russell, Pa., eleven miles south of here. Nine people had taken a gasoline launch on the river, which was very high owing to heavy rain. The boat was swept over a dam and six of the party were drowned.

REPORTED DISASTER AT FORT FLAGLER

Bursting of Gun Said to Have Caused Deaths and Injuries—Governor Mead a Victim

Seattle, July 11.—Reports have reached here that a serious accident occurred at Port Townsend durmr the military and naval manoeuvres there. One of the guns at Fort Flagler is said to have burst killing or injuring several men. One report states that Governor Mead is among the injured.

RIPLINGER SHORT $57,000

Began to Steal as Chief Clerk Under Comptroller Paul

Seattle, July 11.—That about $57,000 cannot be accounted for in the funds handled by John Ripilnger while in the city comptroller's office will be shown by the report of the accountants who, for the past two months, have been examining the records in the city hall. This report will probably be handled to the city treasurer today.

The largest shortage is in what is known as the fixed estimates. These are charged to the contractor for the engineering and other work performed by city employes in connection with any contract. The contractor collects the fixed estimate from the property owner, by including the amount in his bid, and turns the money over to the city comptroller to be paid into the treasury.

On big contracts these fixed estimates amount to thousands of dollars. More than one-half of the total shortage consists of these fixed estimates. Some half a dozen, other funds were handled by Riplinger, and shortages occur in all of these.

As foretold by the Post-Intelligencer, Riplinger's defalcations commenced shortly after he went into office as chief clerk under Comptroller Paul. They continued during his whole term of employment in the office and culminated on the last day of his second term as city comptroller.

While the experts have been unable to account for about $57,000, the amount of the shortage that Riplinger could be prosecuted for is relatively small. Owing to the fact that Riplinger took away with him all the books dealing with these accounts the accountants have been unable to fix the dates on which the embezzlements took place.

The accountants have been at work since early in May. That Riplinger was an embezzler was made known in that month when Comptroller Carroll swore to a warrant charging the former city comptroller with taking $4,500 deposited by the Independent Asphalt Company for the completion of the paving on Thirteenth avenue north.

At the time the investigation was commenced it was presumed that the defalcation would be confined to the "local improvement incomplete work fund," but the accountants found shortages in every fund handled by the former city comptroller.

Costa Rica Bananas.

San Jose, Costa Rica, July 13.—The government has vetoed the measure passed by congress providing for an export duty on bananas. After adopting this bill congress adjourned.

BOYNE ANNIVERSARY LIVELY IN TORONTO

Mob Took Occasion to Raise Small Riots at Several Points

Toronto, July 12.—When the officials of the Toronto Railway Company and the county Orange lodge met and arranged routes and regulations for the conduct of the street cars and the Orange parade today, they failed to take into account the humors and sympathies of spectators and the great body of irregulars who do not recognize any authority. To this is due the fact that the 1907 anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne furnished more excitement than any other for the last quarter of a century in Toronto. The police were powerless at the principal corners. At Adelaide and Yonge streets there was a small riot, and at Bay and King streets one man was taken into custody by the police. At the King street subway, where there was less police protection, the doings of the mob were of a more violent nature. They had big timbers across the tracks to prevent the progress of the cars, and afterwards threw bricks at the police and street railway men. It was a miracle that nobody was hurt. Several cars were damaged.

PENITENTIARY PLOT

Convicts Plan to Overpower Guards and Escape

Montreal, July 13.—That fifteen convicts of the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary planned an audacious conspiracy not only of escaping themselves, but of emptying the entire penitentiary was the confession made yesterday by ex-Convict Larouche shortly after he had been liberated from the "pen," where he had served a sentence for burglary.

Larouche said: "You know that there are only two guards on duty in the dome of the penitentiary, and they are old and useless at that. One good blow of the fist from a strong convict would do to put them out. The fifteen convicts in the plot have for their leader a big strong man, serving 20 years. When everybody is supposed to be asleep at night this fellow will raise a row in his cell. This will be heard by the two guards who will go to his cell and take him to the dungeon. When they get to the dungeon door the leader is to knock the old men down. Then he will take their keys and revolvers and open all the cells. At the door the convicts will have an easy time with the guards outside."

DYNAMITE ON THE RAND

Three Men Killed by Blowing up of Hotel

Johannesburg, July 13.—The dynamite outrages arising from the strike situation throughout the mining region continue. The first fatalities occurred today, when Klifoil's hotel at Bokesburg was blown up. Three men were killed and several injured. An attempt was also made to damage the Jumpers Deep mine. A native was caught placing a stick of dynamite at a point where its explosion would have cut off a number of white miners in the underground workings. The strikers will appeal tomorrow to Premier Botha to force the mine companies to arbitrate the differences between them.

San Diego Incident.

Washington, July 13.—The war department today took steps to ascertain the facts in regard to the reported arrest of Japanese at Fort Rosecrans, California, for making drawings and blue prints of the fort. Major Getchell, in command at that post, having up to this time failed to notify the department of what had taken place. At the state department it was announced that no news had been received in regard to the matter.

ARTILLERY COMPETITION AT PETEWAWA CAMP

British and Canadians to Meet in Latter Part of This Month

EXCEPTIONS FROM QUARANTINE

Canadian Team Wins Kolapore Cup—Strike at Cobalt Mines Not Near a Settlement

Ottawa, July 12.—The field artillery team which will compete at Petewawa with the team chosen by the British National association, will consist of four officers and thirty non-commissioned officers and men. The honor of the command has fallen to Major Morrison, D. S. O., editor of the Ottawa Citizen. The other officers will be Capt. W. J. Brown, second brigadier, Toronto; Lieut. W. Fields, 4th field battery, Hamilton, and Lieut. H. G. McLeod, 17th field battery, Sydney, N. S. The British team will depart for Petewawa on the 21st. The Canadian composite battery will report at Petewawa on July 21, and the competition will last ten days. Officers of the heavy artillery squadron have not been chosen. The coast artillery competition will take place at Halifax. Sergeants Caven and Carr have been cabled to proceed to Halifax, but have replied that they cannot get there.

The Canadian team won the Kolapore cup at Bisley by four points. India was second. Caven, C. A., McHarg and Moscrop, 6th D. O. C., shot for Canada.

The geographic board between May 7 and July 1 decided upon the orthography of 51 place names in Canada.

A notice has been issued by the department of agriculture that coasting vessels free from infectious disease from Newfoundland, from New York and points north, and from San Francisco and points north are excepted from the quarantine regulations. Vessels from Europe touching at Newfoundland ports and bound for Canada are not excepted.

A telegram was received today from F. A. Ackland, secretary of the labor department, who is at present in Cobalt, stating that while in several cases the mine managers and men are coming together with a view to compromising, in the majority of the mines the strike situation is unchanged. Mr. Acland reported that the men are still leaving in large numbers to seek employment elsewhere. From other sources it is learned that the chief objection of the mining companies is not so much to the proposed increase in wages as to recognition of the Western Federation of Miners.

Local Orangement are greatly incensed at the arbitrary action of Mayor Kelly, of Buckingham, in forbidding a demonstration today, and promise a monster parade there next year.

KLINGENBERG ARRESTED

Ex-Captain of Whaler to be Tried on Charge of Murder

San Francisco, July 12.—Captain Christian J. Klingenberg, master of the gasoline fishing schooner Olga, for whom the United States authorities have been searching for nearly a year to arraign him for murder, has been captured and will be brought to this city for trial in the United States Circuit court.

A telegram was received by Assistant United States District Attorney McKinley from Marshal Powell at Nome, Alaska to the effect that Powell had Klingenberg under arrest and would start with him at once for this city.

The indictment under which the prisoner will be tried for his life charges him with having shot and killed Jackson D. Paul, his chief engineer, with a rifle, October 10th, 1905. Frank Miller, Frank Carlson and George Johnson, members of his crew, are detained in the Alameda county jail as witnesses for the government.

CANNERY AND MILL DESTROYED BY FIRE

Blaze at False Creek, Vancouver, Causes Considerable Damage

Vancouver, July 13.—Fire this afternoon destroyed Nye's cannery on False Creek and spread to Cotton's shingle mill adjoining. The plant and the stock of the shingle mill were entirely desroyed. The loss on the mill is estimated at about $20,000; cannery $12,000, with $3,000 insurance; mill completely covered. The fire engine from No. 2 hall capsized in making a sharp turn on the way, and Geo. Forsythe, the engineer, had his leg broken.

The V. W. & Y. Railway company has started making test bores for its bridge across the Second Narrows.

Relic of 1837.

Kingston, Ont., July 12.—The Canadian steamer Sir Robt. Peel, set afire and burned at Burns Island, Thousand Island Park, in 1837, during the rebellion, may be lifted and used for exhibition purposes. An association is being formed among the islanders to raise funds for this purpose. The steamer is lying near the wharf where she was burned, and her hull is said to be well preserved. Some years ago her anchor was lifted, and now has a place in a New York museum.

BAD WEATHER IN EUROPE

Cold in Germany—Destructive Storms in Southern Russia

Berlin, July 13.—Unseasonable cold prevails throughout middle Europe. Temperatures as low as 40 degrees have been recorded in South Bavaria, and it was reported from Strassburg today that snow was falling in the Vosges mountains.

The railway administration reported several washouts in consequence of the prolonged heavy rains which have been falling.

In Berlin for 36 out of the last 48 hours American tourists in shirtwaists and summer hats have been shivering around the hotels.

London, July 13.—A dispatch to a news agency from Odessa says that following a spell of tropical heat, violent storms have been experienced throughout the southern provinces of Russia. Reports from a large number of districts show that over a quarter of a million acres of cereals were destroyed, a number of lives were lost and heavy loss of live stock sustained. It is estimated that the southern Russian crops of wheat, rye and barley this year will be below that generally described as a "low to middling yield."

Chinese Gamblers Sentenced

Vancouver, July 12.—The sequel to the raid on a Chinese gambling house on Dupont street was heard in the Police court this morning, when Magistrate Williams sentenced Sin and Chee, the dealer and scout of the place respectively, to three months' hard labor without the option of a fine.

The case against Gin Hing was dismissed, but he was again arrested, charged with being a frequenter of a gaming house. He pleaded guilty, through his counsel, Mr. Charles Wilson, K. C., and was fined $100. All three cases will be appealed.

ROSSLAND SENDS OUT HEAVIER SHIPMENTS

Mines Are Now in Shape to Produce Larger Quantities of Ore

Rossland, July 13.—The shipments for the week were the largest for several months past, reaching a total of 3,055 tons. The record for the past six years was broken for any mine in the camp by the Centre Star, which sent over 5,010 tons to the smelter. If the Le Roi has been able to get cars the total would have been at least 5,000 tons greater. The Centre Star's new hoist is operating satisfactorily, and accounts in a measure for the large tonnage which is being taken out. During the week a cross-cut was started south from the 1,650 foot level to connect with the mine workings and to make available several important and rich shoots of ore that lie between the 1,350 foot level and 1,650 foot level. The cross-cut will have to be run 225 feet to tap the winze, which will take about five weeks. When this is done a large additional tonnage of ore will soon be made available.

Shipments for the week were as follows: Centre Star, 5,010; Le Roi, 2,240; Le Roi No. 2, 536; White Bear, 210; total for week, 8,055, and for year to date, 146,147 tons.

At Trail smelter there was received during the week 5,781 tons, while the Le Roi smelter at Northport received 2,240 tons.

CHARGED WITH SWINDLING

Case of Mrs. Josephine Leslie, Who Used J. P. Morgan's Name

London, July 13.—J Pierpont Morgan appeared in the West London police court today as a witness in the case of Mrs. Josephine Leslie, arrested at Newmarket on July 4 charged with defrauding members of well-known families by false pretenses and representing herself a friend of Mr. Morgan. The latter repudiated all knowledge of Mrs. Leslie. He said he did not write her advising her to join one of his syndicates, and never invited her to dine at his son's house. As a matter of fact, Mr. Morgan added, he was in New York at the time of the alleged invitation. On cross-examination Mr. Morgan said he did not remember any invitation being sent to Geo. Eastwick, prisoner's father, for a public dinner which Mr. Morgan gave in New York.

After the plaintiff, Miss Annie Blount, had testified briefly that she was induced to give Mrs. Leslie $42,000 on the strength of letters purporting to have been written by Mr. Morgan, promising huge returns, the case was adjourned.

French Taxation.

Paris, July 11.—The chamber of deputies to-day accepted the proposition to maintain during the year 1908 the present four categories of direct taxation, thus officially recognizing that the income tax project, the discussion of which goes over until next winter, cannot go into effect next year. The proposition was subsequently adopted by the senate. As several matters remain to be wound up, both the senate and chamber have decided to postpone final adjournment. This will probably take place to-morrow.

Teachers' Requirements.

Los Angeles, July 11.—Among the important matters upon which the national council of the National Education Association took action today were: Authorizing the appointment of a committee of five, with Wm. T. Harris, of Washington, as its chairman, to work for an international association of educational workers, to promote education and consider the problems confronting it; appropriation of money for the use of committees; investigating the shortage of teachers; the establishment of a national federal university at Washington; and inquiry to asertain the best way of teaching morals in the public schools. The board of directors voted to resume the spelling of the words "through," "though" and "through" in the standard style.

TRADE REVIEW.

New York, July 12.—The following are the weekly clearings, as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending July 11, showing percentage of increase or decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

Toronto, $27,806,000, inc. 10.5 p.c.
Ottawa, $3,436,000, inc. 20.2 p.c.
Halifax, $2,349,000, inc. 16.6 p.c.
Hamilton, $2,024,000, inc. 20.3 p.c.
London, $1,534,000, inc. 6.7 p.c.
Calgary, $1,622,000, inc. 55.1 p.c.
Montreal, $35,278,000, inc. 5.10 p.c.
Winnipeg, $13,744,000, inc. 28.1 p.c.
Vancouver, $4,354,000, inc. 67.8 p.c.
Quebec, $2,383,000, inc. 18.1 p.c.
St. John, N.B., $1,697,000, inc. 14.9 p.c.
Victoria, $1,305,000, dec. 4.3 p.c.
Edmonton, $1,107,000.

Bradstreet's will say to-morrow:

"In Canada favorable weather has still further stimulated retail trade distribution and enlarged the re-order trade with jobbers, the result being that trade opinion is much more optimistic than seemed possible some time ago. Predictions are now freely made that stocks in retailers' hands will be cleared up and that the amounts carried over will be small.

"Collections are better, but complaint still comes from the west, where land speculation is credited with having some effect. Money is in active demand, tight in fact, in some sections.

"General advances in cotton goods prices are looked for for fall. Crops are rather light, but wheat shipments are the largest of the year. Failures for the week number 28, as against 16 last week and 19 in this week a year ago."

Bolivian Presidency.

La Paz, Bolivia, July 13.—Fernando Juachalla is a candidate for president of Bolivia in succession to Dr. Montez, whose term expires on August 14th, 1908.

SOUTH SAANICH AND THE ELECTRIC RAILWAY

Agreement Between the Two May Be Made in the Near Future

An agreement under which the B. C. Electric railway may extend its tracks through into Saanich will shortly, it is expected, be completed. A letter defining the rights of the municipality as compared with those of the company was received at last evening's session of the council of South Saanich. The council will take steps to enter into negotiations with the traction company at once.

The committee appointed at the last session of the council to look into the condition of the Powder Works at Telegraph Bay rendered their report. They state that they do not believe that there is any danger resulting from the presence of the powder works there. They are in good order.

A special meeting of the council will be held on Thursday evening next to consider the assessment rolls for the ensuing year. The estimates for the next year will also be discussed and a rate of taxation struck. At this meeting the question of the appointment of someone to succeed the present clerk as assessor and tax collector will come up for consideration. Mr. Case, the present clerk, intends retiring to a ranch which he owns in the north of the island.

Some minor matters of routine business, including reports from the road superintendent and engineer with regard to the noxious weeds nuisance and the steps being taken to eradicate it came up for consideration.

London, July 11.—The death is announced of the Rev. Evard Aloysius Gonzaga, 13th Baron Arundel, of Wardour. He was born in 1834.

Strike Declared Off

Cleveland, July 11.—The strike at the local yards of the American Shipbuilding Company was again declared off today, and the plant resumed work with a full complement of men. The officers of the company would not recede from their intention to employ whom they pleased, and the men, after having been out about ten days were re-employed today without favor.

IMPORTANT JUDGMENT AFFECTS FURNACES

Company at Pittsburg Ordered to Stop Ore Dust Nuisance

Pittsburg, July 12.—Judge Young, in the Court of Common pleas, today rendered a decision to the effect that the Jones & Laughlin Steel Co. must either procure a device to prevent the emission of ore dust from its blast furnaces or close the furnaces. Should it become necessary to shut down the plant ten thousand men would be thrown out of employment in the Jones & Laughlin Co. alone.

As a result of the decision the residents of other districts similarly affected are expected to enter suits to compel the furnace companies to either eradicate the ore dust or shut down their furnaces. An appeal from Judge Young's decision was immediately taken to the Supreme court of Pennsylvania.

In connection with his decision today, Judge Young imposed heavy fines on officers and directors of the company for failing to comply with an order to stop the nuisance.

COUNTERFIETERS MADE MANY BOGUS BILLS

Circulation of Spurious Paper Has Been Going on for Some Time

NOTES OF DIFFERENT BANKS

Lindsay Pressman Added to List of Men Taken in Charge by Authorities

Montreal, July 13.—That the Lindsay counterfeiters have been not only circulating bad bills of the Dominion government, but have for three years been flooding the country with spurious paper money bearing the names of the best Canadian banks is the startling information which leaked out here this morning. It is stated that the Bank of Montreal, the Dominion bank and the Traders' bank have all in turn been victimized. In 1905 bad notes first began to appear. They were Dominion bank bills of five dollars denomination. A number of counterfeits were circulated, then the police began making enquiries, and the production of bad money was stopped. After a time when the scare passed the mill started up again, this time again sending out Dominion bank bills. These bills were passed successfully for a considerable time, and then happened what has happened before. The police got busy and they closed down. More recently the output consisted of Traders bank bills. In each case the bills were fives. They were not engraved, but merely printed off, and most of them were passed in Montreal or the lower provinces among French people, used to handling French bills and more or less unfamiliar with the paper money printed in English. Time after time again the police were on the edge of a discovery, but could not show that the people to whom the money was traced had not come innocently by it. Some of the counterfeits were got rid of in Port Hope, and some passed in Ottawa. Bad bills of the Traders bank recently in circulation are believed to have come from Lindsay. The police have not yet succeeded in getting the net around the whole gang, but more arrests are expected and would, it is said, have been made already, but for a hitch somewhere in the province of Ontario.

Toronto, July 13.—Another arrest has been made in connection with the counterfeiting case. This time it is Geo. Miller, a highly respected young man, pressroom superintendent and a shareholder in the Lindsay Watchman-Warder. The information on which he was taken is vague, and covers the widest possible kind of alleged offence, the time extending back some years. Miller was at Pleasant Point on his holidays when taken in charge last night. The authorities are quoted as being about to make further arrests today, and the widening of the case to forgeries of two years ago is said to bring in several other suspected persons.

Port Hope, July 13.—Jack Coplin, well known in Port Hope, was arrested by Chief Rond on a warrant issued in Lindsay, charged with passing counterfeit notes. He is believed to be connected with the gang of counterfeiters at Lindsay. Coplin was formerly a resident of Lindsay.

PIONEER WOMAN DEAD

New Westminster, July 12.—The death occurred yesterday of Mrs. James Stoutt, a pioneer resident of the city. Mrs. Stoutt had been ailing for several months, and death was due to complications. The deceased was 42 years of age, and a native of St. John, N. B.

She came to British Columbia with her husband in 1887, and had been a resident of this city since. Mrs. Stoutt leaves a husband and four children. The children are Miss Edith Stoutt and James, William and Harry Stoutt, all residents of this city. The deceased was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and the funeral will take place from that church tomorrow afternoon. Rev. J. S. Henderson will officiate.

Religious Conference.

Silver Bay, N. Y., July 13.—Representatives of Sunday schools and missionary societies in Great Britain, Switzerland and the United States were present at an annual conference here today. Addresses on missionary work were delivered by Rev. J. H. Oldham of Scotland, Dr. C. L. Thompson, secretary of the Presbyterian board of home missions, and Dr. Earl Taylor.

Three of Crew Drowned.

New York, July 12.—News that the fishing schooner Natalie B. Nickerson, of Booth Bay, was run down and sunk by the Romanic off Davis Shoals Lightship during a dense fog at midnight last night, with the loss of three men, was brought into port today by the White Star line steamer Romanic. The Nickerson sank in three minutes after the collision. Fifteen members of her crew were rescued and brought to this port.

The Hague, July 12.—The special committee charged to draw up a convention adopting the Red Cross to naval warfare has finished its work. The convention will be presented on July 16, at the meeting of the committee on maritime warfare, with a request for the convocation of a plenary session of the conference so that the convention may be definitely approved. The sub-committee, under the presidency of President De Martins, which is dealing with the questions growing out of the transformation of merchantmen into warships has decided to entrust a special committee with the work of harmonizing the different propositions.